ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£9 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BEVAN.—On July 28, 1930, at Sulting, Szechwan, China, to JOCELYN (née Barber), wife of REV. K. G. BEVAN—a daughter (MARIAN). (By cable.)

CROTTY.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Streatham, to OLIVE, wife of R. E. M. CROTTY—a son.

CUMPSTON.—On Aug. 7, 1930, to ASTRID, wife of C. C. CUMPSTON—a daughter.

DONKIN.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at a nursing home, Southsea, to DRYDEN and ELSIE DONKIN, of the Lynches, Whitchurch, Oxon—a son.

ELWIN.—On Aug. 8, 1930, at Rajahmundry, India, to MAVIS, wife of D. H. ELWIN, I.C.S.—a daughter.

FORREST.—On Aug. 6, 1930, to MARY, wife of R. A. FORREST, Sutton Woodbridge, Suffolk—a daughter.

GIBSON.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 70, Knowsley-road, Cressington Park, Liverpool, to ISABEL (née Martin), wife of A. M. GIBSON—a daughter.

GLAZIER.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Shrublands, Croydon, to ESA (née Glass), wife of GEOFFREY J. GLAZIER, of The Ridgeway, Sanderstead—a son.

GRAY.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Westways, Branksome Park, Bournemouth, to NINI (née De Souza), wife of GERALD F. GRAY—a son.

HAWKINGS.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at 89, Elizabeth-street, S.W., to ANGELA (née Stokes), wife of R. E. HAWKINGS—a son.

HENDERSON.—On Aug. 8, 1930, at 33, Manor-place, Edinburgh, to NORA, wife of J. ROY HENDERSON, Capelgill, Moffat—a daughter.

HENTY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 25, Carlyle-square, S.W.3, to LETICIA, wife of RICHARD ILTID HENTY—a daughter.

HILDITCH.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at "Scole," St. George's-road, Freshfield, Lancs, to HYLDA (née Halsall), wife of ROLAND HILDITCH—a daughter.

HOURSON-CRAUFURD.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Northampton, to IRENE, wife of J. D. HOURSON CRAUFURD—a son.

HULLS.—On Aug. 10, 1930, to EVELYN, wife of LIEUTENANT G. HULLS, of Bay, Chidham, Emsworth—a son.

KNIGHT-BRUCE.—At Zanzibar, to BETTY, wife of GORDON KNIGHT-BRUCE, of the High Court—a daughter (both well).

MANCHESTER.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at The Avenue House, Wimbledon, to PHYLLIS, wife of FREDERICK MCNEIL MANCHESTER—a daughter (DELIA ROSEMARY).

MOORE.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at The Grange, Hallatrow, Somerset, to CAPT. and MRS. A. J. MOORE, I.A.S.C. —a daughter.

NICHOLSON.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Ranville, Calverhall, Hants, to MARY (née Sherrell), wife of J. W. NICHOLSON—a son (MICHAEL CHARLES).

NUNNERLEY.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Claremont, South Africa, to DOROTHY, wife of MAURICE T. NUNNERLEY—a daughter.

O'CALLAGHAN.—On Aug. 8, 1930, in London, to CICELY (née HUTCHINSON), wife of HUBERT O'CALLAGHAN—a daughter. (Jamaica and N. S. papers, please copy.)

PARKIN.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at 39, Yorkersgate, Malton, Yorkshire, to JANET (née Boss), wife of DR. G. C. PARKIN—a son.

POOLE.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at Plumpton, Sussex, to OLIVE AUGUSTA, wife of the REV. JOHN CAZENOVE POOLE—a daughter, sister to Julia.

TRUMBLE.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Stonefield House, Kibbook-grove, Blackheath, to MARJORIE, the wife of A. T. G. TRUMBLE, A.C.P., of Abeokuta, Nigeria—a daughter.

TYLER.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Cheldon, Surrey, to RUTH, wife of C. TYLER—a daughter.

WALSH.—On Aug. 4, 1930, at Mombasa, E. Africa, to JEANNIE DORREN (née Percival), wife of J. G. WALSH—a daughter.

WATSON.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 52, Albion-street, W.2, to JOAN, wife of RODERICK ARTHUR COCHRANE WATSON—a daughter.

WEBB.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Bricket House, St. Albans, to MARY (née March) and CHRISTOPHER WEBB, of 112, London-road, St. Albans—a daughter.

WELLESLEY DOUGLAS.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 97, Tooting Bec-gardens, Streatham, to BARBARA, wife of DR. WELLESLEY DOUGLAS—a daughter.

WHEELER.—On Aug. 10, 1930, to FRIEDA, wife of C. R. WHEELER, of 2, Cheyne Court, Chelsea—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

ALGAR : TUCKER.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at Carmarthen, Wales, G. R. ALGAR, only son of the late C. G. Algar and of Mrs. Algar, of Horley, to CONSTANCE MARGERY LUCY, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. TUCKER, of Carmarthen.

BARNEWALL : NIXON.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Christ Church, Ethiam, Sussex, by the Rev. Arthur O'Leary, CHARLES ALOYSIUS BARNEWALL, 16th Baron Trimleston, to JOSEPHINE FRANCES, younger daughter of the late the RIGHT HON. SIR CHRISTOPHER NIXON, Bart., P.C.

CRAWTOR : BRITTAN.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Falland, Devon, CAPTAIN JOHN CLERVAUX CRAWTOR, late Royal Artillery, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Crawtor, of Marlborough, New Zealand, to OLIVE MARY (JILL), only daughter of Colonel and Mrs. REGINALD BRITTAN, of Falland Hill, Falland, Devon.

DE WINTON : BIDDLE.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at All Saints' Church, Strudbrooke, Suffolk, by the Rev. Canon A. L. Woodard, Vicar of Sutton, Ely, and the Rev. K. E. Shaw, Rector of Strudbrooke, LIEUT.-COMMANDER F. S. W. DE WINTON, R.N., only son of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil de Winton, of Swallow's Nest, Friday-street, Eastbourne, to DOROTHY SYLVIA MARY, younger daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. G. BIDDLE, of The Cottage, Strudbrooke, Diss, Norfolk.

FERGUSON : BRITTAN.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at the Station Hotel, Glasgow, by the Rev. James Carswell, B.D., CECIL MOORE, fourth son of the late J. H. FERGUSON, and of Mrs. Penney, Waldridge House, South Shields, to CHRISTIAN WESTLAND, eldest daughter of PASTOR and Mrs. FERGUSON, Langdowne-avenue, Glasgow.

PHILSON : WILSON.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at St. George's, Hanover-square, Geoffrey Archibald, London, S.E., CHARLES HENRY PHILSON, of Assam, India, to LETITIA MARY (MOLLY) WILSON, eldest daughter of Mrs. H. M. Wilson.

POLLOCK-GORE : FURSDON.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at St. Michael's, Cadbury, by the Rev. Canon Coleridge, assisted by the Rev. H. Stanley Pollock, M.C., brother of the bridegroom, LIEUT. JAMES P. J., second son of LIEUT.-COL. POLLOCK-GORE, and CICELY WINIFRED, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. FURSDON, of Fursdon, Devon.

POTTS : CRICHTON.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Presbyterian Church of England, Egremont, LEONARD JAMES, Captain, Officer of Queen's Colleg, Cambridge, to MARY WINIFRED CRICHTON, of 25, Montpellier-crescent, Wallasey.

SECCOMBE : ORTON.—On Aug. 2, 1930, quietly, in London, LIONEL, only son of the late THOMAS SECCOMBE and Mrs. SECCOMBE, of Cambden Lee, to MAY, younger daughter of MR. CHARLES H. ORTON and MRS. ORTON, of Sidcup.

SIMPKINS : NASH.—On Saturday, Aug. 9, 1930, at the Chapel of the Savoy, London, FREDERICK JOHN, only son of the late Mr. and Mrs. JOHN SIMPKINS, of Durrington, near Wilts, and EVELYN SEYMOUR, younger daughter of Mr. ARTHUR A. NASH, of Milford-on-Sea, Hants, and of Mrs. Nash.

TURNER : SCOTT.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at Cambridge, LAURENCE B. TURNER, M.A., of Cambridge, to MARGARET E. SCOTT, of High Wycombe.

VINCENT : APPLETON.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at St. James the Less, Bethnal Green, by the Rev. F. E. Shields, M.A., Rector of Poplar, FRANK ARTHUR MONEY VINCENT, C.I.E., C.B.E., M.V.O., to ELIZABETH ASHFIELD APPLETON, Sister, City of London Hospital, Bethnal Green, younger daughter of the late Thomas Enoch Appleton and of Mrs. Appleton, "Shalford," Pinner.

WEBSTER : HUGHES.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at Tottenham, HENRY NORBRETH WEBSTER, of Wallasey, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walter Webster, to MARGARET A. HUGHES, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hughes, of Highgate.

DEATHS

BROMILOW.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Rann Lea, Rainhill, Lancs, HENRY JOHN BROMILOW, in his 80th year. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday), 12 noon, at Rainhill. No flowers.

CAVE.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 83, Banbury-road, Oxford, ARTHUR WILSON CAVE, M.A., for 37 years Headmaster of the School of Oxford School, Funeral service at St. Barnabas Church, 11.30 to-morrow (Thursday). Afterwards at Wolvercote.

CHILD.—On Aug. 11, 1930, GERALD ALFRED CHILD, M.R.C.S.(Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.), O.B.E., of Hythe, Southampton, only son of the late Rev. Alfred Child, Rector of Upper Clatford, aged 59. Funeral at Hythe Parish Church to-morrow (Thursday), at 2.30 p.m.

COLLINS.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at 15, Hayne-road, Beckenham, SARAH ANN COLLINS, daughter of the late Richard Collins, in her 86th year. Funeral at Elmers End Cemetery on Friday, Aug. 15, at 12.30 p.m. No flowers, by request.

COLVIN.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Southsea, DEACONESS ANNIE EDITH COLVIN, of 50, Ashburnham-mansions, Chelsea.

CROOKES.—On Aug. 12, 1930, BERNARD HUMPHREY CROOKES, beloved husband of Edith and eldest son of the late Sir William Crookes, O.M., and F.R.S.

DAWE.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at 7, Westerhall, Weymouth, HARRIOTT MARIANNE, daughter of the late Major DAWE, Ditcheat Manor, Somerset.

DIBB.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at portsmouth, at Frimley Cottage Hospital, ANTHONY GERALD AUBREY, elder son of CAPTAIN G. K. DIBB, Royal Artillery, and Mrs. Dibb, aged four years.

DEATHS (continued)

GILDEA.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 169, Cromwell-road, S.W.5, GAYNOR MARIE, the very dearly loved only child of LIEUTENANT-COLONEL and Mrs. ARTHUR GILDEA, aged 25 years. Funeral strictly private. Flowers to 121, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.1, before 10 a.m. Friday morning.

GOLLEDGE.—On Monday, Aug. 11, 1930, JAMES GOLLEDGE, of Bruton, passed onward, aged 89. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday) at 2.30.

GRAY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Frogmore Lodge, St. Albans, MARGARET, daughter of the late JAMES GRAY, sometime of Pollokshields, Glasgow. Funeral at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow (Thursday), at 11 a.m.

GURNEY.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at Spixworth Park, Norwich, REGINALD, husband of MAUD GURNEY and eldest son of the late F. Hay Gurney. Funeral strictly private.

GURNEY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at HOVE, CATHERINE, young st daughter of the late JOSEPH GURNEY, of Wing, Bucks. Funeral service at St. Mary's Church, Ha'rogate, to-day (Wednesday), at 3 p.m.

HALLOWES.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at a nursing home, Bournemouth, ELAINE, beloved wife of LT.-COLONEL RICHARD COLLIS HALLOWES, D.S.O., Royal Army Medical Corps, 84, Quentin House, Bovington, Dorset. Funeral pri ate. No flowers or mourning, by her special request.

HANBURY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at The Chimney House, Lavenham, CAROLINE HENRY, beloved wife of CAPT. HANBURY. Funeral at Lavenham to-day (Wednesday), at 1.30 p.m.

HARTRIDGE.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at a nursing home, GRACE HARTRIDGE, daughter of the late Francis James Hartridge, of Hillside, E. Croydon. Flowers to Messrs. Ebbutt, High-street, Croydon. Please accept this, the only intimation.

HAWKINS.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Everdon Hall, Daventry, Northamptonshire, very peacefully, after a long illness, patiently borne, MAJOR HENRY HAWKINS, O.B.E., only son of Henry Ashurst Hawkins and darling beloved husband of Dorothy Kathleen Hawkins, aged 54 years. Funeral, Everdon, 3 o'clock Friday afternoon.

HOLDER.—On Aug. 7, 1930, suddenly, at Shillong, Assam, CHARLES HOWARD HOLDER, O.B.E., eldest surviving son of the late Capt. Cecil Holder, 14th Hussars. (By cable.)

HOLT.—At Sydney, Australia, SISTER HILDA, of the Church Extension Association, the beloved daughter (DEAR) of the late ROBERT HALLETT HOLT. (By cable.)

HOLT.—On Aug. 9, 1930, at Newby Brow, Kendal, OLIVER STANSBROOKE HOLT, aged 75. Interment after cremation at Bowdon Church, Cheshire, on Friday, Aug. 15, at 2.45 p.m. No flowers, no mourning.

HOLT.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Claridge's Hotel, JOHN GEORGE MILBURN, of Greombridge, Manhasset, New York.

HUTTON.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at 25, Cambridge-gate, Teddington, JOHN ALEXANDER MURRAY MILLINGTON, son of John Millington, of Frieston, Lincolnshire.

MORLEY.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Falmouth, near the sea, and the ships that he loved, JOAN, the youngest child of ADA and EDWIN MORLEY, of Mill Hill. Service at St. Paul's Churchyard, Mill Hill, at 11 to-day (Wednesday). No mourning.

MUNBY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Ahaba Coltage, Heworth, York, MARY FORTH, elder daughter of the late JOHN FORTH MUNBY and Margaret Elizabeth, his wife (née Hey), of York, aged 71.

NEWLANDS.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Barrowfield Lodge, Brighton, LADY MARY LOUISA NEWLANDS, widow of second BARON NEWLANDS, second daughter of the third Marquis of Exeter, aged 73. Funeral at Mauldslie Castle, Carluke, will be announced later.

PARBURY.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at Weymouth, EDITH ELIZABETH, widow of ALFRED PARBURY, of Melbourne, Victoria, late of Wilga, and Melbourne, Australia. Funeral at Shanklin. No flowers, by request.

PLAYFAIR.—On July 11, 1930, at San Francisco, HERBERT GEORGE PLAYFAIR, aged 67.

ROPER.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Eastbourne, CHARLOTTE, eldest daughter of the late SIR HENRY ROPER, Chief Justice at Bombay, aged 81.

SIM.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Pazelle, Beechwood-road, Sanderstead, MARGARET HELENA, the dearly-loved wife of CHARLES SIM, passed peacefully away.

SLOCOMBE.—On Aug. 10, 1930, at North Croft, Guestling, EDWARD PAUL SLOCOMBE, aged 28.

SONNENTHAL.—On Aug. 12, 1930, suddenly, at 6 Dalmeny-avenue, Bournemouth, HARRY SONNENTHAL, aged 73. Funeral at Bournemouth on Saturday at 3.15. Letters to Brinkles, Wimborne-road, Bournemouth.

TUFNELL.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at 21, Onslow-square, London, ADMIRAL LIONEL GRANT TUFNELL, C.M.G., aged 72. Service at Holy Trinity, Brompton, to-morrow (Thursday) at 11.45 a.m.

WALSH.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at Mombasa, E. Africa, JEANNIE DORREN (née Percival), wife of J. G. WALSH, age 32.

WHITE.—On Aug. 7, 1930, at Alfriston, the REVD. CYRIL WHITE, Rector of Maperton, Somerset, and youngest son of the late Rev. Richard White, aged 53.

WILBRAHAM.—On Aug. 12, 1930, at Sandgate, CATHERINE, widow of GEORGE WILBRAHAM, aged 78 years. Funeral at Brookwood Cemetery on Friday next, Aug. 15, train leaving the Necropolis Station, 121, Westminster Bridge-road, at 11.40 a.m.

WILLIS.—On Saturday, Aug. 9, 1930, suddenly, at 8, Pond-road, Blackheath, MARGARET ALICK, dearly beloved wife of WILLIAM G. WILLIS, K.C. Funeral to-day (Wednesday) at 2.30 at St. Michael's Church, Blackheath Park. Interment at Ethnam Churchyard.

WOODHOUSE.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at Hove, FLORENCE ANNE, dearly beloved wife of the Rev. Frederick Woodhouse, Vicar of Charlton, Malmesbury. Interment at Charlton Friday, Aug. 15, at 2.30.

WOODMANCY.—On Aug. 11, 1930, at "Nelshore," Felixstowe, EDWARD HANNATH, beloved husband of RACHEL WOODMANCY, aged 76.

YOUNG.—On Aug. 10, 1930, in London, suddenly, CHARLES CAMERON YOUNG, son of the late Professor John Young, M.D., Glasgow University, aged 52.

IN MEMORIAM

ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BUCHANAN.—In loving memory of CAPT. E. L. BUCHANAN, who was killed at the defence of Shahrshan, Mesopotamia, Aug. 13, 1920.

EAST.—In loving memory of FREDERICK ARCHIBALD, Private, 2nd H.A.C. Inf., elder son of FREDERICK JOHN and CHRISTINA EAST, died of wounds received in action, North Italy, Aug. 13, 1918, aged 21.

OLIPHANT.—MARCUS FRANCIS OLIPHANT, in most lasting, ever-present remembrance, 2nd Lieutenant, 5th Norfolk Regt., Suvla Bay, Aug. 12, 1915.
For God, for King, and Country.

POTTER.—In loving memory of KEITH ERSKINE POTTER, 2nd Lieut., 1st Hants Regiment, died of wounds in France, Aug. 13, 1915.
"My all."

SHARP.—In ever living and loving memory of my husband, LIEUT.-COL. FREDERICK LEONARD SHARP, R.F.A., killed in action on the Somme, Aug. 13, 1916; also of our beloved and devoted only surviving child, LIEUT. FREDERICK ARTHUR WALTHUS SHARP (BILLY), 51st Battalion, 20th Brigade, R.F.A. (formerly 5th D.G.'s), killed in action at La Louviere Oct. 30, 1918.
"My all."

Knowing that remembrance reacheth where ther live.

SPIELMANN.—In loving memory of HAROLD LIONEL INGLEBY SPIELMANN, B.A. Cantab, Captain Lincoln Regiment, killed in action in Gallipoli 10th Manchester Regiment, killed in action in Gallipoli while leading an attack upon a Turkish trench at midnight, Aug. 12/13, 1915, in his 23rd year; and in honoured memory of the men who fell with him.
"He led his men with skill and gallantry, and reached his objective."

da COSTA.—In ever constant and most loving memory of my beloved brother BERTIE, who died Aug. 13, 1926.—MARY.

da COSTA.—In ever-loving memory of dearest B., died Aug. 13, 1926.—ALICE.

da COSTA.—To the dear memory of BERTIE. So sadly missed. Aug. 13, 1926.—MABEL.

HAMNETT.—In loving memory of JOSEPH ARTHUR HAMNETT, who died very suddenly at Waterville, on Aug. 13, 1928. Missed by all who really knew him.

LEWIS.—In loving and thankful memory of HUBERT LEWIS, who passed to the Higher Life at Jerusalem, Aug. 13, 1927.

LUNAU.—In tender memory of my husband, FREDERICK WILLIAM LUNAU, who passed away Aug. 13, 1918.

NUNN.—To the dear memory of our sister, CONSTANCE LOVELL, widow of JOSHUA NUNN, who passed from Time to Eternity Aug. 13, 1929.
"In the beauty of holiness."

PENNY.—In dear and happy memory of EDMUND PENNY, C.I.E., who at Bournemouth, on Aug. 13, 1919, passed on.
"Thou lovest,
"Sans peur et sans reproche."

TERRANEAU.—In remembrance of all you ever were to me—"My beloved," C. G. ERNEST TERRANEAU, "my husband."—Aug. 13, 1930.

CREMATION.—GOLDERS GREEN or WOKING. Fee and all details arranged by undertakers. (Organ at both.) Booklet from 22, Nottingham-place, W.1. Welbeck 4146.

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PERSONAL

A. F.—Shall take you at your word, so do not, at any time, be surprised.—Jake.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements not for publication unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

MRS. RHODES H. COBB wishes to THANK all kind FRIENDS for their SYMPATHY in her great sorrow, and for the beautiful flowers sent. She hopes in time to answer all letters personally.

C. G. COE deceased.—THANKS are gratefully returned to the many friends for their kind letters of inquiry and sympathy.

CONSERVATIVE AGENT DISENGAGED.—Very keen, exceptional record of successes; ex-Service; wife splendid women's organizer.—Write Box W.1046, The Times, E.C.4.

OVAL TEST MATCH.—A few best position GRAND STAND SEATS available for each day.—'Phone Regent 3094.

TEST MATCH.—WINDOW to be LET, overlooking Oval; view for five; £10 daily or offer.—Apply Thursday morning, 12, Oval-mansions.

TEST MATCH.—RESERVED SEATS available.—Write Box W.1043, The Times, E.C.4, or 'phone Riverside 2329.

TEST MATCH.—ONE SEAT available East stand, top, for whole match. What offers?—Write Box Z.892, The Times, E.C.4.

TEST MATCH.—TWO or THREE SEATS WANTED, Oval.—'Phone Kev. Mayfair 4777.

WANTED, OVAL TEST MATCH, TWO SEATS on 19th.—Write the Hon. Mrs. Sebag-Montefiore, East Cliff Lodge, Ramsgate.

WANTED, TWO TEST MATCH SEATS.—Clow, 91, Regent-street. Gerrard 4846.

TO PARENTS.—Wife of Indian Official with established and successful HOME and DAY SCHOOL for BOYS and GIRLS, also KINDERGARTEN for small children, will receive few pupils; healthy situation; doctors' and parents' references.—Mrs. Tedman, Berriedale School, 17, Berriedale-avenue, Hove. (Hove 1335.)

OVERGROWN GIRLS or those suffering from delicate health, debilitated, or backward in lessons; home school; seaside; individual attention.—Entrance from London. Write Box W.1039, The Times, E.C.4.

GUY'S HOSPITAL, S.E.1. URGENTLY NEEDS £7,000 TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURE £180,000. PRESENT DEBT OVER £120,000.

FIRST-CLASS PREPARATORY SCHOOL recently enlarged, South Coast, offers few VACANCIES for next September at REDUCED FEES of 90gns. per annum inclusive.—Write Box K.625, The Times, E.C.4.

HELP the BRITISH EMPIRE CANCER CAMPAIGN (President, H.R.H. the DUKE of YORK, K.G.) in trying to advance further discovery of the causes of Cancer and its Cure. GOOD DONATIONS will be gratefully received. Please remit contributions to Sir Richard Paget, Bt., Honorary Secretary, 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park-corner, London, S.W.1.

NO REGRETS. "I have no regrets in coming and only wish I had done this four years ago," writes a settler. "There are many lucrative opportunities in British Columbia."—Apply Director of Emigration, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, British Columbia, 1-3, Regent-street, S.W.1.

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WANTED, FURNISHED ROOMS or SELF-CONTAINED FLAT from September or October, three large sunny bed rooms and sitting room with service; really good cooking; or would share house with one; one hour London; gravel soil; near R.C. Church; reference answer urgent.—Write Box 0336, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

UNWANTED False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Aid Work.—Iredale, 57, Albemarle-street, W.1.

WANTED, from September or October, three-six months, FURNISHED HOUSE: seven-eight bed rooms, three-four reception; all modern arrangements; not more than one hour London; small garden; bracing climate; with educational facilities near.—Write Box Z.853, The Times, E.C.4.

£60 PER ANNUM.—Vacancies good Preparatory School.—Write Box Z.758, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY or GENTLEMAN will be found genuine desired income to INTRODUCE CLIENTS to leading firm of Architects, Decorative Specialists, Surveyors, etc. Permanent position for strict confidence, good address.—Write Box Z.904, The Times, E.C.4.

CHILTERNS.—Old COTTAGE; lovely garden; £1 till April, or Sell.—Two Yews, Radhage, Tele. 23.

WANTED, September, Unfurnished HOUSE near HYDE PARK or KENSINGTON GARDENS (South side); three reception, four bed, bath; garage; moderate premium, but will pay good rent; no agents.—Write Box H.129, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY wishes DISPOSE finest quality REAL BEAVER LONG COAT; recently purchased; price £75, cost 120gns. Also full length straight fur natural Russian Sable; superb quality; perfect; £75.—Both Bradley's. Magnificent diamond and platinum expanding wrist watch, £30.—Write Box 01038, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

SPORT, ADVENTURE, and SOUND BUSINESS.—See Business Opportunities this page.

WANTED for three months, possibly longer, charmingly FURNISHED FLAT, two bed rooms, large living room; Knightsbridge or Mayfair or W.1.—Write B. Sydney, 68, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

COUNTRY HOUSE.—SERVICE FLAT, six rooms, also cottage, to be LET; delightful old country house; 40 miles from London, 1,000 feet; Great North road; five acres garages; tennis; kennels, &c.; all modern improvements; absolute quietude; terms very moderate.—Write Clifton Lodge, Clifford, Yorks.

£6 D. a MILE Saloon Cars; chauffeur driven.—Blair, 20, Portman-street, Mayfair 1382.

ANTIQUE GENUINE SET of 12 HEPPLEWHITE CHAIRS. No dealers.—'Phone, Mayfair 2839.

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PIANO, Bechstein, Beckstein, or Brinsmead, wanted for cash.—Write, particulars, to Box A.1898, The Times, E.C.4.

WITHIN 30 miles London, in lovely country.—SMALL modern HOUSE; two reception, bath, &c., five bed rooms; tiled-in fitted bains; electric light; 3 acres; tennis; garage. Freehold, £1,750 for quick sale.—Write Box N.1917, The Times, E.C.4.

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P. & O.

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BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
Malwa ..	11,000	Britten	—	Aug. 15
†Ranchi ..	17,000	Brocks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
†Naldera ..	18,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Obison	Aug. 29	Sept. 5
Mooltan ..	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12
†Kaiser-i-Hind ..	18,000	Bradham	Sept. 12	Sept. 19
Narkunda ..	17,000	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 25
†Rajputana ..	17,000	Cadiz	Sept. 26	Oct. 3
Rasmak ..	11,000	Thornton	Oct. 3	Oct. 10
†Rawalpindi ..	17,000	Furlong	Oct. 10	Oct. 17
Mooltan ..	21,000	Townshend	Oct. 17	Oct. 24
†Nuddea ..	11,000	Hinnett	Oct. 24	Oct. 31
Maloja ..	11,000	Thornton	Nov. 7	Nov. 7
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Obison	Nov. 7	Nov. 14

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

From London and Marseilles.

‡Moldavia ..	17,000	Allin	—	Aug. 14
Naldera ..	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
‡Mongolia ..	17,000	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 12
Narkunda ..	17,000	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26
Nuddea ..	15,000	Niven	Oct. 3	Oct. 9
Mooltan ..	21,000	Townshend	Oct. 17	Oct. 24
†Nuddea ..	11,000	Hinnett	Oct. 31	Nov. 6
Maloja ..	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

"One Class" service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

Novara (cargo) ..	7,000	—	Aug. 15	—
Nagoya (cargo) ..	7,000	—	Aug. 29	—
Ranphore (cargo)	6,000	—	Sept. 12	—
†Nankin ..	7,000	Tickell	Sept. 26	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Malwa ..	11,000	Britten	—	Aug. 15
Khyber ..	9,000	Bedwell	Aug. 21	—
Mora ..	9,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12
†Benalla (cargo)	11,000	—	Sept. 4	—
†Karmala ..	9,000	Rollo	Sept. 18	—
Macedonia ..	11,000	Morton	Sept. 19	Sept. 26

Taking Passengers † for Malta, § for Port Sudan.
* Not calling Southampton.
‡ Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
†MUNDRA ..	7,275	—	Aug. 16	Aug. 22
†WARDHA ..	6,000	Sept. 2	Sept. 8	Sept. 13
DUMANA ..	8,427	Sept. 24	Sept. 27	Oct. 4
DOMALA ..	8,441	Oct. 14	Oct. 18	Oct. 25

* Cargo steamer. § Calls Port Sudan.
† Calling Karachi before Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
†MARCHA ..	8,278	—	Aug. 16	Aug. 22
MANORA ..	7,923	Aug. 29	Aug. 30	Sept. 6
†NEVASA ..	8,231	Sept. 5	Sept. 6	Sept. 20
MULBERA ..	9,100	Sept. 17	Sept. 27	Oct. 4

† Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
MADURA ..	9,077	—	Aug. 23	Aug. 29	Sept. 6
†MANTUA ..	8,267	Sept. 6	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 27
MALOJA ..	9,066	Oct. 1	Oct. 15	Oct. 24	Nov. 1
MODASA ..	9,070	Nov. 1	Nov. 12	Nov. 21	Nov. 29

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER ..	—	—	—	—

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Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
RUAHINE ..	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29
TAHITI (new motor vessel)	17,000	Sept. 19
TAIYUNA ..	12,350	Oct. 17
REMUERA ..	11,000	Oct. 24

* Via Suez. † 1st and 3rd Class Passengers.

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	From ‡Vancouver.	From ‡San Francisco.
TAHITI ..	—	Sept. 3
AORANGI ..	Sept. 17	—
NIAGARA ..	—	Oct. 1
..	Oct. 15	—

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington, to Auckland.

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	London.	Plym'th	Liverpool.	Southampton
BARRABOOL ..	15,000	—	—	Sept. 20
BALRANALD ..	15,000	Oct. 10	Oct. 11	—
BALARAT ..	15,000	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	—
BENDIGO ..	15,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	—

Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA ..	17,000		Aug. 14
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HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON. CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORMONDE ..	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO ..	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES ..	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY ..	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA ..	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD ..	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
OTRANTO ..	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
ORSOVA ..	12,000	Nov. 22	Nov. 28	Nov. 30

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES

CITY HALL

BUCKNALL

LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
City of Swansea ..	5,415	Aug. 23	Colombo and Calcutta
City of Valencia ..	7,329	Sept. 6	Bombay and Karachi
†City of Calcutta ..	7,079	Sept. 15	Colombo and Calcutta
†City of Nagpur ..	8,256	Sept. 16	Bombay and Karachi
City of Exeter ..	10,198	Sept. 27	Bombay & Karachi
City of Lincoln ..	6,447	Oct. 7	Bombay & Karachi

Calls (a) Marseilles. (b) P. Sudan. (c) Madras.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

Trafford Hall ..	5,521	Aug. 20	C. Town, Algoa Bay
City of Manchester	5,564	Sept. 13	C. Town, Algoa Bay
City of Poona ..	7,485	Sept. 27	E. London, & Natal.
City of Cairo ..	7,868	Oct. 11	

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Regular transit service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application. Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.

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LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. Cent. 9340
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street .. Cent. 9222

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(Via Christiansand).
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R.M.S. CALYPSO (7,500 tons displacement). LARGEST REGULAR PASSENGER STEAMER IN ANGLO-NORWEGIAN TRADE.

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Apply ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE, Limited, Hull, or any Booking Agents.

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THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Gloucestershire ..	12,500	—	Aug. 16
Cheshire ..	15,000	Aug. 22	Aug. 30
Yorkshire ..	13,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 13
Lancashire ..	12,000	Sept. 19	Sept. 27

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Rumford-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8080, 8087.

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FROM MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Postponed: Aug. 16 and Sept. 13, PONTCHARTRAIN.

MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.

Ex Casablanca, Aug. 23 and Sept. 5 (20), DUMBEA.

EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEIRUT & BEYROUTH.

Piazza Lavena .. Aug. 21 first; Sept. 5 ... LAMARTINE

EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEYROUT.

Ascoli .. .. Aug. 19 and Sept. 2 .. LOTUS

For passage, freight, and particulars apply:—

LONDON: 75, Fenchurch-st., or 62, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

HENDERSON LINE.

GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL

TO PORT SAID, FREMANTLE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.

Steamers intercalated, sailing Marseilles.

" BURMA " ..	—	15th Aug.	23rd Aug.	—
" YORK " ..	—	29th Aug.	6th Sept.	—
" ULIMAROA " ..	Glasgow, Aug. 23rd.			
" DUNEDIN " ..	Glasgow, Sept. 6th.			

Steamers, Passengers, Cargo and Mails, Bibby-square, Liverpool; 21, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

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BERENGARIA - - AUG. 16

*CARONIA .. Aug. 16 MAURETANIA Aug. 23

* Via Havre and Cobh; not Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

*FRANCONIA - - - AUG. 16

‡CARINTHIA .. Aug. 23 AUG. 30

‡ Calls Boston.

* Calls Belfast; not Cobh.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

ALAUNIA - - - - AUG. 16

AUSONIA .. Aug. 23 *AURANIA .. Aug. 30

* Calls Cobh.

LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

ANTONIA - - - - AUG. 15

†LETITIA .. Aug. 23 ANDANIA .. Aug. 29

† From Glasgow previous day.

Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

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CALGARIC (16,000 tons).

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Two weeks from £35.

Accommodation is still available at minimum rates, but early application is essential.

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Olympic .. Wed., Aug. 13 | Homeric .. Wed., Aug. 27
Majestic .. Wed., Aug. 20 | Olympic .. Wed., Sept. 3

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.

Via Queenstown.

Cedric .. Sat., Aug. 16 | Britannic .. Sat., Aug. 30
(1)(2) Adriatic Sat., Aug. 23 | (3) Baltic .. Sat., Sept. 6

(1) Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Dorie .. Fri., Aug. 22 | Laurentic .. Fri., Sept. 5
Albertic .. Fri., Aug. 29 | Arabic .. Fri., Sept. 12

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Megantic .. .. Sat., Aug. 23
LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Mataroa (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., Aug. 15

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(4) Pennland .. .. Aug. 16
(5) Lapland .. .. Aug. 23

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Pennland .. .. Sat., Aug. 16
(4) Westernland .. .. Sat., Aug. 30

From Antwerp previous day.

(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(5) Cabin, Tourist Third Cabin, and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK

Via Boulogne.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons ..	Aug. 15	Sept. 12
*Minnetonka, 21,996 tons ..	Aug. 30	Sept. 27

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnekahda, 17,281 tons .. Sept. 6 | Oct. 4

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FAST "CABIN" LINERS

CARRYING CABIN AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN CLASSES ONLY.

Vessel.	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
" ILE DE FRANCE "(c) ..	Aug. 19	Aug. 29
" LA SAVOIE " ..	Aug. 26	Sept. 4
" DE GRASSE " (c) ..	Aug. 26	Sept. 4
" FRANCE " (c) ..	Aug. 28	Sept. 8
" CHAMPLAIN " (c) ..	Aug. 30	Sept. 8
" ILE DE FRANCE " (c) ..	Sept. 4	Sept. 10

(c) Express Service First and Second Classes only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

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HAVRE to NORTH PACIFIC COAST PORTS

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TRINIDAD, VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, PANAMA.

S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. .. Sept. 8
S.S. "FLANDRE" .. .. Oct. 6

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ANCHOR LINE LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*CILICIA .. Aug. 20 | †BRITANNIA .. Sept. 24
*ELOA .. Sept. 3 | †AUSTRALIA .. Oct. 10

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. ‡ Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
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	London.	Southampton
†LANGIBBY CASTLE ..	Aug. 14	—
†EDINBURGH CASTLE ..	—	Aug. 15
DUNBAR CASTLE ..	Aug. 21	—
SAXON ..	—	Aug. 22

* Via Madeira. † Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.

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	Tons.	London.	Marseilles	Naples.
FUSHIMI MARU	11,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
HAKOZAKI MARU	10,300	Aug. 29	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
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NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First Class fare from £42 5 0) .. .. Aug. 23
S.S. STATENDAM First Class fare from £51 10 0 Aug. 30

CUBA AND MEXICO.

*EDAM .. Aug. 30 *MAASDAM Sept. 20

* From Rotterdam. † Calling Halifax.

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Next sailings from Dover:

S.S. "CRYNSSEN" .. .. Aug. 23
S.S. "STUYVESANT" .. .. Sept. 6
S.S. "VENEZUELA" .. .. Sept. 20

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.

S.S. "CUYPER" .. .. Aug. 23
S.S. "COMMEWYNE" .. .. Sept. 13
S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" .. Oct. 4

For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to:—
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Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
*ALMANZORA ..	15,551	Aug. 15	—
†DEMERARA ..	11,484	—	Aug. 16
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Aug. 29	—
†ARLANZA ..	14,622	Sept. 12	—
†DARRO ..	11,484	—	Sept. 13
†ORITA ..	9,298	—	Sept. 18
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Sept. 26	—
†DESEADO ..	11,477	—	Sept. 27

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
‡ Proceeding West Coast via Straits of Magellan.

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THE PACIFIC LINE TO WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

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Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
OROYA (calls Salaverry) ..	12,257	Aug. 14
OROMA ..	11,540	Aug. 28
ORDUNA ..	13,507	Oct. 2
OROPESA ..	14,075	Oct. 16

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.

CRUISES BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS."

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From SOUTHAMPTON, OCTOBER 10, 26 Days. Fares 49 Guineas and upward.

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PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

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METAGAMA ..	Aug. 14
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (Quebec only) ..	Aug. 16
MONTCALM ..	Aug. 22
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (Quebec only) ..	Aug. 23

LIVERPOOL TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF YORK (H.O.) ..	Aug. 15
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (H.O.) ..	Aug. 21
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL ..	Aug. 23
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD ..	Aug. 29

(H.) via Belfast. (O.) via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

MELITA .. Aug. 15 DUCHESS OF YORK Aug. 16

JAPAN AND CHINA

VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF JAPAN (via Honolulu) .. Sept. 4
Latest connecting steamer from Southampton Aug. 23
EMPRESS OF ASIA .. Aug. 23
Latest connecting steamer from Southampton Sept. 6

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Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail-Service from Vancouver to Honolulu, Fiji, Auckland, and Sydney.

AORANGI .. Sept. 17 NIAGARA .. Oct. 15

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(1) S.S. ARCADIAN	Liverpool	19th SEPT.
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"SINAIA "	Sept. 6	Sept. 11	Sept. 15	Sept. 13
"CANADA "	Sept. 13	Sept. 17	Sept. 19	Sept. 20
"PROVIDENCE "	Oct. 11	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 17
"PATRIA "	Oct. 11	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 17
"PROVIDENCE "	Oct. 21	Oct. 22	—	—
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Nothing is lacking that can contribute to visitors' comfort and well-being. Each of the 120 bed rooms (most of which face South) is fitted with RUNNING HOT AND COLD WATER, TELEPHONE, &c. The meals are attractive and varied; the public rooms cool and inviting; the service willing and intelligent.
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LADY, 33 years of age, requires position as Stenographer-Secretary, preferably with engineers; seven years' experience with oil and electrical companies.—Address Room No. 16, 136, Holland-road, London, W.14.
LADY Secretary, expert shorthand-typist, &c.; 13 years' exceptional business experience (England and America); has held important confidential positions; excellent testimonials.—Write Box 03394, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
YOUNG Lady Secretary or Secretary-Companion; private and commercial experience; England or abroad.—Write Box 03381, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
LADY Secretary.—Really intelligent, well-educated Secretaries can be obtained through the St. James's Secretarial College, 34, Grosvenor-place, S.W.1. Telephone, Sloane 4481.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

LADY, living Bayswater, undertakes all kinds needlework, repairing, mending; quotes for sticks relined. —Box 959, Whiteleys, Queen's-road, W.2.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

BROWN Owl as Music Mistress, Junior Girls' Boarding School, South Coast, required; willing help generally; accustomed supervision; sympathetic, firm discipline; attractive personality; definite Christian; state training, experience, moderate salary, recent photo, letter; age under 35.—Write Box Z.869, The Times, E.C.4.
CAN any lady recommend an excellent (Degree) and really charming Governess, 28-30, for boy of 6½? Warm-hearted and understanding; used to boys; country; £120; 1½ hour London.—Write Box Z.845, The Times, E.C.4.
NAVAL Officer's wife requires Nursery Governess for three children, 6-10 years, in September.—Prichard, Heathcrest, Hordle, Hants.
NURSERY Governess; charge of boy 7; P.N.E.U. or Froebel preferred.—Johnson, The Grange, Copt Heath, Knowle, Warwickshire.
WANTED, a Nursery Governess, aged 25-30, for a little girl of 7, attending a morning school; must be very fond of children and country life; Church of England.—Box Z.877, The Times, E.C.4.
NURSE-COMPANION wanted for elderly lady; must be hospital trained, experienced, strong, active, good lifter; for country.—Write Box N.1926, The Times, E.C.4.
KITCHEN Maid, good plain cook, wanted for nice seaside home, not large; good home; comfort studied; no basement; facing sea; good help given; good equipment; salary £30.—Send all particulars and references: Manton, Beachville, Lancing, Worthing.
MATRON (fully trained Nurse) required, Junior Girls' Boarding School, South Coast; similar previous experience essential; devoted to children; keen on training as well as nursing them; gentlewoman; definite Christian; state salary and fullest particulars, first letter.—Write Box Z.870, The Times, E.C.4.
HOLIDAY Resident Masseuse, medical gymnast, six days, Sundays; little girl 4-7, recovered infantile paralysis; salary £2 weekly, everything found; commence about August 14; permanent post arranged if desired.—200, Kew-road, Richmond, Surrey. 'Phone 2878.
LADY Nurse required to take charge mentally retarded boy (4½); genuine child lover; patient teacher simple things; live family.—Write stating experience, age, salary, to Box N.1956, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY Nurse for Spain; girl 11 months, baby in October; £70.—Write Box H.144, The Times, E.C.4.
PROBATIONERS required, small general hospital; two years' training; lectures given.—Apply Matron, Matron, Lytham Hospital, Lytham, Lancs.
£60-£70.—French-Swiss Protestant Companion-Nursery Governess, girl 11 (school); games; dual children's country cottage; knitter; English references. Others.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

ACCOUNTANT, Corporate, A.C.R.A., 27 years, seeks progressive position; thoroughly experienced in all branches, including final accounts, balance-sheet, costing, statistics, &c.; manufacturing preferred; salary £300 per annum.—Write Box Z.897, The Times, E.C.4.
ADVERTISER (44) seeks appointment, London or abroad; four years barrister, 1½ year trust and executor company experience; moderate capital company; good War record.—Write Box J.868, The Times, E.C.4.
CAMBRIDGE Graduate, economics and French, seeks permanent position; tall, well built; trying, exacting; publishing office; willing, quick to learn.—Write Box W.1034, The Times, E.C.4.
CAPABLE young man (24), with thorough knowledge of office routine and sales, also able to manage staff, requires situation; will accept reasonable salary where there are good prospects of advancement; excellent reference.—Write Box W.1023, The Times, E.C.4.
CHARTERED Accountant, qualified 1922, three years of Germany, three years present position secretary-accountant, desire position, home or abroad; 33; married.—Write Box Z.886, The Times, E.C.4.
ECONOMICS graduate, 27, administrative Civil Service, highest credentials, energetic, widely travelled, seeks post offering useful career.—London 0517.
ELECTRICAL Engineer, A.M.I.E.E., desires engagement; 15 years with New Zealand firm supervising contracts, installing lifts, &c.; A.C. and D.C. experience.—Write Box W.1020, The Times, E.C.4.
ENGLISHMAN (27), much travelled Europe, Near East, thorough knowledge French, Spanish, Italian, Arabic, little German, acquainted with introduction and development of products, seeks position, home or abroad; first-class credentials.—Write Box A.1890, The Times, E.C.4.
MAN with wide experience outdoor publicity, seeks post in advertising department; highest credentials. —Write Box A.1874, The Times, E.C.4.
MANUFACTURER, retiring through ill health, strongly recommends representative with knowledge office routine, accountancy, &c.—Write Invicta, Ltd., London-road, E.3.
RETIRED Army Officer would like work as Manager or Assistant Manager of cinema; used to financial and general management of City properties; urgently requires situation.—Write Box H.143, The Times, E.C.4.
SALES Promotion.—Unquestionable ability to produce the big sales is the main factor the advertiser emphasises in the marketing of his services; considered in high regard by reputable firms as Sales, Advertising, and Commercial Organizer, with the ability to tackle with success difficult problems, especially where competition is involved; thorough knowledge home territories and most countries abroad; used to the control of large staffs and competent to conduct vigorous sales campaigns. An appointment demanding development and progress would interest the advertiser, and negotiations will be treated in strictest confidence.—Write Box H.70, The Times, E.C.4.
SALES Insurance.—Young man, having increased sales per enquiry by 7 per cent. for a prominent firm, is now disengaged; energetic, original, and very capable; would consider small salary and commission on results.—Write Box A.1923, The Times, E.C.4.
WEST African Merchants and other Tropical employers.—Advertiser, 13 years experience Nigeria, clean record, smart, alert, enjoys excellent health, and has held senior positions for years, thoroughly acquainted with buying and selling native commodities and capable managing branches, prepared accept any post with prospects after proving abilities.—Write Box W.1021, The Times, E.C.4.
YOUNG Man (25), ambitious, an optimist, apparently quite unable get on in business or professional life, would welcome any suggestions for earning enough money in spare time and vacations enable him take science degree, London University; qualifications: good education, good at games, four years with timber firm in India, can drive car (just).—Write Box 04514, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
YOUNG man, aged 27, seeks post on rubber, tea, or sugar plantation; good education; sound physique; go anywhere.—Write Box A.1929, The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED (continued)

ST. Martin-in-the-Fields' Church appeals to all employers to help us to assist those who are passing through difficult times in consequence of unemployment. We would be glad if potential employers would telephone to J. E. F., Temple Bar 6342, or write to 5, St. Martins-place, W.C.2, where men can be seen by appointment.
ACCOUNTANT (aged 33, M.C. and D.C.M.), speaks and writes French, and can drive cars and do running repairs; last position owing to mental worry, which is now over.
BUILDING Contractor's Labourer or Clerk; aged 22; four years in Merchant Service, which he hopes to rejoin when he is able to pass eyesight test.
BOOKS and Antiques.—Well-educated man of 24, has special interest in and knowledge of salesmanship, especially estate work. All particulars (quite satisfactory) can be obtained from well-known Canon of Church.
CARETAKER-LIFTMAN, Night-Watchman, or Salesman (leather or hardware trades), or would act as Oddman in gentlemen's house, country for preference; man aged 60, with two services in the Post Office to his credit.
COSTING Clerk.—Man, aged 47; last position, five years, with large company.
HARDWARE Salesman, aged 37; 18 years in one firm, which he left through reorganization of staff.
CONTROL Clerk, aged 64, in large seaside hotel; has good references, and is willing to take small position and salary.
IMPROVER in Printing Machine Room.—Man, aged 20; can work platen; has good references, but was not appreciated so was put off work when slack time came.
PORTER or General Labourer; aged 28; came with good introduction.
SENIOR Reception Clerk, aged 45; good appearance and references; recommended by well-known Vicar.
WATCHMAN, Caretaker, &c.—Man, aged 67; formerly worked at Woolwich Arsenal.

EX-OFFICERS AND OTHER RANKS

THE Proprietors of "The Times" have placed this space at the disposal of the British Legion Officers' Association Employment Bureau, 3-4, Clement's Inn, Strand, London, W.C.2 (Telephone, Holborn 5769), to whom all replies should be addressed, quoting number of advertisement, date of insertion and the name of this paper.
ENGLISH GRAIN TRADE.—Appointment desired by ex-officer, many years' experience management Eastern Counties agricultural merchant's business; excellent judge malting barley, widely known on country markets, and to brewers and maltsters; good organizer. 12151.
EX-OFFICER, captain, M.C., mech. and advy. engineering experience, unable to carry on profession or manual labour through heart trouble, desires post in drawing office; five-six years' experience d.o. control, routine, chart statistics, map, and survey; neat, accurate and rapid tracer; preferably with advy. mining company, or estate work. 12165.
EX-INFANTRY Officer, from Argentine, would act as guide-interpreter, courier to South American visitors and others; good linguist. 10018.
EX-OFFICER, age 35, practical painter and decorator, would like to represent reputable firm of paint manufacturers on salary and commission basis. 12120.
RETIRED Regular Army, D.S.O. and Bar, educated Repton, age 48, fit and active, seeks employment position of trust; experience horses, polo, cricket, and hunters; good veterinary knowledge; successful motor-car salesman; knowledge farming; good appearance; would represent firm home or abroad. 12168.

JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

EDITORIAL Assistant, lady, thoroughly experienced, keen, seeks responsible position; expert steno-grapher; linguist; subbing; able assist woman's page.—Write Box H.58, The Times, E.C.4.
JOURNALIST and Transport Expert, 31, widely travelled, keen organizer and administrator, seeks immediate appointment.—Write Box Z.877, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

DENTAL Nurse-Secretary seeks part or whole-time employment with dental surgeon; eight years' experience; excellent references; any duties.—Write Box Z.884, The Times, E.C.4.
EDUCATED, intelligent woman, with several years' excellent office experience, desires responsible position in small office; competent shorthand-typist, with good knowledge of bookkeeping; accustomed to dealing with correspondence and to control of staff.—Write Box W.1038, The Times, E.C.4.
GENTLEWOMAN, Secretary, 22, good speeds, some experience, seeks private West End post with moderate hours; salary £3.—Miss H., 255, Cromwell-road, S.W.5.
JUNIOR Shorthand-Typist with good speeds, public school education, seeks secretarial post needing French and Spanish; £2.—Miss C., care of 27, Roxburghe House, Hyde Park-street, W.
LADY, 33 years of age, requires position as Stenographer-Secretary, preferably with engineers; seven years' experience with oil and electrical companies.—Address Room No. 16, 136, Holland-road, London, W.14.
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£60-£70.—French-Swiss Protestant Companion-Nursery Governess, girl 11 (school); games; dual children's country cottage; knitter; English references. Others.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

HELPS AND NURSES

WANTED by widely travelled couple now settling England, reliable Domestic Help; modern conveniences; on bus route; boy for coals, shoes; £52; good outings; two free hours daily; Shrewsbury district.—Write Box Z.867, The Times, E.C.4.
NURSE, or Nurse-Governess required for boy of 3, Kent; entire charge; must be good tempered and genuinely fond of children and country life.—Write full particulars Box 01031, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
SAFE lady to recommend young Nannie or Nursery Governess for girl 3½; must be real child-lover and good needlewoman; small house.—Mrs. Badham, Cleeve Hill, Cheltenham.
CAPABLE Nannie wanted for September for baby of 2 months and three other children ages 5, 7, and 9 (school daily).—Reply, stating age, experience, and salary to Mrs. Tanner, Duffield House, Stoke Green, Slough.
EXPERIENCED Nannie wanted early September; girl 7½, twins, boy 5, baby December; age up to 30; Walton-on-Thames district; nurseries cleaned and waited on; some washing; fond country life.—Write full particulars age, experience, salary to Mrs. Abbott-Young, Rookery Farm, Westcott, Dorking, Surrey.
KIND Nurse wanted for baby boy, 16 months; doctor's house in Bedfordshire; do own nurseries; lady might suit.—Write Box Z.875, The Times, E.C.4.
NURSERYMAID required now for England, and Italy Nister; two babies. English nurse; must be experienced.—Write fully D., Smith's Bookshop, Westgate-on-Sea.
WANTED, a Superior Nurse for girl of three and boy of 15 months for Cheshire; must be patient, energetic, and trustworthy.—Apply Mrs. Williams, Frittannia, Aberoch, Carmarvonshire.

LADY HOUSEKEEPERS, HOUSEKEEPERS, AND COOKS

TWO Ladies wanted to run home of invalid lady; simple help; family three.—Mrs. Harding, Woodhouse Eaves, Leicestershire.
WANTED at once, Working Housekeeper; entire duties small house; one lady; age 30-40; wages £35-£40.—Miss Haines, St. Andrew's, Shawford, Winchester.
WANTED, Cook-Housekeeper; family three; ample help; no rough work; good wages; comfortable home.—Mrs. Harding, Woodhouse Eaves, Leicestershire.
WORKING Housekeeper; all duties labour-saving, comfortable home; nanny kept for children.—108, Melrose-avenue, Cricklewood, London.
HONBLE. Mrs. Fordham requires two friends as Lady Cook and House-Parlourmaid to run small modern house in country village 40 miles from London; three in family.—Steeple Mordon, Royston, Herts.
COOK wanted about 1st September; five in family; housemaid and parlourmaid also kept; no basement; wages about £35.—Apply Miss R., 63, Christchurch-road, Streatham Hill, S.W.2.
COOK, English or foreign; family four, three maids; own bed room; beautiful kitchen, modern house; high wages.—Write 77, Christchurch-avenue, Brondesbury.
CAPABLE superior single-handed Cook for small modern house in country in Surrey; two in family; every comfort and convenience; high wage.—Write Box Z.987, The Times, E.C.4.
FIRST-CLASS Cook required for young gentlemen's Preparatory School in Thanet.—Write Box N.1957, The Times, E.C.4.
COOK-GENERAL, under 40; plain cooking; £32-£35; daily maid kept; no children.—Write Ashley, 3, Broadstone-road, New Gardens.
COOK-GENERAL; references required.—Telephone Wembley 0217, 83, Wembley Park-drive.
COOK-GENERAL required, modern house, own bed room; two in family; good wages.—Apply 180, Walmlane, Cricklewood.
GOOD Cook-General required; house-parlourmaid kept; small house.—Mrs. Macpherson, 28, Lancaster-gate-terrace, W.2.
REQUIRED, good Cook-General and House-Parlourmaid for Bournemouth in September; two ladies.—Mrs. Codling, Venice Lodge, Slough-road, Datchet.
WANTED by Japanese Military Officer, Cook-General.—Apply 28, 16, Victoria-street (Japanese Military Attaché's office), between 3 and 5.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

WANTED for London, Cook-General and House-Parlourmaid; comfortable situation for two sisters or friends.—Apply to Mrs. H. G. Rosedale, 22, Sumner-place, South Kensington, S.W.7.
WANTED, Cook-General; family two; three servants kept; doctor's house.—Write full particulars and excellent references, Mrs. Evans, 100, Bath-street, St. Helier, Jersey, C.I.
WANTED good Cook-General for small modern house near London; two in family; house-parlourmaid kept; £48.—Write Box W.1040, The Times, E.C.4.
WANTED, Cook-General and House-Parlourmaid for first-floor flat in Hove; three in family; good wages and outings.—Write Box F.388, care of Jackson's, 19, Cullum-street, E.C.2.

PARLOURMAIDS AND HOUSE-PARLOURMAIDS

PARLOURMAID and Housemaid required; age 25-30; experienced; three maids kept; personal references.—Apply Mrs. Stanton, Brympton, Dorking, Surrey.
PARLOURMAID, Upper of two, wanted; seven maids; family small, no children; personal character.—Apply first by letter, Miss de Quincey, Oakwood, Chesterton.
GUEST House, West London.—Lady Parlourmaid to work with lady cook; good outings; interview.—Miss Jones, 51, Princes-square, W.2.
WANTED, Girl, about 18, private service; good training by butler and housekeeper present situation 10 years.—Apply by letter, Mrs. Woolf, 8, Neville-court, Abbey-road, N.W.8.
WANTED, a trustworthy Parlourmaid, up in all duties; one lady, staff four; highest references essential; New Forest.—Write Box H.146, The Times, E.C.4.
HOUSE-PARLOURMAID (experienced) wanted for September; small household; two maids kept; good room.—Apply after 6, or by letter, 228, Haverstock-hill, N.W.3.
HOUSE-PARLOURMAID wanted for bachelor's flat at seaside, facing sea; wages £50 a year.—C. W., 1, Regency-terrace, Worthing.
HOUSE-PARLOURMAID; doctor's house; family two; other servants kept.—Write, with full particulars and reference, Mrs. Evans, 100, Bath-street, St. Helier, Jersey, C.I.
JOB House-Parlourmaid; Bucks (20 miles Town); 25s.; four family; three maids; own room.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, London, W.1. No charge to job house-parlourmaids.

HOUSE, KITCHEN AND SCULLERY MAIDS

HEAD Housemaid of two wanted; five indoor servants; reference essential; wages about £48.—Mrs. Paterson, Stonehurst, Ardingly, Sussex.
JOB third Housemaid of three; Kent; for nine weeks; 20s.; one lady; 16 staff.—Apply Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No booking fee.
LADY, 25, disengaged end August, experienced Companion-Help, Secretary, Housekeeper, responsible positions; not domestic servant; comfortable home essential; good cook; take entire charge in owner's absence; children no objection.—Write Box N.1914, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY highly recommends experienced Lady Help or as Companion-Housekeeper where maids.—Write Box Z.881, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY (23) seeks post with children near London, where maid; experienced; light house duties not objected to.—Write fullest particulars Miss Young, Byfield, Rugby.
LADY, 30, fond of children, dressmaking, cooking, drive car, V.A.D., good French, desires congenial employment with family going abroad; salary.—Write Box H.141, The Times, E.C.4.
SPANISH lady, university, wishes for post to teach Spanish, French, music; London district preferred.—Senorita, Eaglehurst, Oakleigh Park, N.20.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS REQUIRED

2 lines 2s. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

CLERGYMAN'S Daughter requires morning or afternoon post in London, middle September, as Nursery Governess, Companion-Help; experienced; fond of children; excellent references; all first lessons.—Box 03380, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
INDIA.—Capable young Gentlewoman as Governess-Companion. Friend, 36, Addison-road, W.14.
LADY thoroughly recommends Nursery Governess; age 23; children 5-10 years; all subjects; five years' experience; ex family governess. Games, riding, &c.—Miss Miles, The Haven, Totland Bay, I.W.
MRS. Spreat, Brendon, Spur Hill, Parkstone, Dorset, can recommend her Nursery Governess, Miss Atkins, age 22, for September.
POST required as Governess to two or three young children; full qualifications, certificated for music, good artist, &c.; strong and healthy.—Write Box H.145, The Times, E.C.4.
TWO trained children's Nursery Governesses require post; highly recommended; long experience; needlewomen.—Write Box Z.866, The Times, E.C.

Sporting News

RACING

NOTTINGHAM MEETING

SUCCESS OF KNIGHT ERROR

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

There were two fairly important races run at Nottingham yesterday, when the Summer Meeting was concluded.

Nine of the 15 horses started in the Stewards' Handicap had run in the Stewards' Cup and, as if to add reality to this second chance for so many, Fleeting Memory, who had been beaten by a short head at Goodwood, again ran a close second, beaten this time by a head by Sir G. Noble's Knight Error, one of the less fancied runners. Knight Error had not been concerned in the least with the finish at Goodwood. Le Phare, the winner of the Stewards' Cup, was not running yesterday, and neither was Songe, who finished third three lengths behind Fleeting Memory. As the last-named had run very well from one of the less likely places at the start, it was not surprising that he became a warm favourite for yesterday's race. Similarly there was good reason for supporting Grandmaster, who had got badly away at Goodwood and yet finished fifth, behind Pegasus, another horse who had run a good race. Yesterday Pegasus started at 10 to 1, along with Knight's Error, and even Heronslea, whose chances were fancied strongly in some quarters, could be backed easily at 8 to 1.

The unlucky Guards' Parade was badly kicked at the starting gate and took no part in the race, and Arguide and Glastonbury ruined their chances by whipping round. It was Fingle Bridge, for a change, who led the way. Flute, Pegasus, Heronslea, Fleeting Memory, Quartrain, and Knight Error formed the next group. After the hill had been breasted Flute raced ahead, only to fade away almost at once when the others challenged him. Flute, in losing his position on the rails, also left room for Fleeting Memory to go through, and the latter, with Knight Error and Heronslea, racing up splendidly on a rather wide front, entered upon a finish that not only was exciting but entirely open to doubt until the numbers went up. Then it appeared that Knight Error's determined effort in the last two furlongs had carried him a head in front of Fleeting Memory, with Heronslea no more than a further head away third. Pegasus, as at Goodwood, was fourth. Fingle Bridge had every chance, but had to be content with fifth place. Pachalik was sixth and Grandmaster disappointed to the extent of being seventh.

There was another remarkable finish in the Great Midland Breeders' Plate, which also was worth £1,000. This race was over a mile and a quarter, and Quinine, who had won the Nassau Stakes at Goodwood, was backed to win at 5 to 2 on. At one time, too, when she had beaten Scotch Don, the favourite looked a certain winner, but Sargasso, ridden by Weston, had lots in reserve for a big effort in the last furlong and just snatched the victory from Quinine by a neck. Sargasso, on his best form, evidently requires a good deal of beating.

FOLKESTONE MEETING

There was an excellent attendance for the second and concluding day of the Folkestone Meeting yesterday, when the weather was pleasant enough and the course in excellent condition. The racing, if not very distinguished, was most enjoyable.

Story Teller was backed to beat Nestorian and the rest of a field of nine in the chief race, the Dungeness Mid-weight Handicap, over an indefinite distance that was nearly two miles. She did so decisively by a length and a half, starting to outstride the others at the end of a mile and holding on to her lead sufficiently when Nestorian and Dandy Dennis moved up to challenge her in the Straight. This made a second notable success for Gooch's stable at the meeting, for they had trained Stolen Flame, the winner of the Kent Handicap on Monday.

Speardora colt had a very hollow victory in the Walmer Two-Year-Old Selling Plate, and, equally so, the two-year-old Rosamond's Choice made all the running in the Saltwood Plate over six furlongs, which she won by four lengths from Lydie White filly, the only other of the four runners that ever mattered. There was, however, a very different kind of finish in the Harbour All-aged Claiming and Selling Plate. In this race Solomon's Choice got away so quickly at the start that inside a hundred yards or so he was able to move over from the outside to the rails. Then he raced up to half-way at least three lengths in front of Duke of Athlone and Big Ben, the favourite. The last-named fell behind once more in the last couple of furlongs, but Duke of Athlone made a strong finish, and failed by only a neck. Harem Guard managed to win the Three-Year-Old Handicap by three-quarters of a length, but Boardwalk was gaining fast at the finish. In the Moderate Welter Plate over a mile and a half The Sirdar stayed on well to beat her only challenger, [illegible] by three-quarters of a length.

KEMPTON PARK PROSPECTS

3.0.—Feltham Selling Plate (1m.).—Moloney and Bright Beacon should run well, but neither is likely to beat an improved horse in COLLINGWOOD, who will be ridden by G. Richards.

3.30.—Vauxhall Selling Plate (6f.).—Monday and Motor-boat have met before, at Leicester, where the latter won by half a length. Monday now holds an advantage of 4lb. in the weights, and it is not easy to separate the two for to-day's race. MONDAY, however, is well fancied and I give him the preference.

4.0.—Greenwood Stakes (1¼m.).—Ox and Ass is too uncertain a quantity in these days to be fancied strongly. Perhaps the most likely animal over this mile and a quarter is ANTIQUARY, who is known to be fit and well. The danger would appear to be Bill Sykes, whose stable has been doing well recently.

4.30.—International Plate (5f.).—No outstanding two-year-old is likely to start in this race, but the field will be fairly representative of those nearly but not quite first-class. Lady Marjorie's victory by four lengths at Sandown Park recently marks her out as a very possible winner here, and there also has to be noted Unlikely, who swerved when beaten by a head by Clove Hitch at Hurst Park, and previously had won three successive races. Icarus now holds a useful advantage in the weights over Unlikely, but in all probability still has not enough to win. I fancy the chances of UNLIKELY best, and Lady Marjorie next.

5.0.—August Plate (1¼m.).—BAYTOWN looks to hold an obvious chance here if he can improve at all upon his Goodwood running. Strephon II., at the weights, looks the danger if Baytown is not at his best.

5.30.—Bedfont Plate (7f.).—BARRACK LAW should be suited by the course, and at the very least run into a place. He should, in fact, win.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

The number of runners from Newmarket at Kempton Park may not be large, but those engaged in the Feltham Selling Plate—Tulchan, Collingwood, and Bright Beacon—are all well fancied by their connections. COLLINGWOOD went really well in a recent gallop, and I believe he will prove good enough to win.

For the Vauxhall Selling Plate HABIBI FILLY will be our only representative. She is a nice filly, who has had very little public experience, but by the way she has been shaping in recent gallops I believe she is good enough to win a race of this kind.

Our runners in the Greenwood Stakes will be Annaly, Antiquary, and Grand Prince, and they are all very much fancied. Elliott has been on the back of ANTIQUARY in his last few gallops, and I doubt if ever he has been so well. It is with confidence that I select him to win.

For the winner of the International Plate we must look to BACKWARD GLANCE, who was a very useful two-year-old at one part of the season, and I believe he has come back to that form.

For the August Plate CUPBEARER is the only likely runner from Headquarters. He has been trained the full distance and shapes like a stayer. He has a big pull in the weights, and should prove good enough to win.

We shall not be represented in the Bedfont Plate.

KEMPTON PARK PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

2.0.—The FELTHAM SELLING PLATE of 400 sovs; for three-year-olds only. One mile.

	st lb
Goso (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	9 0
Lewton (Mr. E. G. Nolan) ..... R. J. Colling	9 0
Mahony Court (Major McAlmont) ..... Jarvis	9 0
Broken Ice (Mr. G. Bates) ..... Thrale	8 11
aPrargent (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius) ..... G. C. Ward	8 11
aMoloney (Mr. Hartigan) ..... M. Hartigan	8 11
Puella (Major T. Bouch) ..... W. Nightingall	8 11
Papineto (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... S. Wootton	8 11
Walter Raleigh (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	8 9
aBackstraw (Lady Curre) ..... Read	8 9
aTulchan (Mr. J. P. Horsung) ..... B. Jarvis	8 9
aCollingwood (Lord Glanely) ..... Hulz	8 8
aSea Hussar (Mr. Jesse Brown) ..... R. Morrison	8 6
aKnotweed (Sir William Cooke) ..... Read	8 6
aBright Beacon (Mr. A. de Rothschild) ..... Watson	8 6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Darcey Court, H. Beasley; Papineto, F. Fisher; Broken Ice, C. Ray; Prargent, J. Street; Moloney, C. Richards; Tulchan, F. Fox; Collingwood, G. Richards; Sea Hussar, —; Bright Beacon, Perryman; Backstraw, —; Knotweed, —.

2.30.—The VAUXHALL SELLING PLATE of 300 sovs.; for two-year-olds only. Six furlongs.

	st lb
Motor-boat (Mrs. Dodd) ..... Briscoe	9 0
aVixen's Pet c, by Allenby (Mr. R. Warner) ..... D. Anthony	9 0
Grand Rock (Mr. S. M. Dada) ..... J. Beary	8 11
aArolla (Colonel R. Crawford) ..... Cramvie	8 11
aValiant (Mr. H. P. Nicholls) ..... Cundell	8 11
Monday (Mr. G. C. Poole) ..... Poole	8 11
Blue Lightning (Mr. A. G. Whiteman) H. Smyth	8 11
Private Seal (late Monkey) (Mr. A. Dona) ..... Smyth	8 11
Tee Veil c, by Craig-an-Eran (Mr. O. S. Ambrose) ..... Fox Butters	8 9
sUlster Queen c, by Papyrus (Sir W. Cooke) ..... Read	8 9
I'm Funny that Way (Mr. W. J. Dale) ..... Dale	8 9
aLike Magic c, by Fairtrader (Mr. G. F. X. Harrigan) ..... M. Hartigan	8 9
aDon Patrick (Sir H. Hirst) ..... Templeman	8 9
aFalla (Sir D. Llewellyn) ..... J. Hartigan	8 9
aThe Ring (Lady Ludlow) ..... W. Nightingall	8 9
Young Ben (Mr. E. F. Watson) ..... Barling	8 9
Prince Evan (Sir D. Broughton) ..... Farquharson	8 9
Sir Sea (Mr. Clare Vyner) ..... Cole	8 6
aMago (Mr. F. Darling) ..... F. Darling	8 6
(Grand Crystal (Lord Glanely) ..... Hulz	8 6
Twintrone c, by Irish Halo (Mr. J. H. MacColl (Gorden) ..... Bullock	8 6
aHabibi F, by Santorb (Mr. J. B. Joel) Whitaker	8 6
Stretton (Mr. A. Kennedy) ..... Thrale	8 9
Grisnee F, by Roi Herode (Mr. H. S. Persse) ..... Persse	8 6
Tobermory F, by Hapsburg (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... S. Wootton	8 6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Motor Boat, J. Leach; Vixen's Pet, —; Arolla, —; Valid, —; Monday, H. Wragg; Blue Lightning, H. Smyth; Private Seal, —; Ulster Queen colt, C. Bray; Like Magic colt, G. Richards; Don Patrick, F. Fox; Falla, M. Wing; The Ring, R. Dick; Prince Evan, M. Beary; Habibi filly, Carslake; Tobermory filly, A. Smirke; Grisnee filly, —; Twintrone filly, —; Sir Sea, —; Mago, —; L. Tidey rides either Valid colt or Twintrone filly.

4.0.—The GREENWOOD STAKES (high-weight handicap) of 2 sovs. each and 3 sovs. more unless declared by August 5, with 300 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. out of the stakes. Mile and a quarter (one mile and a quarter).

	Yrs st lb
Ardolais (Major D. Dixon) ..... S. Darling	4 9 3
Corduroy (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... S. Wootton	4 8 9
Great Scot (Mrs. Chester Beatty) ..... T. Leader	4 8 8
Ox and Ass (Mrs. G. H. Drummond) ..... Digby	5 8 7
aAnnaly (Lord Rosebery) ..... B. Jarvis	3 8 1
aAntiquary (Major J. S. Courtauld) ..... B. Jarvis	3 8 1
aGrand Prince (Lord Glanely) ..... Hulz	4 7 11
aKennel (Duke of Portland) ..... R. Dick	3 7 9
aBull Sykes (7lb. ex.) (Mr. D. M. Saint) ..... W. F. Lowe	4 7 7
aVimoo (Mr. H. Martin) ..... J. Nightingall	4 7 1
Soldan (Mrs. E. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	4 7 0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Great Scot, E. Carslake; Ox and Ass, —; Annaly, H. Wragg; Antiquary, F. Fox; Grand Prince, G. Richards; Bill Sykes, C. Richards; Vimoo, R. Gethin; Soldan, T. Lowrey.

4.30.—The INTERNATIONAL PLATE of 500 sovs.; for two-year-olds only; second to receive 75 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Five furlongs, on the Straight Course.

	st lb
Foxtrot (Mr. A. de Rothschild) ..... Watson	9 1
aUnlikely (Baron F. de Tuyll) ..... F. Hartigan	8 12
Daytoy (Mr. R. Darby) ..... R. Darby	8 10
aBackward Glance (Mr. M. Markham) Barling	8 10
Icarus (Mr. H. Johnstone) ..... Wilmot	8 10
Watch Light (Mr. H. J. Joel) ..... C. Gray	8 7
aRedagolbo (Sir J. Bailey) ..... Cottrill	8 7
aUsco Guid (Mr. A. H. Stockley) ..... J. Rhodes	8 7
aLady Marjorie (Mr. H. Benson) ..... M. Hartigan	8 3
Elzee (Lady Cunliffe-Owen) ..... Leach, sen.	8 3
Boy Bachelor (Mrs. S. B. Joel) ..... Beasley	8 3
Putting Green (Mr. A. M. Melville) ..... Russell	8 3
Clever Polly (Mr. D. Jackson) ..... Poulton	8 3
aCrewe Bruler (Lord Astor) ..... Lawson	8 0
Arbitrator (Vicomte de Fontarce) R. Dawson	8 0
Tetard (Mr. R. Joel) ..... W. Earl	8 0
Lampito (Major McAlmont) ..... Perse	8 0
Aerial Flight (Sir P. Newson) ..... W. Nightingall	8 0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Unlikely, —; Daytoy, J. Dobb; Backward Glance, J. Leach; Icarus, C. Richards; Usco Guid, J. Kirby; Lady Marjorie, G. Richards; Redagolbo, R. Perryman; Crewe Bruler, R. Dick; Arbitrator, M. Beary; Lampito, —.

5.0.—The AUGUST PLATE of 200 sovs. One mile and a half.

	Yrs st lb
Strephon II. (Mr. S. Green) ..... S. Darling	5 9 3
aRoi des Espees (Major A. Boscawen) ..... F. Hartigan	5 8 12
Ardolais (Major D. Dixon) ..... S. Darling	4 8 11
Norman Baron (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) Cottrill	4 8 9
aBayonne (Mrs. Hirst) ..... Scobie	4 8 7
Boldero (Mr. J. S. Austen) ..... C. Waugh	5 8 7
Pianola (Mr. R. Davis) ..... R. Davis	4 8 5
Crafty Captain (Mr. J. C. Denison-Pender) ..... Gilpin	4 8 0
Brother-in-Law (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... F. Darling	3 7 12
aCupbearer (Lord Glanely) ..... Hulz	4 7 10
Tours (Mrs. J. Mosley) ..... M. Hartigan	3 7 7
Lemonetta (Lady Ludlow) ..... W. Nightingall	3 7 4
Malta (Sir D. Llewellyn) ..... W. Watson	3 7 4
Norland (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	3 7 4

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Strephon II., G. Richards; Baytown, B. Carslake; Cupbearer, C. Richards; Norland, T. Weston.

5.30.—The BEDFONT PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 200 sovs. Seven furlongs.

	Yrs st lb
Don Pat (Mr. C. B. Rowe) ..... C. Chapman	4 9 3
aBarrack Law (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	4 9 3
aOrsindon (Mr. R. Coulson) ..... G. L. Ward	6 8 11
The Farmer (Mr. C. Sharp) ..... C. Walters	6 8 11
Royal Lad (Mr. S. Wottoon) ..... S. Wootton	4 8 0
Dunsrave (Major D. Dixon) ..... S. Darling	3 7 13
aPlucky Bill (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius) G. L. Ward	4 7 7
Post Arthur (The Maharajah Jam Sahib of Nawanagar) ..... W. Sadler	a 7 2
Secret Flame (Lt.-Colonel C. W. Brinton) ..... Leach, sen.	3 7 0
Glenelvy (Mr. M. Steedman) ..... Willett	4 7 0
Cornetist (Mr. T. A. Wigan) ..... Bullock	3 6 13

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

Don Pat, B. Carslake; Barrack Law, H. Wragg; Orsindos, A. Burns; Dunsrave, —; Just So, —; Glenelvy, H. Gunn; Cornetist, R. Lowrey; Plucky Bill, —; G. Richards rides either Dunsrave or Just So.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

NOTTINGHAM

(2s. Unit.—Stake and Winnings)

2.30.—Yeomanstown, Win 5s. 8d., Place 4s.; Courtesy, Place 4s. 9d.; Gafadoun, Place 18s. 3d. 3.0.—Queenda, Win 7s., Place 4s. 3d.; Lady Gay, Place 3s. 9d.

3.30.—Knight Error, Win 32s., Place 9s. 6d.; Fleeting Memory, Place 3s. 3d.; Heronslea, Place 5s. 3d.

4.0.—Sargasso, Win 15s. 3d.

4.30.—(Objection), Win 8s.

4.55.—Lucky Charm, Win 13s., Place 13s. 3d.; Sonny Boy, Place 9s. 3d.

African Double.—3.30 and 4.55.—Knight Error and Lucky Charm—unbacked.

FOLKESTONE

1.45.—Speardora Colt, Win 2s. 3d.

2.15.—Rosamond's Choice, Win 6s. 6d.

2.45.—Story Teller, Win 8s. 6d., Place 2s. 9d.; Dandy Dennis, Place 4s. 3d., and Nestorian, Place 2s. 9d.; dead heat.

3.15.—Solomon's Choice, Win 4s. 9d.

3.45.—Harem Guard, Win 13s., Place 5s. 9d.; Boardwalk, Place 2s. 6d.

4.15.—The Sirdar, Win 6s. 6d., Place 4s. 6d.; Mount Hawke, Place 2s. 9d.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

Doncaster St. Leger.—Centaur, Motiwala, Golden Grace, at 9 a.m. yesterday.

KEMPTON PARK MEETING

Greenwood Stakes.—Simeon's Charm.

August Plate.—Orvello.

St. James's Plate.—Gunga Din.

Round Course Plate.—Muezzin.

Mortlake Selling Plate.—Chivalresque.

WINDSOR MEETING

Meadow Maiden Plate.—Prince's Tryst.

Club Maiden Plate.—Diary.

Flying Handicap.—Golden Urn.

Castle Handicap.—Ecossaise.

Clewer Plate.—Firouze Rance.

Blackbrook Sweepstakes.—Golden Grace.

Oakside Selling Plate.—Starling.

WOLVERHAMPTON MEETING

Buckley Handicap.—Son of Mint.

Walsall Handicap.—Puttnam, Star of Egypt.

Staffordshire Handicap.—Piperno, Millennium.

Wolverhampton Engagements.—Scarlet Fly.

MISCELLANEOUS

Doddington Handicap, Bath.—War Mist, The Sirdar.

Apprentices' Plate, Bath.—Merano.

Newbury Autumn Foal Plate.—Sea Cat.

Second Foal Plate.—Usta Flying.

Sand Hills Selling Handicap, Redcar.—Tullahoma.

Hambleton Selling Handicap, Hurst Park.—Sea Hussar.

All Engagements in Mr. C. E. O. Clarke's Name.—Chickweed.

All Engagements up to August 31 this Year.—Club House.

All Engagements.—Hurst Park Engagements.—Scarlet Fly.

All Engagements before September 30 this Year.—Landing.

All Published Handicaps.—Lovelace.

All Engagements in Mr. D. Goold's Name.—Silver Delight.

All Engagements.—Kinmount, Auie Give, Girondin, Miamber, Engelberg, Pye Bridge, Lady Abbess, Ahoghill, Writ, True Copy, Robin A Bobbin, Lawless filly (2 yrs).

NOTTINGHAM RESULTS

2.30 (2.32).—The FRIAR TUCK SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs. The Straight Mile.

YEOMANSTOWN, br h, by Hainault—Latagh (Mr. W. T. Sears), 5 yrs, 9st. ..... H. Leach 1
COURTESY, b c, by Noblesse Oblige—Drifting Cloud (Lieutenant-Colonel Wingfield), 4 yrs, 9st. ..... F. E. Jones 2
GAFADOUN, b g, by Marten—Festa (Mr. M. Dollar), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... B. Carslake 3
Merced (Mr. J. Aitken), 4 yrs, 8st. 9lb. ..... J. Simpson 0
Treasure Island (Mr. E. B. Forwood), 5 yrs, 9st. ..... W. Stott 0
Saugor (Mr. B. Dennis), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Berkeley Bridge (Mr. G. W. Hands), aged, 8st. 11lb. ..... F. E. Herbert 0
Ruby's Love (Mr. J. Rhodes), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Kirby 0
Cameronia (Mr. J. S. Kincaid), 3 yrs, 8st. J. Beasley 0
Anchor Watch (Mr. A. de Rothschild), 2 yrs, 8st. (car. 8st. 11lb.) ..... R. Perryman 0
Kirkurd (Sir B. Sheffield), 3 yrs, 8st. ..... G. Richards 0

(Winner trained by Leach, jun., at Newmarket)

Starting Price.—6 to 4 agst Fleeting Memory, 9 to 2 Grandmaster, 5 to 1 Heronslea, 6 to 1 Flute, 10 to 1 each Knight Error and Pegasus, 100 to 8 each Quartrain and Fingle Bridge, 100 to 6 each Guards' Parade and Diocletian, 20 to 1 Whoopee, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 43s. 6d.; places, 8s., 3s. 3d., 5s. 3d. Total win pool, 15,444 units; total place pool, 14,331 units.

Won by a head; the same distance separated second and third. Pegasus was fourth and Diocletian last.

4.0 (4.2).—The GREAT MIDLAND BREEDERS' PLATE of 1,000 sovs.; owner at entry of winner to receive 100 sovs., owner at running and owner at entry of second each receive 50 sovs. and owner at running and owner at entry of third each receive 25 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

SARGASSO, br c, by Phalaris—Splendrin (Lord Derby), 4 yrs, 9st. 7lb. ..... T. Weston 1
QUININE, b f, by Simon Pure—Marmion (Lord Ellesmere), 5 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Fox 2
SCOTCH DON, ch c, by Knockando—Juanina (Mr. C. E. Howard), 3 yrs, 7st. 4lb. (car. 7st. 5lb.) ..... G. Richards 3
Anagance (Lord Beaverbrook), 3 yrs, 7st. 6lb. ..... J. Dines 0

(Winner trained by Frank Butters, at Newmarket)

Starting Prices.—5 to 2 on Quinine, 9 to 2 agst Sargasso, 8 to 1 Scotch Don, 20 to 1 agst Anagance.

Totalisator Price.—Win dividend, 15s.; total win pool, 10,610 units.

Won by a neck; three lengths separated second and third.

4.30 (4.31).—The ROBIN HOOD MAIDEN PLATE of 500 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

OBJECTION, b f, by Hyperbole—Cry Help (Mr. H. Glaspool), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Perryman 1
MASSINGHAM ABBEY, ch c, by Abbots Trace—Lovestar (Mr. J. A. Dewar), 8st. 10lb. ..... G. Jones 2
COLOURIST, ch f, by Gainsborough—Telling the Tale (Mr. H. W. Forster), 8st. 7lb. ..... G. Richards 3

(Winner trained by C. Chapman, at Lavant)

Starting Prices.—7 to 4 on Objection, 3 to 1 agst Colourist, 5 to 1 agst Massingham Abbey.

Totalisator Price.—Win dividend, 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 8,907 units.

Won by three lengths; five lengths separated second and third.

4.55 (4.56).—The BESTWOOD PLATE, a high-weight handicap of 200 sovs. One mile and a half.

LUCKY CHARM, b f, by Zris's Charm—Third Page (Mrs. F. Gilbert), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 1
SONNY BOY, b h, by Son-in-Law—Varsouk (Mr. W. J. Hissell), 5 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ..... L. Tidey 2
GREEN WILLOW, br c, by Son-in-Law—Willowmore (Lord Woolavington), 4 yrs, 9st. 8lb. ..... T. Beasley 3
Lulworth Cove (Lady Curzon of Kedleston), aged, 8st. 13lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Great Sand (Lord Londesborough), aged, 8st. 4lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Cadi (Miss B. Higgs), 3 yrs, 8st. 4lb. G. Richards 0
Industrious (Mr. A. R. Heath), 5 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... K. Robertson 0

(Winner trained by Colledge, at Chilton)

Starting Prices.—5 to 2 agst Industrious, 11 to 4 Lucky Charm, 9 to 2 Great Sand, 7 to 1 Sonny Boy, 10 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 19s. 6d., places, 4s. 9d., 4s. 6d. Total win pool, 9,208 units; total place pool, 5,215 units.

Won by a short head; a length and a half separated second and third. Great Sand was fourth, and Cadi last.

FOLKESTONE RESULTS

1.45 (1.46).—The WALMER TWO-YEAR-OLD SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs. Five furlongs.

SPEARDORA COLT, b by Trespasser (Mr. A. Douglas-Pennant), 9st. ..... C. Richards 1
ST. GAUDENS, b g, by Diophon—Sorellina (Mr. W. Hutchinson), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Packham 2
MILAD, br c, by Milton—Adalew (Mr. Peirson), 8st. ..... G. Walsh 3

(Winner trained by Douglas-Pennant, at Upavon)

Starting Prices.—7 to 2 on Speardora colt, 6 to 1 agst Milad, 10 to 1 agst St. Gaudens.

Totalisator Price (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend 2s. 3d. Total win pool, 5,411 units.

Won by three lengths; four lengths separated second and third.

The winner was bought in for 170 guineas.

2.15 (2.17).—The SALTWOOD TWO-YEAR-OLD PLATE of 110 sovs.; winner free. Six furlongs.

ROSAMOND'S CHOICE, b f, by Junior—Rosa (Mr. D. Macnee), 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Sones 1
LYDIE WHITE FILLY, by Abbots Trace (Mrs. N. Brownlee), 7st. 11lb. ..... F. Lane 2
DUTCH MYSTERY, b or br c, by Triumph or Pantomas—Dutch Lass (Mrs. V. Tyrwhitt Drake), 7st. 11lb. ..... H. Packham 3
Almeel f, by Tetrameter (Mr. R. Brendon), 7st. 11lb. ..... W. Wragg 0

(Winner trained by Macnee, at Lambourn)

Starting Prices.—11 to 10 on Rosamond's Choice, 9 to 4 agst Almeel filly, 4 to 1 Dutch Mystery, 10 to 1 agst Lydie White filly.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 3s. 9d. Total win pool, 6,983 units.

Won by four lengths; one length separated second and third.

2.45 (2.47).—The DUNGENESS MID-WEIGHT HANDICAP PLATE of 250 sovs. One mile, seven furlongs, and 100 yards.

STORY TELLER, gr f, by Golden Myth—False Friend (Mrs. E. Harmsworth), 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Lane 1
NESTORIAN, b g, by Archaic—Placentia (Mrs. E. Wallace), 5 yrs, 8st. ..... M. Beary 2
DANDY DENNIS, b rig, by Tredennon—Royal Emblem (Mr. T. Walton), 5 yrs, 7st. 7lb. (car. 7st. 8lb.) ..... H. Packham 3
Auction Pool (Mr. R. Brendon), 5 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... R. Dick 0
Prince Cherry (Captain R. Norman), 6 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Boss of the Show (Mr. W. H. Morgan), 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... R. Barber 0
Your Call (Captain D. P. Simson), 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... W. Wells 0
Polydross (Mr. H. Lester), 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... J. Collins 0
Grange View (Mrs. Boswall-Preston), 5 yrs, 7st. 3lb. (car. 7st. 4lb.) ..... C. Richards 0

(Winner trained by Gooch, at Ilsley)

Starting Prices.—2 to 1 agst Story Teller, 11 to 4 Nestorian, 7 to 2 Dandy Dennis, 5 to 1 Boss of the Show, 10 to 1 Auction Pool, 100 to 8 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 7s. 6d.; places, 2s. 9d., 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 9,205 units; total place pool, 8,470 units.

Won by a length and a half; a dead-heat for second place. Prince Cherry was fourth and Polydross last.

3.15 (3.16).—The HARBOUR ALL-AGED CLAIMING AND SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs. Five furlongs.

SOLOMON'S CHOICE, b g, by King Sol—Wee Wifie (Mrs. M. Holland), 6 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... J. Collins 1
DUKE OF ATHLONE, b c, by Athlone—Lady Barna (Mr. F. Thrale), 4 yrs, 9st. ..... W. Pedley 2
BIG BEN, ch g, by Soulouque—Shanganagh Lady (Mr. H. Smyth), aged, 8st. 13lb. ..... F. Balch 3
Fornada (Mr. T. Kimball), 3 yrs, 8st. 13lb. ..... W. Wells 0

(Winner trained by Holland, at West Horsley)

Starting Prices.—11 to 8 on Big Ben, 5 to 2 agst Duke of Athlone, 4 to 1 Solomon's Choice, 10 to 1 agst Fornada.

Totalisator Price.—Win dividend, 13s. 3d. Total win pool, 5,172 units.

Won by a neck; three lengths separated second and third.

3.45 (3.47).—The THREE-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP PLATE of 150 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

HAREM GUARD, b g, by Vizier—Marilea (Mr. D. Macnee), 7st. 8lb. ..... C. Sones 1
BOARDWALK, b c, by Torelore—Sea of Stars (Sir A. Butt), 8st. ..... F. Lane 2
PAPER BOY, ch g, by Pommern—Quire (Mrs. Chester Beatty), 7st. 2lb. ..... R. Pawdon 3
Super-Haine (Mr. R. Wright), 8st. 6lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Prince Velour (Mr. O. Nicholson), 7st. 7lb. ..... G. Walsh 0
Gogo (Mr. Charles Hyde), 7st. 4lb. ..... F. Sharpe 0
Knowle (Mr. H. J. Brunton), 7st. 3lb. ..... R. Barber 0

(Winner trained by Macnee, at Lambourn)

(Continued at foot of next column)

GOLF

THE EDEN TOURNAMENT

Two courses—the Eden and the New—were in use for nearly 10 hours at St. Andrews yesterday, when the first half of the qualifying stage of the Eden Open Amateur Tournament was carried through. Another round will be played to-day, the competitors changing courses, and the remainder of the week will be devoted to the match-play stages for the Eden Cup.

The leading returns were:—

EDEN COURSE.—D. M. Stewart (Lundin), 70; W. Seaton (Duddingston), 72; N. P. R. Clyde (Glasgow University), 74; J. R. Stevens (Earlsferry Thistle), 75; Jack Fisher (Macrihanish), 76; J. B. Moffit (Gourock), 76; A. T. Kyle (Peebles), 76; J. Stewart Burnside (Bearsden), 76; J. A. Shore (Bruntsfield), 77; A. Lang (Alloa Crow Wood), 77; Jack Maclean (East Kilbride), 77; A. N. Manson (Pollok), 78; J. H. Nock (Royal and Ancient), 78; R. M. Wyper (Lothianburn), 78; A. Rolland (St. Andrews Mansfield), 79; W. E. Gibb (Knowhead), 78; F. T. S. Coutts (Forfar), 78; K. G. Patrick (Stirling), 78; J. Dunne, jun. (St. Andrews), 78.

NEW COURSE.—F. W. Beldie (Forrester), 72; Ed Watson (Sandyhills), 73; R. Storey (Craigehill), 77; Ian Buchanan (Cavernount), 78; J. K. Smith (Earlsferry Thistle), 78; Don Stewart (St. Andrews), 79; J. W. Stickler (Peebles), 79; James Broom (Bathgate), 79; C. Duncan (Pollok), 79; R. B. Lawrence (St. Andrews University), 80; Captain W. J. Young (Eastwood), 80; T. Ramsay Tarze (Cadzow Braes), 80; J. D. Burns (St. Andrews), 80; R. W. Peattie (Cupar), 80; A. Reid-Walker (Whitecraigs), 80; P. Chrisele (St. Andrews Masonic), 80; F. K. Charlton (West Kent), 81; J. A. G. Morrison (Pollok), 81; W. C. Stickler (Liberton), 81; J. Robertson (Royal Burgess), 81; L. R. Hamilton (Pollok), 81; J. R. Lambie (Cowglen), 81.

THE SOUTH OF IRELAND CHAMPIONSHIP

There was a comparatively large number of scratchings from the South of Ireland Championship, which was begun at Lahinch yesterday.

The results were:—

FIRST ROUND

J. Gorry (Kildare) beat J. Morrissey (Muskerry) by 5 and 4.

A. Best (Bandon) beat F. Moran (U.S.A.) by 1 hole.

O. Brown (Tuam) beat D. Donald (Ennis) by 3 and 2.

M. O'Loughlin (Lahinch), w.o.; Dr. Marlborough (Gort), scratched.

A. Neylan (Swinton Park), w.o.; W. J. Carberry (Lahinch), scratched.

T. Goode (Bandon) beat E. Lortus (Turnberry) by 5 and 2.

Burke (Lahinch) (holder), w.o.; M. C. Ryan (U.S.A.), scratched.

Sir H. D. Gillies (Woking), w.o.; J. Ryan (U.S.A.), scratched.

Sir Berkeley (Lahinch) beat D. Murphy (Killiney) by 4 and 3.

R. Wyse (Muskerry) beat Dr. McClancy (Ennis) by 5 and 3.

J. Bruno (Ballinasloe) beat J. J. Dobbs (Lahinch) by 3 and 2.

J. Rockfield (Lahinch) beat Dr. Donovan (Douglas) by 1 hole.

J. B. Brown (Portmarnock) beat J. A. Gilles (Lahinch) at the 19th hole.

A. H. McCarthy (Douglas), w.o.; M. L. Counihan (Lahinch), scratched.

SECOND ROUND

S. W. Martin (Limerick) beat J. G. McDonnell (Lahinch) by 3 and 2.

D. F. Breslin (Muskerry) beat W. J. Flanagan (Ballinasloe) by 2 and 1.

R. M. Saunders (Killiney) beat F. G. Phillips (Muskerry) by 4 and 2.

J. Kay (Muskerry) beat J. P. Scally (Port Arlington) by 7 and 6.

Corry beat V. Hamilton (Woodrock) by one hole.

C. Brown beat Best by 3 and 2.

O'Loughlin beat Neylan by 6 and 4.

Burke beat Goode by 5 and 4.

Gillies beat McInerney by 6 and 5.

Wyse beat Bruno by 4 and 2.

Rockfield beat J. Brown by 7 and 6.

McCarthy beat S. Reynolds (Douglas) by 7 and 6.

C. Brown (Waterford) beat A. J. Sparrow (Galway) by 3 and 1.

P. McKenna (Bandon) beat A. Western (U.S.A.) by 4 and 3.

G. O. Flynn, Jnr. (Muskerry) beat W. S. Fitzgerald (Galway) by 5 and 3.

H. E. Bell (Portmarnock) w.o.; A. R. Brown (Waterford) scratched.

NEVIN AND DISTRICT MEETING

In the first round of the Captain's Challenge

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

CRICKET

THE ENGLISH TEAM

A NEW CAPTAIN

The following 14 players have been asked to be present for the last Test Match, which will be begun at the Oval on Saturday:—

R. E. S. Wyatt (captain) (Warwickshire).
K. S. Duleepsinhji (Sussex).
J. A. R. Peebles (Middlesex).
J. B. Hobbs (Surrey).
H. Sutcliffe (Yorkshire).
W. W. Whysall (Nottinghamshire).
W. R. Hammond (Gloucestershire).
M. Leyland (Yorkshire).
M. Tate (Sussex).
H. Larwood (Nottinghamshire).
G. Duckworth (Lancashire).
L. Ames (Kent).
C. Parker (Gloucestershire).
E. Hendren (Middlesex).

A comment by our Cricket Correspondent will be found on page 10.

DRAWN MATCH AT LEEDS

DERBYSHIRE'S ESCAPE

Interruptions by rain prevented Yorkshire from forcing a victory against Derbyshire at Leeds, and when stumps were drawn yesterday Derbyshire, with six wickets to fall in their second innings, still required to make another 100 runs to save an innings defeat.

On Monday Derbyshire had made 121 for eight wickets in their first innings, and yesterday morning five overs and one ball were sufficient to finish the innings for an addition of two runs. C. K. Hill-Wood, whose wicket was the last to fall, was out to a remarkable catch. He hit a ball from Macaulay up in the air and wide of Sutcliffe, who appeared to lose sight of the ball in the indifferent light, but who, suddenly seeing it, brought off a catch a few yards from the boundary with his right hand, and apparently with the greatest possible ease.

When Storer and Smith opened the second innings they had merely to keep up their ends, runs being of little consequence, and this they did quite successfully for nearly an hour, before at 1 o'clock rain drove the players and spectators to shelter. The score was then 22. After several inspections of the pitch, play was continued at 10 minutes to 3, and Smith was at once leg-before-wicket to a ball from Leyland which he did not attempt to play with the bat. Hill-Wood, promoted in the batting order, was the next man in, but at 42 Storer was out to a very well-judged catch by Mitchell, who ran in from the boundary to behind square-leg. Hill-Wood made a nice square cut for four off Verity, and he also pulled Leyland for four before Verity bowled him round his legs.

Three men were then out for 53, and there was a possible two and three-quarter hours left for play. G. R. Jackson and Townsend, however, improved the position, Jackson pulling one ball from Verity for six, and when the 100 went up further rain stopped play. When play was continued an hour later Jackson was dismissed without another run being scored, but Townsend and Lee stayed together until stumps were drawn at 6 o'clock, the score then being 129 for four wickets.

Score:—

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

Holmes, R. Townsend	...	...	33
Sutcliffe, b. Sinfield	...	...	32
Oldroyd, l.-b.-w., b. Slater	...	...	32
Leyland, st. Elliott, b. Mitchell	...	...	186
A. W. Harden, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	...	...	5
Mitchell (A.), b. Mitchell	...	...	0
Robinson, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	...	...	20
Wood, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	...	...	24
Verity, b. Worthington	...	...	1
Macaulay, not out	...	...	11
Bowes, b. Hill-Wood	...	...	1
Byes, 3; l.-b., 11	...	...	14
Total	...	...	352

DERBYSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Storer, c. Verity, b. Verity	26	b. Leyland	22
Elliott, c. Wood, b. Verity	3	not out	12
Lee, c. Sutcliffe, b. Bowes	7	c. Sutcliffe, b. Macaulay	39
Townsend, c. Bowes, b. Leyland	9	not out	27
Smith, c. Barber, b. Verity	0	l.-b.-w., b. Leyland	11
Worthington, c. Bowes, b. Verity	5		
Hutchinson, c. Macaulay, b. Verity	10		
Slater, c. Mitchell, b. Leyland	4		
G. R. Hill-Wood, c. Sutcliffe, b. Macaulay	2	b. Verity	14
Mitchell (T. B.), not out	0		
Leg-byes	6	Leg-byes	7
Total	123	Total (4 wkts.)	129

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Slater	7	0	37	0
Hill-Wood	21.4	4	57	1
Worthington	17	4	59	1

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	15	7	26	0
Bowes	9	0	39	2
Macaulay	19.1	6	29	7

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	7	2	19	0
Bowes	12	5	22	0
Verity	25	13	33	1

Umpires, Huddleston and Street.

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE

	P.	W.	L.	Won 1st on 1st ins.	Lost on 1st ins.	No result.	Pts
Points Awarded	—	8	0	5	3	4	—
Lancashire	23	7	0	8	5	3	123
Yorkshire	23	9	2	4	3	5	121
Nottinghamshire	23	7	1	9	4	2	121
Gloucestershire	23	11	4	2	5	1	117
Kent	23	9	5	5	4	0	109
Sussex	23	5	6	4	6	2	86
Derbyshire	23	7	5	3	5	3	98
Surrey	23	2	2	11	5	3	98
Essex	23	3	7	3	9	1	86
Leicestershire	24	4	7	6	9	0	98
Worcestershire	24	4	7	4	7	1	86
Glamorgan	23	4	8	5	3	3	78
Warwickshire	23	2	6	7	6	2	77
Northamptonshire	23	4	9	2	8	1	70
Middlesex	23	2	7	2	9	3	63
Hampshire	22	3	7	1	11	0	62
Somerset	22	2	11	5	2	2	55

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AUSTRALIANS SAVE THE MATCH

WOODFULL'S STUBBORN BATTING

The capacity of W. M. Woodfull to hold his side together at a time of crisis and the indiscretion of the weather in regard to the amount of rain it distributed over Northampton on Monday night together saved the Australians from defeat in their match against Northamptonshire at Northampton. A glance at the final scores might convince anyone who was not at the match that the Australians were not in need either of the human aid of Woodfull or the adventitious aid of the weather. But he would be mistaken in his conviction, and nothing could more surely prove it than the temper and pattern of Woodfull's batting.

Those inhabitants of Northampton who had hopes that their county would win eternal glory for itself by beating the Australians must have spent an anxious night waiting for that rain which might rain away the Australians' unbeaten record against the counties. What they hoped for was a deluge, and after the deluge the bowling of V. W. C. Jupp and Thomas. As it happened only a little rain fell, but it was enough for Jupp to put himself on immediately, in which he was perfectly right, for any slight difficulty the pitch might have would certainly disappear in an hour. For a few overs the ball was willing to turn, and at 106 Jupp bowled A. Hurwood with a very unpleasant ball which pitched on the off stump and knocked the leg stump out of the ground. D. G. Bradman then joined Woodfull, and any spectator who did not know the state of the game would immediately have guessed that the match was at its crisis. Thomas and Jupp, who once completely beat Woodfull only to see the ball go for four byes, bowled an unconscionable number of maiden overs, but neither of them could produce that ball which does enough to beat the most severely defensive strokes.

The difference between Woodfull and Bradman as batsmen was perfectly illustrated by the fact that Woodfull was the same batsman yesterday on a true as he had been on the Monday on a treacherous wicket, while Bradman, who, against the turning ball on Monday had been speculative and uncertain, became yesterday the assured breaker of records. The conclusion would seem to be that Woodfull has reserves of technique which are at the moment beyond the reach of Bradman. Bradman yesterday, however, batted extremely well, and a controlled stroke off Jupp, which brought him two runs to mid-wicket, and a drive past extra cover for 3 in the same over, showed how thoroughly he appreciated the fact that the ball was coming truly on to the bat. He drew one of the very few bad-length balls Thomas sent down round to the boundary at mid-wicket, but soon afterwards he went down to hit Cox to square-leg, mis-timed his stroke, and was caught by A. P. R. Hawtin wide at mid-on.

The Australians were then 17 runs on; the wicket was perfect, and Northamptonshire still had the wickets of Woodfull and six other lesser mortals to take. A. F. Kippax immediately made it plain that he considered the crisis was over, but after scoring 20 very pleasant runs he was well caught on the boundary at mid-wicket off a ball of Jupp's, which he tried to pull for 6. Every run now counted two on a division, and Woodfull, who has a very highly developed cricket sense, came to the conclusion that circumstances not only warranted, but demanded, that he should hit the first boundary of his innings, so he duly played forward at Jupp without lifting his bat above his knee, and sent the ball, gently but firmly, to the sight-screen. At luncheon he had scored 86 out of the total of 222.

Afterwards he and V. Y. Richardson went on in their different ways to make assurance doubly sure. Richardson drove Matthews for three boundaries in one over, and the approach of some black raincloods and the charitable disposition of the Northamptonshire bowlers led Woodfull to hit the second 4 of his innings and so reach his hundred. In sending down the full pitch that made this possible, E. F. Towell possibly thought that the rain which immediately began to fall would stop cricket for the day, but, as it happened, the players were only off the field for 10 minutes or so. There was time afterwards for Towell to get Woodfull caught at the wicket and for Richardson, who reached his 100 in under two hours, to give the crowd some compensation in the way of forcing, but not reckless, cricket for Northamptonshire's failure to force a victory.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

Woolley, b. a Beckett	...	...	...	12
Bakewell, c. Jackson, b. Hurwood	...	...	...	84
A. P. R. Hawtin, c. Wall, b. Hornibrook	...	...	...	2
Timms (J. E.), c. Richardson, b. Wall	...	...	...	78
V. W. C. Jupp, c. Walker, b. Hurwood	...	...	...	15
Liddell, b. Hornibrook	...	...	...	4
Cox, b. Wall	...	...	...	10
Matthews, hit wicket, b. Hornibrook	...	...	...	19
Bellamy, not out	...	...	...	10
K. F. Towell, b. Hornibrook	...	...	...	2
Thomas, run out	...	...	...	0
Byes, 3; l.-b., 9; n.-b., 1	...	...	...	13
Total	...	...	...	249

AUSTRALIANS

First Innings		Second Innings	
W. M. Woodfull, b. Jupp	15	c. Bellamy, b. Towell	116
A. Jackson, c. and b. Thomas	9	c. and b. Cox	52
D. G. Bradman, b. Jupp	22	c. Hawtin, b. Cox	35
A. Fairfax, b. Jupp	1	c. Bellamy, b. Timms	1
A. F. Kippax, b. Thomas	10	c. Cox, b. Jupp	20
V. Y. Richardson, c. Bellamy, b. Thomas	7	c. Jupp, b. Towell	116
E. L. a Beckett, c. Bakewell, b. Matthews	13	c. and b. Matthews	22
A. Hurwood, st. Bellamy, b. Jupp	2	b. Jupp	12
P. M. Hornibrook, b. Jupp	2	not out	16
T. Wall, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	3		
C. W. Walker, not out	0		
Byes, 7; l.-b., 2	9	Byes, 10; l.-b., 2; w., 1; n.-b., 2	15
Total	93	Total (8 wkts.)	405

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	18	2	53	2
Fairfax	16	5	30	0
a Beckett	29	9	29	1
Hornibrook	26	11	45	4
Bradman	8	2	21	0
Harwood	24	5	48	2

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Thomas	29	14	29	3
Matthews	10	3	18	1
Jupp	22.4	10	32	6
Towell	3	0	5	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Thomas	25	12	32	0
Towell	24	4	84	2
Matthews	25.5	5	83	1
Jupp	21	5	47	2

Umpires.—Chester and Parry.

THE HASTINGS WEEK

KENT AVOID DEFEAT

The Hastings Week was concluded yesterday, when the match between Sussex and Kent was left drawn.

After losing their remaining five wickets in their first innings for 35 runs, Kent followed on, needing 311 runs to avoid an innings defeat, and when stumps were drawn they had scored 164 for five wickets, Sussex gaining five points for their lead on the first innings.

J. L. Bryan and Hardinge, the overnight not-outs, were faced when the game was continued in the morning by J. Parks and Tate. After making one or two good strokes on the leg side, Bryan was beaten by a very fast ball off the pitch, and A. P. F. Chapman soon followed him, playing back to a well-pitched-up ball. Hardinge was leg-before-wicket in playing back to a ball he hit but did not deflect, and Freeman was clean bowled in hitting across a straight ball, after Wright had twice driven Tate to the off boundary in the same over. Although Tate and Wensley kept a good length yesterday morning, the last five Kent batsmen were all dismissed by playing late at the ball. The pitch was certainly appreciably faster, but it was a beautiful one on which to bat.

Following on at 12.45, J. L. Bryan and A. M. Crawley opened the batting. Only one ball had been bowled by Tate when a heavy shower drove the players into the pavilion. The game, however, was held up for only five minutes, and both batsmen afterwards played confidently, although Crawley might have been caught and bowled by Wensley. He was out soon afterwards; Bryan hit a half-volley very hard back at Wensley, who just touched the ball, which then hit the wicket with Crawley backing up two yards out of his ground. Woolley followed, and played very quietly in the last over before the interval. Afterwards Bryan forced the ball on the off side and called his partner for an easy run, Woolley not responding and Bryan failing to get back, and so another very valuable wicket was lost by a run-out.

Ames and Woolley brightened matters up after the luncheon interval, both making some fine drives, with Ames scoring considerably the faster of the two. Just when Woolley appeared to be really set he hit over an over-pitched ball and was bowled by F. R. B. Browne, who was bowling with great determination. Ashdown came next and was almost a passenger, while Ames continued to delight the large crowd with his quick-footed drives. He was in the end bowled by Wensley when hitting across a ball that came in with the breeze just after he had made his 50. Todd and Ashdown by very steady, if somewhat dull, cricket, remained together until the tea interval. Ashdown had played very well except when facing Bowley's leg breaks. The tea interval proved, as is so often the case, a great change bowler, as Ashdown was well caught at the wicket in attempting to cut a ball he should have left alone.

Todd, who kept his head well, although subjected to a certain amount of barracking, played a fine defensive game in the conditions, and with Hardinge saved Kent from an innings defeat, and a heavy shower, which stopped play an hour before the time fixed for the drawing of stumps, saved Kent from any more anxious moments.

Score:—

SUSSEX.—First Innings

Bowley, c. Ashdown, b. Wright	...	...	135
Parks (J.), c. and b. Freeman	...	...	119
A. P. F. Chapman, b. Ashdown	...	...	0
Cook, c. Chapman, b. Ashdown	...	...	154
Parks (H.), c. Ashdown, b. Wright	...	...	66
A. E. R. Gilligan, c. Crawley, b. Ashdown	...	...	22
Langridge (J.), c. Ames, b. Wright	...	...	5
Wensley, c. Ashdown, b. Freeman	...	...	20
Tate, not out	...	...	10
Cornford, c. Bryan, b. Ashdown	...	...	3
Byes, 5; l.-b., 10; w., 1	...	...	16
Total (9 wkts)	...	...	*560

*Innings declared closed.
The Rev. F. B. R. Browne did not go in.

KENT

First Innings		Second Innings	
A. M. Crawley, b. Parks (J.)	74	run out	4
Ashdown, c. Cornford, b. Tate	4	c. Cornford, b. Browne	20
Woolley, c. and b. Browne	93	b. Browne	28
Ames, b. Parks (J.)	0	b. Wensley	51
J. L. Bryan, b. Tate	34	run out	7
Todd, c. Cornford, b. Parks (J.)	0	not out	35
Hardinge, l.-b.-w., b. Wensley	24	not out	12
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Cornford, b. Tate	1		
C. H. Knott, c. Cornford, b. Tate	1		
Freeman, b. Wensley	0		
Wright, not out	8		
Leg-byes, 1; n.-b., 2	3	Byes, 5; l.-b., 2	7
Total	249	Total (5 wkts.)	164

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SUSSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wright	44	9	113	4
Ashdown	44	9	113	4
Freeman	52	7	149	2
Hardinge	20	1	75	0

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	25	5	65	4
Browne	14	5	31	1
Wensley	12.1	1	68	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	18	4	39	0
Wensley	24	11	27	2
Browne	18	7	42	2
Parks (J.)	13	4	30	0

Umpires.—Braund and Young.

QUICK FINISH AT TRENT BRIDGE

Nottinghamshire beat Leicestershire at Trent Bridge yesterday by 10 wickets, and so gained their first victory since June 17.

Leicestershire were hopelessly placed when the game was continued yesterday morning, for with one wicket to fall they were only 35 runs in front. As the match was not likely to last long the public were admitted to the ground free of charge, and they saw the Leicestershire innings close for the addition of 10 runs—all scored by Riley, who had batted for an hour and 35 minutes for his 40 made out of 59.

An in-swinger from Geary beat Whysall with 21 scored when Nottinghamshire went in again to score 46 runs to win, but Gunn and Carr quickly hit off the necessary runs.

Score:—

LEICESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
E. W. Dawson, b. Larwood	0	l.-b.-w., b. Staples (S. J.)	26
Shipman, c. Lilley, b. Barratt	4	c. Carr, b. Larwood	3
Bradshaw, b. Barratt	0	b. Larwood	1
Berry, c. Lilley, b. Larwood	5	c. Staples (A.), b. Barratt	4
Armstrong, b. Larwood	50	c. Larwood, b. Staples (S. J.)	27
Riley, b. Voce	13	c. and b. Staples (S. J.)	40
Astill, c. sub., b. Staples (S. J.)	22	c. Walker, b. Staples (S. J.)	4
Coleman, b. Larwood	22	l.-b.-w., b. Staples (S. J.)	0
Geary, hit wkt., b. Larwood	1	c. Lilley, b. Staples (S. J.)	0
Sidwell, c. Gunn, b. Voce	17	c. Larwood, b. Staples (S. J.)	4
Snary, not out	2	not out	3
Byes, 4; l.-b., 3	7	Byes, 3; l.-b., 6	9
Total	143	Total	121

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), b. Geary	23
Whysall, b. Astill	23
Walker, c. Coleman, b. Astill	40
A. W. Carr, c. Armstrong, b. Astill	46
Payton, l.-b.-w., b. Snary	0
Staples (A.), c. Coleman, b. Astill	27
Barratt, c. Astill, b. Snary	0
Lilley, not out	14
Staples (S. J.), c. Dawson, b. Astill	4
Larwood, c. Coleman, b. Astill	30
Voce, c. Armstrong, b. Geary	3
Byes, 3; l.-b., 6	9
Total	219

Second Innings.—Gunn (G.), not out, 18; Whysall, b. Geary, 14; A. W. Carr, not out, 16. Total (1 wkt.), 48.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	22	2	56	5
Barratt	13	4	20	2
Voce	15	3	29	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	12	3	34	2
Barratt	10	0	19	1
Staples (S. J.)	18.2	8	24	7

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Shipman	10	3	23	0
Geary	23	4	54	2
Snary	22	6	32	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Shipman	2	0	9	0
Snary	3	1	5	0
Staples	8	1	20	1
Astill	22	8	91	6
Armstrong	5	3	8	0
Geary	8.2	1	16	0

Umpires.—Denton and Morton.

NO PLAY AT OLD TRAFFORD

The county cricket season at Old Trafford ended yesterday most ingloriously, bad conditions making play for the day quite impossible, the match between Lancashire and Hampshire being given up as a draw, with the home county obtaining five points for their first-innings lead.

The scores were:—

Lancashire, 203 and 142 for 8, declared; Hampshire, 78.

CLUB RESULTS

Hampstead, 146; Folkestone, 154 for 8 (F. Castle 78).
Hampstead, 135; Worthing, 113.
Old Malvernians, 274 (J. W. Greenstock 73) and 140 for 3 (C. A. Deed not out 73); Old Brightonians, 251 (L. W. Recordon 86, A. L. Corbett 59).
Littlehampton, 56; Repton Pilgrims, 149 for 6.
Horsham, 66; Repton Pilgrims, 180 for 4.
Lancing Rovers, 184 and 180 for 3 declared (E. Cawston 81); Old Biltonians, 115 and 34 for 0.

MATCH AT ALDERSHOT

VICTORY OF R.A.S.C.

The Royal Army Service Corps kept a firm grip on the advantage they had gained over the Royal Army Ordnance Corps on the previous day in their annual match, played this year on the R.A.S.C. ground at Buller Barracks, Aldershot, and won in the end by nine wickets. Such a result did not look likely at the luncheon interval, when the R.A.O.C. were only 30 runs behind and had seven wickets still to fall in their second innings, but some very fine bowling by Captain H. M. Hinde caused a collapse.

This was the seventeenth match played between these two corps, of which the R.A.S.C. have now won eight, the R.A.O.C. five, and four have been drawn. Many of them have been fruitful in surprises. Three years ago, when the match was played at Lord's, it was impossible to play on the first day, but a definite conclusion was reached on the second day, when the R.A.O.C., after being dismissed for under 40 runs in their first innings, won a surprising victory by nine wickets. There was an even more extraordinary result earlier in the series, when the R.A.O.C. declared their first innings closed at a total of 368 for five wickets, of which the Surrey cricketer, Major J. A. Bush, made 275 not out, and in the end suffered defeat by one wicket.

Yesterday the R.A.O.C. started their second innings with 138 runs needed to save the innings defeat, their first pair being Lieutenant-Colonel L. L. Hoare and Major J. W. Palmer. As before, Colonel White started with his two fast bowlers, Hinde and R.S.M. Marrison, and the former soon beat Hoare with a ball which turned a bit and kept rather low. Palmer, let off by Dynes in the slips when his score was 10, played watchful and steady cricket afterwards, and helped by Colonel W. T. Sheppard, whose methods were more forceful, gradually put his side in a better position. The pair brought up the 50, and Palmer's score to 63 before Captain T. E. Clarke, with two really good consecutive balls, sent back Sheppard and Sergeant Hillman, who had been promoted in the batting order.

Three wickets were down for 62, but, try as he would, Colonel White could not get another wicket before the luncheon interval, though in his endeavour to do so he made use of seven bowlers. Sergeant Partridge and Palmer played confident and free cricket, each finding the boundary twice, and before long Palmer completed his 50 and brought up the century with a powerful off-drive off Lance-Corporal Ware. Luncheon arrived with the score at 108 for three wickets, and the interval was prolonged for 10 minutes owing to a sharp shower of rain. When play was continued Colonel White put on Hinde at the end opposite the Pavilion, up the hill instead of down, and in four or five overs the result of the match was practically settled. Hinde found an almost perfect length and bowled much faster than in the morning. With three runs added he bowled Partridge with a ball which beat the batsman for pace all the way, and in all three more wickets fell. Private Watts was well caught at the wicket on the leg-side off Dynes, and the latter atoned for his previous error by catching Palmer at short leg off Hinde, the batsman mistiming a fast ball which he tried to turn to leg.

L. C. D. Robinson was bowled off his pads for the second time in the match, and seven wickets were down with 24 runs still wanted to save the innings defeat. Dynes got the next wicket, Major Pickthall stepping across to cut a ball which came in several inches to touch his off stump, and, when a spectacular one-handed catch by Marrison dismissed Captain H. R. Skinner, eight runs were still required. Private Clark and Corporal Kelly were equal to the emergency and saved the innings defeat, but the R.A.S.C. only needed five runs in their second innings to win the match and these were obtained without loss. Hinde's spell of bowling after luncheon read eight overs, three balls, two maidens, 20 runs, and five wickets, and Dynes took the other two wickets for 11 runs.

Score:—

R.A.O.C.

First Innings		Second Innings	
Lieutenant-Colonel S. L. Hoare, c. and b. Marrison	38	b. Hinde	6
Major J. W. Palmer, l.-b.-w., b. Dynes	13	c. Dynes, b. Hinde	53
Colonel W. T. Sheppard, l.-b.-w., b. Dynes	0	b. Clarke	24
Sergeant Partridge, c. Marrison, b. Dynes	7	b. Hinde	23
Private Watts, c. Marrison, b. Dynes	15	c. Allen, b. Dynes	3
Lieutenant L. C. D. Robinson, b. Dynes	3	b. Hinde	0
Lance-Corporal Kelly, c. Clarke, b. Hinde	1	not out	16
Sergeant Hillman, not out	20	b. Clarke	0
Major W. E. C. Pickthall, c. Marrison, b. Hinde	4	b. Dynes	1
Captain H. R. Skinner, b. Dynes	1	c. Marrison, b. Hinde	1
Private Clark, st. Allen, b. Hinde	2	c. Clarke, b. Hinde	7
Byes, &c.	6	Byes, &c.	8
Total	110	Total	142

R.A.S.C.—First Innings

Major C. L. Tudor, b. Partridge	3
Lieutenant E. D. Dynes, l.-b.-w., b. Partridge	10
Private Sadler, b. Clark	38
Captain T. E. Clarke, b. Pickthall	36
Colonel W. White, run out	45
Lance-Corporal Ware, b. Clark	20
R.S.M. Marrison, l.-b.-w., b. Clark	46
Major R. A. Smith, c. Palmer, b. Kelly	6
Captain A. J. Bavin, b. Watts	34
Captain J. R. Allen, not out	0
Captain H. M. Hinde, c. Kelly, b. Watts	0
Byes, &c.	10
Total	248

Second Innings.—Major C. L. Tudor, not out 2; Lieutenant E. D. Dynes, not out 3. Total, 5.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

R.A.O.C.—First Innings.—Marrison, 1 for 24; Hinde, 3 for 33; Clarke, 0 for 13; Dynes, 6 for 34. Second Innings.—Hinde, 6 for 40; Marrison, 0 for 27; Dynes 2 for 44; Clarke, 2 for 9; Sadler, 0 for 6; Ware, 0 for 8; Tudor, 0 for 0.

R.A.S.C.—First Innings.—Clark, 3 for 95; Partridge, 2 for 53; Watts, 2 for 34; Pickthall, 1 for 37; Robinson, 0 for 7; Kelly, 1 for 12.

SOMERSET'S SECOND VICTORY

Although they did not fail quite so badly as in their first innings, Glamorgan gave another poor display of batting at Weston-super-Mare yesterday, and Somerset gained the easiest of victories—their second of the season—by 163 runs.

Bates and Dyson, the visiting county's opening pair, having scored 28 without being separated overnight, 270 were still needed for victory when the game was continued yesterday morning. The Somerset bowlers soon met with success, for, with only one added, Bates was sent back by a capital one-handed catch by Wellard at mid-off. With D. Davies in, 33 more runs were added, and the pair looked like offering a prolonged resistance, when Wellard brought off a catch exactly similar to that which disposed of Bates. Had Somerset taken advantage of several chances which were offered, the visitors would have been in sorry straits, but Dyson, when 21, was twice missed in the slips, while M. J. C. Turnbull had an escape when he had scored five. But for these mistakes J. C. White, the bowler to suffer in each case, would have had a remarkable analysis. Turnbull left at 75, and, apart from Dyson, no one else did much, wickets falling at regular intervals.

Score:—

SOMERSET

First Innings		Second Innings	
Young, c. Davies (E.), b. Clay	52	c. Hills, b. Clay	29
E. A. Ingle, c. Every, b. Bates	21	l.-b.-w., b. Clay	28
Lee (F. S.), l.-b.-w., b. Clay	0	c. Turnbull, b. Clay	5
P. H. F. Mermagen, b. Bates	18	b. Mercer	13
J. C. White, b. Ryan	21	c. and b. Davies (E.)	54
C. C. Case, c. Every, b. Mercer	6	c. Clay, b. Davies (E.)	14
L. Hawkins, b. Clay	1	l.-b.-w., b. Bates	5
Wellard, b. Ryan	9	c. Bell, b. Davies (E.)	1
A. G. Marshall, c. Turnbull, b. Clay	1	b. Davies (E.)	7
Lee (J. W.), c. Davies (E.), b. Ryan	14	not out	1
Hunt, not out	6	c. Clay, b. Davies (E.)	5
Byes, 5; l.-b., 7	12	Byes, 4; l.-b., 10	14
Total	194	Total	179

GLAMORGAN

First Innings		Second Innings	
Bates, c. Young, b. Hunt	20	c. Wellard, b. White	10
Dyson, b. Hunt	14	b. White	62
Davies (D.), b. White	5	c. Wellard, b. White	24
M. J. Turnbull, st. Marshall, b. White	0	c. Marshall, b. White	9
Hills, c. Marshall, b. Young	17	c. Marshall, b. Hunt	0
Bell, c. Marshall, b. White	9	b. Hunt	8
Davies (E.), b. Young	0	c. Ingle, b. White	7
J. C. Clay, b. Young	1	l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	3
Mercer, c. Case, b. Young	1	c. Hunt, b. White	0
Every, c. Mermagen, b. White	6	not out	6
Ryan, not out	0	l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	1
Leg-byes, 1; n.-b., 2	3	Leg-byes, 3; n.-b., 1	4
Total	76	Total	134

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SOMERSET.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	27	9	45	1
Ryan	20·3	5	41	3
Davies (E.)	5	2	8	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	18	4	32	1
Clay	28	12	52	3
Ryan	10	1	32	0
Davies (D.)	5	1	14	0
Clay	25	4	49	4
Bates	13	1	34	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Davies (E.)	15·3	4	24	5
Bates	6	0	25	1

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	4	0	14	0
Hunt	15	6	33	2
White	16	3	29	4
Young	6·2	4	3	4

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	3	0	11	0
Hunt	23·5	2	57	4
White	35	17	32	6

Umpires.—Field and Best.

YOUNG PLAYERS AT LORD'S

MR. TUFNELL'S XI. WIN EASILY

Mr. C. P. Tufnell's XI. beat the Lord's XI. yesterday in the match for boys under 16 at Lord's by an innings and nine runs.

The Lord's XI. went in yesterday morning on a much faster wicket than that of Monday, and began better than they had done in their first innings. W. M. Eadon was out when he was beginning to play well, and J. R. N. Buckmaster, a young player who stands well up to his bat and plays forward both with determination and the correct movement of body and left leg, was bowled by a ball which broke back sharply up the hill; as in the first innings he would have done better to have played right out to smother the ball. A. S. Eccles hit hard for 20, and Hanbury harder still for 22. Hanbury is not particular how or where he hits the ball provided that he hits at it hard, and with his big reach he may become a dangerous batsman. A. A. Part, a very small player at present, has very good wrists and times the ball beautifully. With this combination he made two drives past extra-cover worthy of a man, and as he watches the ball carefully and plays very straight he should become a real cricketer. H. D. King, coming in last, made an off-drive for 5, all run, that promised extremely well. He made 10, but was then caught in two minds and put up a very easy catch to forward short leg.

The best batting of the innings, however, was shown by M. Barnby, of Sedbergh. Barnby is small, but he is close-knit, has very good wrists, and brings the body and the bat together to hit astonishingly hard on the off-side for one of his size. If there is a criticism to make it is that he does not show enough of the face of the bat to the ball outside the leg stump. Barnby, going in when three wickets were down for 30 runs, hit the ball in the middle of the bat and played confident cricket from the beginning of his innings. While Eccles and Hanbury were hitting he was rightly content to keep up his end and make runs as they were given him, but later on he played aggressive cricket. The 50 went up for the side after 45 minutes' play and 100 after an hour and a quarter. Barnby scored faster than Part in a fine stand of 49, in which special mention must be made of the excellence of the running between the wickets. He reached his 50 with a 4 past extra cover, which was not so much an off-drive as a very hard forward stroke, perfectly

Letters to the Editor

THE ROUND-TABLE CONFERENCE

DANGER OF RACIAL DIVISION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—No better counsel has been offered to readers interested in the critical issues now pending for India than that in the two letters of Mr. Clive Rattigan, printed, one in *The Times* of July 18 last, the other yesterday, August 7; and in your own leading articles, to which Mr. Rattigan makes reference.

But there is one danger which might prove more fatal to the success of the conference than any other, and of which account does not seem to have been taken—the division of the conference on racial lines. If all British representatives come to the conference table definitely agreed on even the broad outlines of British policy this danger is certainly not remote. So far as the three Parliamentary parties are concerned such agreement may be sound enough. But is British representation to be confined to members of the Parliamentary parties—to politicians and statesmen? There is room, surely, also for thinkers and writers specially sympathetic to the Indian point of view and able to understand it—men like Dr. Edward Thompson, Lord Ronaldshay, Sir Francis Younghusband, and Dr. Edwyn Bevan. The presence of men like these, who, with a fine sensitiveness to Indian feeling, yet retain sanity and detachment on the difficult political and economic problems before the conference, would be more valuable than that of most politicians and men of affairs. There is certainly no necessity to confine British representation to prominent members of the two Houses of Parliament and experienced administrators from India. British business men may be wanted, as Mr. Ward Perkins writes; but also, I venture to think, British idealists like those I have named.

Above all, the risk of division on racial lines must be guarded against. If it were possible every British delegate should be pro-Indian, and every Indian delegate pro-British—if I must use this unsatisfactory distinction. But I dislike these terms. The British purpose at the Round-Table Conference will be that which it has been all along since the declaration of August 20, 1917—and, indeed, for long before that—the greatest good for India and the peoples of India compatible with all-round fairness and the preservation of civil order. We have not before us a clash of interests, a pulling this way and that, for the wresting of "privileges" on the one hand, and any form of "exploitation" of "British" India on the other. Anyone, British or Indian, who faces the essential problem with courage and a clear mind, and with sincerity and singleness of heart, must see that Indian and British interests in India are broadly identical. They are good government, liberty, toleration, fairness, and free opportunities for all; the protection of the weak, the curbing of the strong, the elimination (so far as possible) of racial and class privileges, the diffusion of true equality, social and political.

For these ends British and Indians must stand together; the only permissible disagreements concern the limits of what is practicable, given the complex and (unfortunately) conflicting conditions of the problem. And for the determination of the difficulties there is no better preparation than resolute study of Volume I. of the Report of the Statutory Commission—that is, the survey, not the recommendations. This for the serious student should be his reference book and constant guide: *nocturna versare manu, versare diurna.* Indeed, anyone of sound understanding coming to this volume with good will and an open mind would, I believe, be more competent to take a place at the conference table than many who have spent half a lifetime in India, not excepting the vast majority of those who, living in India, reach extreme conclusions without any study of problems at all. These last, above all, should study the Report—if only they would!

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
H. R. JAMES.

Argelès-Gazort, H.-P., France, Aug. 8.

CHURCH AND STATE IN MALTA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In the House of Commons on August 1, Mr. Oldfield, Member for South-East Essex, stated that when "Lord Strickland went to Malta as Leader of the Opposition from 1921 to 1927 there was a whole series of events, small in themselves, but which nevertheless are just those things which are designed to irritate the people to the maximum . . . ." Immediately after these words he stated that "in 1927 Lord Strickland became Prime Minister." May I say that it is extremely unusual for people "irritated to the maximum" to give their votes to their tormentor and elect him Prime Minister?

Mr. Oldfield "thinks that had the Bishops not published their Pastoral Letter, the election would have taken place and Lord Strickland would have been peacefully eliminated by popular vote, *which would have been a more sensible way of doing it.*" Is it not, therefore, more reasonable to think that since the Bishops had *to* adopt the less sensible course by publishing their Pastoral, they were convinced that without it the "popular vote" would have gone in favour of Lord Strickland?

Some 50 years ago Cardinal Newman, in his controversy with Mr. Gladstone, wrote as follows:—

"When, then, Mr. Gladstone asks Catholics how they can obey the Queen and yet obey the Pope, since it may happen that the commands of the two authorities may clash, I answer, that it is my *rule*, both to obey the one and obey the other, but that there is no rule in this world without exceptions, and if either the Pope or the Queen demanded of me an *Absolute Obedience*, he or she would be transgressing the laws of human nature and human society. I give an absolute obedience to neither . . . . I should look to see what theologians could do for me, what the bishops and clergy around me, what my confessor; and if, after all, *I could not take their view of the matter, then I must rule myself by my own judgment and my own conscience.* But all this is hypothetical and unreal."

Hypothetical and unreal! In 1930 the Maltese are finding it only too real.

Yours faithfully,
J. OLIVIERI MUNROE.

Graham-street, Sliema, Malta, August 7.

STOCK EXCHANGE COMMISSIONS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I cannot allow Mr. Jackson's letter which appeared in *The Times* of August 2 to remain unanswered. It was, I consider, a most unfair attack on solicitors, and was obviously written without much knowledge on the subject. If Mr. Jackson had, before rushing into print, made inquiries of some leading members of the Stock Exchange, they would have assured him that there are many solicitor clients of theirs who do not share with them their commission.

I am a member of an old Lincoln's Inn firm, and I can assure you and your readers that my firm do not and never have shared commission with stockbrokers.

For obvious reasons, I must subscribe my name as under.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
SOLICITOR.

Correspondents are again asked to type or to write their letters on one side only of the paper.

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVEL

STANDARD OF BRITISH LINES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of Thursday, August 7, you published a long and interesting letter from "Traveller" on his experiences in one of the new ships of the Norddeutscher Lloyd. The writer of that letter said that he did not wish to draw comparisons, but I submit that to the average reader the whole thing would appear to be a write-up of the efficiency and service of these new ships with an implied comparison to the detriment of this country.

The psychology of passenger travel is one that naturally deserves and obtains the most intense study among those responsible for the great shipping lines in every country, but it is impossible in a big ship where passengers of every nation are thrown together to ensure that everyone is equally satisfied. A natural result of this is that nationality of ownership comes out in the general running and service afforded to passengers; on the British ships things are largely done in the British way, on the German ships in the German way, on the French ships distinctly in the French way, and so on. To take an instance from "Traveller's" letter, it would not be at all to the liking of the average passenger in the British ships of the Transatlantic service that they should be welcomed or dispatched on the quayside by bands playing and all the pomp and circumstance which so often appeals to the Continental mind. Rightly or wrongly, in this country it is the unobtrusive service which is most studied and which on the whole is most appreciated, and he would be a bold man who asserted that the great British lines had not succeeded in keeping up a very high standard in this regard.

The American passenger, on whose journeys and on whose purse so much of the earnings of the Transatlantic steamers depends, admittedly likes to be amused and entertained in the most lavish manner possible; but experience has shown that old things and old customs are often best, and that many an American traveller has after a time deserted the high lights of luxury travel for the unostentatious but equally quiet and real comfort which is the continual object of those responsible for the passenger trade to and from this country.

One cannot help feeling when reading such a letter as "Traveller's" that only too often do we seek as a nation to decry ourselves; it is not in this spirit that our vast interests all over the world have been developed. To-day more than at any time in our history confidence in our own institutions, together with an open mind for improvements, is still the road to success. No one has shown these qualities in the post-War years more than the heads of the shipping industry.

Your obedient servant,
August 12. ENGLAND YET.

SIGHTING IN EXCAVATION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A most interesting item in the report in *The Times* of August 1 of Mrs. Cunnington's excavation of the wood-stone circle on Overton Hill is that the site was discovered by the record of a sighting observation made from a distance of 2¼ miles by Dr. Stukeley about 200 years ago.

I feel that topographical sighting or alignment is certain in the near future to become an important agent—preceding the spade—in antiquarian research, although neglected up to now. To give an instance of its possibilities. Five years ago I saw on the 6in. Ordnance Maps near Stonehenge the almost straight 1¼-mile northern bank of the Circus aligned through a stone—the Cuckoo Stone—quite near. I marked this line on the map, but, not visiting the spot, did nothing further.

Then last year I found by the maps in Mrs. Cunnington's brilliant book on Woodhenge that my line not only went through the centre of that newly discovered monument, but was marked by Mrs. Cunnington on her map, for she had found proof in certain "extra post-holes" of an alignment (possibly seasonable) which went to the Cuckoo Stone. It was marked to that stone, but not on to lie on the Circus bank, which was not mentioned in the book.

By alignment-sighting of this type, combined with field observation, I have found three, or perhaps four, hilltop camps in the Hereford-Leominster district, not marked on maps and not recorded, all of them within about 10 miles.

Yours truly,
Hereford, . . . ALFRED WATKINS.

TUBERCULOSIS FROM CATTLE

INQUIRY BY ROYAL COMMISSION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In a very suitable and well-considered address to the delegates of the International Veterinary Congress held in the Central Hall, Westminster, last week, which was much appreciated by all present, the Minister of Health (the Right Hon. A. Greenwood, M.P.) emphasized the importance of the correlation and the extension of the frontiers of knowledge in respect to human and animal disease and the cooperation of the Departments of State concerned, which would have as its objective the reduction of the incidence of disease and the consequent improvement in the health of nations. Speaking of tuberculosis, he said we had still a long way to go towards the elimination of this disease in this country. More effective administration was necessary; there must be a fearless and courageous search for new methods in investigation and control; and the education of the people in respect to the disease was much to be desired.

Tuberculosis being at the present moment the most serious of the diseases transmissible from animals to human beings, it will be as well to pass in review the extent to which it prevails among animals in Great Britain and the degree to which it is reflected on the human population.

Failing the general application of the tuberculin test, it is not possible accurately to assess the incidence in bovines, but it is known that 52,222 bovines were slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order of 1925 during the years 1926, 1927, and 1928, and it is conjectured that at least twice that number were not reported but were otherwise disposed of. It is, however, estimated that 40 per cent. of the cows of our dairy herds producing milk for human consumption are tuberculous, and in some instances incidence runs even higher than that. The total economic loss to the agricultural community alone approaches, if it does not exceed, £2,000,000 annually. But when to this is added the fact that in England 31.5 per cent. of tuberculosis in children up to 15 years of age is of bovine origin, that deaths from tuberculosis in children up to five years is 29.5 per cent. of bovine origin, that 57 per cent. of cervical adenitis in the same ages is of bovine origin, that 33 per cent. of bone and joint tuberculosis in children under five years and 24 per cent. in children from five to 10 years is of bovine origin, that in Scotland it is recorded that in certain hospitals in Edinburgh as much as 90.3 per cent. of cervical adenitis and 61.2 per cent. of bone and joint tuberculosis in children up to 12 years is of bovine origin, it is high time that this grave condition and this serious menace to public health should be mended and ended.

The question now arises, "In what manner can this serious state of affairs be remedied and public health better protected?" The Scottish Branch of the National Veterinary Medical Association has formulated a scheme for the "Eradication of Bovine Tuberculosis." It has been duly considered by the Council of the National Veterinary Medical Association, and a resolution has been passed to both the Ministry of Agriculture and the Ministry of Health asking that a Royal Commission may be set up to inquire into all facts of incidence and necessary measures for more complete control and the hope of elimination. The subject was also discussed in the Veterinary Hygiene Section of the Royal Sanitary Institute Congress at Margate in June last, and a strong recommendation was similarly made to the Council of the Institute for reference to both Ministries.

If a Royal Commission were set up in the near future and full evidence taken it is quite certain that ways and means could be found to implement the suggestions made by the Minister of Health and to clear up a situation which is of no credit to a country reputed to own the finest herds in the world.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN MOORE.

16, Frognal-lane, N.W.3, Aug. 10.

AIRSHIP TRANSPORT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It appears to be assumed by some of your correspondents who do not believe in the commercial possibilities of airships that these vessels cannot be built to operate at speeds of 100 m.p.h. That assumption is a fallacy. An airship could be built to cruise at this speed, but is it worth while to do so? We should certainly have a craft giving greater comfort to passengers than the corresponding aeroplane, and unaffected by fog, engine failure, or damage to fabric, to the same extent as the latter, but no more economic. By reducing the airship's speed to 70 m.p.h. we can carry seven times the load per horse-power as an aeroplane flying at the same rate, and obtain the power more cheaply.

Air transport must be made to pay without a Government subsidy. If we are content to fly at an average speed equal to an express train the airship makes this possible. Should the public require speeds of 100 m.p.h. they may subsidize airships or aeroplanes at their pleasure. Above this speed the airship is increasingly uneconomic compared to the aeroplane, so airship people cheerfully leave this sphere to the exponents of the heavier-than-air machine, hoping that they will be so good as to leave them to develop the slow air traffic without "queering the pitch" as opportunity offers, seeing that they are very vulnerable to retaliation, and family quarrels are bad business. The ideal Empire air line will be operated by a proper combination of all types of aircraft, and all air-minded people should pull together to bring this into existence.

Those who oppose air transport in any form we can safely leave to the judgment of posterity.

Your obedient servant,
F. L. M. BOOTHBY, Capt., R.N. (Retd.).

Woodvale, Cowes.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The Government have enacted that any widow over 55 years of age should be entitled to a pension if her husband died before January 4, 1926, and if his normal occupation within three years of his death would have been insurable had the Act of 1925 been in force, without any regard to the widow's means.

The result is that an enormous amount of time and money is being spent on investigating what the normal occupation of men was, who may have died 20 or 30 years ago, and whether it would have been insurable. Quite apart from the question of expense the results are in many cases wholly unjust. If I may give a concrete example: A and B are widows of husbands who died in 1900 and who were both french polishers. A has enough to live on, while B is in great poverty. A's husband worked mainly for firms who required french polishing for purposes of their trade, B's husband worked for private persons. A receives a pension, but B does not. Is it to be wondered at that one is inundated with letters of complaint from widows who cannot understand why they are refused a pension, whereas their neighbour who is much better off receives one?

I can understand the argument of those who say that all widows over a certain age and below a certain limit of means should receive pensions, although, of course, the country could not afford it, but I can see no justification for the present measure, for which the Prime Minister gives his Government so much credit.

I am Sir, your obedient servant,
B. A. COHEN.

Champions, Limpsfield, Surrey.

Points from Letters

"OPENING MINDS"

The answer to Sir Francis D. Acland is, not that there are new conditions which make free trade obsolete, but that there is not and never has been such a thing as free trade. Cobden's idea of free trade was the free exchange of goods, and certainly not the providing and the upkeep of our market with all its security assured for the free entry of foreign goods and for the dumping of goods at prices below the cost of production. The present system of free trade does not provide us with cheap food or cheap goods except during the short period when our market is being secured, for when the surplus dumped goods, sold at a price below production cost, have run home-produced goods off the market, then up goes the price of the foreign goods, the price being kept just low enough to secure the market. If two business houses or corporations or even countries continue to do business long enough, when one has a free market and the other is penalized by tariffs, then the end, though slow, is inevitable.—Mr. ALBERT E. WILCOCK, 181A, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3.

GLUT OF FOREIGN PRODUCE

It would be interesting to know why Mr. Sole and others cannot grow and market their produce cheaper than the Dutchman. Holland is, or used to be, practically a free trade country, with living proverbially dear and wages high, while the English grower has the advantage of better soil, coal, and climate, also nearer markets.—Mr. G. PENNEY, Woodstock, Ingrave-road, Brentwood.

AMOUNT OF WAGES

Any expression of opinion on wages would be much more valuable if a clear distinction was always made between rate of wages and amount of wages. Competent authorities think that a lowering of the rate of wages in many trades would lead to an increase in the amount of wages paid, which would be a benefit to employer and employed.—Mr. A. T. PAGE, Northampton Club, Northampton.

B.B.C. PRONUNCIATION

We really do not know how the ancient Greeks pronounced Ἔρως. The moderns stress the accented syllables only, and would call it Eyros—careless of the "omega" at the end, which is pronounced, not as the "o" in "close" (hard by), nor as that in "boss," but broader, as *on* the Continent, everywhere. So, too, cinema, or kinema, is in Greek to-day stressed as Kēēneyma.—Mr. H. F. JACOB, St. Michael's, Blewbury, Berks.

DECLINE OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS

The Dean of Durham stated a fact, which causes anxiety to all who have the religious welfare of our young people at heart. As I understand the purpose of his letter, it was to emphasize the importance of sound religious instruction in our day schools, not to underrate the value of our Sunday schools. Both should be potent influences in promoting true religion. Miss Doxsey is, no doubt, right in saying that the work of the Sunday school teacher can never be superseded by the work of the day school teacher. At the same time, many of us who have experience of both day and Sunday schools know that there are day school teachers by whom religion is so taught that it is caught.—The REV. GEO. WALMSLEY, Christ Church Vicarage, Bengeo, Hertford.

"UNOFFICIAL RELATIONS"

I am being asked to help people in all sorts of impossible ways—financial, &c. They evidently take the "Voluntary Unofficial Aunts" for rich uncles from America, if not for the one with the three balls. So I would be grateful if you could publish these details:—The V.U.A. will be pleased to help in the following and similar ways—(1) To stay in the house in charge of children, to enable parents to go out together; (2) to take children out, or to the doctor, dentist, hospital, &c.; (3) to visit old or feeble people, read to them, or play a game with them, and so occasionally to give relief to the one in charge; (4) to sew or mend garments sent to those "aunts" unable to do outside work.—Mrs. E. W. HARDY, 7, Darley-avenue, West Didsbury, Manchester.

NOISE FROM TRAFFIC

Mr. G. H. Strick is quite right. I have had no experience of the heavy motor traffic passing through Cheltenham—and one must, of course, live in the town to feel the consequent vibration. My letter was meant to refer only to the lighter forms of noisy vehicles and was prompted by the significant fact that I have often noticed, when staying near Cheltenham, how comparatively free the roads outside the town are from the noises one hears so continuously in other country districts. There can be no doubt that this must be the good result of the action of the authorities in the town, and shows how effectively the police in the town can help their comrades in the country in what must otherwise be a hopeless and often unpleasant duty.—Mr. H. H. MORGAN-BROWN, Gatton Cottage, Milford, Surrey.

"SHENANDOAH"

Have any of your readers ever conducted any research into the folklore of sea shanties? It would be very interesting to know, for instance, why the Pacific island of Hilo is synonymous with death, and who were those two oft-recurring characters, the "flash young fellow called Shallow Brown" and his feminine counterpart Sally Brown, of whom we only know that she was a "bright mulatto" who "drinks rum and chews tobacco."—Mr. RODNEY GALLOP, Conservative Club, 74, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

TRAFFIC CONTROL BY LIGHTS

In the very wide streets of Berlin only one lamp is used, which is plainly seen in broad daylight and is visible over a large area. These lights are used there at all important crossings and are suspended in the middle of the road.—Mr. FABIAN COLENALL, Berryll Bank, Ventnor.

FLAMINGO IN EAST ANGLIA

I observed a flamingo on the mudflats at the mouth of the River Colne in East Mersea on August 5. I was able to get within 20 yards of it and then, as there was deeper water to cross, I shouted and clapped my hands to make it fly. It did not take much notice of me for a time, but kept twisting its neck to and fro, and then it rose slowly and flew 200 yards or so, displaying its gorgeous plumage.—Mr. LEOFRIC TEMPLE, Colne View, East Mersea, near Colchester, Essex.

THE CHANGING FACE OF LONDON

Perhaps 30 years and more of work in Westminster has made me too rigid, but I do feel that if there must be a theatre in Whitehall the newcomer should have had a design more in keeping with tradition than has this new, slim, pale building. Is it too sentimental to suggest that it looks like a pert young upstart in evening kit at a grave and reverend assembly where morning-dress is the proper wear?—Mr. H. DE BOCK PORTER, Barnet, Herts.

PRE-ROMAN BRITONS

The only Epipalaeolithic dwelling-site that I know is by the margin of a river. Of the few Neolithic villages known, most are on high ground, but one near Abingdon is on low-lying gravel. No dwellings of the Bronze Age have come to light, and, although most settlements of the Early Iron Age yet discovered are on high ground, the classic site of All Cannings Cross is in the bottom of the Vale of Pewsey. The occurrence of pottery and implements tells the same tale. From this it seems likely that pre-Roman man lived chiefly on the open hill, limestone, chalk down, or gravel heath, and on the gravel benches near the rivers.—Mr. HAROLD S. E. PEAKE, Westbrook House, Newbury, Berks.

REVOLUTION OF JULY

My uncle, Mr. Francis Fladgate, for many years the doyen of the Garrick Club, was living in Paris in 1830, and my mother was staying with him and his wife, her sister, when the Revolution took place. She has often told me that she and her sister were greeted by the people with cries of "Vivent les belles Anglaises," and helped over the barricades. I do not suggest that she was the lady to whom the extract from *The Times* of August 11, 1830, refers, as she was not staying in a hotel at the time.—Mr. W. F. FLADGATE, Hollanden Park, Tonbridge, Kent.

RAILWAYS ABROAD

Travelling from Basel to Boulogne about 10 days ago, I found that the only first-class carriage was of the type described by your correspondent. The rattle of the windows was incessant, the jolting was very trying, and the lavatory compartment was awash because the tank on its roof dripped continually. On a similar train last year the first-class carriage was the last coach, and the oscillation was unbearable.—The REV. J. D. MULLINS, 44, St. John's Wood-road, N.W.8.

HITTERS AND HITTING

I have seen no mention in this correspondence of what must surely have been one of the most colossal hits ever achieved. I refer to the occasion when Albert Trott hit the ball over the top of the Pavilion at Lord's. I believe this was the only time this feat has been accomplished, and I had the good fortune to see it done.—Mr. ARTHUR P. COOTE, The Oaks, Mount Park, Harrow-on-the-Hill.

PAYMENT FOR IMPORTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Mr. E. D. Simon asked two questions: (*a*) Do exports always pay for imports? and (*b*) Does it matter whether he buys an English car or an American? Mr. Norman Holden's reply seems to me to miss the real point—he merely states that payment may be long delayed.

There is much confused thinking on this ancient formula. First of all we must define "exports" and "imports." Briefly any cause of international indebtedness is an export or import. Gold itself has to be included. Then the question of whether exports pay for imports resolves itself into a mere matter of national solvency—and we are solvent. But, secondly, granted that exports and imports in the widest sense, including "services" and gold, always pay for each other in the long or the short run, what do we wish to deduce from the fact? Not, I think, national solvency, but employment.

Now no conclusion at all regarding employment can be drawn from the fact that exports pay for imports. The exports in question may be—and are, in our case—largely "invisible," and in general it is the production of goods, visible exports, which employs labour. For example, in 1929 our total merchandise exports were £836,000,000, and our invisible exports, £517,000,000. Of this latter total the largest item is the "service" of lending capital, for which we received imports to the value of £285,000,000. Banking and financial services accounted for another £65,000,000. No labour, in the ordinary sense, is employed in this country by either of these "exports"; and in fact it is theoretically possible for a country to "pay for" the whole of its imports by services, exporting no goods, the direct produce of labour, at all.

DOUGLAS GRAHAM.

3, Aynhoe-road, W.14.

A. P. F.

CHAPMAN

asks

"Why have I been dropped?"

in an

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IN TO-DAY'S

Daily Mail

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TERRITORIAL ARMY TRAINING

MECHANIZED TROOPS

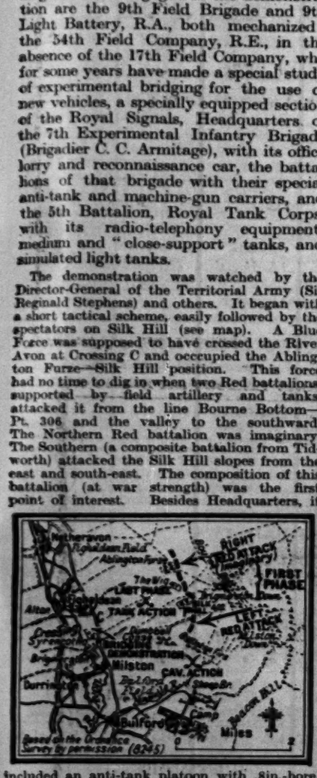
DEMONSTRATION ON THE PLAIN

(FROM A MILITARY CORRESPONDENT)

AMESBURY, AUG. 12

After to-day's demonstration by Regular troops, many members of the Territorial Army will know more from ocular evidence than a large proportion of their professional colleagues do about the latest experiments in mechanizing the Army. The Regular troops of the Southern Command (Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Montgomery-Massingberd) have risen well to the occasion in providing this experience for the South Midland Division. The Regular units engaged in the demonstration are the 9th Field Brigade and 9th Light Battery, R.A., both mechanized; the 54th Field Company, R.E., in the absence of the 17th Field Company, who for some years have made a special study of experimental bridging for the use of new vehicles, a specially equipped section of the Royal Signals, Headquarters of the 7th Experimental Infantry Brigade (Brigadier C. C. Armitage), with its office lorry and reconnaissance car, the battalions of that brigade with their special anti-tank and machine-gun carriers, and the 5th Battalion, Royal Tank Corps, with its radio-telephony equipment, medium and "close-support" tanks, and simulated light tanks.

The demonstration was watched by the Director-General of the Territorial Army (Sir Reginald Stephens) and others. It began with a short tactical scheme, easily followed by the spectators on Silk Hill (see map). A Blue Force was supposed to have crossed the River Avon at Crossing C and occupied the Ablington Furze—Silk Hill position. This force had no time to dig in when two Red battalions, supported by field artillery and tanks, attacked it from the line Bourne Bottom—Pt. 306 and the valley to the southward. The Northern Red battalion was imaginary. The Southern (a composite battalion from Tidworth) attacked the Silk Hill slopes from the east and south-east. The composition of this battalion (at war strength) was the first point of interest. Besides Headquarters, it



included an anti-tank platoon with .5in.-bore machine-guns drawn by Carden-Loyds, an "in-fighting" platoon of machine-guns in Carden-Loyd carriers without trailers (the "light tank" of past years), three rifle companies containing platoons each of four sections (one of which was equipped with Lewis guns), and a machine-gun company, all mechanized. Two of the machine-gun platoons were transported in Carden-Loyds with trailers, one in half-track lorries.

TANKS IN ATTACK

The attacking Red battalion, advancing under cover of the fire of the field brigade R.A., was well handled, and it was held to have driven the Blue force off Silk Hill by 11.15. Then the second phase began, assuming that Ablington Furze (attacked by the imaginary battalion) was still held by Blue. I heard several interesting comments by Territorial spectators. One was that the Carden-Loyd "infighters," being more conspicuous, were more likely to draw fire than ordinary machine-guns, which are man-handled in an advance. It was also remarked that the *personnel* of the "infighting" machine-gun platoon would soon be worn out if they were not made interchangeable with the *personnel* of the platoons in the machine-gun company.

Other comments seem that the armoured protection of the *personnel* in the Carden-Loyd carriers was inadequate, that headcover was needed, and that, in a retreat, there should be protection behind, through which the machine-gun could be fired. In other words, that the function which the "infighters" are expected to perform is that of tanks, so tanks are needed for the purpose. Tanks were used for the subsequent attack upon Ablington Furze. This task was entrusted to a company of light tanks (less one section) preceding a company of medium tanks, both from the 5th Battalion, Royal Tank Corps, at Perham Down. In connexion with this demonstration I was able to gather interesting information about the progress that has been made in determining the best proportion of different sorts of tank in one formation, ready to deal either with hostile tanks, with anti-tank weapons, or with field guns. Apparently three sorts of tank are needed, the medium, the light, and the "close support," which are mediums with light howitzers (using high explosive shell and smoke-bombs) instead of guns. These should be useful for knocking out hostile anti-tank weapons, so their presence in the front line or absence therefrom would be adjusted accordingly. They are not intended for fighting against tanks. These "close-support" tanks, like the "infighting" machine-guns with the infantry, are purely experimental, and for experiments to be of value they must be made on varied ground. It is undesirable to standardize lessons learned on Salisbury Plain and to apply them universally. On the question of close support both of infantry and of tanks in an attack, the main lesson taught to-day was the importance to commanders of mixed forces to study ground-features in order to adapt their plans to them and so to get the maximum value out of the new weapons. This calls for so much individuality and independent thought that it adds much interest to peace training. The Red tanks soon took Ablington Furze.

In the next phase Blue tanks emerged from the direction of Crossing C to recapture the position taken by the Reds. An aeroplane warned the Red tanks, and a battle followed, west of Silk Hill, between Red and Blue tanks. On the tactics that were adopted I have no comments to offer. There has been a great advance in the control of bodies of tanks since radio-telephony has been applied to the purpose. Control within a battalion is being further tested. A system of "broadcasting"—corresponding with a "general signal" in a fleet at sea—is also being tried, using a common wave-length for a whole battalion.

A MARCH PAST

After the tank-battle the spectators repaired to Dumbbell Copse to witness a march-past of typical vehicles now in use in the Regular Army. Twenty-three types were shown in Artillery, Signals, Infantry, and Tank groups. I have referred to most of the artillery group on previous occasions. Some technical improvements have been made in tracks. In the Signals group, special notice was taken of an "Austin-Seven" with wireless telephony equipment. Having seen one at work (on the move) I should say that the whole Army will soon clamour for them. In the Infantry group an armoured half-track machine-gun carrier, attracted attention. The Carden-Loyds are now performing so many functions as samples or as substitutes that it was a relief to see those of them which posed as light tanks in the Tank group fitted with distinctive superstructures.

The next demonstration, of experimental bridging for the new vehicles, at Crossing C, was particularly interesting, especially for comparison—a folding-boat equipment, a light girder bridge (already in position), and a pontoon bridge raft, the first two being experimental. Launching the girder bridge with a special "nose" on the cantilever principle is an interesting advance. The folding boat, which lies flat, weighs 850lb. It can be opened up and launched by six men in two minutes. Further improvements are to be introduced. A raft made of two boats will support three tons, one of three boats 4½ tons. Outboard motors can be attached to propel the boats. This equipment is more easily handled than the Regular Service pontoon. The lightest raft made with those pontoons requires 18 men to carry each pontoon. It takes a load of 5½ tons. The demonstration was most successful, and it gave the spectators plenty to talk over. Here and elsewhere the R.E. have been ubiquitous in helping the Territorials.

147TH BRIGADE AT RIPON

END OF SUCCESSFUL CAMP

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

RIPON, AUG. 12

The 147th Brigade Camp at Ripon "broke up" on Sunday, when the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th Battalions of The Duke of Wellington's Regiment returned home to their respective centres at Halifax, Huddersfield, Skipton-in-Craven, and Milnsbridge. The other Brigades of the 49th (West Riding) Division, the 146th and the 148th, have gone to Beverley, and Buxton for training this year.

The 147th Brigade (Colonel S. Rhodes) arrived at Ripon on July 27, after an absence of two years from this camp. Many Territorials are said to prefer a longer period to elapse before revisiting a camp. However that may be, Ripon enjoys several advantages over many other camps. It is extremely bracing and lies high and dry, with a natural drainage into the River Ure, and the men were, unquestionably,

far better off during the heavy rains a week ago, as regards the state of the ground, than were the units of the 55th Division at Catterick, a little over 20 miles to the northward. Again, the Ripon camp is close to the railway station on the outskirts of the town, which contains several cinemas and its full share of hotels, big and little, whereas at Catterick some of the Territorial units are 22 miles from the nearest large town. The Ripon camp has, however, one drawback, and this is the size of the training areas. Though the extent of land available for training has been increased by about one-quarter since last year, it is still very cramped, the largest continuous patch measuring about 3,000 by 1,000 yards.

This Yorkshire brigade, like the Lancashire brigades at Catterick, is strong in numbers compared with many south country brigades. The 147th Brigade arrived in camp with the following numbers: 4th Battalion, D.W.R., 14 officers and 415 other ranks; 5th Battalion, 16 officers and 437 other ranks; 6th Battalion, 13 officers and 450 other ranks; 7th Battalion, 16 officers and 464 other ranks. Thus the brigade strength in camp was 59 officers and 1,766 other ranks.

To assist in the training 11 officers were attached from the 1st Battalion of the regiment, and these were distributed as follows: one machine-gun officer to each battalion, one signalling officer as brigade signal officer, and six officers for umpire duty. Two Regular N.C.Os were attached to each of the four machine-gun companies. Two Regular signalling instructors were attached to Brigade Signals and an instructor on the Barr and Stroud Rangefinder was provided. All these Regular assistants fully carried out the policy of the present Territorial year, to help and advise, and not to command. The brigade major and staff captain were lent by the depôt at Halifax. The brigade had made ample provision for a wet weather programme of work, and this was fortunate as the first week was rainy and thus the prearranged sandtable schemes, lectures, and demonstrations were very useful.

The brigade also made a special point of having some "tactical idea" behind each day's work. The proximity of the river Ure facilitated the practice of assault bridging. During the latter half of the training battalions tested their companies on a scheme set by the battalion concerned, and Thursday and Friday of the last week were devoted to inter-battalion schemes set by brigade.

On Monday, August 4, the brigade was inspected by the Colonel of the regiment (Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Belfield), and on the previous Saturday was visited by the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, Field-Marshal Sir George Milne.

The Y.M.C.A. arrangements at this camp deserve special mention. As was the case last year they were allotted a site at the entrance to the camp, and their excellent programme contained a concert for each night of the troops' stay in Ripon.

WEST LANCASHIRE DIVISION

HELP OF REGULAR OFFICERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CATTERICK, AUG. 12

Previous articles on the Territorial training now being carried on at Catterick by the units of the 55th (West Lancashire) Division (Major-General H. W. Higginson), have not dealt with the 166th Infantry Brigade (Colonel M. G. Taylor) at Gandale, except to mention its arrival on August 3 with the other units of the division.

This brigade, which is also known as the South Lancs and Cheshire Brigade, consists of the 4/5th Battalion, The Cheshire Regiment (Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Sutcliffe), the 7th Battalion, The Cheshire Regiment (Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Finlow), the 4th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (Lieutenant-Colonel A. P. V. Pigot), and the 5th Battalion (Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. Pilkington). Though the brigade is perhaps not quite so strong as in previous years, the present camp strengths are: 4/5th Cheshire, 438; 7th Cheshire, 411; 4th P.W.V., 381; and 5th P.W.V., 395.

Training this year has been arranged on less advanced lines than those followed last year. The fact that the Territorial soldier enlists, in the first instance, for four years makes it essential that once during that period he should be carefully grounded in the duties of section, platoon, and company, and it is in these that the brigade is being trained this year. During this week there will be battalion training and a tactical scheme, in which the complete division will take part.

Certain demonstrations have also been arranged, and the brigade has already seen messages and ammunition dropped from aeroplanes, and also the picking up of messages. The men also witnessed the tank and artillery demonstrations last week, which were described in a previous article.

This year there is one great innovation in the training of this brigade, the advantage of which cannot be assessed too highly. Regular officers have been attached to all battalions. These officers do not take command in any way, but are there simply to advise and assist. Their value has been more than proved during the present training.

Another special feature of the Territorial training this year is the organization of the machine-gun companies. Last year units were ordered to train as one machine-gun and three rifle companies, but the organization did not come into being until April 1 of this year. To assist in this highly specialized part of training each battalion of the brigade has been allotted a complete machine-gun platoon from a Regular battalion, whose duties are not only to give demonstrations and to assist in the training generally, but also to take their place with the Territorial platoons under the command of the Territorial company commander in tactical training schemes. These, too, are proving of the utmost value. The Territorial soldier has little time to learn his work either from books or from experience, and the fact that he can now see exactly how a thing should be done, before doing it himself, is facilitating the training enormously.

The 1st Battalion, Prince of Wales's Volunteers, is also in camp at Gandale, and it is from this battalion that most of the Regular officers and three of the four Regular machine-gun platoons are drawn. The Commanding Officer (Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Charlton) is giving every assistance possible, and, in addition to providing officers to accompany the battalions on the training areas, has also provided expert officers to train the brigade signallers, machine-gunners, and Intelligence sections of battalions, the last being a new departure for the Territorials in this brigade. The Brigade Major, one machine-gun platoon, and four officers belong to the 2nd Battalion, The Cheshire Regiment, at Aldershot. The men are fit, keen, and happy, and as usual take a keen interest in the training.

EMPIRE TIMBERS

STUDY OF COMMERCIAL USES

The Empire Timbers Committee, of which Sir George Courthope is chairman, is issuing a memorandum of information for the guidance of Government Departments overseas and forest officers generally who are cooperating in the task of investigating the commercial uses of Empire timbers. The Committee, as stated in *The Times* of August 23 last, was appointed under a scheme of cooperation arranged between the Empire Marketing Board and the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research.

The publication is prefaced by a joint statement by Lieutenant-General Sir W. T. Furse, Director of the Imperial Institute; Mr. Ralph S. Pearson, Director of the Forest Products Research Laboratory, Princes Risborough; and Professor R. S. Troup, Director of the Imperial Forestry Institute, Oxford. The signatories point out that the scheme of cooperation has necessitated a reconsideration of the respective functions of the three institutions, and it has been considered desirable to issue a memorandum to replace the one issued in 1926.

Investigations of Empire timbers hitherto carried out at the Imperial Institute will now be undertaken by the Forest Products Research Laboratory, to which all communications relating to the testing of timbers should be addressed in future. The Institute will, however, in conjunction with its Advisory Committee on Timbers, continue to deal with questions relating to the commercial utilization and marketing of Empire timbers, and arrangements have been made for the Institute Committee to report on the commercial possibilities of all Empire timbers tested at Princes Risborough, and in favourable cases to assist in marketing them in cooperation with the Empire Marketing Board. The Institute will, moreover, continue to carry out investigations of all classes of minor forest products, and to deal with inquiries relating to their preparation, uses, and marketing.

The Forest Products Research Laboratory, the statement adds, is equipped to undertake a full range of investigations into the physical and mechanical properties as well as the machining and finishing qualities of timbers. The Empire Timbers Committee will advise on all questions of general policy referred to them in connexion with the investigations of Empire timbers at the laboratory, and decide which of the applications for investigation shall be accepted, and in what priority.

The Imperial Forestry Institute will undertake the critical (microscopic and macroscopic) examination of the structure of timbers for purposes of description, classification, and identification. This work will be undertaken free of charge. When it is to be undertaken as a separate service unconnected with tests at Princes Risborough, all proposals should be addressed to the Director, Imperial Forestry Institute, Oxford. When the work forms part of an investigation at Princes Risborough, the officials there will make the necessary arrangements with the Imperial Forestry Institute.

"In the past," the statement continues, "some of the more important Empire timbers have been examined and reported on by various agencies, generally from a macroscopic point of view. In certain cases, however, the work done is considered to be of doubtful value owing to the fact that there was no botanical identification of the timbers examined, and reliance was frequently placed on native names alone, with the result that the correct identity of the timbers in question was by no means a certainty."

EIGHT-LOOM DISPUTE

EMPLOYERS' MEETING

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, AUG. 12

Contrary to expectation no step towards a solution of the eight-loom question in the cotton-manufacturing industry was anounced to-day after the special meeting held this morning by the Central Committee of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association. This meeting had been convened to secure concerted action by the employers when they resume their joint conference with the operatives' representatives next Friday afternoon. The proceedings lasted about an hour, and at the close the officials declined all information.

From one of the committee I gathered that a pledge of secrecy had been taken from every member of the committee attending the meeting. This somewhat unusual procedure strengthens the impression that the employers in the weaving section of the cotton industry are determined to force the issue in the long-drawn-out controversy over the introduction of the system of eight looms per weaver. The operatives look very suspiciously on the innovation and seem determined to demand the discontinuance of an experimental trial of the system at Burnley. The employers' organization, on the other hand, will in no circumstances have the Burnley experiment interfered with, and present indications are that they will authorize all their members to introduce the system if they so wish. What is actually being sought in the negotiations with the operatives is an agreement as to prices to be paid for cloth produced on the eight-loom system. Existing list prices do not meet the situation. The position is complicated by the action of one employer at Nelson who offers a wage-rate above what the Burnley employers who are members of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association consider practicable. This encourages the operatives' organizations to hold out for better terms, and it is the real explanation of their demand for the cessation of the eight-looms experiment at Burnley, where the wages paid do not reach the Nelson figure of £3 a week for the weaver.

VITRIOL-THROWING CHARGE

ALLEGED ATTACK ON GOWN MANUFACTURER

EDMUND PERKINS, 25, student, of Grove-road, Surbiton, appeared at Marlborough-street Police-court yesterday, charged with "unlawfully and maliciously throwing upon Cyril Jerrard Dunne, a gown manufacturer, corrosive acid with intent to burn, maim, and disfigure him." The alleged offence was committed on Monday afternoon in Mr. Dunne's office in Berners-street, W. Perkins was remanded in custody. It was stated that Mr. Dunne was now in the Middlesex Hospital with severe acid burns to his eyes, face, and hands.

Detective-inspector Frew, giving evidence of arrest, stated that, told he would be charged, Perkins said:—"I went to see Mr. Dunne about some clothing belonging to my sister. He kept me waiting a long time before I saw him, and when I did see him he kept looking at me. I had only seen him once before. I gave him a cigarette and then put my hand into my pocket to get a match. I jerked a bottle of acid out, but he gripped my wrist. We struggled. It went all over his face. He yelled and screamed. I opened the door and bolted downstairs."

TAILOR'S PRESSER AND THE "DOLE"

At the Mansion House Justice Room yesterday, before Alderman Sir Charles Johnston, SAMUEL LUBELSKY, a Polish Jew, was summoned by the Ministry of Labour for having, in claiming unemployment benefit at the City Labour Exchange, made a false declaration that he was unemployed on May 6 and 7. It was proved that on that representation he was paid 5s. 4d. a day for the two days. Mr. Aaron Green, a master tailor, stated that the defendant was employed as a presser in his service on those days at a wage of £1 a day. When he (the witness) told him that he could not draw the "dole" and be in his employment at the same time, Lubelsky replied, "I will see." On his declining to "sign-off" the Labour Exchange he dismissed him. The defendant then refused to accept the £2 he had earned and took proceedings in the Old-street Police Court to obtain the balance of a full week's wages, £5. At the police court judgment was given against the defendant and he was ordered to pay 15s. costs. SIR CHARLES JOHNSTON sentenced the defendant to one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

For obtaining money and goods by false pretences from clergymen and the British Legion, Robert Baxter, 30, of no fixed abode, was sentenced at Birmingham yesterday to six months' imprisonment with hard labour.

SERVANT GIRL'S DEATH

ARSENIC POISONING

OPEN VERDICT AT INQUEST

The Winchester District Coroner (Mr. T. E. Brown) concluded his inquiry yesterday into the death of Elsie Isabel Duckett, 17, a domestic in the service of Mr. R. B. Budd, a farmer, at Monk Sherborne, Hants. The jury found that the girl died from arsenical poisoning, but that how it was administered had not been proved.

At the earlier hearings Mr. Budd stated that the girl complained of feeling very ill after bringing him tea on the morning of July 5. Dr. Nolan Daly stated that the girl told him she had had some tea which tasted bitter. The symptoms indicated arsenical poisoning. The girl's mother said that all her daughter could say when taken to hospital was: "It was that cup."

Dr. Herbert L. Cronk, the Hampshire County Medical Officer, the first witness called yesterday, said he received from Mr. Budd a specimen of vomit with a request that it should be analysed for arsenic. Dr. Cronk said he did not detect any arsenic in it. Another specimen from the Royal Hants County Hospital also failed to reveal any arsenic. On July 23 the Chief Constable of Winchester sent him certain organs of the body, and five days later he received a specimen of weed-killer. The weed-killer contained 30 per cent. estimated arsenious oxide. The kidneys showed the presence of arsenic to the amount of .008 of a grain. The liver showed .057 of a grain—that was approximately one-eighteenth, which was decidedly more than the body normally contained.

The CORONER.—Do you draw the conclusion that there must have been an administration of arsenic in some shape or form?—It is probable.

Supposing a person had drunk a cup of tea with some of this weed-killer in it, is that what you would expect to find?—The findings would tally with that.

A cup was then handed to the witness, who said that there was a trace of weed-killer on the bottom of it. There were about six drops, containing about 1¼ grain of arsenic. A fatal dose was about two grains, or 10 drops.

Dr. Isaac Gordon, medical officer at the Royal Hants County Hospital, said that the girl told him that she drank part of a cup of tea. She said that she noticed its nasty taste when she had drunk half of it, and she threw the rest away. Within a few minutes she began to vomit. On making a *post-mortem* examination he found signs that pointed to arsenical poisoning, and in his opinion death was due to arsenical poisoning.

"SOMETHING BITTER" IN TEA

Mrs. Evelyn Knight Budd, wife of Reginald Barton Budd, said that she and her husband drank some of the tea which the girl brought up to them on the morning of July 5. Later Duckett knocked at the door and asked if she would come down to see her.

"I went down," said Mrs. Budd, "and found that her eyes were very red. She turned away from me to vomit, and said she had tasted something bitter in her tea, and was very ill. In the kitchen I saw two cups in the sink. I did not examine them."

Mrs. Sarah Eliza Bright, of Monk Sherborne, said that Elsie Duckett was engaged to her son Joseph. He last saw her at Easter. George Aldwell knew the girl only through coming to her home, but they had never been out together so far as she (Mrs. Bright) knew. She had never heard the girl say that she would do away with herself if she were in trouble, nor any conversation between Aldwell and her to that effect.

George Aldwell, a butcher, employed by Mr. Budd, said that he had known the girl for about eight months. He had been out with her only twice.

Aldwell produced a letter, which he said the girl wrote to him, and handed it to the Coroner. The CORONER read the letter, which stated:—"I am awfully sorry for what I said, and I do not mean it now. Well, dear, I shall be coming down to Mrs. Bright's, but if I don't come will you be able to come down here and I will be able to make it up again?" The letter asked Aldwell to meet the girl at a later date.

Aldwell said he wrote a note saying that he could not meet her. He agreed that in a statement which he made to the police he said he had never been out with Elsie Duckett and had never written to her. He also said:—"One night in my lodgings I heard Elsie say that if ever she got into trouble she would do away with herself."

Mrs. Elizabeth Mercy Wilkins, of Basingstoke, said that she saw Elsie Duckett on Whit Monday, when she said, "People round here think I am going to have a baby." She added that it was not true.

Henry Charles Hunt, an acquaintance of the dead girl, said that he went to see her before Whitsuntide because his name was mentioned with others in connexion with rumours about her. She said that it was completely untrue.

GIRL'S STATEMENT

At the request of Mr. Gordon Coxwell, a Reading solicitor, who appeared for Mrs. Duckett, Mrs. Tovani, wife of the Rev. William Thomas Tovani, was called. She said that she visited the girl, who was in bed, on July 6, at Mr. Budd's house, and went with her to the hospital. "I told her," Mrs. Tovani said, "she was desperately ill and might die unless she told us what she had taken. She looked up to me and said, 'I did not take anything. I only drank the tea.'"

In summing up the CORONER said the inquiry might have been more satisfactory if the facts that came to the knowledge of Dr. Daly had been reported to the police on Sunday, July 6. When asked why he did not report the facts that came to his knowledge Dr. Daly said because it was confidential. There could be no confidence about it. He did not wish to criticize the police, but he thought it was a little unfortunate that some real attempt was not made to obtain a statement from the girl. She lived for about 12 days after being brought to the hospital, and, so far as he knew, no statement was taken from her, nor was any effort made to obtain one.

Proceeding to deal with the evidence, the Coroner said the crux of the whole matter was how the weed-killer got into the cup. It was possible the girl might have thought she was in trouble and put poison in the cup, not necessarily to kill herself, but to do away with what she thought was trouble. But there was not sufficient evidence to show that the girl administered poison to herself, although that would supply a motive. Nor was there any one person against whom a verdict could be returned. On the evidence he thought the jury would find an open verdict.

The jury returned a verdict that the girl died from arsenical poisoning, but how administered had not been proved.

The CORONER.—I entirely agree with you. The case is left open, so that should the police think fit to prosecute any further inquiries they will be able to do so. The other organs from the girl's body which have not been examined are sealed and in the possession of the county medical officer, and the exhibits produced here will be available to the police should they require them.

"UNILATERAL" TRAFFIC

A.A. SCHEME FOR AVOIDING OBSTRUCTION

The Automobile Association recently instituted a new type of road sign for cities and towns where traffic congestion is acute. This sign introduces "unilateral" traffic control, which prevents obstruction of through traffic by stationary vehicles simultaneously on both sides of busy roads. These signs have, with the assistance and the cooperation of the Chief Constable of Derby, been erected in a number of main thoroughfares and side streets in that town. After a short experience with these signs, the Chief Constable expressed high satisfaction with the system, and similar approval has been expressed by the Derby and Derbyshire Chamber of Commerce and the majority of the shopkeepers trading in the "unilateral" streets. Traffic, it is stated, has been "speeded up," while at the same time reasonable facilities are always available for shopping motorists.

These A.A. unilateral road signs are supplied in pairs, on one of which is the notice, "When the dates are even please pull up on this side," and on the other, "When the dates are odd please pull up on this side." The signs are changed every day according to odd or even dates, so that stationary cars are kept to one side of the road only, thereby affording more room for passing traffic.

A pleasure steamer, the Queen of Kent, with nearly 500 passengers on board, experienced trouble with the steering shortly after leaving Southend yesterday for Margate and Calais. The anchor was dropped and the defect remedied, but the vessel reached Margate two hours late and there was not time to proceed to Calais.

CRUELTY TO CHILDREN

LARGE INCREASE IN CASES REPORTED

The report of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children for the year ended March 31, 1930, says that during the period reviewed 43,043 cases were reported to the Society in England and Wales. All save 777 were found to be true. The overwhelming majority were cases in which the society's intervention was desirable, and these affected the well-being of 107,172 children (equal to 351 every working day).

"The most arresting fact about these totals," the report comments, "is the advance in mere numbers upon the work of the previous year. The increase is sufficient to startle even those who were prepared for returns which would reflect the greater enthusiasm and the wider publicity of recent years. In these days of smaller families the fact that the society has been able to befriend more than 6,000 children more than in the preceding year requires careful elucidation. A hasty conclusion that parents were becoming increasingly careless of their children would be as foolish as it is unjust, for all other evidence is to the contrary." The report suggests that the reason may be sought in the more widespread knowledge of the society and its increasing field of service.

In pursuance of the society's policy not to prosecute (save in outrageous cases of brutality or defilement) until all other methods of correction have failed, the cases taken before the justices have fallen to 500, and this despite the increase in the year's work. The proportion—1.16 per cent.—is lower than ever previously recorded in the society's history. There has been no change in policy. The figures constitute a tribute to the work of the inspectors.

"A belief is held in some quarters, and it is not uncommonly held among the society's older supporters," says the report, "that crimes of violence against children are on the decrease. There is, unfortunately, but slender proof of such a tendency. In the very early years of the society's history, it is true that a larger percentage of the cases in which the society was concerned came under this category, but the reason may possibly be that the public had not yet appreciated that cases of neglect could also be reported. In the last three decades the figures in regard to brutality (except for the period of the War) appear to have become almost static. Allowance must of course be made for the larger population and for the greater scope of the society's work in recent years, but it is scarcely reassuring to realize that cases of brutality increased by 294 in the year, or that the total of 3,440 is as high as it was 30 years ago."

LETTERS TO A PRISON CHAPLAIN

ALLEGED DEMANDING OF MONEY WITH MENACES

A clergyman whose name and address were not disclosed gave evidence at the North London Police Court yesterday against GEORGE FREDERICK HAMILTON, 45, of Elm-terrace, Deptford, who was charged before Mr. Basil Watson with demanding £20 by menaces on three separate dates.

Detective Miller, of the Plymouth Police, stated that Hamilton came to him in Guildhall-square, Plymouth, on July 21, and said he wished to give himself up for a couple of "jobs" he had done in London. Hamilton was taken to the detective office, where he made a statement. The signature to letters now handed to the witness appeared to be identical with the signature of Hamilton on the statement.

The clergyman, who wrote his name and address on a slip of paper and handed it to the Clerk to the Court, said he was formerly chaplain at Holloway Prison. He saw Hamilton on one occasion when he called to see his wife whom the witness had taken into his service. Letter-cards now produced were addressed to the witness at the prison and forwarded on.

Detective-sergeant Northcote, N Division, said that Hamilton made no answer when charged.

Hamilton, who handed in a statement and reserved his defence, was committed for trial to the Central Criminal Court on these charges and on others relating to the theft of a magneto and to false pretences.

NEW RAILWAY COACHES

IMPROVEMENTS ON L.N.E.R.

It was announced in *The Times* on Monday that two sleeping cars of entirely new designs had been made for the London and North Eastern Railway, and these, with new passenger coaches, were brought into use yesterday. In the sleeping cars, which are being used on "The Highland Man" express from London to Inverness, separate bedrooms with full-size beds, instead of berths, are provided for the first time on any railway. The passenger compartments do not mark so great a departure from the traditional or standard design. It is in their colour scheme that originality is principally seen. The sleeping cars were designed by Mr. H. H. Gresley, the Chief Mechanical Engineer of the L.N.E.R. The passenger compartments were the response to prizes offered by the railway company in connexion with the Industrial Designs Competition of the Royal Society of Arts.

Each sleeping-car has 10 rooms arranged in pairs, which can be converted into five double rooms by means of communicating doors if desired. The rooms, which have been decorated by Messrs. Waring and Gillow, are finished in stippled blue paint shaded from a deep blue at the bottom to white in the centre of the ceiling, the whole being varnished to a high gloss finish. The head and foot of the bed are of walnut; there are a spring mattress, with hair and wool overlay, blue blankets, and an embroidered bedspread. A pedestal with white porcelain washbowl and commode is fitted in a corner and provided with hot and cold water; and placed centrally on the partition near at hand is a frameless mirror, with a folding-table below it. The room is lighted by means of a 30-watt single light in the ceiling, which can be dimmed for a night light, and there is a reading-lamp over the bed head. The use of gas is dispensed with entirely. An electric generator below the floor of the car supplies current for lighting, heating, and ventilation.

The ventilation is provided on a new system. A current of hot or cold cleansed air is sent into each bedroom, and by means of an adjustable nozzle placed over the bed head the direction, volume, and temperature of the air is under the direct control of the passenger. Privacy is ensured by the window being fitted with a sliding shutter—replacing blind and curtain—which is also draught proof. All the switches for controlling the lighting, bell push, heating and ventilating regulators are so placed near the bed head that they can be operated by the passenger while lying in bed. Over the bed a coat and trouser hanger is fixed, and pegs and netracks are also provided. There is an attendant's room and lobby at one end of the sleeping car, and at the other a lobby and toilet compartment.

The offer of prizes for designs of first and third class compartments was somewhat disappointing. The judges reported that many of the entrants failed to show originality or inventive talent. The first prize of £25 was awarded to Mr. R. A. Simons, Bridgwater, Somerset, for a first-class compartment; and the second prize of £15 to Mr. E. T. A. Houldcraft, Nottingham, for a third-class compartment.

An opportunity was afforded of contrasting the new first-class compartment with the old. The old compartment is upholstered in dark blue and has pictures on each side of the central mirror. It is the standard railway compartment of a heavy if highly comfortable kind, seating three passengers on each side. The new shows a departure from tradition in that it is brighter and airier in its upholstery and fittings, and suggests, at first, the motor-car rather than the railway compartment. One of the conditions of the competition was that the design should show a mirror for the use of lady passengers, but no pictures, maps, or advertisements, and it was added that an improvement in the upholstered seats would be welcome. These suggestions have been carried out. The colour scheme of the new compartment is dark grey, relieved by red perpendicular lines. There are also some good minor features, such as electrical fittings and luggage racks. The new third-class compartment provides seats on each side for four passengers, and, had it the detachable frames and arm rests, its richness of upholstery and comfort would rank it with the old first.

News in Brief

The disappearance over the week-end of about £300 in Treasury notes from a safe at the offices of the Tilbury Urban District Council is being investigated by the Essex police.

The National Savings Committee announce that sales of National Savings Certificates for the week ended July 26 were 1,020,284, making a grand total sold of 975,492,095.

At the London Sessions yesterday Sidney Kleinfeld, 39, described as a tailor, committed from Marlborough-street Police Court on a charge of securing property well knowing it to have been stolen, was found *Not Guilty*, and was discharged.

Mrs. Hannah Bromley, aged 73, of Edgar-road, Yiewsley, near Uxbridge, died yesterday morning at Hillingdon Infirmary as the result of injuries received the night before. Her clothes caught fire while she was burning rubbish in the garden.

Private William Parlett, aged 19, of the 2nd Battalion, The East Yorkshire Regiment, pleaded "Guilty" at a Court-martial at Aldershot yesterday to charges of absence without leave, using insubordinate language, and striking Sergeant Barker, of the same regiment. The decision will be announced later.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

Tenders are invited by the General Post Office for the supply of home-grown telegraph poles, to be felled during the winter of 1930-31, and delivered during the following summer. (p. 18)

The United Service Club will be closed for autumn cleaning from Friday, September 5, to Saturday, October 4. (p. 1)

Assistant engineers are required for the Public Works Department of the Federated Malay States. (p. 3)

The Director-General, India Store Department, Belvedere-road, Lambeth, invites tenders for 3,500 felt khaki hats, for Burma Police. (p. 18)

WATER DIVINING IN HYDE PARK

DEMONSTRATIONS BY FRENCH ABBE

The Abbé Gabriel Lambert, of Nice, and a Doctor of Divinity of the University of Toulouse, is visiting London on a water-divining mission. Through his Archbishop he has received a special dispensation from the Pope allowing him to devote his time to water-divining. He has had no scientific training, but during his military service in France he studied topography and meteorology.

To show his powers the Abbé went to Hyde Park and found water in many places. He used a little gaily coloured pendulum rather like a fisherman's float on the end of a short string. Walking slowly over the grass, he swung the bobbin to and fro, and suddenly it spun round and round with extraordinary speed. Water was below. Abbé Lambert was singularly successful in finding water for the Country Club at Cannes, in which Lord Glenconner is interested, and he is in London at Lord Glenconner's invitation to arrange further work of this kind. He makes no charge for his services, but sometimes arranges the erection of the pumping gear. Any profits from these transactions are given to the Church. The French Government is shortly sending him to Algiers and Tunisia to find water there. Many communes in France owe their present supplies to the Abbé, and he has also worked in Italy and Greece.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKERS FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Mr. Joseph Kendrick, who for 40 years has been associated with the Sheffield steel trades, has arranged to take a number of skilled steel-rollers from Sheffield to South Africa to inaugurate a new works, which is to be erected at Pretoria to manufacture drill steel under the African Bedford-Kendrick patents. Already a large percentage of the drill steel used along the Witwatersrand is made in Sheffield, much of it under the same patents that the new works will bear. The company is to be called the Pretoria Forge and Rolling Mills, Limited, and the works will be on a site adjoining that of the South African Iron and Steel Corporation.

A Silver Sphinx

In early Egypt silver was the most precious of all the metals. It was called Het-Nub or White Gold, and seems to have been mined in the Silver Mountains far away in Asia Minor. Very few silver Egyptian objects remain. But one of the most interesting is a silver Sphinx, bearing the name of Sequenen-Rā, the Pharaoh, who died fighting heroically against the marauding Shepherd Kings.

Since those dark days of the XVII dynasty—more than 2,500 years ago, silver and gold have changed places. But "White Gold" still forms most of our treasures. Silver teapots and domestic plate of every kind require careful cleaning, and it is therefore advisable to choose a polish which gives a beautiful finish, and is safe in use. Such a polish is Silvo, because it contains no acid or mercury.

SILVO

RECKITT & SONS, LTD. HULL AND LONDON

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

(*Editorial Rooms*), *London.*

NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

RECORD FIGURES

By CALLISTHENES

In these days when so many public statements refer to declining trade and so many people are despondently talking about worse to come we take a special pleasure in announcing that during the month of July we did in many departments record business.

Our Sales figures for that month this year exceed our figures for last July in ninety-five departments. The month's figures in forty-eight departments are the best July figures we have ever shown.

Selfridge's as a whole, during the six months ending July 31st, showed the highest sales of any corresponding six months in its history—except one.

The exception was interesting. It was in 1920. We came to the conclusion in the Spring of 1920 that prices were going to weaken. We accordingly readjusted our commitments and cut the price of everything in this Store during the month of June. This led to an abnormal expansion of business and gave a figure for the first six months of our year which, in the more normal times since, we have not yet had an opportunity of passing, and especially is this difficult because prices then were two or three times what they are now.

We may add parenthetically that what we foresaw took place very soon, and this House was one of the few that found itself, when the serious break in prices occurred in the early autumn of 1920, fully prepared, with small commitments and comparatively small stocks on hand.

Our record figures for 1930 are specially agreeable because practically everything we sell, both in our departments in the main building and in the food departments across Oxford-street, is lower in price, and in some cases very much lower, than a year ago.

We recently published two half-page advertisements, in small type, giving a few details of these reductions, advertisements which have been quoted more than once in proof of the fact that the retail distributor does follow, and follow as quickly as possible, any reductions in the so-called "wholesale" price of articles.

We take pleasure in making this announcement of our July Sales, not because progress with us is anything exceptional, but because there are times, and this seems to be one of them, when the announcement of unfailing progress is of special value. The most recent figures show that in spite of all difficulties, and talk of difficulties, this Store continues to become stronger and bigger, to do good service to a greater number of people. But they also, we hope, will be allowed to have something of national significance, to prove that business in England is not nearly so bad as the pessimists would have us believe.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

FURNITURE

SECOND-HAND HIGH-CLASS MODERN ENGLISH AND CONTINENTAL—FINE REPRODUCTIONS, GENUINE ANTIQUES AND WORKS OF ART. Removed for convenience of sale from numerous West End mansions and various important dwellings, among the following important Collections:—LANSDOWNE HOUSE The PRINCESS PALEY (Paley Palace), LADY PINK (deceased), DUCHESS of ABERCORN (deceased), third EARL of DURHAM, K.G. (deceased).

GENUINE ANTIQUE FOUR-POST BEDS, Tallboy and Bureau fronts, Corner Washstands, Wig stands, Tufted Mirrors, Sofa Tables, Fret and Wardrobes and Dressing Tables, 5,000 CARPETS and RUGS, including Wilton, Axminster, Turkey, Persian, Chinese, and a quantity of pile carpets and rugs offered at 2s. 9d. per yard, a large number of square carpets in various designs from 30s. each.

SETTEES and LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS, covered morocco leather, heavy woven art tapestries, rich silk, and a large quantity covered plain art linen, all being offered at practically half-price, and in new SEVERAL SMALL LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS offered at 21s. each. Small-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS in HIDE, 3gns. Large-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS from 4gns. 6d. Items to suit most SOFTLY SPRUNG CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, 8ins. Large-size CHESTERFIELD AND OTHER SETTEES, many with loose down pillow seats and backs, from £7 15s. to 25gns.

THE DINING, RECEPTION ROOMS, LOUNGES, and LIBRARIES contain a large and choice selection of Walnut, Mahogany, and Old Oak Furniture in styles of Cromwellian, Queen Anne, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, and Sheraton, including the complete suite of Chairs, *Sideboard*, Table, &c., offered for 10 guineas, the more elaborate sets raising up to 300 guineas, also a number of single specimens having cost over double the figure now asked to clear. Quantity of DINING CHAIRS at 5s. 6d.

BEDROOMS, BEDDING ROOMS, including 26 SOLID OAK CLUB BED-ROOM SUITES, with full panel Bedsteads and Mattresses, offered at £4 10s. set.

60 Suites in Walnut, Mahogany, Lacquer, Satinwood, and Enamel, in English and Continental styles, from £8 15s. up to 250gns., many originally costing over double. 30 Suite Wardrobes at £4.

GRAND PIANOFORTES by eminent makers, ranging from 10gns. to 150gns.

Old English Chiming Grandfather and Bracket Clocks, an important collection of Statuary, Pictures, Silver and Sheffield Plate, quantity of fine old Cut Glass, Bed and Table Linen, a large quantity of Office Furniture, including Roll-top Desks, Pedestal Desks, Bookcases, &c., &c.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE 1/2 POST FREE.

ON SALE DAILY, 9 till 7 (Thursdays close at 1 o'clock). Any items may be purchased separately, can remain warehoused free for 12 months, or delivered to any part. Settlement of account can be arranged to suit customer's convenience.

FURNITURE & FINE ART DEPOSITORIES LTD.
(By Royal Appointment to H.M. the King of Spain.)
PARK-STREET, UPPER-STREET, ISLINGTON, LONDON, N.1. 'Phone: North 3560. (*Adst.*)

PROMENADE CONCERT

WORKS BY VILLA-LOBOS AND HINDEMITH

Two novelties and the first symphony of the season were provided at Queen's Hall last night. Neither the Chôros No. 8 of Villa-Lobos or the organ concerto of Hindemith is immediately attractive or compelling music. The Chôros is an impression expressed in orchestral terms of Brazilian native music—a number of native Brazilian instruments of percussion are employed—but that appears to be as far as realism goes. The work, however, has no apparent principle of cohesion and is overscored. The main lines of the work are laid down in the percussion department of the orchestra with some help from the brass, the strings therefore only blur the jagged outlines and their two diatonic tunes in the middle seem out of place. If no strings were used at all the percussive character of the material—the brass is played *staccato*—would give some unity to the loosely-strung sections.

Hindemith's organ concerto seems barren because it is palpably neo-Bach-with-a-difference. The difference is, of course, that the counterpoint has no harmonic basis. Here again the principle of cohesion is difficult to detect; even the *finale* seemed to need some kind of *stretto* to give a sense of direction to the vigorous marching of the counterpoint. "Forward, my friends, frankly I know not whither," might be the motto of either work.

However, forward movement of any kind has its place in a scheme of things which includes the voluptuousness of the two familiar songs of Strauss sung by Miss Olga Haley. In his fourth symphony Tchaikovsky knows very well where he is going; so does Sir Henry Wood, who is always good in his Tchaikovsky, and an enjoyable performance with a neatly played *pizzicato* movement was the outcome of this orchestra's first attempt to settle into its stride in a big work.

Lord Noel-Buxton has accepted the presidency of the Save the Children Fund. He has been a liberal benefactor of the fund from its earliest days. It was mainly owing to a donation from him that the fund was able to establish the refugee village in Bulgaria, which served as a model for the League of Nations settlements.

Entertainments

THE FILM WORLD

BRITISH AUTHORS AND THE "TALKIES"

Mr. Bernard Shaw has entered into a contract with the British International Pictures, Limited, by which that company will produce at Elstree a "talkie" film based on his play *How He Lied to Her Husband*, and it is hoped that this will be followed in due course by the production on the screen of other plays by Mr. Shaw. A number of American film-producing companies had been anxious to recruit his services, and there is naturally a good deal of satisfaction that the contract has been secured by a British company.

Most of the leading British playwrights and authors have now agreed that their work shall be presented to the public through the new medium of the talking picture. Mr. Galsworthy's play *Escape* has been produced as a "talkie" by Mr. Basil Dean for the Associated Talking Pictures, Limited, and his novel "Old English" has been adapted in America by the Warner Company and has been shown to the film industry privately.

Sir James Barrie's short play *Half an Hour* has been produced as a "talkie" under the title of *The Doctor's Secret*, but it is obvious that there is a vast field in his work for the film producer. Two of Mr. Milne's plays, *The Fourth Wall* and *Michael and Mary*, are now being converted to screen uses in British studios, and Mr. Lonsdale, like Mr. P. G. Wodehouse, has entered into a contract to write scenarios for an American company which has already produced *The Last of Mrs. Cheyney* and *The High Road*. Two of Mr. Lonsdale's successful plays, however, *On Approval* and *Canaries Sometimes Sing*, have already been secured by a British company, the British and Dominions Film Corporation, and one of the most satisfactory features of the present position is the growing willingness of British authors to entrust their work to British producers instead of automatically making the long journey to Hollywood.

There is no doubt that at the moment the American producers are seriously concerned at the steady progress which is being made in British "talkie" production. Many of them have always taken the line that if the British producers realized their opportunity and jumped in quickly enough they might prove to be serious rivals to the American companies. For a time it seemed as if the British concerns did not realize the great possibilities of the new form of entertainment, but this stage has passed and most of the British companies are now hard at work.

DEMAND FOR BRITISH PICTURES

British studios have certainly awakened to the possibility of making a serious bid for the "talkie" market. At the Cricklewood studios of Stoll Picture Productions, Limited, which cover six acres, a sound studio, 129ft. by 60ft., has been erected, and is equipped with the Visatone sound-recording system. Plans for two additional studios are under consideration. The company, in addition to producing talking films on its own account, will provide facilities for other producing companies, because, in the opinion of Sir Oswald Stoll, the demand for British talking pictures is likely to increase, partly because of the tendency on the part of the big American producers to come to private arrangements for the division of the world's markets. The Gaumont Company has completed the production of *Bracelets* at the Shepherd's Bush studio, and work has begun on a new melodrama, *Thread o' Scarlet*, and on a comedy, *No Lady*, in which the principal part will be played by Mr. Lupino Lane. At the Gainsborough studios at Islington Mr. Gareth Gundrey is producing *The Stronger Sex*, a drama of the coalfields. Mr. George King, who has just produced his first talkie, *Too Many Crooks*, which is now being shown at the New Gallery, is about to start work on a second production.

Many changes of programme are contemplated at the London picture theatres in the immediate future. The run of *With Byrd at the South Pole* at the Carlton ends on Friday, and on Saturday Mr. Maurice Chevalier's new talking picture, *The Big Pond*, will be shown there.

Mr. George Patton, director of the motion picture bureau of the Government of Ontario, is at present on a visit to England to secure pictures of English scenery. The bureau was formed to instruct farmers in new methods in agriculture, but it has developed from that until there is now a library of about 2,000 films. Most of them deal with life in Ontario, but many requests have been received for pictures of England.

Prince Arthur of Connaught will open the new Carlton Cinema at Islington on September 1, and the proceeds of the first performance will be devoted to the reconstruction fund of the Middlesex Hospital, of which he is president. The proprietors of the cinema have also agreed to devote one quarter of their Sunday takings for the first year to the same object. There will be a full orchestra under the direction of Mr. Jean Michaud, and an assurance is given that there will be absolutely no "canned" music.

THE LONDON PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—*All Quiet on the Western Front.*
ASTORIA.—*New Movietone Follies of 1930.*
AVENUE PAVILION.—*Ladies of Leisure.*
CAPITOL.—*Good Intentions* and *One Mad Kiss.*
CARLTON.—*With Byrd at the South Pole.*
DOMINION.—*Phantom of the Opera.*
EMPIRE.—*The Big Pond.*
KENSINGTON.—*The Return of Sherlock Holmes* and *Not So Dumb.*
MARBLE ARCH PAVILION.—*One Romantic Night* and *The Runaway Bride.*
NEW GALLERY.—*So This is London* and *Too Many Crooks.*
PLAZA.—*The Devil's Holiday* and *Insurance.*
POLYTECHNIC.—*Song o' My Heart.*
REGAL.—*The Blue Angel.*
STOLL.—*Sweetie* and *The Three Sisters.*
TIVOLI.—*Raffles* and *The Message.*

SPEED TEST FOR POLO-BRED PONIES

TURF CLUB'S NEW DEPARTURE

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The Polo Turf Club have made a new departure in their programme which can scarcely fail to be far-reaching in its effects. For their September meeting at Portsmouth they have provided two races of three-quarter mile and one mile respectively for polo ponies—*i.e.*, for ponies already registered or accepted for registration in the National Pony Society's Stud Book or approved registers. This step must have a marked effect on the breeding of ponies and, indeed, of light horses in general, for with the height limit of 15 hands the improvement of the speed and stamina of the polo pony should have a beneficial influence on all light horse breeding.

Hitherto there has been no speed test for polo-bred ponies; the only test has been the game. This new test, however, cannot fail to establish a higher standard among polo ponies, and the new races should be well patronized. It has been pointed out that the National Pony Stud Book is now on the way to occupy the same position with regard to polo that the General Stud Book is in with regard to racing, and we may look forward with interest to important developments.

"THE TIMES"

While on holiday, and when staying in remote districts beyond the reach of newsagents, readers of *The Times* are reminded that the Publisher will be pleased to post *The Times* to any address in the British Isles at the rate of 1s. 9d. a week post free. Orders should be sent to:—The Publisher, *The Times*, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4.

In order to rescue a terrier which had fallen down a disused lead mine five days previously, Herman Prince, a quarryman, was lowered more than 60ft. in constant danger from falling masses of earth and stones. He brought the dog to the surface, little the worse for its imprisonment, and has been awarded the National Canine Defence League's Silver Medal.

RADLEY COLLEGE

PRESERVATION OF THE WICK HALL ESTATE

As the outcome of the public-spirited work of residents of Oxford and Berks, and particularly of the Council and old associates of Radley College (St. Peter's), gratifying success has attended an effort to preserve from the builder a large belt of land on the Wick Hall Estate, which lies round the College about five miles from Oxford, and borders also the Nuneham Estate.

The land in question is situated amid charming surroundings near Nuneham Park, the seat of Lord Harcourt, and through its preservation a pleasant river prospect will be kept intact. The Wick Hall Estate lies in the district of Radley on the west bank of the river, and the council of the college, associated with whom is Mr. C. H. Gore, of Abingdon, have arranged to buy 250 acres. It is thought that apart from residents, who are interested in the ideal of the preservation of the countryside generally, the project will have the strong support of old students of Radley, to whom an early appeal will probably be made. The land gives a pleasant view of Wick Hall, which is a Queen Anne residence owned by Mr. William Dockar-Drysdale, and the movement to preserve its amenities took effect recently, when it became known that the estate was to be put into the market for sale. The offer of the property, in fact, did not result in its sale, and the news that a goodly portion at Radley is to be saved is particularly gratifying because building in the country around the city of Oxford, and near the Oxford-Berks border, has been going on at a rapid rate, and the line of small houses approaching Radley from both Oxford and Abingdon has reached the verge of the land which has now been so happily acquired by the college.

Wick Hall has interesting historic associations, as it belonged originally to a manor of the Abbot and Convent of Abingdon. After the Dissolution it was bought by Mr. George Stonhouse, of the Board of Green Cloth, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. In 1792 it passed to Admiral Bowyer, in whose family it remained down to the sale in 1901 to Mr. Dockar-Drysdale.

Many supporters of the Oxford Preservation Trust, which has in recent years done so much valuable work in and around Oxford, have been interested in the future of the land at Wick Hall on general grounds of amenity, and they will undoubtedly appreciate the enterprise of friends at Radley. The Oxford Preservation Trust has local headquarters in the University city at the Painted Hall in Cornmarket-street, and in connexion with the scheme for a "green belt" round Oxford notable acquisitions of land have been recently made at Boars Hill, near Wootton (with a fine prospect of the Berkshire Downs, the Chilterns, and the Thames Valley), and also at Marston and Shotover.

The Painted Room at Carfax, Oxford, which is part of Davenants Tavern, and believed to be the room in which Shakespeare slept when he stayed at Oxford, has been opened to the public by Mr. E. W. Attwood, who is one of the Trustees of the Oxford Preservation Trust. Here are agreeably centred the activities of the Trust, and it is a favourite place of call for visitors to the city, who are alive to the importance of its work and jealous for the due maintenance of its historic and artistic traditions.

SELLING OF DRAPERY

TREATMENT OF SALE CROWDS

"Never despise a sale crowd," was the advice given by Mr. SYDNEY T. GARLAND to the students at the Summer School organized by the Drapers' Chamber of Trade, which was resumed at Girton College, Cambridge, yesterday. Mr. Garland, lecturing on advertising, said he was sales manager of one of the largest businesses in the provinces. They had two fortnightly sales in a year, and at the first sale it was obvious the crowd was regarded as somebody else's regular customer and therefore not to be bothered about. Yet during those four weeks of the year that firm was actually doing 20 per cent. of its annual turnover. The sale definitely introduced many new customers, and an endeavour should be made to make them permanent customers. They deserved attention if only because they bought the goods regular customers did not want. The seller ought not to be afraid to tell the truth about sale goods. If the stuff was old, incomplete in ranges, in odd sizes, out of demand, in bad colours, or soiled, never be afraid to say so. The public understood a straight story. A price reduction was all the more valuable if accompanied by a reason. Many a sale inspired by good advertising was often killed at the counter by lack of enthusiasm on the part of the assistant.

ADOLESCENTS AND MUSIC

VALUE AS EMOTIONAL OUTLET

Mr. CYRIL WINN, an inspector of the Board of Education, speaking again at the summer course in music teaching at Oxford yesterday, said that when the school-leaving age was raised to 15 he hoped that there would be a better opportunity for culture, and much more musical and dramatic work. At present the only outlet for the adolescent seemed to be the cinema. That was a great pity. Musical and dramatic work were excellent outlets for the emotions of the adolescent, as well as those of adults. Ordinary people had not yet been given a chance in music. There was *A Beggar's Opera*, so why should there not be *A Dustman's Opera*, or *A Butcher's Opera*? Quite possibly there were embryo Wagners or Schuberts in the elementary schools.

One foolproof method of teaching singing was to make children hum. The value and beauty of really soft tone seemed to have gone, for one heard very little of it nowadays.

ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION

Mr. F. G. BLANDFORD, giving a series of lectures at the Cambridge Summer School on the subject of English pronunciation, alleged that people were developing a business voice quite distinct from their usual way of speaking to their friends. He said that the impersonal accent used in business was adopted as a means of self-protection. The bank clerk was afraid to let his emotions get beyond the grille, and the telephone girl did not want to give subscribers the impression that she was at all familiar. The idea was to make the voice as mechanical as everything else in business. several influences, including the wireless and the American "talkies," were having their effect on English pronunciation, and under them our accent should find a comfortable level.

Mr. G. F. HICKSON, a lecturer on the staff of the Cambridge Extra Mural Board of Studies, said that adult education might ultimately be regarded as one of the most characteristic features of the twentieth century. Education in schools and universities failed if at the end the student did not realize that his education had only just begun. Many working men were seeking adult education for the sake of culture itself, and many had risen to the ranks of trade union leaders, and even of Cabinet Ministers. Several Durham miners had come to Cambridge during the summer vacation for adult education. At the beginning of this century there was a new vitality in working-class organizations and an increased appreciation of the inner qualities of our economic system. One aspect of this increased vitality was the desire for education and the wish to acquire knowledge.

The adult education movement in this country had its origin in the Workers' Educational Association, which had been accused of existing merely to distribute Socialistic propaganda, but which had done much to stimulate interest in education generally. The universities, too, were interesting themselves in the new developments in adult education, and classes were being arranged in small country towns. Adult education had made the most important contribution to education in this century, and extra mural work was now regarded as part of the ordinary work of any university.

PACKING OF FRUIT FOR POSTING

At this season considerable quantities of blackberries and other soft fruit are sent through the post, and many of the packages are found in the course of conveyance to have been inadequately packed, with the result that not only is the fruit damaged, but damage, for which the sender of the fruit is liable, is done to the contents of other parcels. The Postmaster-General therefore recommends that a metal box with a tightly-fitting lid securely tied with string crossing the lid in both directions should be used for packing. No parcel will be accepted which contains soft fruit packed in a chip or wicker basket, or a cardbox box, or a tin box with a lid that is not tightly fitting and properly secured with string. Parcels of fruit should be conspicuously marked "Fruit, with Care."

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

NORWICH CATHEDRAL SERVICE

The festival service at Norwich Cathedral in commemoration of the 1,300th anniversary of the founding of the Cathedral will be broadcast by the National Station at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for today, August 13, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 1,148kc. (261.3m.), 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-10.45** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **11-11.30: (261.3m.** only):—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12** :—Gramophone Records. **1** :—Orchestra, from the Restaurant Frascati. **2-2.30** :—Phyllis Anderson (soprano); Gerald Adams (tenor). **3** :—Festival Service from Norwich Cathedral, on the 1,300th Anniversary of the Founding of the Cathedral; Sermon by the Bishop of Norwich; Commemoration of Benefactors read by the Dean; Te Deum, specially composed for the occasion by the Cathedral Organist, Heathcote Statham; Blessing pronounced by the Archbishop of Canterbury. **4.15 (approx.)** :—The Lena Mason Trio. **4.45**:—Organ of the Beaufort Cinema, relayed from Washwood Heath, Birmingham.

5.15:—Children.—Selections from Chopin played by the Olof Sextet; The Story of The First Zebra (Geraldine Elliot); Old Wisey's Key —a Gnome Story (Mabel Marlowe). **6**:—A Visit to the Stockholm Exhibition, by Mrs. Prudence Maufe. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Beethoven's Pianoforte Sonatas, played by James Friskin, from Edinburgh. **7-7.20** :—Monkeys in the Jungle, by Mr. R. B. Van Wart. **7.45** :—Edith Penville (flute).

8 :—Promenade Concert: The B.B.C. Symphony Orchestra (leader, Charles Woodhouse), conducted by Sir Henry J. Wood; Dorothy Silk (soprano); Harold Samuel (pianoforte); William Barrand (bass), relayed from the Queen's Hall, London. **9.40** :—Weather; News. **9.55** :—The Week Abroad, by Commander Stephen King-Hall. **10.10** :—London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices **(1,554.4m.** only). **10.20** :—Fireside, an Impossibly Possible Conversation, imagined without prejudice by L. Du Garde Peach and released by Peter Creswell, with Dennis Arundel, Malcolm Graeme, Bertha Eves, Violet Marquesita, Grace Forster. **10.50-12 (1,554.4m** only):—Hal Kemp and his Carolina Orchestra and Billy Mason and his Capheans from the Café de Paris.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME (842kc.) (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m. :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). **12** :—Organ Recital, relayed from All Saints', Margaret-street; Ethel Barker (contralto). **1** :—Gramophone Records. **1.30-3** :—Midland Regional programme. **5.15** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—The J. H. Squire Celeste Octet; Marjorie Perkins (soprano); Howard Fry (baritone). **8** :—Reading. **8.20** :—Co-Optimistically Yours, with Davy Burnaby, Gilbert Childs, Phyllis Monkman, Betty Chester, Stanley Holloway, and Harry S. Pepper; Harry S. Pepper and Doris Arnold (pianos). **9** :—Weather; News; Regional News. **9.20** :—Wireless Military Band, conducted by Charles Leggett; Mary Willetts (recitals). **10.30-12** :—Billy Mason and his Capheans and Hal Kemp and his Carolina Orchestra, from the Café de Paris.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME (626kc.) (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. **1.30-3** :—Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; Muriel Dudley (soprano); Daisy Shorrocks (violin). **5.15** :—Children—Vigborg the Viking, a Norwegian Story, by Bladon Peake; Vocal Items by the Clef Trio; the Week's Sport, by Maurice K. Foster; Daisy Shorrocks (violin). **6** :—London Regional programme. **6.15** :—London News. **6.40** :—Organ Recital, relayed from the Church of The Messiah, Birmingham. **7.15** :—(1) Mason and Armes (entertainers at the piano); (2) Mabel France presents an Aunt Maria Sketch; (3) Alfred Kirby (banjo); (4) Doris Tomkins, in light songs; (5) Jack Venables (at the piano); (6) Billy Francis and his Orchestra. **8** :—London Regional programme. **9** :—Weather; News. **9.15** :—Midland News. **9.20-10.30** :—Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; Daisy Neal (contralto). **10.35-11** :—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-10.45** :—National programme. **4** :—Edinburgh programme. **4.5** :—The Octet from Edinburgh; Margaret Milne (soprano), from Aberdeen. **4.50** :—Edinburgh programme. **5.15** :—Glasgow programme. **5.47** :—Edinburgh programme. **6** :—News. **6.10** :—Scottish News. **10.20-10.50** :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—Service. **1** :—The Radio Quartet; Dorothy Camlin (soprano). **4** :—Bob Miller's Dance Band. **5** :—Kathleen Daunt (soprano). **5.15** :—Children. Mrs. Prudence Maufe: A Visit to the Stockholm Exhibition. **6.15** :—National programme. **8** :—The Band of the Royal Ulster Rifles (by permission of Colonel D. J. C. Bernard and Officers), conducted by Mr. William Allan; Band-Sergeant W. Ward (piccolo solo); Bandsman T. Gibson (saxophone solo); Bandsman J. Smethurst and Lance-Corporal William Allan (tuba/bone duet); Fred Mackey (tenor); David McAlpin (baritone). **9.40** :—National programme. **10.10** :—Regional News. **10.20-10.50** :—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-10.45** :—National programme. **3-10.50** :—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-10.45** :—National programme. **1-2** :—National programme. **4.5** :—Cinema Fete and Fun Fair in aid of the Queen Alexandra Memorial Hospital, Weston-super-Mare: The Opening Ceremony; The Girls' Drum and Bugle Band (by permission of the Bristol Watch Committee), directed by Captain F. W. Wood; Ronald Frankau's Cabaret Kittens; Ronald Frankau, the Radio Comedian; Renée Roberts (soubrette dancer); Maitland Moss (monocle/a-drummer); Ernest Bertram (bass-baritone); Cynthia Reece (harpist); Conrad Leonard (pianist-composer); Gwen Alban (accordeleone-pianist); Patricia Rossborough (songs at the piano); Jack Morrison (impersonations); Joan Revel and Mario de Pietro (songs and guitar solos); Albert Whelan, the Australian entertainer, relayed from the Grove Park, Weston-super-Mare. **5** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **7.45** :—Cinema Fete and Fun Fair in aid of the Queen Alexandra Memorial Hospital, Weston-super-Mare: The Opening Ceremony; The Girls' Bristol Police

Imperial and Foreign News

FRENCH BUDGET INCREASES

COST OF SOCIAL SERVICES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Aug. 12

The principal business before the Cabinet meeting held at the President's summer palace at Rambouillet to-day was the draft Budget for the financial year May 1, 1931, to April 30, 1932. The Budget Minister, M. Germain-Martin, reported that the expenditure showed an increase of 6,000,000,000f. (about £48,000,000), as compared with the previous Budget, which, in turn, had shown an increase of 5,000,000,000f. on its predecessor. He also explained that in the period 1926-1930 there had been an augmentation in the expenditure of 13,000,000,000f.

The Cabinet decided that this rate of progress could not go on, and resolved to undertake a complete revision of the mass of credits and estimated increased requirements of each of the Ministries, with the object of bringing revenue and expenditure into equilibrium. The Government was unanimous in taking the view that whatever might be the difficulty in cutting down a Budget, in which 48 per cent. of the expenditure was absorbed by the public debt, it was possible, without recourse to fresh taxation or further loan, to cover permanent expenditure and to meet the cost resulting from the measures recently voted, as well as necessary to the smooth and efficient working of the public services. It was decided that M. Tardieu, the Prime Minister, and M. Paul Reynaud, Minister of Finance, should cooperate with M. Germain-Martin in giving effect to this decision.

The Budget Minister's statement implies that the estimated expenditure has risen to about 56,000,000,000 francs (approximately £448,000,000). The expenditure for 1930 was estimated at 50,398,000,000 francs; that of the previous year closed at 45,369,000,000 francs, while in 1927, the first complete year in which the operation of the Poincaré system of reform began to be felt, the expenditure was 42,338,000,000 francs.

THE RISE IN PRICES

For some time past the steady increase in the size of the Budget has been giving rise to alarm, though it has invariably been found that the receipts from taxation have easily kept pace with the increased credits demanded by the various Departments. The yield of the taxes has not only been greater than in each previous year, but it has always been very considerably in excess of the estimates. The result has been an annual surplus, which has in turn stimulated the activities of those legislators in the Finance Committee of the Chamber who are always ready to initiate new recurrent expenditure in the hope of pleasing their constituents.

The steady rise in both expenditure and revenue has its origin in normal economic causes. The greater part of the Budget revenue is derived from direct taxation, paid on an *ad valorem* basis, and therefore tending to increase in volume concurrently with any increase in prices. When the franc was stabilized one of the inevitable consequences was that prices in France would tend to adjust themselves to world market prices, and this process has been going on ever since. The rise in prices has necessitated greater expenditure, so that, even if there had been no increase in the creation of permanent sources of expenditure, the volume of the Budget would have tended to grow. The difference in the value of money may be gauged by the fact that in January, 1928, when the policy of repatriating foreign credits and importing gold had hardly begun, the note issue was 57,000,000,000 francs, whereas it is now in the neighbourhood of 75,000,000,000 francs.

But for the fact that a very close check was kept on expenditure throughout M. Poincaré's Administration, and has been relaxed only very slightly since then, the Budget might have been larger still. Apart from the expenditure on the public debt, France has to face a very heavy pension bill which is estimated, on good financial authority, to have reached 8,000,000,000f. (£64,000,000), of which nearly one-half is accounted for by the pensions of officials. The lowering of the age for retirement has greatly augmented the pension bill, and it is now shortly to be very considerably increased as the result of the decision to pension ex-Servicemen. It is believed that the cost of this additional item has been greatly underestimated. A further source of expenditure is furnished by the State's share in the cost and administration of the social insurance scheme, of which no exact estimates have been formed. It is these incalculable elements that have really given rise to alarm rather than the mere automatic increase in the volume of revenue and expenditure.

AGRICULTURAL SITUATION IN INDIA

AN OFFICIAL REVIEW

The Government of India's Department of Education, Health, and Lands, has summed up the agricultural situation at the end of July. The rainfall is generally sufficient, with excess and floods in parts.

The general condition of the crops over India as a whole is satisfactory, except in small areas, which have been affected by floods. The stocks of food grain are generally sufficient. The fodder and water supply is also generally sufficient, except in parts of Bombay, but fodder is insufficient in parts of Sind and Rajputana. The condition of cattle is generally satisfactory, except in parts of Madras, Bombay, Sind, Rajputana, and Western India States. Cattle disease has been reported in parts of Madras and Rajputana.

Prices are generally low in Madras, Sind, and the North-West Frontier Province, and economic conditions are reported to be not quite satisfactory in the United Provinces and the North-West Frontier Province, owing to the falling prices of grain; in Assam, owing to dull market, heavy cattle mortality, and the general effect of last year's floods; and in Jubbulpore Division of the Central Provinces, owing to the failure of the rabi crops in three successive years. In the cotton country of the Central Provinces cultivators are concerned over the slump in the price of cotton.

GRAND TRUNK JUNIOR STOCKS

We have received a statement from Sir Henry Thornton, chairman and president of the Canadian National Railways, regarding the telegram which appeared in *The Times* of July 26 and dealt with certain claims of the junior stockholders of the Grand Trunk Railway. Sir Henry's statement, after reviewing briefly the history of the dispute, declares that:—

The statement [telegraphed from New York] that the Interstate Commerce Commission of the United States then expressed sympathy or lent aid and comfort to dissatisfied Grand Trunk shareholders is absolutely without foundation.

The legal representative of the shareholders asked the privilege of intervention in the case of a petition which the Grand Trunk Western Railway had presented to the Interstate Commerce Commission for the consolidation of certain of its properties. This intervention was denied by the Commission with the statement that if the shareholders had a claim they would have to seek redress elsewhere.

SOVIET LAWS AGAINST RELIGION

PENALTY FOR TEACHING THE YOUNG

A White Paper [Cmd. 3641, price 2d.] was issued last night, giving translations of extracts from "certain legislation respecting religion in force in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics."

When the Archbishop of Canterbury opened a debate in the House of Lords last April by calling attention to the oppression of religion in Russia and moving for papers, Lord Parmoor, on behalf of the Government, said that it would be impossible to publish what had passed between his Majesty's Ambassador and the Foreign Office. He added, however, that publications which could be laid included the decree separating the Church from the State, the order placing ministers of religion among disfranchised persons, and those parts of the Russian codes dealing with religion. The White Paper now published contains the decree and extracts from the other documents mentioned by Lord Parmoor.

Under Article 4 of the Constitution of the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic [Russia proper] it is provided:—

In order to assure to the workers true liberty of conscience, the Church is separated from the State and the schools from the Church, and liberty of religious belief and of anti-religious propaganda is recognized as the right of all citizens.

Article 69 lays down that "ministers of religion of all beliefs and doctrines actually following their religion and monks" may not vote or be elected to the Soviets [Councils].

The Criminal Code of the R.S.F.S.R. contains the following provisions:—

ARTICLE 122.—The teaching of religious belief to young children and persons under age in State or private educational establishments and schools, or violation of the regulations on this subject, is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding one year.

ARTICLE 123.—The commission of acts of deceit, with the object of encouraging superstition among the masses of the population and with a view to deriving profit of any kind therefrom, is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding one year, with partial confiscation of property or a fine not exceeding 500 roubles [nominally £50].

ARTICLE 124.—The enforced collection of contributions on behalf of ecclesiastical or religious groups is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding 300 roubles [nominally £30].

ARTICLE 125.—The assumption by religious or ecclesiastical organizations of administrative, judicial, or other functions appertaining to public law and of the rights of juridical persons is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding 300 roubles.

ARTICLE 126.—The performance in (the buildings of) State or public institutions and undertakings of religious ceremonies, or the installation in such institutions and undertakings of any form of religious representation (*e.g.*, picture) is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding three months or a fine not exceeding 300 roubles.

ARTICLE 127.—The prevention of the performance of any religious ceremony, provided it does not violate public order and is not accompanied by any infringement of the rights of citizens, is punishable with compulsory labour for a period not exceeding six months.

Rules as to the elective rights of persons associated with religious organizations are set out in instructions issued by the Central Executive Committee of the U.S.S.R. [Soviet Union] on September 28, 1926. Those not deprived of such elective rights are persons hired or elected for employment in the economic administration or technical service of the buildings of religious cults, such as watchmen, cleaners, bellringers, singers, &c., as also members of church councils, provided that those persons are not deprived of their elective rights by other articles of the Constitution of the Allied Republics.

Instructions of the Central Executive Committee of the R.S.F.S.R. of November 4, 1926, state that among those deprived of elective rights are:—

Servants of religious cults of all religions and persuasions, such as: Monks, lay brothers and sisters, priests, deacons, psalmists, mullahs, muezzins, rabbis, bi's, kazi's, cantors, shamanists, baksi's, Roman Catholic clergy, pastors, readers, and persons with other names who carry out similar duties, independently of whether they receive a salary for the execution of those duties.

GRAIN HARVESTING IN RUSSIA

TERRORIST "STIMULATION"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, Aug. 12

The daily official reports of grain harvesting in Soviet Russia describe the harvesting in nearly all districts as unsatisfactory, in the case of both collectivized and uncollectivized peasants, and the authorities in Moscow have issued general orders to stimulate the "harvesting front."

As a result of the partial resumption of terrorist methods against uncollectivized peasants, local disorders have again become frequent, especially in the Ukraine and the Northern Caucasus. The Soviet Press says that the war against the *kulak* (well-to-do) peasant is already encountering stubborn resistance, and daily records cases of the destruction of machinery belonging to collective farms, Government grain stores, and officials' dwellings, with the accompaniment of bloodshed. To-day's newspapers say that the *kulaks* are especially active in the regions around Kharkoff and Artemovsk (formerly Bakhmut).

Official reports still give no clear idea of the amount of the harvest. At the beginning of the season the authorities published regular reports with exact estimates, but recently they state for the most part what crops are average, what above average, and what below average. In several of the Northern, Central, and Black Soil districts heavy rain recently retarded the harvesting and apparently caused much damage.

SOVIET AND COLOUR PREJUDICE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, Aug. 12

The Soviet Press states that a resolution was passed by workers of the Stalingrad [formerly Tsaritsyn] electric works to the effect that the behaviour of the 300 American electricians employed there is incompatible with their remaining in Soviet territory. The resolution was the result of the Americans ejecting a negro workman from the common eating room a few days ago.

RELIEF OF AGRICULTURE IN FRANCE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Aug. 12

M. Fernand David, Minister of Agriculture, informed the Council of Ministers this morning that in view of the bad condition of this year's harvest it was essential to assure a stabilization of prices during the next few months which would be fair to the producers. The Ministry was therefore buying provisions from the large agricultural associations by private contract, and was arranging for credit cards which would permit postponed deliveries, according to the requirements of consumption.

CANADIAN TARIFF COMMISSION

CREDITS FOR FARMERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, Aug. 12

Mr. Bennett, the Prime Minister, has announced the abolition of the Tariff Board, the Order in Council creating it having been rescinded.

The Government will seek constitutional authority to establish a new tribunal, to be known as a Tariff Commission, along the lines proposed by Sir Robert Borden before the War. The measure then introduced was amended by the Liberal majority in the Senate, but in its amended form it was unacceptable to the Borden Government. The present Tariff Commissioners and experts have been disbanded.

Arrangements for financing the 1930 crop were completed at a conference in which Mr. Bennett and the Premiers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, and the general managers of seven of the leading banks took part. The bankers are willing to extend credit facilities consistent with market conditions and security for themselves with the object of orderly marketing. There will not be a guaranteed price, but the farmers will receive an initial cash payment to finance their farm operations.

Senator Robertson, Dominion Minister of Labour, has announced that the Government is making a quick survey of unemployment conditions. The Employment Service Council has been summoned to meet on August 21 to consider the information available from cities of a population exceeding 10,000. Relief proposals will be submitted to the special session of Parliament in September. Several provinces are planning to cooperate with the Dominion in alleviating unemployment by providing winter jobs on the construction of the Transcanada highway and other public works, and manufacturers, transportation companies, and labour organizations are also cooperating.

THE VIKING TYPE OF MAN

DANISH PROFESSOR'S THEORY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 12

Professor Hansen, who for many years has carried out special investigations of the skulls and skeletons found in the tombs of historical persons, has for some time been occupied in studying the *homo gardarensis*, which was found in Gardar Churchyard, Greenland. He has now arrived at the conclusion that "modern primeval man" was simply a very large, coarse Viking type. This has led Professor Hansen to form the opinion that the theories in regard to the finds of other primeval types may be modified, and that perhaps too much stress has been put on negroid features.

TURKISH TROOPS CROSS INTO PERSIA

NEW ATTACK ON KURDS

Angora, Aug. 12.—The Turkish Government has decided to ignore the wishes of the Persian Government with regard to Turkish action on Persian territory against the Kurdish insurgents and has ordered General Salih Pasha, commanding on the Turco-Persian frontier, to begin operations against the tribesmen entrenched on the slopes of Mount Ararat.

The Turkish troops last night crossed the Persian frontier and occupied on the eastern slopes of the Agridagh a strategic position, which is well within Persian territory. The Persian Government is thus faced with a *fait accompli*. The Turks have taken every precaution to cut off the retreat of the insurgents and hope to dispose of the Kurdish menace for good and all.—*Reuter.*

THE NORWEGIAN PAPER DISPUTE

WORK TO STOP ON SATURDAY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OSLO, Aug. 12

After trying to mediate in the dispute in the paper industry since the beginning of the month in the hope of averting a stoppage of work, the Public Mediator to-day abandoned his efforts at the request of the employers, who maintain their demand for a reduction of wages against the workers' demand for an increase. In consequence of this, work will stop in the paper industry after Saturday night. The 12,000 workers affected received due notice a fortnight ago.

In accordance with the law the Public Mediator is entitled to try again after 30 days' cessation of work; but a protracted conflict is generally expected.

TUBERCULOSIS CONGRESS IN OSLO

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OSLO, Aug. 12

In the presence of the King and Queen, the Crown Prince and Princess, and an audience of several hundred medical representatives from all parts of the world, the Seventh International Tuberculosis Congress opened in the University Hall to-day. Professor Frölich, of the University of Oslo, delivered the opening address in French, and, after outlining the agenda of the Congress, said that the most burning question on it was that of vaccination against tuberculosis with Professor Calmette's lymph. Professor Calmette, who arrived to-day by sea from Antwerp, will speak to-morrow.

There is a large attendance of French, German, Italian, and Americans. The principal British delegates are Sir Robert Philip, from Edinburgh, and Miss Edith McGaw and Colonel Nathan Raw from London.

SIR J. SIMON'S BROADCAST IN AMERICA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, Aug. 12

Sir John Simon, who arrives to-day to attend the Canadian and American Bar meetings at Toronto and Chicago, will broadcast a talk on India from the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, at 10 p.m. on Monday. The talk will be broadcast over the Canadian Pacific Railway stations, covering the whole of the Dominion from Halifax to Victoria and the farthest north, and will be heard in the greater part of the United States.

AUSTRALIAN FREIGHT RATES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, Aug. 12

The conference of shippers, exporters, and Government representatives ended to-day with an offer by the companies to consider a reduction in freight rates if increased cargoes were guaranteed. A committee of the conference recommended the Commonwealth Government to negotiate with Eastern countries for reciprocal trade agreements.

Mr. Moloney, the Minister for Markets, had urged the necessity of freight reduction, pointing out that the rate from Sydney to Singapore was £6 10s. a ton, as compared with £3 from California.

LENA GOLDFIELDS ARBITRATION

COMPANY'S CHARGE AGAINST SOVIET

HINDERED ENTERPRISE

A further sitting was held yesterday at the Royal Courts of Justice of the Arbitration Court which is considering the dispute between Lena Goldfields, Limited, and the Russian Soviet Government, each of whom alleges breach by the other of a concession agreement to which they are parties. The Court consists of Professor Dr. Otto Stutzer, of Freiburg University, neutral arbitrator, who presided, and Sir Leslie Scott, K.C., appointed by Lena Goldfields, Limited. The Soviet Government has withdrawn from the arbitration and is not represented.

Mr. Alexander Malozemoff, formerly managing director of Lena Goldfields, Limited, continued his evidence, and was further questioned by Dr. Idelson, who appeared for the company, regarding the properties in the Urals comprised in the concession agreement. He said that the Soviet Government, in breach of their undertaking, failed to supply necessary foodstuffs for the Lena workpeople, with the result that supplies had to be purchased at the cooperative stores at high prices. The property was depleted of all necessary materials, even the most necessary raw materials being taken away. The result was that proper constructive work could not be started for at least six months. There were many verbal discussions with the Government representatives, and finally it was agreed that they should pay a sum of money in compensation, but it was never paid. In spite of complaint made 18 months after the granting of the concession, the Soviet Government failed to hand over certain buildings comprised in the agreement which were occupied by social and political bodies, thereby delaying the work of the company and causing difficulty in obtaining workpeople. A brick shed which the company wanted for the purpose of making bricks for new buildings was never handed over, and no compensation was paid. The Government failed to enforce their decisions over local trade unions and other local authorities. The Kollara area was not handed over, but was closed by the Supreme Council of Economy because it was found to be rich in gold ore.

Dr. Idelson explained to the Court that, according to Russian mining law, there were two stages in securing mining rights. The first stage consisted in getting a *zaiavka*, or licence, to prospect, and the second in the granting of an award.

LOSS OF DEPOSITS

The witness, continuing, said that after the company had taken all the necessary legal steps under the concession agreement to work the Kollara area it was announced in *Izvestia*, the official organ of the Soviet Government, that that Government had "discovered the Kollara gold-bearing area." The company regarded it as valuable ground, which would have greatly increased their production. By being deprived of the Hair Kumin plot, the company suffered the loss of fireclay deposits. There were no other fireclay deposits in the area, which was highly mineralized, and also contained good timber, which was necessary for mining work and construction purposes.

In reply to the PRESIDENT, the witness said that the company, being deprived of this fireclay, had to get ready-made bricks from Germany at tremendous freight costs.

Dr. Idelson questioned the witness about the limestone deposits in the Sisertsky area. Mr. Malozemoff said that these deposits provided the only pure limestone within the territory of the concession, and were necessary for the treatment of the ore and for other metallurgical purposes. The company's workmen were ejected from the limestone workings by armed force.

In reply to SIR LESLIE SCOTT, the witness said that the company maintained that they had exclusive right to the limestone, while the Government replied that they wanted it for commercial purposes.

Dr. Idelson said that the right of the Government to restrict the company was not clear, if there was any right at all.

SIR LESLIE SCOTT said that, frankly, he did not think the Government had a leg to stand on, but the Court should be told what right the Government claimed to exercise at the time. "What," he asked the witness, "did they say to you and what did you say to them?"

Mr. Malozemoff.—Very little was said; they just forced us out and proceeded to work the limestone for commercial purposes.

Questioned with regard to the white clay deposits, the witness said that the company found these deposits before starting production in 1927 and enjoyed quite a peaceful position until the Government's "five years plan" led to their dispossessing the company of the white clay deposits.

TRANSFER OF COALMINES

Dr. Idelson then came to what he described as a very important breach of the agreement, in connexion with the transfer of coalmines, to the company. The company was entitled to exploit coalmines in certain districts, but, the witness stated, three months after the expiration of the date for the transfer, the company was incurring heavy losses through having to buy coal instead of using what was their own coal under the concession. No conditions were made in the concession about handing over the coalmines, but five months after the date at which they should have been transferred the Government said that "in principle" they were prepared to hand over the mines provided that the company would do certain work for the Government. The company had quite enough work of its own to do.

As a result of the Government's action, the witness explained, the company had to stop its production for considerable periods and had also to obtain shipments of coke from England. The Soviet Government refused to sell them coal of good quality such as was necessary for metallurgical work. He considered that the construction work of the company was delayed for at least two years on this account.

The witness was then questioned about the facilities for importing necessary articles free of duty, for which provision was made in the agreement, and said that certain rules were introduced in 1928 by the Soviet Government which eventually made importation practically impossible. The company never knew how high the duty would be, and he had known it vary from 100 per cent. to 300 per cent. in a week. A permit had to be obtained to import goods, and the delays were sometimes so long that the company decided to pay duty instead of waiting any longer.

The evidence of Mr. Malozemoff was not completed when the Court adjourned until this morning.

Solicitors to Lena Goldfields, Limited.—Messrs. Guedalla, Jacobson, and Spyer.

AEROPLANE MISHAP IN AUSTRALIAN BUSH

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, Aug. 12

Advices from Alice Springs state that Mr. Errol Coote's pilot aeroplane, which is accompanying the expedition to the Petermann Ranges in search of gold, hit some trees at a lonely spot 230 miles out, overturned, and crashed. Mr. Coote was hurt, but not seriously.

The accident was seen only by a bushman, who improvised a stretcher of spinifex and grass. Later Mr. Coote was taken to Alice Springs on a motor-truck, which had to travel throughout the night. There was a doctor at Alice Springs. Mr. Coote is progressing.

Mr. Coote's task was to drop provisions so as to enable the prospecting party to traverse isolated parts, and also to map the route. The party includes Captain Blackiston Houston, aide-de-camp to Lord Stonehaven, the Governor-General of Australia. Mr. Coote's accident was not seen by his comrades, who continued their trek.

PROPOSED BRIDGE OVER THE DANUBE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, Aug. 12

A Yugoslav delegation headed by M. Peter Milenkovitch, of the Ministry of Public Works, and a Rumanian delegation headed by M. Manoilescu, Minister for Communications, met here to-day to discuss the plans for building a bridge across the Danube at Brza Palanka to link up the Yugoslav and Rumanian railways. The plan was first discussed and a Convention signed in 1914, but the Great War prevented it from being put into effect.

MORE MONEY FOR INDIAN GAOLS

RESULTS OF CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12

In consequence of the civil disobedience campaign the Bengal Government is asking for supplementary grants of over 18 lakhs of rupees [£135,000] for extra police and the additional cost of gaol accommodation. As the revenue of the Province shows a decline, this money has to be withheld from nation-building departments, and so cramps their activities.

There was a warm debate yesterday in the Legislative Council on the supplementary vote of 10 lakhs of rupees for gaol accommodation, during which Sir Provash Mitter, a member of the Executive, strongly defended the prison authorities against allegations of using undue force in the suppression of disturbances among political prisoners, and refused to hold an official inquiry, which would practically be a trial of the responsible officers. The Government, he said, was satisfied that the force used was justified. Sir Provash Mitter added that if the extra grant were refused there must be fewer "A" class prisoners, and if that resulted in hunger strikes the members would have only themselves to blame.

Maulvi Fazl-ul-Huq, Moslem, taunted those who complained of the extra expenditure with having supported the civil disobedience movement, and that, if thousands of Indians courted imprisonment, unless provision was made for an emergency one could not expect that they would be conveniently lodged in gaol.

The supplementary vote for gaols was carried by a majority of 50, and, after an exciting discussion, the vote for extra police was passed by a majority of two. The discussion was notable for a speech by Mr. W. L. Travers, chairman of the European Group, who warmly defended the police against the charges of having exceeded their powers.

NEW ZEALAND CUSTOMS TARIFF

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WELLINGTON, Aug. 12

The House of Representatives to-day, after a long debate, approved the amended Customs tariff resolutions, the principal effect of which is to increase the duties on timber and large glass bottles and jars, thus protecting the local industries, and to increase the revenue duty on spirits from 36s. to 40s. a gallon.

The Customs Bill, which was introduced, contained a provision for the remission or reduction of the extra protection if the prices to the public were unjustifiably increased.

NEW CHURCHES FOR ROME

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, Aug. 12

The appointment of Cardinal Marchetti-Selvaggiani as president of the recently constituted *opera* "for the preservation of the faith and the supply of new churches in Rome" is followed by the publication in to-night's *Osservatore Romano* of the names of the other members. The secretary-general is to be Mgr. Pietro Ercole, who is also to act *ad interim* as secretary of the section for the supply of churches. The secretary for the section for the preservation of the faith is the Rev. Giulio Bevilacqua, while the legal adviser is the Marquis Pacelli, brother of the Cardinal Secretary of State, who played a leading part in the negotiations for the solution of the Roman question.

A Japanese trade delegation arrived at Durban, NATAL, yesterday.—*Reuter.*

THE NEW TURKISH PARTY

INFLUENTIAL RECRUITS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12

Fethy Bey announces that five prominent Deputies have left the Popular Party in order to join his new party and that Makboule Khanum, the Ghazi Pasha's sister, is the first woman to become a Liberal Republican. Nury Bey, Deputy for Kutahia, and an intimate friend of the Ghazi Pasha has been appointed Secretary General of the new party.

Meanwhile General Ismet Pasha continues to criticize Fethy Bey and quotes *The Times* in support of his contention that the Turkish foreign policy has been successfully conducted. At the end of August a new daily, to be called *Revolution*, which will defend Ismet Pasha's policy, is to be published.

The Turkish Embassy in London announces that there is no truth in the statement [which was not published in *The Times*] that Ahmed Ferid Bey, the Ambassador, intends either to resign from the Diplomatic Service or to enter political life in Turkey.

THE SACK OF CHANGSHA

MUCH DAMAGE TO MISSION BUILDINGS

SHANGHAI, Aug. 12.—The first authentic account of the capture of Changsha by the Reds at the end of July has been given by a missionary who was in the city at the time. He estimates that the Reds killed about 1,000 people, half of whom were soldiers already wounded; he said that many big buildings were seriously damaged and a smaller number burned. These were largely official buildings, most of which were gutted.

Property on the island on which is the Foreign Settlement was left intact, thanks to the presence of foreign gunboats, but 60 of the foreign mission buildings were burned and either wholly or partially looted. One church, one school, and two private residences were burned down, one orphanage, five churches, eight schools, and 16 private residences were either completely looted, badly damaged, or demolished; and the buildings which were partially demolished were an orphanage, two hospitals, seven schools, and 16 private residences. Most of the purely Chinese buildings on the mission premises, such as servants' quarters and outbuildings, were destroyed. Presbyterian premises sustained most damage, the Norwegian Mission was the next most serious sufferer, while the China Inland Mission and the Catholic, Episcopal, and Evangelical Missions had also damage to report.—*Reuter.*

AMERICAN BISHOP IN DANGER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The State Department has been informed by the United States Consul-General in Canton that Mgr. John O'Shea, Titular Bishop of Midila, coadjutor of the Vicar Apostolic at Kanchow, is in imminent danger. The Bishop is a native of Germantown, Philadelphia.—*Reuter.*

A TIENTSIN message says:—Owing to failure to reach an agreement with the local tax bureau regarding the new 50 per cent. tobacco tax, the British Cigarette Company's factories here are closing down to-morrow, throwing 4,000 Chinese hands out of employment.—*Reuter.*

Telegrams in Brief

H.M. Stationery Office has published as a White Paper [Cmd. 3639: 9d.] the General Index to Treaty Series 1927-1929.

Admiral of the Fleet Lord Beatty arrived at COPENHAGEN in his yacht yesterday. He will stay there two or three days.

M. Moscicki, President of Poland, sailed from REVAL yesterday escorted by the Polish warships which had accompanied him on his official visit to Estonia.

Two Europeans, 12 coloured men, and one native were drowned in the harbour of East London yesterday when storms swept over CAPE PROVINCE.—*Reuter.*

It is announced from San José that the President of COSTA RICA will not veto the recent decision of the Congress of this republic to re-enter the League of Nations.

On leaving this country the King of IRAQ sent a telegram to the Prime Minister expressing his sincerest thanks for the hospitality which he had enjoyed while in London.

The trial began in the High Court in MADRAS on Monday of Private R. Britten, of the Tank Corps, who is charged with the murder of Lance-Corporal Davis, of that Corps, on May 30. Britten pleaded "Not Guilty."

The International Postal Workers' Congress opened at COPENHAGEN yesterday. Mr. J. W. Bowen, M.P., general secretary, Union of Post Office Workers, acted as president. The membership of the Congress is estimated at 493,000.

According to information received in London yesterday, a fire in the British steamer Brookwood (4,082 tons), which began on Monday while the ship was in the Indian Ocean 900 miles from Mauritius, was not yet under control. The Brookwood was then 480 miles from Mauritius.

According to Signor di Crollalanza, the ITALIAN Minister of Public Works, many of the persons who were previously supposed to have been killed in the recent earthquake have been traced to neighbouring villages. Signor Mussolini has announced his intention of visiting the earthquake zone towards the end of October.

East Africa learns that Mr. H. C. Mullins, a South African Rhodes Scholar, who joined the survey staff of the Aircraft Operating Company, was recently mauled by a leopard near Kasempa, NORTHERN RHODESIA. The leopard, which had been wounded, sprang upon Mr. Mullins and clawed his right arm before falling dead. The wound inflicted on Mr. Mullins proved septic, and he was taken to hospital at Broken Hill by aeroplane.

THE PRINCE'S VISIT TO ARGENTINA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 12

At the luncheon of the British Chamber of Commerce to-day, after the Chairman, Sir Herbert Gibson, had proposed the toasts to the Argentine President and King George, Sir Ronald Macleay, the British Ambassador, referred felicitously to the Prince of Wales's coming visit to the Trade Fair and proposed the health of his Royal Highness, which met with an enthusiastic response from a large and representative gathering.

THE RUMANO-HUNGARIAN TRADE TREATY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUDAPEST, Aug. 12

The draft of the new Rumano-Hungarian Treaty of Commerce has been initialled; some points have still to be settled by the two Governments, after which the Treaty will be signed. As the existing provisional commercial agreement between the two countries comes to an end on August 31, it has been arranged that most-favoured-nation treatment shall be enjoyed by the two parties until the end of the year if the new Treaty does not come into force before then.

Other Foreign News on following page

SPECIAL PETROL-REFINING PROCESS *for* HIGH SPEED COMMERCIAL VEHICLES *and* SUPER PASSENGER-COACHES

WE take pleasure in announcing that Pratts "COMMERCIAL" Petrol is now refined by a special process expressly to meet the needs of modern high-speed commercial vehicles and super passenger-coaches.

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AFRIDIS IN RETREAT

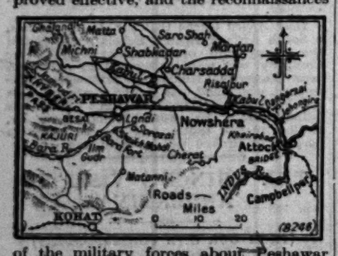
REINFORCEMENTS AT PESHAWAR

NEW CENTRES OF TROUBLE

WOMEN REMOVED BY AIR

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
SIMLA, AUG. 12

The latest authentic reports of the Afridi invasion are favourable, and suggest the early collapse of the movement. To-day's report is that the few hundreds who reached the plain last week-end have had enough of their venture, and are seeking homeward paths through the country of their kinsmen in the tribal territory known as the "Kohat Salient." The devastating bombing of the marauders' villages by the Royal Air Force has proved effective, and the reconnaissances



of the military forces about Peshawar have shown the raiders that the British Raj is not yet overthrown.

No one supposes that so long as we do not hold a controlling position in the centre of the Afridi country—as we do at Razmak, overlooking Mahsud territory—it will be possible to prevent occasional predatory descents by tribesmen upon Peshawar and its environs. The hills open upon the plain by a hundred big and little valleys and nullahs; the foothills are honeycombed with caves; and the scrub gives shelter from observation and protection from bombardment. The plain itself is riven with deep watercourses, in which thousands of men can easily conceal themselves. For small parties of bold, clever adventurers to advance during darkness to the villages surrounding Peshawar is easy, unless every yard of ground is policed—which is not possible. Once among the villages, the hillmen are difficult to distinguish by appearance from the local inhabitants during the day, and can assemble and do much mischief by night. At this time of the year the well-watered condition of the plain renders the movements of the protective forces difficult, and the rich millet and other crops, several feet high, afford the marauders concealment.

The Afridis on this occasion had no genuine motive for a general revolt; the season before the garnering of their own ripening crops is not, from their point of view, suitable for an expedition. Their bands came down under the incitements of agitators and under the delusion that the Congress organization at Peshawar had sufficiently upset government to make the way easy.

AFRIDIS' ALLIES

Whether the episode will fizzle out, with no great harm done in the plain and with the Afridis sadder and wiser men, remains to be seen. The invaders have achieved no such triumph as would have resounded like a clarion call among all the wild acres of the Frontier. To prevent such a triumph has been one of the greatest cares of the authorities. The ordinary train service to Peshawar, for instance, was stopped, lest some daring gang should, by moving a rail or placing a boulder on the line, cause an accident. Had such a thing happened the commotion throughout the Frontier region would have been great.

The Afridis' Tirah neighbours, the Orakzais, in a great *jirga* [tribal assembly] two days ago, decided to stand by the pledges of help to which they had already, in joint *jirga*, bound themselves. They decided forthwith to make a descent by the Khanki Valley upon Kohat. Intelligence of their decision was speedily received at Peshawar, and warning was immediately given to the Orakzais that unless they desisted they would be bombed. The Tirah tribe of Massozai, a day or two ago, attacked Badama Post, held by Kurram Militia, about eight miles from Parachinar. Their repulse by the Militia has been followed by punitive aerial bombing of their villages. Aeroplanes have taken English women and children away from Parachinar to Kohat for safety, but there is reason to hope that the prompt precautions taken by the authorities and the latest news from Afridi sources have damped filibustering ardours on the southern Tirah slope.

THE HAJI ACTIVE AGAIN

The Orakzais were not united in favour of cooperation with the Afridis. Their Elders dissented from the decision, although—as with the Afridis earlier—their young men carried the day against them. When their hotheads set forth, their principal Mullah declined to give them his blessing.

Farther north the notorious Haji of Turangzai has responded to an appeal from the Afridis to assist them. He is again trying to stir up the Mohmands, and there is a possibility of his receiving help from an equally notorious firebrand, the Chaknawar Mullah, whose great power among the Mohmands exceeds that of the Haji of Turangzai. He has lately been away from his own country, and is now reported to have returned there.

Preparations are, meanwhile, being made in India for whatever eventualities may arise. Additional troops are being concentrated at Peshawar, so as to bring the total forces available there to overwhelming strength. The R.A.F. on the Frontier has also been strengthened.

While the Afridi raiders are retiring from the plain and cavalry are sweeping up any laggards, the Royal Air Force is methodically punishing those Afridi villages the men of which have been engaged in the expedition. Until the recent participation of the Afridis in the commotion arising from the Congress activities in Peshawar, the R.A.F. never flew over Tirah, so genuine was our willing observance of the tribesmen's semi-independence. As a result of their unprovoked interference on this occasion, their country has been aerially surveyed and photographically mapped; every village of which the men have joined the expedition is known, and such villages are now being methodically bombed and their defence towers and houses destroyed. Twenty-four hours' notice of such visitation is always given by a messenger dispatched by the political authorities. The villagers know its meaning, and on its receipt they promptly go out into the open fields till the bombing is over.

INCIDENT AT ATTOCK BRIDGE

TROOP TRAINS FIRED ON

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
PESHAWAR, AUG. 12

There was little Afridi activity in the neighbourhood of Peshawar last night. Some shots were fired at Attock Bridge and trains for Peshawar were delayed there until the arrival of an armoured train.

The bridge has frequently been mentioned as the Afridi objective, but any serious damage is impossible. The firing was directed at troop trains bringing up a reinforcing brigade and militia to Peshawar, and an armoured train was sent to escort the troop trains. The railway line is intact.

Large numbers of Afridis are believed to have returned to their homes last night. An armoured car on the Bara road, east of Peshawar, was fired at last night by a party of Afridis returning to the hills.

PESHAWAR, Aug. 11 (delayed by censor).—Afridis gathered in the south city gardens engaged the police all night, shots being exchanged. At midnight a party attacked the Cantonments and fired scattered shots without doing any damage and retired at dawn.—*Reuter.*

PEACE TALK IN PRISON

THE NEHRUS AND MR. GANDHI

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
BOMBAY, AUG. 12

Pandit Motilal Nehru and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived at Kirkee, near Poona, last night, and were immediately transferred to Yeravda Gaol, where the interview with Mr. Gandhi will take place. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar [who undertook the mission to the Congress leaders "to bring about the return of peaceful conditions in the country"] are leaving Bombay for Poona to-night. The extremists in the Congress camp at Poona are at present refraining from any demonstration against the peace move, in spite of the fact that they have recently been urging the people to have nothing to do with such a move.

Of the 76 mills in Bombay which were working until the start of the civil disobedience campaign 12 have now closed and about 12 more contemplate closing this week. All but two of those already closed are Indian managed. The Congress proposes to begin on Sunday what is called a "labour week" among the working classes, which is viewed by the millowners with misgiving as likely to complicate the situation further. The Congress idea appears to be to form a federation of all existing labour unions, to be supervised by a special committee of the Congress.

A *communiqué* issued by the Central Provinces Government states that various outbreaks of violence and lawlessness in connexion with the civil disobedience movement have occurred, particularly in the Jubbulpore and Amraoti districts, and that the situation shows no improvement. Much damage has been done to Government forests, the loss thus caused in one area alone amounting to over Rs.6,000 [£450]. The *communiqué* adds:—

When the police appeared to prevent these activities the people concerned showed an increasingly truculent attitude and did not hesitate to resort to assault and violence. Such open flouting of authority and such reckless damage to public property cannot be tolerated. The Government, therefore, has decided to quarter additional police for six months in some places of the Jubbulpore and Amraoti districts, leaving the cost to be borne by the inhabitants in those areas.

POONA, Aug. 12.—It is understood that conversations took place in Yeravda Gaol to-day between Mr. Gandhi and the Pandits Motilal and Jawaharlal Nehru.—*Reuter.*

POLICE STONED AT AHMEDABAD

THIRTY PERSONS INJURED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
BOMBAY, AUG. 12

About 30 persons were injured and 20 others were arrested in rioting at Ahmedabad to-day, when the Congress inaugurated a "National Week" by selling contraband salt and distributing seditious pamphlets among the police.

The salt was carried round in a lorry, and the police, endeavouring to seize it, were stoned by a crowd which had collected. Later the police were compelled to charge to disperse the crowd. This caused some panic, and shops were closed. Afterwards armed police and mounted troopers patrolled the town. Both there and elsewhere in Ahmedabad, on trouble breaking out to-day, Congress volunteers are reported to have tried to persuade the crowd to disperse.

The Government of Bombay received urgent information this morning that the wave of extreme lawlessness which originated at Sukkur last week is now rapidly spreading to the surrounding villages. Alarming reports have been received of looting, dacoities, and worse. All the available troops at Karachi have been sent to the affected district, where, divided into platoons, they are being guided by people familiar with the local topography to the places where their presence is required. The breach in the railway makes the transport of additional reinforcements from Quetta impossible. Sukkur itself is now reported to be comparatively quiet.

CIVIL SERVICE BONUS

PROTEST AGAINST REDUCTION

The Civil Service Confederation is arranging a meeting to be held in the Central Hall, Westminster, on Thursday, September 4, to protest against the action of the Government in reducing the cost-of-living bonus of Civil servants as from September 1. A demand will be submitted that the existing basis should be maintained until the Royal Commission on the Civil Service, which has the general question of the cost-of-living bonus under consideration, has reported.

UNEMPLOYMENT GRANTS

SCHEMES TO EMPLOY 1,400 MEN APPROVED

At a meeting of the Unemployment Grants Committee on Monday, LORD ST. DAVIDS in the chair, a number of schemes of works submitted by local authorities and other statutory bodies for the relief of unemployment were approved for Government grant. The estimated cost of the schemes so approved was £844,000, to provide employment for approximately 1,400 men.

Schemes before the committee for approval which are now the subject of inquiry number 597, and are estimated to cost £13,300,000.

Full particulars of the grants which the committee are empowered to approve and forms of application, &c., can be obtained from the Secretary to the Unemployment Grants Committee, Sanctuary-buildings, 16, Great Smith-street, Westminster, London, S.W.1.

FRENCH STRIKES

THE WORKERS AND INSURANCE

MINERS UNEASY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
PARIS, AUG. 12

According to reports from the strike area in the north there was no change in the Tourcoing-Roubaix district to-day. With the exception of Belgian workers, whose employers have agreed to their demands, and whose passage of the frontier is now made possible by police protection, none of the textile employees in the district returned to work. In the Lille area, where there is a large non-union element, 2,000 more workers are reported to have given in to-day.

In so far as the strike movement is concerned with the application of the social insurance law, opposition to the device known as the *prime de fidélité*, by which the workman gives up the right to change his job or miss a day's work in a year in exchange for the payment of his premium, is extending. On this question the men's case is being taken up and defended in various quarters. The associations of foremen and shop stewards have decided to urge the employers to drop this plan, and two Paris newspapers, the *Volonté* and the *Intransigeant*, neither of which has any connexion with the Labour movement, have condemned it as an attempt to substitute the authority of the employers for that of the State in the administration of insurance. The scheme is generally identified with the personal policy of the secretary of the Employers' Consortium, which has for long aroused the bitter hostility of the Labour unions. In view of this general criticism it is possible that the *prime de fidélité* may be abandoned, in which case negotiations between the owners and the men will be greatly facilitated. The Prefect of the Nord Department has invited the employers to meet the men's representatives, so far without result.

The Catholic Labour unions have asked the Minister of Labour to call a special meeting of the Cost of Living Committee for the purpose of issuing an impartial estimate of the rise in prices. The unions hope to show that the demand for an increase of salaries is justified; that the agreed "standard of life" had already collapsed before the application of the insurance laws; and that the insurance premiums are a serious extra charge on the men. The Ministry of Labour has published the index figures for wholesale prices for last month. They show that the wholesale price of vegetables rose 21 points (about 4 per cent.) in the month; the price of meat and other animal food 12 points; and the general index figure 4 points. The wholesale prices of French products in general rose 11 points (about 2.2 per cent.), but those of textiles fell 17 points (about 3.4 per cent.).

Apart from the textile strike, unrest is reported from the coal mining areas, where the men are pressing for higher wages and paid holidays. The brief strike of seamstresses employed by the Maison Patou in Paris was settled this morning. The work-girls, having been refused a rise in wages, decided to appeal to the Confédération Générale du Travail for help. They went by mistake to the Paris offices of the C.G.T.U. (the Communist union), which welcomed them with open arms, advised them to double their demands, and to refuse to pay their insurance premiums, and organized a protest meeting there and then. The girls, somewhat scared by so much zeal, and protesting that they had paid insurance premiums to their own Caisse Mutuelle for years, at last found their way to the C.G.T., which promptly interviewed M. Patou, and secured concessions for his employees. The maximum wage under the agreement is about £92 a year.

MINERS' FEDERATION

LEADERS' REPORT ON THE COAL BILL

The conference of the Miners' Federation at Weston-super-Mare was suspended yesterday in order that a delegation, which included Mr. Herbert Smith and Mr. A. J. Cook, might attend the funeral of Mr. W. P. Richardson, the treasurer of the Federation, at Durham.

It is considered to be certain that Mr. T. Richards will be elected as president of the Federation. His nomination is endorsed by Lancashire, South Wales, Scotland, Northumberland, Durham, Nottinghamshire, and other areas representing more than two-thirds of the membership of the miners' organization. The action of Mr. Herbert Smith in allowing the Yorkshire Association to nominate him for the position after his resignation last year, when the Labour Government was unable to promote legislation to restore immediately the seven-hours working day in the mining industry, is regarded as a blunder. Interest centres more definitely in the nominations for the vice-presidency of the Federation. There are six candidates, including Mr. J. Jones, of Yorkshire, who has been prominent in combating Communist efforts to exert influence within the miners' unions.

The Executive Committee of the Federation, in their report presented to the delegates, have much to say of the new Coal Mines Act. Dealing with the spread-over of working hours insisted upon by the House of Lords, the committee emphasize that any spread-over proposed in the district must have the approval of the Mining Association and the Miners' Federation. The report says that the amendment has placed a powerful weapon in the hands of the miners' organization, but that the country can be assured that the federation will use this power wisely and consider the welfare and economic circumstances of the mining industry equally with the ardent desire of its own members for a shorter working day and better wages.

A message from our Special Correspondent at Weston-super-Mare appears on page 12.

THE FROLICS OF A WHALE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
SYDNEY, AUG. 12

A vagrant 40ft. whale, old and barnacle-covered, caused a flurry of excitement for a whole day in Sydney harbour by darting between ferry-boats, cruising near wharves, and smashing the deck of a launch. An attempt to harpoon the whale was made, and a shot was fired at it, but without result, and finally the whale, after being chased by a flotilla of launches, dived and disappeared.

ELECTRICITY CONTRACTS

The Central Electricity Board have placed further contracts, amounting to nearly £450,000, during the last month. These include the secondary cables and pilot cables in connexion with the Central England Electricity Scheme, the contractors for which are Messrs. Siemens Brothers and Co., Limited, Woolwich, and the Pirelli-General Cable Works, Limited, Southampton.

AIR EXERCISES BEGUN

MANY BOMBING RAIDS

DEFENCE PROBLEMS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)
CRANWELL (LINCS), AUG. 12

Intense attacks on important centres in Red Colony during the opening stages of the Air Exercises appear, in the absence of umpires' reports, to have strengthened the case for the fast intercepter machines against the day bombers and to have emphasized the value of fighter patrols when intelligence service is liable to be sketchy. The towns and ports of Red Colony have suffered surprise raids by fast and slower machines and the defence has had but little fortune in meeting these attacks. In the same way some of the Blue Colony aerodromes were assailed successfully both in bombing and machine-gun attacks, without hindrance in some cases until the raids were over.

The weather was accountable partly for the success of these offences. Plenty of cloud screened the bombers, and in half a dozen raids which I have seen in the heart of Red Colony to-day the enemy were discovered when it was too late to intercept them and almost too late to cut them off on their return. This evening after 6 o'clock a mixed flight of D.H.9's and a Wapiti, slow enough to be dealt with comfortably by Siskin fighters in the ordinary way, went through to Cranwell, the capital of Red Colony, and dropped their bombs before they could be engaged. Knowledge that this raid was pending had been received beforehand, but uncertainty about the course the raiders were taking left them a free field. It was an expensive success, no doubt, for their return journey was most exciting. Fighters were diving over and under them as soon as they turned for home, using their superior speed to attack, recover, and attack again. Nevertheless, the outward flight made without meeting the enemy was an excellent piece of work for an Auxiliary Air Force formation.

Throughout the day the assaults on Red Colony have been intense, though the first blows in the exercise were struck on behalf of Redland. These could not be made soon enough, however, to prevent any of the Blue raiding squadrons from getting away; the long distance which had to be covered from Blue Colony aerodromes to objectives partly explained that fact. On the other hand, some of the Blue force raids were carefully timed to reach important centres at luncheon time.

FAST BOMBERS

In one instance a squadron of Foxes appearing out of the clouds at 6,000ft. found their possible assailants still on the ground, a hopeless case for the fighters already 20 miles an hour slower than the bombers. The Foxes made their attack at great speed down wind, and were away on the horizon before an attempt could be made to dispute their success. In another instance five Sidestrands from Blue Colony were found by an observation post as they made for their objective, and fighters were in the air to meet them, but it was a fight right over the threatened town.

Late this afternoon fighters for Cranwell were pitted for the first time against Harts, the new day bombers which are so fast that only Bulldogs could hope to deal with them. Before the first flight appeared there had been a brief warning and Siskins were in the air to meet them. They were not more than 2,000ft. up and the fighters climbed their hardest, but a second flight of Harts had appeared before the first could be reached, and they too showed a clean pair of heels to the slower craft. To the ordinary observer there seemed to have never been any hope that the defence could come up to these fast machines, except in the best of conditions with a chance to see them a long way ahead and prepare to dive across them as they passed.

Redland's retort has been made late to-night with heavy night bombers flying at long range and refuelling at an intermediate station. Earlier in the day it used its fighters for offensive as well as defensive purposes in low flying attacks, while day bombers sought to do heavier damage with their missiles. The value of the Redland commander's decision to spare fighters for offence cannot be estimated until the umpires' awards are made, but the experience of the onlooker at these industrial towns of Red Colony suggests that there must be something to be set against his success in the south. Opposition to some forms of very fast attack would of course have been impossible to most of the fighters available, and both sides have certainly been hampered by lack of information.

A MOBILE WAR

The respective forces have observation posts which will doubtless do better service in clear weather. Reconnaissance patrols were also apt to suffer from the weather, and when they are employed the commander is faced with the additional difficulty of co-ordinating his two forms of intelligence. The wireless telephone range of the fighter is not very great, nor in peace-time conditions, when the wave-lengths available are not of the best, is it very certain. The commander in these exercises, with so many places to protect, is therefore faced with a set of problems. His observation posts may report raiders crossing the frontier at points which give no indication of their objectives. He may consider the advisability of sending his machines at various stations into the air in readiness, at the risk of not being able easily to give them fresh orders if a later report provides final information about the aim of the raid. That sort of dilemma has been illustrated in to-day's attacks, and is inherent in operations incomplete as these must be when the ground forces are small and no other arm is engaged. The exercises, too, are deliberately open, and do represent conditions which might be met in some situations oversea. A fully mobile war is intended, and the activities of any day may alter the whole situation. Air Vice-Marshal H. C. T. Dowding, the air officer commanding Red Forces, made this point in conversation with me to-day, explaining that if raids on certain places were successful it might no longer be worth while defending them, and it might be even necessary to move headquarters to a fresh place. This possibility in its turn forbids the establishment of intricate and rigid communications.

There is, therefore, no elaborate operations room in either force, such as was evolved in the last manoeuvres, where operations were strictly confined by the one objective, London. Such system of communications as exists must be possible of improvisation within a few hours in a new place, and the disadvantage which this entails has to be borne. To-day's exercises have shown the wisdom

Continued on page 12, column 3.

POLISH FRONTIER

"RIGHT" OF REVISION

"WHAT EVERY GERMAN THINKS"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
BERLIN, AUG. 12

According to reports from Paris, the French Press suggests that in yesterday's interview with M. Briand, the German Ambassador, Herr von Hoesch, made excuses for the speech of Herr Treviranus, the Minister for Occupied Territories, on Sunday. This is officially denied here. It is admitted that the Minister's choice of words was possibly not happy—there is an election impending—but there is no tendency at all to disclaim him. The Press, with a unanimity suggesting official inspiration, says he only expressed "what every German thinks" when he spoke of Germany's "right" to the revision of her eastern frontier.

It is not admitted here that the opportunity was devised, or has been taken, to try to open a debate about the eastern frontier. If this had been desired the utterance would presumably have come, not from Herr Treviranus, but from the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Herr Curtius, who can always be depended upon not to use words of doubtful implication. Incidentally the relevant passage in Herr Treviranus's speech was very slightly mistranslated in yesterday's dispatch; it should have read:—"The future of Poland can only be secured if Germany and Poland are not kept in eternal unrest through an unjust frontier line." It is pointed out here that this passage seems, so far, to have caused much less excitement in Warsaw than in Paris, where references made by Herr Treviranus to the Rhineland and Eupen and Malmedy are supposed to have had much to do with the attitude which has been taken by the French.

Herr Treviranus has certainly been attracting much attention of late. He recently made a statement on a matter of internal politics which has caused some stir. This was to the effect that the Government had promised the President to put through a reform of the finances and would, if necessary, keep on dissolving the Reichstag to that end. This seemed equivalent to saying that the present minority Government, in which Herr Treviranus is politically an outpost placed well to the Right, intended to remain in office irrespective of the wishes of the electorate and had been assured of the President's support.

R 100 AT MONTREAL

RETURN VOYAGE DELAYED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
OTTAWA, AUG. 12

R 100 moored at 7.40 last night at St. Hubert airport, Montreal, after cruising over Montreal for three hours.

Engine trouble developed in the starboard forward motor during the landing, and according to Wing-Commander Colmore the extent of the damage is not known. It is believed to be slight, but the return voyage to England has been delayed until 10 o'clock to-morrow evening. Some trouble was also experienced with the reduction gear of the airship.

Sir Dennistoun Burney to-day submitted to Mr. Bennett, the Dominion Prime Minister, definite plans for the early establishment of an airship service between Great Britain and Canada. Sir Dennistoun, who said that he would discuss the matter with the British Government, suggested that the Canadian and British Governments should contribute 75 per cent. of the cost of a new Atlantic type of airship, twice the size of R 100, and should contract for the transport of six tons of mail weekly at £1,000 per ton, making the postal rates 4d. or 5d. per letter. The proposals were laid before Mr. Bennett in writing. He will study them and be prepared to discuss possible developments with the British Ministers at the Imperial Conference.

When the airship leaves to-morrow she will carry a box of Niagara peaches, which were sent to Montreal by aeroplane for the Prince of Wales.

THE DROUGHT IN U.S.

INSUFFICIENT SHOWERS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
NEW YORK, AUG. 12

In consequence of the drought President Hoover has provisionally cancelled his holiday trip in the West. Frequent showers are reported over large agricultural areas, but so far they have been insufficient except to retard deterioration. Increased rainfall is, however, predicted for this week, although it is still uncertain whether it will be adequate.

It was explained in Washington to-day that the crop figures issued yesterday do not represent the final state of the crops. Since they were gathered there has been an important increase in the damage, which, even if the drought ends this week, may reduce the maize crop to a figure below 2,000,000,000 bushels. The estimated loss in the maize up to the beginning of August amounts to 600,000,000 bushels.

The Red Cross organization has reported that there is danger of serious suffering and need for large-scale relief in many districts, especially in Kentucky.

CHANGE IN AIR COUNCIL

AIR VICE-MARSHAL DOWDING'S APPOINTMENT

The Air Ministry announces the appointment of Air Vice-Marshal Hugh Caswall Tremenheere Dowding, C.B., C.M.G., now Air Officer Commanding, Fighting Area, Air Defence of Great Britain, to be a member of the Air Council (Air Member for Supply and Research) with effect from September 1, 1930, in place of Air Marshal Sir John Frederick Andrews Higgins, K.C.B., K.B.E., D.S.O., A.F.C., who has been placed on the retired list at his own request.

Air Vice-Marshal Dowding entered the Army in 1900 and served with the Royal Artillery until 1914, when he was attached for duty with the Royal Flying Corps. After the War he was transferred to the Royal Air Force with a permanent commission in the rank of Group Captain, and commanded No. 16 Group, R.A.F. After promotion to Air Commodore in 1922, he served as Chief Staff Officer at both the Inland Area and in Iraq, and in 1926 was appointed Director of Training at the Air Ministry. In 1929 he was promoted to Air Vice-Marshal and appointed as temporary Air Officer Commanding in Transjordan and Palestine, and later in that year as Air Officer Commanding, Fighting Area, Air Defence of Great Britain.

THE KING AND QUEEN

The King and Queen, accompanied by the Duke of Gloucester, were present at the performance of *The Three Musketeers* at Drury Lane Theatre last night. With them in the Royal box were Captain Sir Charles Cust, R.N., Sir Derek Keppel, and Lady Bertha Dawkins.

STOCK EXCHANGE RULES

PROTECTING THE PUBLIC

The report of the special sub-committee of the London Stock Exchange which was appointed in January to consider a redrafting of the rules and regulations regarding new issues and quotations was published yesterday. The report is divided into two main sections, the first of which deals more especially with measures intended to prevent, so far as possible, future frauds of the Hatry character. Section 2 deals with recommendations to strengthen the existing rules regarding permission to deal, in view of the large number of flotations in 1928 and 1929 which proved disastrous to the investor.

The special sub-committee met on 35 occasions and has had the advantage of taking evidence both from various associations comprising the banking, legal, accountancy, and secretarial professions, and from individuals inside and outside the Stock Exchange. The report is summarized and commented upon in our financial columns.

THE COUNTY HALL

WORK ON THE LAST SECTION

Scaffolding and cranes erected on the site of the last section of County Hall, indicate the active work now in progress to complete the headquarters of the London County Council. It is only a few months since the tender was accepted, and the building of "Section D" will occupy about 2½ years and will cost £717,707.

It has been stipulated that among the British materials to be used shall be bricks, Portland cement, granite, roofing tiles, glass, and pipes for water services. The panelling of rooms on the principal floor will be of British oak, and there are many items where the question of British as against foreign origin will be considered.

The Council originally approved estimates totalling £886,500 for the building and an education library. The difference of £31,300 is accounted for by a number of variations from the original drawings, which will have the effect of providing over 15,000 square feet of additional accommodation. This will enable the Council to meet to some extent the demands for accommodation in consequence of extra work entailed under the Local Government Act of 1929.

A public entrance and staircase from the northern frontage to the principal floor are also provided for, and their importance, especially from the point of view of access to the conference hall, which is to be on the principal floor instead of the ground floor as originally planned, will be added to in the event of a Charing Cross bridge scheme being carried out.

LONDON POSTAL AREA

THE MISSING "SOUTH" DIVISION

Many people have probably been puzzled by the fact, to which attention was drawn in a letter to *The Times*, that there is no South division in the London postal area. The explanation lies in a page of G.P.O. history little known to the present generation. There were once both South and North-East divisions, but they were absorbed by their neighbours.

As far back as 1837 the desirability of dividing London into several distinct postal districts had been considered, and a scheme was submitted to a Select Committee of the House of Commons in 1843. In 1854 another Committee was appointed to go into the question, and a year later they reported with a recommendation that London should be divided into 10 districts, with two central (East Central and West Central) and the others radiating like the spokes of a wheel—North, North-East, East, South-East, South, South-West, West, and North-West. The recommendation was adopted, but there was some difficulty in finding sites and buildings. By 1857, however, all were in operation.

A map of the London postal district for 1856 shows that it extended much further than now. The furthest points were approximately:—North, Potters Bar; South, Sanderstead; East, Rainham; and West, Southall. The district was within a rough circle, which had a radius of 12 miles. The South division took in on its west side: Lambeth, Stockwell, Clapham, Tooting, Merton, and Malden; and on the east side: Newington, Walworth, Dulwich, Norwood, Addiscombe, and Addington. Ten years elapsed and it was found that the administrative work of the South and North-East offices could be done better from the neighbouring areas. Part of the South district went into the South-West area and part into the South-East; almost all of the North-East was taken over by the East. The old South and North-East district offices are now sorting offices at Kennington and Bethnal Green respectively.

By 1913 all the London County Council area had been included in the London postal district, and its extreme boundaries are now, approximately, North, Chingford; South, South Norwood; East, Abbey Wood; and West, Hanwell.

INVALIDS

OPERATION ON THE DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND

The following bulletin was issued from the London residence of the Duke of Northumberland last evening:—"The condition of the Duke of Northumberland has been unsatisfactory for the last few days. This evening an operation was performed for the relief of intestinal obstruction. The Duke has stood the operation well, but his condition must give rise to grave anxiety."

The Duke of Northumberland was taken ill shortly after his return from a tour of India. It was found necessary in July to operate for appendicitis, although it had been hoped that rest would avoid this. Before the attack of appendicitis the Duke of Northumberland had been making excellent progress.

A Reuter message from Cape Town stated that there was no improvement last night in the condition of Lord Rathcreedan.

A bulletin issued at 2.45 yesterday afternoon from Lord Birkenhead's house stated:—"Lord Birkenhead had a fair night. Owing to the strain of his prolonged illness the weakness is still very great." A later bulletin at 8 o'clock stated:—"Lord Birkenhead has had a quiet day and is about the same."

Sir Eric Geddes was reported yesterday to be still progressing satisfactorily.

Sir Harry Stonor, who underwent an operation for appendicitis on Monday, was stated last night to be comfortable.

Mr. Walter Baker, M.P., who in June had a relapse while recuperating in the Isle of Wight from a critical operation performed last December, has now had a further X-ray examination which has revealed the cause of the recent trouble and enabled the doctors to put him on fresh treatment. Mr. Baker has since made remarkable progress. His medical advisers now look forward to a complete recovery.

THE LAST TEST MATCH

ENGLAND'S TEAM

A NEW CAPTAIN

The chairman of the Selection Committee announced last night that the following 14 players have been asked to be present at the Oval for the last Test Match, which will be begun on Saturday:—

R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire) (captain).
K. S. Duleepsinhji (Sussex).
J. B. Hobbs (Surrey).
H. Sutcliffe (Yorkshire).
W. Whysall (Nottinghamshire).
W. R. Hammond (Gloucestershire).
M. Leyland (Yorkshire).
M. W. Tate (Sussex).
H. Larwood (Nottinghamshire).
G. Duckworth (Lancashire).
I. A. R. Peebles (Middlesex).
L. E. G. Ames (Kent).
C. W. L. Parker (Gloucestershire).
E. Hendren (Middlesex).

Our Cricket Correspondent writes:—

The experiences of the Selection Committee suggest that human affairs are governed by the Imp of the Perverse. In May they had an Eleven whose members chose themselves. Now in August they must experiment in order to avoid losing the rubber of Test Matches to a team which contains only one dangerous bowler, has an inconveniently long tail to its batting, and has already missed quite a number of catches on the great occasions. A vast amount of practical sympathy has been extended to the Committee. Several famous cricketers, and a host of the undistinguished, have offered them what they consider to be the Touchstone of the Trial of Truth. As Robert Louis Stevenson said, "Every man is very generous of this gift." But Selection Committees, however copiously advised, cannot command victory. The most they can do is to avoid avoidable mistakes in the planning of it. That Mr. Leveson-Gower and his colleagues have done.

Since there is to be no time-limit to the Oval match the Committee has found it necessary to ask A. P. F. Chapman to resign the captaincy. It was imperative that the solidity of the batting should be increased, even if it means dispensing with Chapman's brilliancy in the field and his indomitable cheerfulness. R. E. S. Wyatt is obviously the best man to replace him. He is not a dramatic cricketer, but he is a sound tactician and will not relax his concentration however long the match lasts. Thirteen others have been invited to be present at the Oval on Saturday. From this party an excellent team can be picked for any conditions of weather and ground. It also includes the perfect twelfth man.

The one thing which is perplexing is the selection of Ames as well as Duckworth. The wicket-keeper of a really powerful side should not be required to bat. It is to be expected that Wyatt, K. S. Duleepsinhji, Hobbs, Sutcliffe, Hammond, Whysall, Leyland, Tate, Larwood, Duckworth, and Peebles will play if the weather is fine and the ground dry. With rain about Parker would, it is to be presumed, play instead of Larwood.

SIR H. SMITH-DORRIEN

DEATH AFTER MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENT

We announce with much regret that General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, who met with a motor-car accident at Chippenham on Monday evening, died at Chippenham Hospital at 10.30 yesterday morning.

The inquest was formally opened at Church Hall, Chippenham, yesterday afternoon by Mr. A. L. Forrester, coroner for North and South Wiltshire.

Colonel Rex Hamilton Osborne, of Malmesbury, formerly commanding The Queen's Bays, who was driving the car, merely gave evidence of identification. The Coroner told him he had better tell his story next time.

Dr. G. W. Ayres said that when he arrived at the scene of the accident General Smith-Dorrien was still in the overturned car. He was seriously injured about the head and was removed to hospital, where he died that morning. He had an incised wound on the right side of the head about 2½in. long and had a fracture of the base of his skull, from which he died. He never recovered consciousness from the time of the accident. The incised wound had cut the temple artery.

The inquest was adjourned till Wednesday, August 20, at 3 o'clock.

A memoir appears on page 13.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 8)

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duke of York's	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	2.30 & 8.30
Everyman	PRUNELLA	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	2.30 & 8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Kingsway	MARIGOLD	2.30 & 8.15
Little	JEALOUSY	9
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	TRAFFIC	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	2.30 & 8.40
New	DESIRE	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	2.30 & 8.30
Royalty	THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM	8.30
St. James's	THE SWAN	2.30 & 8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	2.30 & 8.30
Savoy	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	8.30
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	2.30 & 8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9
Victoria Palace	6.30 & 9

CONCERT

Queen's Hall	B.B.C. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA 8

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1 to 11
Astoria	NEW MOVIETONE FOLLIES OF 1930	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	LADIES OF LEISURE	2.15 to 11
Capitol	GOOD INTENTIONS	12 to 11
Carlton	WITH BYRD AT THE SOUTH POLE	2.30, 6, & 8.45
Dominion	PHANTOM OF THE OPERA	2.30 & 8.30
Empire	THE W PLAN	12 to 12
Kensington	THE RETURN OF SHERLOCK HOLMES	2 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	ONE ROMANTIC NIGHT	2 to 11
New Gallery	SO THIS IS LONDON	2 to 11
Plaza	THE DEVIL'S HOLIDAY	11.45 to 11
Polytechnic	SONG O' MY HEART	2.30, 5.30, & 8.30
Regal	THE BLUE ANGEL	1 to 11
Stoll Picture Theatre	SWEETIE	12.15 to 11.45
Tivoli	RAFFLES	12 to 11

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate or fresh westerly to north-westerly winds; considerable bright periods, occasional local showers; moderate temperature.

Further Outlook.—Mainly fair except in the extreme North and North-west. (p. 12)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The air exercises opened yesterday. Successful bombing attacks were made on important centres by the machines of both Red Colony and Blue Colony, the cloudy conditions increasing the difficulties of the defenders. (pp. 10 and 12)

A Military Correspondent describes a demonstration by Regular troops on Salisbury Plain, illustrating for the benefit of the Territorial Army, some of the latest experiments in mechanization. (p. 7)

The assistance of Regular officers is a very successful feature of the training of the 166th (8. Lancashire and Cheshire) Infantry Brigade at Catterick. (p. 7)

Mr. Alexander Malozemoff, formerly managing director of Lena Goldfields, Limited, continued his evidence yesterday before the Arbitration Court which is considering the dispute between Lena Goldfields, Limited, and the Russian Soviet Government. (p. 9)

The Civil Service Confederation is arranging a meeting to protest against the reduction in the cost of living bonus. (p. 10)

Ottershaw Park will be offered at Hanover-square on October 2. (p. 18)

The Empire Timbers Committee is issuing a memorandum for those investigating the commercial uses of Empire woods. (p. 7)

Mr. A. E. Zimmern has been elected the first Montague Burton Professor of International Relations in Oxford University. (p. 13)

The executive committee of the Miners' Federation, in their report to the delegates now assembled in conference at Weston-super-Mare, refer to the changes made in the Coal Mines Act at the instance of the House of Lords. (p. 12)

The coroner's jury inquiring at Winchester yesterday into the death of Elsie Isabel Duckett, 17, a servant-girl employed by a Monk Sherborne farmer, who was taken ill after complaining that some tea she had drunk was bitter, found that death was due to arsenical poisoning, but that there was no evidence to prove how it was administered. (p. 7)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The Afridis who raided Peshawar are reported to be returning to their homes. Reinforcements have reached the city. Trouble has broken out among other tribes, and punitive action by the R.A.F. has been taken. Troop trains have been fired on at Attock Bridge. (p. 10)

Thirty persons were injured in rioting at Ahmedabad yesterday, when Congress volunteers attempted to sell contraband salt and to distribute seditious pamphlets among the police. The disorder which began at Sukkur, Sind, is spreading, and all available troops at Karachi have been sent to the affected districts. (p. 10)

Owing to the damaging of one of the engines during the landing at Montreal on Monday, the return voyage of R 100 will not begin until 10 p.m. (Canadian time) this evening. (p. 10)

COURT AND PERSONAL

Air Vice-Marshal H. C. T. Dowding has been appointed to the Air Council in place of Air Marshal Sir John Higgins, who has been placed on the retired list at his own request. (p. 12)

OBITUARY

General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien died yesterday in hospital at Chippenham of injuries caused in a motor-car collision on Monday. (p. 13)

SPORT

The names of the players invited to be present at the Oval on Saturday, from whom the team to meet Australia in the final Test Match will be selected, were announced last night. (p. 5)

The Stewards' Handicap at Nottingham was won yesterday by Sir G. Noble's Knight Error, who beat Fleeting Memory by a head. (p. 4)

The Royal Victoria Yacht Club's Regatta was concluded at Ryde yesterday, when the race for the big boats was won by Lulworth. (p. 4)

W. F. Wade won the English Bowling Association's Singles Championship yesterday. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—New Stock Exchange Regulations ; Kenya Treasury Bills ; Large Ways and Means Repayments ; Banks' Larger Bill Holdings ; Hudson's Bay Receipts ; Important Purchases of Sisal ; and Conditions at Russian Ports. (p. 15)

In the Money Market money was in keen demand at the opening, but loan rates weakened later. Discount rates were firmly maintained. Of the £841,000 of bar gold in the open market Switzerland took £653,000, the price being advanced ¼d. to 85s. 0½d. per oz. The New York exchange declined to $4.87 3-32 and the Paris rate was also lower. Spanish currency weakened further. There was a sharp setback in the Argentine rate. (p. 16)

Idle conditions prevailed in the Stock Markets. British Funds were maintained at previous levels, but Home Railway stocks were dull. Foreign stocks were firm, Brazilian bonds, in particular, receiving renewed support. Among Miscellaneous securities Dunlop Rubber weakened, but there was a sharp rise in Ford Motor. Rubber shares were depressed. (p. 15)

THE VALUATION OF LAND

The nation has now had some time to discharge the holiday task, set it by MR. SNOWDEN, of examining the Land Valuation Bill. The measure is presumably the first step towards the fulfilment of MR. SNOWDEN'S promise to MR. LLOYD GEORGE that at all costs "an impost upon land values" will be inserted in the next Budget. Many of our correspondents have complained that a class of taxpayers are to be subjected to the trouble and expense of a special valuation of their property for an undisclosed purpose; but the purpose in general is clear enough. The valuation is to be for purposes of taxation. Even the character of that taxation may be deduced from MR. SNOWDEN'S expression in 1924 that, "undeterred "by Mr. Lloyd George's comparative failure," he intended to tax "unearned increment on "land"; and during the present Parliament he has reasserted his intention to value land for the purposes of taxation or rating or both. Detailed criticism of the proposals may well await the publication of the exact terms; but meanwhile it should be remembered that "comparative "failure" as a description of the history of the land taxes of 1909 is a phrase justified only in the mouth of one very old friend towards another. Without counting the expense to which individuals were put in elucidating or contesting claims before the Court, the system of valuation set up in 1909 cost the taxpayers £5,000,000. The taxes produced in all £1,329,000. The only result of the Increment Value duty was practically to extinguish "speculative" house-building by threatening to tax builders' profits and therefore the development of land by building—the result in fact was the exact opposite of that anticipated by the Select Committee of 1906, whose opinion was recently quoted with apparent complacency in a letter from MR. WILLIAM RIDGWAY. The Undeveloped Land duty was completely shattered by a judicial decision in 1914; and the Reversion duty was gravely impaired by a similar decision in 1915. No considerable tax in the history of this country has proved so unproductive or so vicious in its repercussions. That is the verdict, subscribed to by MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S Government in repealing the tax in 1920, upon practical experiments in the taxation of land values ; and MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S later excuse, during the Budget debates this year, that his scheme failed because of "reservations, modifications, and exceptions," can only mean that it broke down because it tried to be just. Moreover the whole theory of the justice of the special taxation of land rests upon the highly questionable assumption of HENRY GEORGE that "private property in land "is a bold, bare, enormous wrong." So long as this form of property pays its proper share of taxation on profits (and it is duly assessed thereto under Schedule A), it seems no more immoral than any other ; and the comment of MR. GLADSTONE on the scheme of HENRY GEORGE—"if you compensate the land-"owners it is folly, if you do not it is robbery" —remains valid. That is particularly true to-day when, since the passage of the Acquisition of Land Act of 1919, there is no obstacle to the acquisition of land for public purposes with reasonable speed and at a reasonable cost ; and later legislation has enabled authorities to enter into possession of land at fourteen days' notice, in anticipation of the assessment of compensation.

These considerations must discount the necessity of any additional valuation of land for purposes other than for death duties or for rating. Even valuation for rating is to-day less necessary since the recognition by the Derating Acts of 1929 that rating was a vicious form of taxation. For the moment, however, let it be assumed that MR. SNOWDEN can devise, in due course, a form of taxation of land values which will enable his experiment to escape the fate of that of 1909. The question then arises whether he has discovered a more practical basis of valuation upon which to levy the taxes. His Bill reduces the different kinds of valuation to two—a bare site value and an agricultural or cultivation value. In passing it may be worth noticing that these valuations appear to be designed for taxation and not for nationalization, because they are to apply equally to Crown and to private property. Even so the success of the valuation must depend, as in 1909, upon the ability of the Commissioners and the acquiescence of the owners. On this point the Commissioners themselves reported to the Select Committee on Land Values Duties in 1919 that they had failed because of "the unusual nature "of the values—values of a completely new "character with which neither expert valuers "nor the public were familiar"; and because of the "organized opposition" of the taxpayers affected.

These obstacles are not likely to have diminished since 1909. The form of valuation proposed in the present Bill is entirely new. Even if they were not obsolete the valuations made under the Finance Act of 1909 will be of no assistance, and valuations for probate or rating will be equally useless. The proposed system of valuation is pregnant with injustices. For example, the distinction between site and cultivation value can only be drawn because it is intended to levy taxation on the difference. This means that market gardeners or allotment holders on the outskirts of towns, whose land may have some building value, will be heavily taxed, even though they may be serving rather than impeding satisfaction of the needs of the public, whereas their competitors in more remote districts will be exempt. Again it appears that no credit is to be given for any private road, however much it may have cost the owner to build. Finally the valuation itself will be not only novel, but also even more difficult than in the years following 1909. Since that date oppressive taxation of other kinds has caused the breaking up of large estates and thereby enormously increased the number of owners. In fact the reason for the taxation of land values in Australia, given in a recent letter from MR. ATKINSON, does not exist in this country. Some idea of the task may be gathered from the fact that in 1909 there were already 11,000,000 hereditaments and 2,000,000 owners ; and that nearly 8,000,000 valuations were actually made. The truth is that an increase in the taxation of land could only be justified if it were shown that land was not taxed as heavily as other property or that its possession could be abused to the public detriment. Neither of these reasons can be maintained, unless it be argued that the policy should be reversed under which Parliament, for over thirty years, has sought to encourage agriculture by the abatement and finally the remission of rates upon agricultural land. That does not seem to be the purpose even of the present Bill, which foreshadows the exemption of cultivation value. Secondly, the valuation proposed by the Bill is hardly more practicable and hardly less unjust than that which has been already tried and abandoned as a failure. The Bill therefore, *prima facie*, is doomed to be unworkable and unpopular—unworkable because it is unpopular, and *vice versa*. The British taxpayer is the most loyal and patient in the world, but he has always thought himself entitled to resist a tax which is both complicated and unjust. There is nothing in MR. SNOWDEN'S Bill to suggest that the land taxes which are to be based upon it will escape condemnation under both these heads.

Variation

It is well known that diseases change their characters from century to century and even from generation to generation. Forty years ago, for example, scarlet fever was a very serious affliction; to-day it has fallen, in respect of its power of inflicting death, below measles or whooping cough. Smallpox too has recently shown itself in a benign form, though there is plenty of evidence that the severe form remains in activity. The nature of these and other variations has exercised the minds of physicians and bacteriologists during many years, but it cannot be said that any very clear views about them have been formulated. For this reason the chapter on "Variation" in the "System of Bacteriology" now being published by the Medical Research Council possesses wide general interest. Two theories of variation as it occurs in bacteria have been advanced—namely, that which regards the changes observed from generation to generation as part of a cycle, and that which regards them as reactions to differences in the environment. Upholders of "cyclogeny" see some such relationship between one variant and another as is seen, for example, between a larva and a fly. On this showing reversion to type is likely to occur and it may be possible, as knowledge increases, to elucidate cycles of disease corresponding to the larger cycles of their causative agents. Many physicians suppose that the existing benign character of scarlet fever is a temporary manifestation and that the severe form of the disease will reappear as the product of an evolution proceeding in cycles.

The other view supposes that changes in the elements governing inheritance take place. There is a "hereditary variation," and the possibility of variants leading to permanent new races or species is not excluded. Those who incline to think that new diseases arise to take the place of old ones will find a basis for their opinions in this idea. It must be allowed that the history of disease is full of empty spaces. Diseases, for example syphilis, have apparently arisen within well ascertained limits of time. Since the War epidemic encephalitis, called "sleepy sickness," has been recognized. The "English sweating "sickness," on the contrary, which was so deservedly dreaded in Stuart times, has disappeared. These changes can be explained in different ways, the easiest way being to say that "new" diseases are merely old diseases that have at last attained to recognition as separate entities and that extinction of a disease occurs when the conditions favouring its spread no longer exist. But the matter clearly may be much more complicated than this. At a time when man is engaged in changing so many of his habits it may very well be that his unseen foes are compelled by these changes to undergo processes of swift evolution. Nevertheless it would be grossly unfair to the medical profession to suggest that what is saved on the swings will be spent on the roundabouts. New diseases may have appeared; but the balance of loss and gain is heavily on the side of humanity.

Empire Timber

As the result of a recommendation made by the Imperial Economic Committee in 1928, the Empire Marketing Board and the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research have made arrangements by which investigations of the commercial uses of Empire timbers will in future be carried out in the Forest Products Research Laboratory of the Department at Princes Risborough. As a guidance to the Government Departments and forest officers at home and abroad who are cooperating in the work, a memorandum has been issued by the Empire Timber Committee, of which SIR GEORGE COURTHOPE is chairman, prefaced by an explanatory statement signed by LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR WILLIAM FURSE, Director of the Imperial Institute, MR. RALPH PEARSON, Director of the Research Laboratory, and PROFESSOR R. S. TROUP, Director of the Imperial Forestry Institute at Oxford. The object of the publication is to describe the steps that have been taken for the reorganization of the joint labours of these three institutions, and to instruct individual collectors of timber in different parts of the Empire in the methods by which they can most usefully aid in providing material and information for the research and investigations carried on in this country. Practical interest in these instructions and directions is necessarily confined to the small circle of those who have been specially trained for the work of preserving and developing the timber resources of the Empire. But the memorandum has this further value, that it draws renewed attention to a subject in which every member of the public is seriously concerned. Of all the countries of the world, Great Britain is the greatest importer of timber. Yet, though we have at our disposal in the Dominions and Colonies a forest area of nearly 2,000,000 square miles, a comparatively small proportion of the timber which we import—to the annual value of something like £50,000,000—comes from within the Empire. At the present moment the timber resources, not only of the Empire but also of the world, are a rapidly wasting asset. Competent authorities estimate that at to-day's rate of consumption the time must come—possibly within twenty-five years—when even in the large virgin forests of the United States and Canada the existing supplies will be exhausted. It is therefore of vital necessity that everything possible should be done not only to husband the timber resources of the Empire by a definite policy of safeguarding, by the conservation of softwood supplies, prevention of waste, protection against fire, and attention to the re-stocking of cleared areas, but also by making sure by a process of careful surveys that no variety of Empire timber that can be turned to commercial purposes is left unknown. The memorandum of the Empire Timbers Committee is concerned with this last aspect of the gigantic enterprise which the Empire has to face. But it comes as a timely reminder of the importance of the whole problem, and, if the necessary research can be successfully undertaken for the small capital sum of £30,000 provided by the Empire Marketing Board for the extension of buildings and their equipment, the country will certainly not grudge the cost.

The Millenary of Barnstaple

The progress of the millenary celebrations at Barnstaple has brought many hearers and readers acquainted with the outlines of the history of that beautiful and interesting town of North Devon. Its origin is lost in antiquity; but its position, at the head of an estuary, between two rivers, and at the heart of a dense network of pack-horse tracks, would be enough of itself to prove that there must have been a settlement there from the earliest times. Barnstaple may be the Artavia of the Romans. It is certain that when ATHELSTAN fortified the town a thousand years ago he only refashioned ramparts of a much earlier date; and Barnstaple was a walled and gated city until within the memory of living man. The Charter granted by ATHELSTAN, which is the occasion of the present festival, cannot be seen in the Rock Collection in the North Devon Athenaeum ; but so long ago as the reign of KING EDWARD III. the burgesses gained credence for their plea that they had owned and had lost such a Charter, which had given them a right not only to choose a mayor but to send representatives to the Witenagemot; and for nearly 600 years, from 1296 till 1885, when it was merged in the county division, Barnstaple sent representatives to Parliament. Her position ensures that she shall have been a seaport all her days. In 1346 her men sailed to the siege of Calais; in 1588 the famous five ships "went "over the bar" to join SIR FRANCIS DRAKE at Plymouth; and fighting and attacking the Armada was by no means the only snap which those Barnstaple sea-dogs made at the Spaniards. The vigour and the worth of the town and of its men are shown by the anxiety of both sides in the Civil War to win and to keep them. And so, from point to point of English history, Barnstaple is seen playing a part never of capital importance, yet never unimportant, always definitely her own, yet never radically different from that of other English towns of her degree.

Barnstaple has, of course, her singular distinctions ; and hundreds of thousands of people now know by sight, not only from legend or from R. D. BLACKMORE'S fiction, the famous bridge of sixteen arches built six or seven hundred years ago over that "great hugy, mighty, "perylous and dreadfull water"—which to modern eyes is the shining, the alluring Taw. Not many towns could match that story of the Huguenot refugees who, coming ashore in sorry plight at Barnstaple on a Sunday morning, were taken off by the natives to dine and to rest, and then given houses of their own and a chapel to worship in. Not many towns, again, have been the seat of so famous a case of electoral corruption as that which after 1818 unseated SIR MASSEH MANASSEH LOPES and ruined his opponent, SIR HENRY THOMPSON. And Barnstaple can claim a peculiarly interesting set of great men to whom she gave birth or the education of her ancient grammar school : BISHOP JEWEL, THOMAS BRANCKER, the great mathematician, MR. JUSTICE DODDRIDGE, JOHN GAY, MUSGRAVE, the physician and classical scholar, and FRANCIS CARRUTHERS GOULD. Yet in these matters, again, it is rather in the detail than in the kind that Barnstaple differs from other English towns, just as her Barum ware, which has been made from time immemorial and is being made to-day, differs in detail from all other English pottery, yet is one with it in purpose and in essence. In Barnstaple, as the speeches and sermons show, they are wisely insisting on the continuity of history and on the links that join days lost in the twilight of antiquity to days not yet clear of the darkness of futurity. No truth could be more timely proclaimed now, when rapid change—including the kind which increases the prosperity of pleasure resorts—is transforming the fundamental character of the quiet, sturdy, self-sufficient towns of the English counties. Now more than ever is it wise to be proud of the past and to look out from it into the future. But not only the men of Barnstaple may learn from the history of Barnstaple. Beneath her peculiar distinctions lies her essential English quality ; and when she celebrates her one thousandth birthday all England may share in the spirit and the lessons of the celebration.

THE RETURN OF EROS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—This is about the time when astronomers (that is, astronomers of precision) are beginning to pull themselves together by setting up international committees for the fitting reception of Eros, when he swims into their ken early next year. In his own right this Eros is but a minor planet, a mere asteroid and insignificant at that ; but in his swaying course across the heavens, according to irrefragable law, based on a very elliptic orbit relative to the sun, he happens to come on rare occasions quite close to the earth, sometimes within about 70 times the distance of the moon ; and observers must be ready to imprint on their photographic plates very precise records of his successive positions in passing rapidly across the fixed background of the stars. For from these records an estimate can be established, to yet closer precision than heretofore, of the dimensions of the solar system, within which our earth is suspended ; and that is the one basic determination on which all exact astronomy must rest.

But when one takes note of a heading, "The Return of Eros," in the current daily Press (*The Times*, Tuesday, page 10), and follows it up in order to keep in touch with the astronomers, as has just now happened to the writer of this note, it turns out that contact is made with a quite different Eros, pursuing an orbit even more erratic centred terrestrially on Piccadilly-circus. To the reader at the present day there can be no serious misapprehension. But when on the next occasion astronomers of many years hence consult the files of *The Times* for information as to how their ancestors prepared for the reception of Eros, intractable confusions may arise unless there is some accessible record that in those days there was more than one Eros.

Faithfully yours,

Cambridge, Aug. 12. J. L.

JURISDICTION BEYOND FRONTIERS

THE SOVIET CLAIM

MATTER FOR INTERNATIONAL DISCUSSION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The claim made by the Soviet Government, as reported in *The Times* of August 9, that Soviet tribunals have the right to try foreigners for offences committed out of Russia is not without precedent in the criminal codes of other nations. I am writing away from libraries, but I believe that the same claim is made both by Turkey and by Italy, to mention two leading instances, and a sort of approval was given to this claim by the dicta of only one less than half the regular Judges of the Permanent Court of International Justice in the Lotus case.

None the less the claim, when made in its naked form and without proper safeguards, is one which is abhorrent to Anglo-Saxon lawyers nourished historically on the local conception of the King's Peace, repulsive to ordinary notions of justice—for a man may be condemned for an action which so far as he knew or could know was no offence—and of great practical inconvenience at any rate for those who believe in oral evidence and cross-examination, as the witnesses to the offence will normally be out of the jurisdiction of the Court and the case may be tried on written depositions by deponents of uncertain character.

The making of the claim may, however, have some utility if it provokes other Governments, and particularly our own, to raise for international discussion the whole question of the extent of the jurisdiction of criminal courts and the closely allied question of extradition. These are matters on which our fathers of the great Victorian age had some sound principles, and it would be well if we did not forget them.

Yours, &c.,

JOHN FISCHER WILLIAMS.

Reparation Commission, Aug. 11.

"KEEP OFF THE GRASS"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The delightful leading article on "Keep off the Grass" in *The Times* of August 1 has reached me down here. It points out how difficult it is for those in authority to enforce discipline and it expresses the disquieting truth that forbidden fruit is often more coveted than other kinds, although less alluring and less sweet ; so that prohibition unhappily becomes sanction. But why is this ?

Psychologists say it is all due to counter-suggestion, for every suggestion implies a counter-suggestion. If I suggest a straight line, it implies it is not curved. If I say a statement is not true, I imply it is false. If I am miserable, it implies I am not happy. Suggestion—which transforms ideas into acts—plays a much more important role in human affairs than is usually believed and accepted ; and, as we know, suggestion is either direct—"Keep off the grass," don't pick the flowers, ten-mile limit, wipe your feet, no smoking, remove your litter, and many others—or it is indirect, less conscious, yet much more powerful and of much greater importance than the direct. Indirect suggestion is the basis of education. It forms the background or the mental bias or the trend along which all actions in later life are likely to develop. It is the work of the moral teacher to supply and to transform direct into indirect suggestion, so that good suggestions may automatically create a desire for right conduct.

Unfortunately, however, some, especially the ill-balanced and children, often act upon counter-suggestion. Ask a child to shake hands and it immediately puts its hand behind its back. In certain forms of mental illness persons are described as "negative," for they do the very opposite to what is suggested. Indeed, in a voluntary effort we are simultaneously conscious of a resistance and we suffer from two or more conflicting promptings or ideas, and may arrive at the opposite result to the one originally desired, because the opposed stimuli have upset the balance of the total relevant stimuli and counter-suggestion has won. My sleepless friend who repeated "I *am* sleeping" 20 times and then failed, is the victim of counter-suggestion—the "law of reverse effort" has prevailed, as explained by the late M. Coué. This is why we do not all "keep off the grass," a failing shared by all the "cussed" fellows we all know so well, who are also victims of counter-suggestion, who defy custom and ceremony and reason and who constitute the cranks, oddities, singularities and eccentrics, yet are nevertheless interesting because they afford such excellent examples of abnormal psychology.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

ROBERT ARMSTRONG-JONES, M.D.

Plâs Dinas, Carnarvon, Aug. 10.

SNUFF AND SNUFF-TAKERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your leading article on "Snuff and Snuff-boxes" is certainly right in suggesting that snuffing is not always "a display of elegance rather than the satisfaction of a desire."

May an elderly Scot remind your readers of two snuff-takers—one in the ministry and one very nearly so—who so loved snuff for its own sake that one of them took it at the cost of his dignity, the other at the cost of his Highland good manners ? The first was the minister in Dean Ramsay's "Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character," who, when his village was snowed up for several days, was saved from the agony of snufflessness by the Beadle, who "soupit the poupit" and brought to the preacher the squanderings of many a sermon-time. The other was Henderland the Catechist, whom David Balfour, in "Kidnapped," met in his wanderings. The holy man stopped and spoke with every one he came upon, and from many he took a pinch ; yet, no sooner had he reached his house by Linnhe Loch than he rudely pushed past his guest, "caught up a jar and a small horn spoon, and began ladling snuff into his nose in most excessive quantities." He had made a vow not to carry snuff—and even under such conditions as Stevenson paints he found it "a great privation."

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

SNEESHAN.

STATE OF FARMING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—After years of bountiful harvests the farmers of the Middle West U.S.A. have had their crops destroyed by an abnormal heat wave. Immediately the Government of America, headed by their President, brings forward schemes to relieve the distress of their fellow-countrymen and save the starving cattle.

The harvest in the East of England, which promised so well early in July, is nearly ruined by rain and wind ; the crops are laid and the corn is black. What are we going to do about it ?

A small, hard-working farmer whose land adjoins mine has given up corn-growing to grow fruit and vegetables. He told me yesterday he had a wonderful crop of raspberries this year. He paid 1½d. per lb. to have them picked and sent them to London. They fetched 1½d. per lb.—not enough to pay for the baskets. He says the jam-makers prefer Russian pulp. Last week he sent a truckload of fine vegetables to Covent Garden, consisting of runner beans, cabbages, marrows, and turnips. They fetched 30s., not enough to pay for the carriage. The market is swamped each morning by vegetables arriving from the Continent.

It is a poor outlook for the small-holders the Government propose to settle on the land.

Again, what are we going to do about it ?

Your obedient servant,

W. A. CHURCHMAN.

The Lodge, Melton, Suffolk, Aug. 12.

THE INDIAN PRINCES

DELEGATION TO THE CONFERENCE

A STRONG TEAM

The past London season, though more crowded with events than usual, lacked one picturesque feature. The number of Ruling Princes of India in this country was exceptionally small, the reason being a general postponement of visits to the autumn for the Round-Table Conference. A number of Princes came two years ago in connexion with the inquiry of the Butler Committee on the Indian States, but the concourse in London of Princes and their staffs and Ministers of Indian States will be larger and more representative in the closing months of the year than at any time since the King's Coronation.

The attitude of the States toward the projected Conference, unlike that of some of the political parties in British India, has never been in doubt. On the morrow of the official announcement at the end of October of the intention to hold the Conference leading members of the Chamber of Princes gave public expression to the readiness of their Order to participate and to assist in reaching that common measure of agreement which was postulated in the published correspondence ; nor was there any wavering of opinion about participation on the appearance of the Simon Report. Consequently, while there has been uncertainty about the extent to which the delegates from British India will represent the various political groupings, it has been possible for the Viceroy in consultation with the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes to settle a complete list of delegates from "Indian India." The selection cannot be regarded as final until an official announcement is made (probably within the next few days), but it is unlikely that there will be any substantial change. The names which follow may provide a fairly complete and authoritative list.

The delegation will have as its leader the Maharajah of Patiala, who last February was elected for the fifth time Chancellor of the Chamber, an office in which his only predecessor is the Maharajah of Bikanir. The Ruler of the premier Punjab State is well known as a soldier, sportsman, and Imperial statesman. He expects to reach Europe at the end of the first week in September. He will be assisted by the Pro-Chancellor, the Maharajah of Jammu and Kashmir, the Himalayan State which has a population of three and a half millions and an important frontier toward Central Asia. Kashmir is not only famous for its beauty, but possesses great natural resources, and under the guidance of his Highness, who succeeded his uncle, the late Maharajah Sir Pertab Singh, in 1925, these resources are being scientifically developed for the benefit of his people. He has introduced notable reforms in his State in the first five years of his rule. The Maharajah is an excellent all-round sportsman, keenly interested in shooting, fishing, and polo.

GAEKWAR OF BARODA

Both the Chancellor and the Pro-Chancellor, the one at 39 and the other at 35, are in younger middle life. The Ruler next on the list, the Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda, brings to bear a ripe experience of State administration begun long before they were born. A volume of his speeches, published two years ago, covers a period of half a century. His progressive views won for him long since an honourable place among the most enlightened statesmen in India. He was one of the pioneers in the Indian Empire of compulsory free education, of village libraries, and of travelling dispensaries. The Maharajah Gaekwar actively supported the policy of annual conferences of the Princes under the chairmanship of the Viceroy, which paved the way for the creation of the Chamber of Princes 10 years ago, and it is understood that he would have attended the meetings of the Chamber more frequently had he not regarded the strict rules of business as unduly hampering.

No Prince at the Conference will have a greater influence by virtue of detailed knowledge of the problems of State relations with the Paramount Power, close study and personal magnetism than the Maharajah of Bikanir, who was the first elected Chancellor of the Chamber, an office which he held for five years. Reaching London at the end of the present month he will enter upon a succession of heavy responsibilities. After five or six days' stay, his Highness will go to Geneva, where he will be the first Ruling Prince to head the Indian delegation to the League of Nations Assembly. Later he will be a representative of India at the Imperial Conference, and then will follow the Indian Conference. It may be recalled that he and the late Lord Sinha were the first Indians to come to London for Empire gatherings. They were members of the Imperial War Conference of 1917 and of the Imperial War Cabinet. As a member of the Peace Conference in 1919 he affixed the first Indian signature to a great international treaty. Further, the Maharajah has behind him a fine record of Imperial War service.

THE NAWAB OF BHOPAL

A Moslem Ruler, destined to be a great force in the shaping of Indian State policy, is the Nawab of Bhopal, who is a year younger than the Maharajah of Kashmir, and succeeded his mother, the late gifted Begum of Bhopal, on her abdication in his favour in 1926. As Chief Secretary to his mother he gained valuable administrative experience, after education in the Moslem University at Aligarh. He is a most energetic and resourceful Ruler and one of the finest polo players of the Empire.

Next on the list is the Maharajah of Alwar, who belongs to an extremely ancient Rajput family and whom the late Edwin Montagu regarded as one of the cleverest men in India. In the Chamber of Princes his striking personality and powers of debate have kept him to the forefront. He officiated as Chancellor while the Maharajah of Patiala was in England two years ago. The Maharajah was a representative of India at the Imperial Conference of 1923. He is learned in both Eastern and Western philosophy.

The Maharajah Jam Sahib of Nawanagar needs no introduction to the English-speaking world, which has known him affectionately as "Ranji" for more than a generation, and which is delighted to see his nephew, K. S. Duleepsinhji, following his example in English cricket. Since he came to the *gadi* in 1906 his Highness has much increased the prosperity of his Kathiawar State, and has devoted great attention to the educational and medical welfare of his people. He takes a leading part in shaping the policies of the Chamber of Princes. It is much to be regretted that his controversy with the Government of India on the question of import duties at the harbour he has made at Bedi Bandar remains unsettled.

The Chief of Sangli, a substitute member of the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes, has devoted much attention since his accession to the education and social welfare of his people. He will be the first of the princely members of the Conference to arrive in this country, for he is expected within the next few days. The Maharajah-Rana of Dholpur governs a small but ancient State in Rajputana. He takes a keen interest in the affairs of the Chamber of Princes and has for long served, with short intermissions, as a member of its Standing Committee.

There is a firmly-rooted tradition against H.E.H. the Nizam of Hyderabad leaving India, so the premier Indian State will be represented by Sir Akbar Hydari, the finance and railway member of the

Executive Council of State. Similarly, the Ruler of Mysore does not leave India, and that model State, in some respects the most important in India, will be represented by its Dewan, Sir Mirza M. Ismail. He is a man of much personal charm and has a well-merited reputation throughout Southern India as an active and enlightened administrator.

The last three names on the list of 14 delegates are those of statesmen of ripe experience. Sir Manubhai Mehta was Prime Minister of Baroda for an unusually long period—namely, from 1916 to 1927, and then accepted the Dewanship of Bikanir. Sir Prabhashankar Pattani, of Bhavnagar, is widely known for his high personal qualities and his distinguished service both in British India and the Indian States, as well as on the Council of the Secretary of State for India. He is the *doyen* of Indian Ministers and has great influence among the Princes of Kathiawar. Colonel K. N. Haksar, Political Member of the Gwalior Council of Regency, had long experience of political work under his beloved chief, the late Maharajah Scindia, and assisted him in the prominent part he took in organizing the Chamber of Princes. He has been associated with the work of the Chamber since its inception, and a short time ago his services were lent to the Chamber as Director of the Princes' Special Organization.

The Secretary of the delegation will be Mr. K. M. Panikkar, now a Kashmir State Minister, formerly Dixon scholar of Christ Church, Oxford, and sometime editor of the *Hindustan Times*, Delhi. The advisers of the delegation will include Mr. L. F. Rushbrook Williams, sometime Director of Public Information to the Government of India, and for the last three years on special duty with the Chamber of Princes. His colleagues will be Sir Reginald Glancy, late of the Political Department, sometime British Resident of Baroda, and afterwards agent to the Governor-General for Central India; and Dewan Abdul Hamid, Prime Minister of Kapurthala State, who has won a reputation as a progressive and enlightened administrator.

Such is likely to be the composition of the delegation, which will represent a part of the Indian Empire, which has been little regarded on previous occasions of constitution-making for India, but which comprises some 700,000 square miles of territory and a population of 72,000,000 people.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

COMMAND OF THE COVENTRY

The appointment dates from to-day of Captain E. L. S. King, M.V.O., to command the COVENTRY, which, after a long refit at Chatham, is being brought forward to resume her old duty as flagship of the Mediterranean Destroyer Flotillas. The COVENTRY commissioned with a full Portsmouth crew on August 6 to relieve the CAIRO on this duty, and will leave England on the 20th. Captain King will serve as Chief Staff Officer to Rear-Admiral C. M. Forbes, C.B., D.S.O., who assumes command of the Flotillas at Gibraltar on September 1. During the late War, Captain King was gunnery officer of the cruiser SOUTHAMPTON and the battleship ERIN. In the former he took part in the actions of Heligoland Bight and the Dogger Bank, and in the latter in the battle of Jutland. His promotion to commander was in December, 1919, when he was gunnery officer of the WARSPITE, and he afterwards served in the REPULSE during her tour to South Africa and South America with the Prince of Wales. Promoted to captain in December, 1926, he was among the students at the first course at the Imperial Defence College during 1927, and has since been Assistant Director of the Plans Division at the Admiralty.

H.M.S. SCARBOROUGH

H.M.S. SCARBOROUGH, which arrived at Chatham on July 31 from the builders' yard on the Tyne, is leaving for Portland this week to join the First Minesweeping Flotilla temporarily. The SCARBOROUGH is the fourth of the new sloops in the post-War replacement programme, the BRIDGEWATER and SANDWICH being now in China and the FOLKESTONE on her way to the Persian Gulf. After minesweeping trials at Portland the SCARBOROUGH is to proceed to her name port on September 2 to be present during Scarborough Cricket Week.

PORTSMOUTH DOCKYARD ENGINEER

Engineer Commander Stanley Hocken is to join the staff at Portsmouth Dockyard to-day on completing the senior engineer officers' course at Greenwich. He formerly served at Malta yard as assistant to the Engineer Manager, for gun mountings. At the beginning of the late War he was engineer lieutenant of the cruiser ROXBURGH, in the Grand Fleet. In July, 1915, he joined the light cruiser AURORA, in the Harwich Force, and about 12 months later returned to the Grand Fleet on being appointed to the battleship CENTURION. From January, 1918, he was engineer officer of the destroyer WESTMINSTER, which has recently been in attendance on the Royal Yacht at Cowes.

ENGINEERS' VOCATIONAL TRAINING

A new departure in vocational training schemes for men of the Royal Navy, to fit them for positions on returning to civil life, has been started this year. Selected candidates among the engine-room artificers and mechanicians have been allowed to take a three-months' course of study for the Board of Trade examination for second-class engineer. Another of these courses begins to-day on board H.M.S. FISGARD, artificer apprentices' training ship at Portsmouth. Preference is given to those undertaking preliminary study in their own time.

R.A.F. MEDICAL COMMISSIONS

The following medical officers of the R.A.F. have been accepted for permanent commissions, subject to physical fitness:—Flight Lieutenants George M. Anderson, Donibristle; Sydney B. S. Smith, Old Sarum; Patrick B. L. Potter, Hinaidi Hospital; and Ronald E. Alderson, Iraq Headquarters; Flying Officers George W. Paton, Nigel M. Jerram, Gwilym O. Williams, Alfred E. Vawser, and Patrick J. McNally.

SQUADRON LEADER FOWLER

Squadron Leader Frank Fowler, D.S.C., A.F.C., who was restored to full pay on August 1, has been appointed to Headquarters at Halton. In the course of his service with the R.N.A.S. in the War this officer made a photographic reconnaissance to Antwerp on June 15, 1917, which is mentioned in Admiral Bacon's book on the Dover Patrol. The trip was made without escort, the pilot and observer preferring to take the chance of a single machine being unobserved at 20,000ft., rather than call attention to their presence by a formation of machines at a lower altitude. They made the whole journey both ways without molestation, and got a number of valuable photographs.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

ARGONAUT, Aug. 10.—Maine left for Malta.
BARRETT, Aug. 8.—Cyclamen left.
CRANBORNE, Aug. 8.—Bee arrived.
CHATHAM, Aug. 11.—Kellett left for survey.
CHINWANGTAO, Aug. 9.—Bruce, Thracian, and Stormcloud left for Wei-hai-Wei.
COWES, Aug. 11.—Warspite left for Portsmouth.
DEVONPORT, Aug. 9.—Seawolf arrived.
FARUS, Aug. 9.—Cyclamen arrived and left.
HANKOW, Aug. 8.—Peterel arrived. Aug. 9.—Bee arrived.
HONG-KONG, Aug. 9.—Medway, Osiris, Oswald, Odin, and Otus arrived.
KARACHI, Aug. 10.—Lupin arrived.
KHOR JARAMA, Aug. 10.—Triad left.
LOCHINVER, Aug. 11.—Flinders left.
MALTA, Aug. 10.—Submarines L 18 and L 23, Chrysanthemum, Mayflower, St. Issey, and Dahlia arrived.
MIRI, Aug. 10.—Herald left for survey.
PETSAMO, Aug. 8.—Petersfield arrived.
PLOCKTON, Aug. 11.—Flinders arrived.
PORT ERIN, Aug. 10.—Beaufort arrived.
PORTLAND, Aug. 11.—Folkestone and Curzon arrived.
PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 11.—Victoria and Albert, Westminster, and Warspite arrived.
PRINCIPE ISLANDS, Aug. 10.—Delphinium left for Lagos.
SAIGON, Aug. 8.—Magnolia arrived.
SIMONSTOWN, Aug. 9.—Daffodil arrived.
SUR, Aug. 10.—Triad arrived.
TADOUSSAC, Aug. 10.—Heliotrope left for Quebec.
TARBERT, Aug. 10.—Beaufort left for Port Erin.

JEWEL THEFT AT PUTNEY

Jewelry worth £700 was stolen from the house of Sir Oswald Stoll at Putney-hill, S.W., yesterday. The thief, it is stated, asked to see one of the servants, and while his message was being taken he entered the house and made his way to Lady Stoll's bedroom, where he secured the jewelry. The jewelry stolen included:—

Two pendants (one of platinum, set with large diamond in the centre, and the other, also of platinum, set with a large diamond in the centre, surrounded with two rings of small diamonds); one lady's platinum marquise diamond ring; two half-hoop platinum rings set with diamonds; a platinum bar brooch, set with rows of pearls, representing a fly in flight in the centre; gold and china cameo Joan of Arc, and two pairs of gold sleeve-links.

GROUSE SHOOTING

OPENING DAY SPOILT BY RAIN

Rain interfered with the opening of grouse shooting yesterday, and in several districts it was reported that few parties had been out. Where the weather permitted, however, sport was good, and the prospects for the season are generally considered to be excellent. The following are messages received from some of the principal districts yesterday:—

CLITHEROE.—Shooting opened in rain storms, and while coveys were large high wind caused bags to be light. Colonel C. J. Hirst and six guns ranged the moors at the source of the Hodder in unpleasant weather, but with fair success. Mr. George Taylor, of Whalley, had a party out at Rathmell, and birds were plentiful. The Huntroyde Hall party enjoyed excellent sport on the Croasdale and Whitendale moors.

MARYPORT.—The day was showery in West Cumberland and few sportsmen were out shooting over dogs. Lord Leconfield opens on Friday at Aughtree. Prospects in Skiddaw Forest are moderate, May snow spoiling the early hatching; but his other moors promise well.

DINGWALL.—Rain fell heavily overnight, practically over the whole of the eastern watershed of Ross and Cromarty, and not till 2 o'clock in the afternoon did the weather permit normal shooting. Few guns were out on the moors. While smaller coveys have been noted, birds are reported to be plentiful, strong, and well conditioned. On the home beat at Midfearn Ardgay, Major Hardy had 44½ brace without covering the moor. At Ardross, Cannich, and Dalmore no guns were out, but reports indicate that at Cannich appearances are exceptionally good. No guns were out on Tulloch, which will not be shot over till later. At Fairburn there was no organized shoot, but Colonel Murphy had a few brace. At Castle Leod Colonel Allhusen's party, walking in line without dogs, had a few brace.

ELGIN.—A rainstorm overnight and showery conditions during the day restricted sport on a number of moors in Moray, Banff, Nairn, and Strathspey to what was really a walk-over for observation purposes. Forecasts that birds are plentiful were found to be correct, and when the weather settles there is every prospect of heavy bags. Out at Buchromb for an hour or two between showers Mr. Cosmo Gordon and a party of three guns had 16 brace, but serious shooting was not attempted. Coveys were large and in excellent condition.

FORFAR.—The Duke of York was with Lord Strathmore and other members of the house party at Glamis Castle, shooting near Lumley Glen. At the end of the morning fair bags were reported.

MID LOTHIAN.—Lord Whitburgh and a party of 10 guns from Whitburgh House, Ford, shot over the Hopes on the Lammermoors, and in spite of the inclement weather they had 67 brace. The coveys are well up to the average, and good bags are expected in the district. Lord Rosebery is not expected to be shooting at Rosebery till next week.

PITLOCHRY.—Heavy showers spoiled sport in North Perthshire; birds were found to be plentiful, but wild, and in splendid condition.

LLANGOLLEN.—There was brilliant weather in North Wales with occasional showers, and there was excellent shooting. Absence of late frosts and the weather conditions generally had combined to make the birds strong, numerous, and healthy. The Duke of Westminster and Mr. MacAlpine shot over the Llanarmon moors, and there were shooting parties over the Festiniog moors and Lord Penrhyn's Carnarvonshire estate.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

MOTOR-CAR AND TRAMCAR IN COLLISION

Leonard Tate, aged 6, of Abbeville-road, Rotherhithe, Charles Tate, aged 45, his father, and George Dawson, of Bermondsey, were badly injured yesterday when their motor-car and a tramcar came into collision in Evelyn-road, Deptford. George Dawson, aged 6, who was also in the motor-car, was slightly injured. They were taken to Bermondsey Hospital.

At Weymouth yesterday William Charles Whittle, a carpenter, of Fortune's Well, Portland, was killed when his motor-cycle skidded, and he was thrown under a lorry.

A girl pillion rider named Florence Harris, 19, of Weedington-road, Kentish Town, was killed in a motor-cycling accident on the Great West-road, at Brentford, on Monday night. The motor-cycle, driven by Leonard Spencer, 19, of Torbay-street, Kentish Town, came into collision with a horse and van. Spencer was treated at Brentford Hospital for his injuries.

While motor-cycling on Monday night at Chalk, near Gravesend, Mr. S. H. Fletcher, son of Mr. W. C. Fletcher, a Gravesend auctioneer, came into collision with a pedal cyclist and died yesterday in hospital from head injuries.

Thomas Griffiths, of Ynysforgan, and William Phillips, of Quarr-road, Clydach, Swansea, were killed and Philip Rees was injured in a motor-cycle accident at Morriston, Swansea, on Monday night.

An Army motor-car came into collision with a motor-lorry trailer at a corner at Killuney, Armagh, yesterday. Driver Hindman (R.A.S.C.), Captain Williams (Royal Engineers), Captain Wylie (Royal Engineers), and Mr. Siderfin were injured. Captain Williams is in hospital in a critical condition.

MOTOR-COACH DRIVER SENT FOR TRIAL

ASHLEY CHARLES NORMAN, a motor-coach driver, of Nunhead, was at Slough (Bucks) last evening committed for trial, charged with the manslaughter of Mrs. Ellen Watkins, of Southall, and with doing grievous bodily harm to her husband, Mr. Selvan James Watkins, and Mr. Thomas William Martin, of Southall. Mr. and Mrs. Watkins and Mr. Martin were riding in a motor-car on the Colnbrook by-pass road when there was a collision between their car and a motor-coach driven by Norman. Evidence was given that the coach was travelling at a fast speed, estimates varying from 30 to 50 miles an hour. Norman pleaded "Not Guilty," and reserved his defence. Bail was granted.

THEFT AT GOLF CLUB HOUSE

At the Surrey Quarter Sessions at Kingston yesterday EDMOND CHARLES BOWCHER GROGAN, 21, of Old Lodge-lane, Purley, was found *Guilty* of stealing two 10s. notes from Coulsdon Court Golf Club on July 22, and was bound over for two years and ordered to pay £10 10s. costs. The notes were missed from a locker room, in which they had been left as a trap soon after Grogan visited the room, and he paid one of the notes over the bar. The other had not been traced. It was alleged that on one occasion the secretary, looking through holes bored in a door, saw Grogan searching pockets of coats in the locker room. In five months £50 had been reported missing. Grogan stated that he found one note in the passage.

AIR EXERCISES BEGUN.—Continued from page 10, column 4.

of energetic counter-strokes by the defenders, and have demonstrated the value of fighters for offence even when no infantry is engaged. Night raids are now in progress, and will continue until daylight brings out the faster machines to carry on, while their more lumbering fellows recross the frontier to prepare for the next night's work.

ATTACKS IN THE SOUTH

AIR MINISTRY'S COMMUNIQUES

The following *communiqué* was issued by the Air Ministry last night:—

Immediate activity on both sides followed the expiration of the ultimatum at 11 a.m. to-day.

Following a reconnaissance, Red bombers in small formation carried out a series of raids on Upavon, Worthy Down, and Tangmere. They were intercepted by formations of Blue fighters and many engagements took place.

Manston was simultaneously attacked by formations of high and low flying aircraft, and day bombers operating at 4,000ft. and fighters at 150ft. pressed home attacks on the hangars and on aircraft observed on the ground.

These attacks were followed by a low-flying raid on Lympne, carried out by fighters. At this aerodrome also a number of aircraft were discovered on the ground.

Attacks have been carried out by Blue day bombers on the smelting works at Bircham-Newton and Hucknall, upon the naval port of Skipsea, and upon the capital of Red Colony, Cranwell.

The Umpire Staff have not yet assessed the results of the aerial fighting and of the bombing attacks.

The following official *communiqué* was issued last night:—

A heavy offensive has been maintained throughout to-day by Blue aircraft against a number of important objectives in Red Colony. In addition to the attacks reported in the last *communiqué* upon Bircham Newton, Hucknall, Skipsea, and Cranwell, the port of Catterick, from which all minerals from Red Colony are shipped, was heavily attacked by a considerable force of heavy bombers.

As a result of the long distances involved for the majority of the Blue forces and the consequent late return of the aircraft, the umpires have not yet determined the damage done. The complete results of the attacks by Red aircraft on Blue Colony have not been fully determined, but the following casualties have been awarded:—

At Manston five Blue aircraft were destroyed, and eight damaged.

At Tangmere one aircraft was destroyed and one damaged. One Red fighter was shot down.

The weather conditions have been uniform in Red and Blue Colony, and have been particularly suitable from a training point of view. There has been broken cloud at 2,000ft. to 3,000ft., with rain showers in various parts of the country at intervals.

The Air Ministry, in a notice to airmen, announce that Royal Air Force aircraft will be flying every night between 10 p.m. and 4 a.m., until Saturday inclusive, over an area bounded by straight lines joining Cranwell, Peterborough, Uppingham, and Cranwell. Above an altitude of 2,000ft. the aircraft will not exhibit navigation lights, unless other aircraft are observed in their immediate vicinity.

VISITOR ROBBED AT THE TOWER

AN OBLIGING PICKPOCKET

At the Thames Police-court yesterday a young man named GEORGES KEAKINI, a naturalized Spanish subject, born in New York, was charged, on remand, with stealing £27 in notes in a wallet from the person of Daniel McCombrey, of 14, Villiers-street, Swansea. Through his solicitor, Mr. Jonathan Harris, the accused pleaded "Guilty." He also pleaded "Guilty" to a charge of, being an alien, landing in this country without the permission of an immigration officer. The robbery took place at the Tower of London, where the prosecutor was on a visit with some friends. At the previous hearing Detective-sergeant C. Smith described Keakini as a very clever pickpocket, with many convictions on the Continent.

Mr. Harris said he was not pretending that his client was a man of good character, because he had apparently been convicted abroad. Keakini admitted taking the wallet from the prosecutor's pocket, and said that, seeing McCombrey afterwards approach him, he threw the wallet down. It was picked up by somebody else, who ran off with it. Being conscious of his record abroad, and not being desirous of getting into the hands of the police here, Keakini produced his own wallet and opened it. The prosecutor at once put his hand in Keakini's wallet and took out £14. Having lost £27, he asked the accused to make up the balance to £27, and Keakini produced £15, asking the prosecutor to give him £2 change. The prosecutor, said Mr. Harris, refused to give the change, so that, instead of taking only £27, McCombrey divested Keakini of £2. When the police were called McCombrey did not wish to prosecute, but the police told him he ought to do so. The accused, Mr. Harris observed, had been quite frank from beginning to end, and the prosecutor had not only lost nothing, but had really stolen £2.

The MAGISTRATE (Mr. F. T. Barrington-Ward, K.C.).—That raises a very nice point.

On the Alien Acts charge, Mr. Harris submitted that it was not so much the fault of the alien as the laxity of the system.

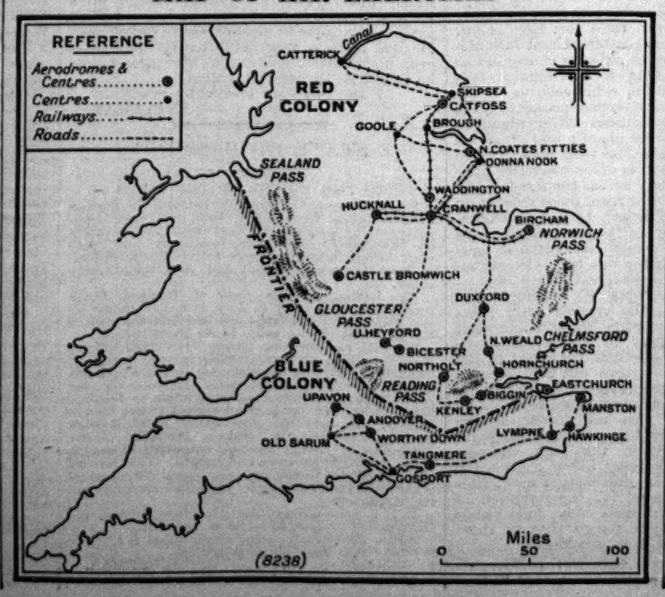
Detective-sergeant Black said that in fairness to the prosecutor it should be said that he had not benefited. He had now satisfied the police that he had lost £27 10s., and this amount had been returned to him.

The MAGISTRATE sentenced Keakini to six months' imprisonment with hard labour on the first charge, and to 14 days' imprisonment with hard labour on the second, the sentences to be concurrent. He recommended him for deportation.

VACCINATION AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS

Mr. E. A. Watson, chief pathologist to the Animal Diseases Research Institute, Department of Agriculture, Quebec, who at the International Veterinary Congress on August 6 dealt with the subject of vaccination against tuberculosis—reported in *The Times* of August 7—writes to make it clear that his studies have led to an opinion against the claims made for the Calmette-Guerin method of vaccination as an efficient means of protection against bovine tuberculosis. Through an error, Mr. Watson was reported as endorsing the claims of B.C.G. vaccination. Mr. Watson writes that, as the question is one of much dispute and controversy, he wishes his own view to be clearly set forth in opposition.

MAP OF AIR EXERCISES



THE MINES ACT

REPORT OF FEDERATION LEADERS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

WESTON-SUPER-MARE, AUG. 12

To-day's session of the conference of the Miners' Federation has been suspended as a mark of respect for the late Mr. William P. Richardson, treasurer of the federation.

Last night 10 representatives travelled by train to Durham to represent the federation at the funeral which took place this afternoon. They included Mr. Herbert Smith (ex-president) and Mr. A. J. Cook (secretary).

The election of Mr. T. Richards as president is regarded by the delegates as a foregone conclusion, for although Mr. Herbert Smith, the former president, has been nominated, Mr. Richards's nomination is supported by more than two-thirds of the membership. There is more interest in the election of the vice-president of the Federation. There are six candidates for this position—Mr. E. Edwards, M.P. (Northumberland); Mr. J. Jones (Yorkshire); Mr. T. Cape, M.P. (Cumberland); Mr. G. H. Jones (Midlands); Mr. H. Hicken (Derbyshire); and Mr. J. Doonan (Scotland). Of the six candidates three have been nominated by districts other than their own.

The situation has been changed by the unexpected death of Mr. Richardson, which has created a vacancy in the office of treasurer of the Federation. It may be that before the vote is taken some of the candidates will seek this position, and there may be a bargain between some of the districts for the two vacant offices.

For the Executive the nominations have been restricted by districts to the actual number of members required, the contests, if any, taking place in the districts. The new Executive Committee, which will be elected on Friday, will be constituted as follows:—Mr. P. Lee and Mr. T. Trotter (Durham), Mr. S. Blackledge (Lancashire), Mr. R. Smith (Scotland), Mr. J. Jones, Mr. J. A. Hall, and Mr. A. Smith (Yorkshire), Mr. E. Edwards (Northumberland), Mr. T. Richards and Mr. S. O. Davies (South Wales), Mr. H. Hicken (Derbyshire), Mr. W. Latham (Midlands), Mr. J. H. Harrison (Group 1), Mr. J. Elko (Group 2), Mr. H. Dack (Group 3), Mr. J. R. Barker (Group 4), and Mr. H. Booth (Group 5).

In their report on the Coal Mines Act the Executive Committee refer to the critical position which arose when the House of Lords insisted on the spread-over. They say that the issue was a delicate one; the miners' leaders were strongly opposed to any spread-over of hours, and they intensely disliked any suggestion whereby they would appear to have acquiesced in the principle being inserted in the Bill, even though the amendment proposed would, in practice, enable the federation to veto any such proposal. On the other hand, it was necessary to consider the position of the Bill, and to weigh against their dislike of the proposal the probable loss of the many valuable features of the Bill. After anxious consideration the Executive, while emphatically protesting against the House of Lords, in opposing the decision of the House of Commons reluctantly acquiesced in the proposal of the Government. That proposal enabled the Bill to become an Act of Parliament, and any spreadover of hours must be with the approval of the Mining Association of Great Britain and the Miners' Federation of Great Britain. This amendment had placed a powerful weapon in the hands of their organization; it had also placed them in a position of great responsibility. The country might be assured that the Miners' Federation would use this power wisely and well, and that it would consider the welfare and economic circumstances of the mining industry equally with the ardent desire of its own members for a shorter working day and better wages.

The Act had been described as "the work of the Labour Government and the contribution of the Government to the reorganization of the industry and to the solution of its economic difficulties." Such a description was likely to cause considerable misconception as to its nature and origin. Part I. expanded and made compulsory upon all districts certain schemes for the regulation of output and sale, and endeavoured to co-ordinate those schemes under a national authority. But the schemes in their inception were the work of certain groups of coalowners, and their main principles were operating in certain parts of the country before the present Bill was introduced (for example, under the Five Counties Scheme). The extension of those schemes to all districts and their co-ordination by a national authority was nevertheless a work of great importance and had been urged by the Federation ever since such schemes were first initiated in the districts. To the principles of the regulation of output, the fixation of minimum prices, and national co-ordination they gave unqualified support, although the methods of applying those principles provided by the Act did not conform to their own views and policy.

The report adds:—"The constructive parts of the Bill by no means represent the full extent of the contribution which a majority Labour Government would make to the reorganization of the industry. They do, however, represent the maximum contribution which can be made to help the industry quickly in present political circumstances, and undoubtedly the scheme will help the industry, providing those who are responsible for their operation will apply them in the right spirit. That responsibility belongs to the colliery-owners. Let us hope that in the coming year they will exercise it in a way which will obviate the necessity of our again having to defend our people against attacks upon their standard of living."

The principal mourners at the funeral of Mr. W. P. Richardson, treasurer of the Miners' Federation, at Durham, yesterday, were Mr. W. P. Richardson (son) and Mrs. Robson, Miss G. Richardson, Miss E. Richardson, and Miss M. P. Richardson (daughters). The service was conducted by the Rev. J. Henderson and the Rev. T. Beavan. The Rev. J. G. Richardson, of Gateshead, paid personal tribute to the character of a life-long member of the Primitive Methodist community. Councillor Lee spoke at the graveside, and Mr. A. J. Cook paid tribute to Mr. Richardson as a courageous and loyal leader of the miners, who, in their darkest hour, was an optimist and a brave comrade. Bishop Welldon pronounced the Benediction.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

Mr. W. STUTTERS, vice-chairman of the 1912 Club, addressed the members of the club last night in London on the relation of agricultural depression to unemployment. He said that, no matter what principle of political economy or whatever system of revenue-producing policy obtained, the question of agriculture would have to be considered in relation to the welfare of the State. If our agricultural interests were developed employment in the industry could be found for over 2,000,000 people. A great deal of fertile land was lying uncultivated which, under a proper development scheme, could absorb the majority of those now unemployed, and ensure bigger supplies of foodstuffs to the nation. Modern industrial manufacturing expansion could not compensate the country for a ruined agriculture. By securing the farmer a remunerative price for his wheat every other branch of agriculture would flourish. The possibility of a scarcity of wheat in the future necessitated extension of wheat cultivation at home and the development of Dominion production. The policy outlined by Mr. Baldwin was bold in conception, and when the opportunity came to put it into practice it would mark the genesis of a new agricultural era.

UNLICENSED MONEYLENDERS

A woman applying at the Tower Bridge police court for a moneylender's licence complained to the magistrate (Mr. Campion, K.C.) that she was put to the expense of a licence costing £15, and of advertising her proposal to apply for a licence, although a number of people in the same district carried on business without a licence. The applicant was before the magistrate yesterday with evidence of good character to support her application. Mr. Campion said it was his duty to warn any who might be carrying on the business of moneylenders without a licence that they were liable to an Excise penalty of £100. He had reason to believe that one person carrying on without a licence had been refused a licence at that Court. The penalty was an Excise penalty, and the proper people to inquire into that matter were the Commissioners of Excise. He hoped that it would be found possible to take steps to end what he regarded as a very grave scandal.

Sir Leonard Dunning, formerly H.M. Inspector of Constabulary, and Mr. R. C. Burton Rowe, president of the Corporation of Insurance Brokers, have become members of the executive committee of the Bribery and Secret Commissions Prevention League, Incorporated.

LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, AUG. 12

ADMIRALTY, AUG. 7

R.N.

Cd. Gunner A. J. Ward to be Lieut (July 15).

Lieut.-Comdr. H. F. M. Peto placed on Retd. List at own request with rank of Comdr. (Aug. 6).

Sub-Lieuts. to be Lieuts.:—E. G. E. Liversidge, L. C. S. Sheppard, R. B. C. Hutchison (Aug. 1).

R.N.V.R.

Probv. Surg. Sub-Lieut. J. F. Corr, M.B., Ch.B., to be Surg. Sub-Lieut. with original seny. of Oct. 15, 1928.

Surg. Sub-Lieut. J. F. Corr, M.B., Ch.B., to be Surg. Lieut. with seny. of July 1.

AUGUST 8

R.N.

Act. Lieut. (E) C. B. Pratt to be Lieut. (E) (June 1).

AUGUST 9

R.N.

Cd. Gnr. A. R. J. Jones placed on Retd. List at own request (Aug. 9).

R.N.R.

Sub-Lieut. A. W. Bradfield to be Lieut. with seny. of June 20.

AUGUST 11

R.N.

Surg. Comdr. R. S. Robson placed on Retd. List with rank of Surg. Capt. (Aug. 11).

R.N.R.

Capt. R. V. Peel, R.D., placed on Retd. List (Aug. 10).

AUGUST 12

R.N.

Lieut. (E) J. Billing placed on Retd. List (Aug. 12).

Engr. Lieuts. (Retd.) to be Engr. Lieut.-Comdrs. (Retd.):—T. Anderson, W. H. Bull, F. Smith, L. H. Young, T. F. Richards, E. H. G. Mason, A. P. Barnes, C. A. Wilson, J. J. Glassow, W. Tearle, H. White, A. Bailey, J. E. Mitchell, W. H. Whittaker, J. Lippiett, H. E. Oxley, J. T. Birtwhistle, G. C. Mansfield, A. Barrie, J. Young, C. A. Brown, J. Woodman, W. A. Procter, P. R. Brooker, M.B.E., H. T. Winch, W. A. Whittle, A. Pollitt, J. MacBroom, E. E. Moorey, J. H. Bodys, F. J. Salmon, T. Maxted, H. C. Crow, L. Hodge, H. Paltridge, C. Palmer, D.S.C., J. J. Palmer, F. J. Palmer (Aug. 12).

R.M.

Lieut. W. E. Petley, M.B.E. (Retd.), to be Capt. (Retd.) (Aug. 12).

WAR OFFICE, AUG. 12

The follg. Cols. (temp. Brigs.) are apptd. Aides-de-Camp to the King:—

J. D. Dick-Cunyngham, C.M.G., D.S.O., vice Col. W. J. Dugan, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. (promoted) (April 13); J. R. M. Minshull-Ford, D.S.O., M.C., vice Col. L. A. E. Price-Davies, V.C., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. (Retd.) (April 15).

REGULAR ARMY

Col. W. E. Hume-Spry, D.S.O., Ind. Army, is granted the temp. rank of Brigadier while Inspr., Ind. A.S.C. Servs., Northern Area, India (June 16).

Col. T. C. Mudie, D.S.O., is granted the local rank of Brigadier whilst actg. O.C. Troops, Malta (July 30); Col. E. M. Jack, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. (ret. pay), is granted the hon. rank of Brigadier on retirement (July 31).

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Maj. V. C. Brown, D.S.C., R. Mar., relinquishes the appt. of Bde. Maj., Canal Bde., Egypt (July 12).

CAVALRY

9TH L.—Sec. Lt. H. H. Sykes, from K.S.L.I., to be Sec. Lt. (July 13).

13TH/18TH H.—Sec. Lt. R. T. G. Harrap to be Lt. (July 8).

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

Maj. D. R. MacDonald, D.S.O., M.C., retires on ret. pay (Aug. 12); Capt. H. W. Deacon, D.F.C., to be Adjt., vice Capt. (now Maj.) W. M. Jenkins (Dec. 14, 1928).

FOOT GUARDS

GREN. G'DS.—Capt. C. R. Goss retires, receiving a gratuity (Aug. 12).

Lt. A. F. L. Clive is restd. to the estabt. (Aug. 11).

Sec. Lt. P. D. Miller to be Lt. (July 21).

C. G'DS.—Sec. Lt. W. M. Fox from R.W. Fus., to be Sec. Lt. (Aug. 13).

I. G'DS.—Lt. T. G. Lindsay to be Capt. (July 10).

INFANTRY

LEICESTER R.—Lt. R. T. O'E. Horsford is restd. to the estabt. (Aug. 10).

DORSET R.—Capt. A. S. Fraser to be Maj. (July 30).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Capt. F. K. Escritt to be Maj. (prov.) (Aug. 8).

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S IMPERIAL MILITARY NURSING SERVICE

The undermentioned resign their appts.:—

Sister Miss K. Kendrick (July 21); Sister Miss J. Brown (Aug. 13).

ESTABLISHMENTS

Maj.-Gen. A. E. W. Harman, C.B., D.S.O., relinquishes the appt. of Comdt., Equita. Sch., and Inspr. of Cav. (Aug. 11).

MEMORANDA

Lt.-Col. R. C. Smythe, C.M.G., D.S.O., h.p. list, late Inniskilling Fus., retires on ret. pay (Aug. 10).

Sec. Lt. W. I. Horton (late temp. Sec. Lt., R. Fus.), relinquishes the rank of Sec. Lt. on enlistment into the T.A. (June 13).

GENERAL LIST

Capt. H. D. Humphreys, Dental Surg., relinquishes his temp. commn. on appt. to a non permanent commn. in the R.A.F. (July 1).

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

REGIMENTAL LIST

INFANTRY

The undermentioned having attained the age limit of liability to recall, cease to belong to the Res. of Off.:—

THE QUEEN'S R.—Capt. A. S. Hodgson (Aug. 9).

R. Fus.—Capt. G. A. Angel (Aug. 2).

INNISKILLING FUS.—Lt.-Col. R. C. Smythe, C.M.G., D.S.O. (ret. pay), to be Lt.-Col. (Aug. 10), with seniority Feb. 5, 1923.

ROYAL SUSSEX R.—Sec. Lt. T. S. Elliott, from Supp. Res. of Off., to be Sec. Lt. (Aug. 13), with seniority April 25, 1928.

ESSEX R.—Lt.-Col. J. S. Unthank, D.S.O., having attained the age limit of liability to recall, ceases to belong to the Res. of Off. (July 19).

SUPPLEMENTARY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

ROYAL CORPS OF SIGNALS

2nd Lt. W. K. Carroll to be Lt. (July 9).

William Scott to be 2nd Lt. (Aug. 3).

INFANTRY

K.O.S.B.—2nd Lt. G. N. Leadbetter resigns his commn. (Aug. 13).

Y. and L.R.—Bertram Artindale Bannister (late Offr. Cadet, Sheffield Univ. Contgt., Sen. Div., O.T.C.) to be 2nd Lt. (Aug. 13).

TERRITORIAL ARMY

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Col. W. W. Jelf, C.M.G., D.S.O., from h.p., is apptd. Comdr., R.A., 42nd (E. Lan.) Div. (Aug. 1).

ROYAL ARTILLERY

84TH (E. ANGLIAN) FD. BDE.—2nd Lt. E. C. Boyce resigns his commn. (June 26).

ROYAL ENGINEERS

55TH (W. LAN.) DIVL. ENGRS.—C. J. Macdonald, B.Sc. (late Cadet, Rossall Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.), to be 2nd Lt. (June 21).

INFANTRY

7TH BN. THE KING'S R.—F. G. Pinnington to be 2nd Lt. (Aug. 2).

7TH BN. LAN. FUS.—2nd Lt. H. G. Haselwood ceases to hold a commn. in the T.A., for failing to comply with military requirtions (Aug. 13).

4TH BN. HAMPSHIRE R.—2nd Lt. S. G. L. Cator to be Lt. (June 1).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

GENERAL LIST.—Lt. D. A. Davies to be Capt. (June 17); Lt. J. T. Clark, M.B., resigns his commn. (Aug. 13).

ROYAL ARMY CHAPLAINS' DEPARTMENT

The Rev. C. K. McWilliam, M.A., B.D., Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl., from T.A. Res. of Off., to be Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl. (Aug. 13).

GENERAL LIST

UNIVERSITY CANDIDATES

The undermentioned to be 2nd Lts. (Aug. 10):—

J. D. Pattullo, G. P. Shearer, F. L. Freeman, W. K. Tate.

TERRITORIAL ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

GENERAL LIST

YEOMANRY

Capt. G. T. Hutchinson, M.C., having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (Aug. 13).

ROYAL ARMY VETERINARY CORPS

Maj. R. J. Finch, M.C., T.D., F.R.C.V.S., having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (Aug. 13).

REGIMENTAL LIST

INFANTRY

6TH BN. W. YORK R.—D. P. Bryce (late Lt. this Unit) to be Lt. (Aug. 13).

4TH/5TH BN. E. LAN. R.—Lt.-Col. A. T. Porritt having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (Aug. 13).

5TH BN R. SUSSEX R.—Capt. R. Pope having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (Aug. 13).

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty yesterday:—

CAPT.—C. A. SCOTT, to Barham, in command (Sept. 6).

LIEUTS.—R. A. CUSHIE, to Wanderer (Aug. 19); and J. HENRY LEWIS, W. SMITH, G. T. SMITH, P. E. HESELWOOD, and P. W. BECK, to *President*, for Advanced (T.) Course, at R.N. College, Greenwich (Sept. 26).

SUB-LIEUT.—J. WINSTOUR, to Sesame (Sept. 6).

COMMR. (E.).—H. C. CH

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, Aug. 12

Sheikh Suleiman bin Nasur el Lemki (Senior Arab Member of the Legislative Council, Zanzibar) had the honour of being received by The King this morning, when His Majesty invested him with the Insignia of a Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (Civil Division).

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, Aug. 12

The Prince of Wales received this morning Lieut.-Colonel R. M. Blair (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada).

The Finnish Minister and Mme. Saastamoinen have left for a short vacation on the Continent.

The Marquess of Reading took up his residence at Deal Castle yesterday, and will stay there for some weeks.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Londonderry have left London for Santander.

Marchioness Curzon of Kedleston has returned to London from Dublin, where she was the guest of the American Minister to the Irish Free State and Mrs. Stirling for the Horse Show. She will be leaving shortly for Scotland for a round of visits

The Countess of Huntingdon arrived in London on Thursday from Burton Hall, Loughborough, and left immediately for Baden-Baden, where she will remain for some weeks.

Viscountess Glenapp has arrived at Claridge's from the country.

Lord Thomson returned to London yesterday from Dublin.

Lord Faringdon has left 18, Arlington-street for Glenalmond, Perth, where he will remain for some time.

Lord and Lady Jessel have left 24, South-street for the country, where they will remain for six or seven weeks.

Lord and Lady Sinclair have left 3, West Halkin-street for Milton Park, Kirkcudbrightshire, where they will remain for some time.

Lady Ashfield has left 43, South-street for the country, and expects to be away for about a month.

Captain the Hon. Henry Denison leaves Cowes to-day for Weymouth.

The Hon. C. W. and Mrs. Baillie-Hamilton are travelling abroad for some weeks, and correspondence cannot be forwarded.

Sir Percival Marling, V.C., and Lady Marling have left Stanley Park, Gloucestershire, for the Palace Hotel, Buxton, and will be away from home a month.

Mr. and Lady Guendolen Cecil, who are touring England, expect to return to London about the end of September.

Mr. Basil Ionides and the Hon. Mrs. Ionides are leaving London to-day for Prague, Vienna, and other places abroad, and will be away until early in October. Only envelopes marked "Personal" will be forwarded.

Mme. Bisauskas, who left England in June for Lithuania, does not expect to return to London until the end of September.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. H. Guinness have left 6, Cheyne-walk for Norway, and will be away until the middle of September. Correspondence will not be forwarded, but they hope to answer personally the many very kind letters of sympathy they have received.

Mr., Mrs., and Miss Scrope having left Danby, their permanent address now is Eastleach, Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

Miss Olga Nethersole is unable to represent The People's League of Health at the International Union Against Tuberculosis Conference at Oslo, August 13-15, as she is still suffering from the effects of her motor accident. Dr. Nathan Raw, C.M.G., will be the League's medical representative.

Sir Bertram Blakiston Cubitt, K.C.B., and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Edward North Buxton, M.C., have been appointed Deputy Lieutenants for the County of Essex.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Rev. Charles Arthur Christopherson Bowlker has resigned his commission as Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Rutland.

The funeral of Lady Holt, widow of Sir Vesey Holt, will take place to-morrow, August 14, at 2.30 p.m., at St. James's Church, North Cray. Trains from Charing Cross at 1.22 and Cannon-street 1.42, arriving Bexley at 1.55 and 2.22 respectively.

MARRIAGES

LORD TRIMLESTOWN AND MISS NIXON

The marriage took place at Christ Church, Eltham, yesterday, of Lord Trimlestown and Miss Josephine Nixon, daughter of the late Sir Christopher Nixon, P.C. Father O'Leary officiated.

MR. C. H. APPLETON AND MISS Y. M. HARDING

The marriage took place yesterday at St. Michael's and All Angels' Church, Lyndhurst, Hants, of Mr. Charles Henry Appleton, R.A.F., son of the late Captain Henry Appleton, King's Dragoon Guards, and Mrs. Appleton, of Hanburies, Bishops Frome, Worcester, and Miss Yvonne Marjorie Harding, daughter of the late Mr. Ivan C. Harding and Mrs. Harding, of Castel Aly, Saint-Servan-sur-mer, Ille-et-Vilaine, France. The Rev. F. R. Cooksley officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her uncle, Lieutenant-Colonel Maynard Harding, wore a close-fitting gown of white crêpe romaine, with long tight sleeves, and a full circular skirt. Her long train, which was formed by the back of the skirt, was carried by Master Colin Murray and Master John Townsend Rose. She wore a net veil held in place by a green and white crystal headdress, and carried a bouquet of lilies-of-the-valley and white heather. The trainbearers wore kilts of their respective tartans, with buff linen jackets and vests. The bridesmaids—Miss Ruby Harding-Finlayson (cousin of the bride), Miss Zara and Miss Rosamund Appleton (sisters of the bridegroom), and Miss Lilian Fraser—wore close-fitting dresses in heavy silk net, with very full circular skirts. Each bridesmaid wore a different colour—white, flesh colour, rose, and vieux rose. They wore wreaths of crystal roses in their hair, and carried bouquets of carnations to tone. Mr. Anthony Anning, R.A.F., was best man. A reception was held at the Grand Hotel, Lyndhurst, and among those present were:—

Mrs. Ralston, Mrs. Ivan Harding, Mr. Charles Harding, Mr. Donald Harding, Mr. Gordon Kennedy, Mr. Harold Coombe, Mrs. Appleton, Major and Mrs. Frank Appleton, Mr. Alfred Appleton, Miss Margaret Appleton, Major and Mrs. Nelson, the Misses Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Nelson, Mrs. Percival Dunsmure, Colonel and Mrs. Basil Kerrodaile, Mrs. and Miss Legge, Mr. and Mrs. Goss, Captain and Mrs. Leonard Mitchell, Mrs. J. Lee-Featherstone, Mr. and Mrs. Blackwell, Lady Edward Somerset, Lady Mabel King-Hall, Sir Stuart and Lady Fraser, Lady Fane, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson-Fleming, Major-General Sir Henry and Lady Bushman and the Misses Bushman, Mrs. Pollard, Major Douglas, Lady McGeagh, Admiral and Mrs. Grant-Dalton, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Baldwin, Captain and Mrs. Townsend Rose, Colonel and Mrs. Williams-Freeman, Miss Evelyn Williams-Freeman, Mrs. and Miss Greenbourne, Miss Pat Wallace, Miss Cartwright, Miss Basi Rams, Major and Mrs. Ernest Lucas, and the Misses Lucas.

The honeymoon is being spent in Antibes, and the bride travelled in a dark blue georgette ensemble, and a hat to match.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. A. GEARY AND MRS. LOWE

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place very quietly at Oxon Hoath, Tonbridge, between Lieutenant-Colonel John Alexander Geary, D.S.O., late R.A., of Arreton, Camberley, son of the late Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Leguay Geary, K.C.B., R.A., Colonel Commandant, R.A., and Cecil Oonagh Lowe, widow of Arthur Rylands Lowe, of Kellett Lodge, Hong-kong, and Cedar Close, Deepdene-drive, Dorking, daughter of the late Payn de Turberville Evans.

MR. D. GOURLAY AND MISS J. M. VAUGHAN

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between David Gourlay, son of the late Mr. David Gourlay, and Janet M. Vaughan, daughter of the Headmaster of Rugby.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL H. J. RUSSELL AND MRS. K. E. HEWITT

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Lieutenant-Colonel H. J. Russell, D.S.O., and Kathleen Eva Hewitt, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Ensor, Brierfield, Felixstowe.

MAJOR A. S. C. KENNEDY AND MISS SANDERSON

The engagement is announced between Major A. S. C. Kennedy, Royal Artillery, son of Colonel and Mrs. W. Craufurd Kennedy, of Clarendon-villas, Hove, and Vera, elder daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. E. H. Sanderson, of Filgrave Rectory, Bucks.

CAPTAIN C. E. L. WATKINS AND MISS A. B. EVANS

The marriage arranged between Captain C. E. L. Watkins, M.C., K.O.Y.L.I., and Miss A. B. Evans, The Rise, Dawlish, will take place at Port Said on September 24.

CAPTAIN F. H. W. ROSS-LEWIN AND MISS CRAWHALL

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place quietly at Frimley Parish Church on September 10, between Captain Francis Henry Westropp Ross-Lewin, 4th/2nd Punjab Regiment, son of the late Rev. Canon R. O'D. and Mrs. Ross-Lewin, and Helen Cecilia, only surviving child of the Rev. E. L. and Mrs. Crawhall, Aviemore, Camberley.

THE REV. E. G. HAMMOND AND MISS HASWELL

The engagement is announced between the Rev. Edward Guy Hammond, third son of the Rev. H. B. W. and Mrs. Hammond, of Stockleigh Pomeroy Rectory, Crediton, and Margery, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Haswell, of Chatsworth, Seymour-road, Plymouth.

MR. G. V. N. RIDLEY AND MISS CROSSMAN

The engagement is announced between Mr. G. Vernon N. Ridley, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Ridley, Broomfield, Chelmsford, and Miss Norah M. Crossman, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Percy Crossman and Mrs. Crossman, of Great Bromley Hall, Colchester.

MR. G. STEWART AND MRS. SYMONS

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place on September 9, between George Stewart, Badulla, Ceylon, and Mary Beatrice Erskine Symons, widow of Major Hubert Symons, R.F.A., and daughter of Mrs. B. M. Erskine Ferguson, of Little Wolleigh, Bovey Tracey, South Devon.

MR. R. M. DEANESLY AND MISS GRANT

The marriage arranged between Richard Marston Deanesly, of Berkeley, California, elder son of Edward Deanesly, F.R.C.S., and Mrs. Deanesly, Claremont, Wolverhampton, and Jean Chisholm (Nita), only daughter of James R. Grant, solicitor, Supreme Court, Rothamsted, York-road, Edinburgh, and the late Mrs. Grant, will take place at St. James's Church, Inverleith-row, Edinburgh, on Saturday, September 6, at 2 o'clock. Friends will be welcome at the church.

MR. A. H. MILWARD AND MISS F. VON DER BECKE

The engagement is announced between Anthony, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Milward, of Redditch, and Frieda, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. von der Becke, of Henley-in-Arden, Warwickshire.

PRINCESS LOUISE, DUCHESS OF ARGYLL

ADDRESS FROM CANADIAN ACADEMY

Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, was presented yesterday, by Mr. E. Wyly Grier, President of the Royal Canadian Academy, on behalf of the council of that body, with an illuminated and engrossed address as a token of appreciation of the interest which she has taken in the academy from its earliest days. The address recalled that the academy was founded in 1880, when the late Duke of Argyll, who was then the Marquess of Lorne, was Governor-General of Canada. A few years later a Royal Charter was granted to the academy. Mr. Wyly Grier read the address and Princess Louise expressed her high appreciation of the gift.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

PROFESSOR OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

OXFORD, Aug. 12

At a meeting of the electors held on Saturday, August 2, Alfred Eckhard Zimmern, M.A., New College, was elected the first Montague Burton Professor of International Relations for seven years from October 1, 1930.

Mr. Montague Burton, of Harrogate, recently offered to contribute £1,320 a year for seven years for the maintenance of a Professor of International Relations, and on May 21 a decree was passed in Congregation accepting the offer. Mr. Burton has intimated that if, after six years, he and the Hebdomadal Council should decide that the continuance of the professorship would be of advantage to the University he will be ready to provide a permanent endowment. The underlying motive of the founder is the furtherance of international peace in accordance with the ideals of the Covenant of the League of Nations. The professor will lecture both on the theory of international relations and on methods of international cooperation.

Mr. Zimmern is Deputy Director of the League of Nations Institute of Intellectual Cooperation (Palais Royal, Paris) and Director of the Geneva School of International Studies. Formerly a Fellow and tutor of New College, he served for some years under the Board of Education and in the Foreign Office; was Wilson Professor of International Politics in the University College of Wales, Aberystwyth, for two year; and in 1922-23 was Acting Professor of Political Science in Cornell University, U.S.A.

CAMBRIDGE, Aug. 12

The following titles of degrees have been conferred on women in addition to those published last Saturday:—

LE FEVRE, I. L., Girt., B.A.; LITTLE, M. M., Girt., B.A.; LLOYD THOMAS, M. G., Girt., M.A.; LUNGHI, K. D., Girt., B.A.; MACDONALD, H., Girt., B.A., M.A.; MATTHEWS, M. A. M., Girt., B.A.; MORTON, N. C., Girt., B.A.; NOAKE, M. G., Girt., B.A.; PILKINGTON, M. H., Girt., B.A.; ROGERS, M. L., Newnh., B.A., M.A.; SANDS, M., Girt., B.A.; SHEARD, E. M., Girt., B.A.; SLATER, M. C., Girt., B.A.; STONE, W. M. B., Newnh., B.A.; STUBBINS, F. W., Girt., B.A.; TAYLOR, M. L., Girt., B.A.; TOMES, N., Newnh., B.A.; VALENTINE, A. M., Girt., B.A.; WALKER, M. M., Girt., B.A.; WALLIS, F. P., Newnh., B.A.; WARD, P. J., Girt., B.A.; WHITTAKER, M., Girt., B.A.; WILLIAMS, E., Newnh., B.A.; WILSON, E. C., Girt., B.A.

THE SIMON REPORT

BOUND SUMMARIES AVAILABLE

Many requests have been addressed to *The Times* for bound copies of the two Summaries of the Report of the Statutory Commission which were published as special Supplements to the paper on June 10 and June 24 respectively. It has also been very widely suggested that these Summaries should be reprinted as a volume of smaller size.

There are certain difficulties about meeting this suggestion—one of them being the obvious importance of encouraging as wide a circulation as possible for the Report itself. Copies of the two Summaries issued by *The Times* are, however, still available, and there is a continuous demand for them. The Manager is therefore arranging to bind a limited number together as a single volume in full cloth boards, and these can be procured at the price of half a crown, post free, by application only to the Publisher, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

MANUFACTURER'S LARGE ESTATE

Mr. JAMES BAIRSTOW, of Springfield, Crosshills, near Keighley, Yorks, chairman of Messrs. T. and M. Bairstow, Limited, spinners and manufacturers, Sutton Mills, who died on May 31 in his 79th year, left estate of the value of £424,007, with net personalty £406,592. He left:—

£2,000 to the Victoria Hospital, Keighley.
£500 to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.
£500 to the National Lifeboat Institution.
£500 to the West Riding Playing Fields Association.
£500 to the Keighley and District Institution for the Blind.
£900 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes.
£2,000 to the Bradford Diocesan Board for the endowment of benefices in their diocese, and for pensions for clergy. £2,000 in trust for the Church of St. Thomas, Sutton in Craven and All Saints, Glasburn, and the Church schools, and £300 for the upkeep of St. Thomas's Hall.

Mr. ARTHUR JOHN THORNHILL, D.L., J.P., of Diddington Hall, Buckden, Hunts, Conservative M.P. for Cambridgeshire, 1884-5, who died on June 14, aged 80, left unsettled estate of the gross value of £77,222, with net personalty £71,659. The testator left:—

£100 to Huntingdon County Hospital.
£200 and his wearing apparel to his butler, George Sawyer, if in his service at his death.
£100 to his former coachman, Alfred Redmill.
£100 to his head gardener, Thomas Lockie, if in his service at his death.
£50 to his housekeeper, Miss Falconer, if in his service at his death.
To each of his household servants of three years' service six months' wages.
£4 to each labourer of three years' service of 18 years of age or upwards, and to those under that age £2, and he directed
The executors to arrange that "each cottager tenant of mine in the villages of Diddington and Boughton shall have delivered to him or her one ton of coal free of all duty or expense," and he desired that the bearers at his funeral shall be selected "from my estate employees, and that a gratuity of £2 be paid to each such bearer," and he also left £25 to the vicar of Diddington "to be accepted by him as his fee in connexion with my burial."

SIR FREDERICK WILLIAM BLACK, K.C.B., of Pinewood View, Mytchett-road, Frimley Green, Surrey, and of Newport, Isle of Wight, formerly Director of Naval Contracts and Director-General of Munitions Supply, who died on June 7, aged 67, left estate of the gross value of £40,462, with net personalty £39,117. He left:—

£50 to Ethel Horry, if still his housekeeper.
£20 to Christopher Bond, if still assisting in outdoor work.

Mr. JOSIAH MARTYN SMITH, of The Brooklands, near Bromsgrove, Worcs, who died on May 31, aged 76, left estate of the gross value of £63,586, with net personalty £60,366. He left:—

£100 to William Sivill, for faithful service.
£5 for each year of service to his indoor servants who have been in his employ for three years.

Mr. EDWARD WESTBY NUNN, of Cornwall-road, Bedford, solicitor, who died on June 19, aged 74, left estate of the gross value of £32,662, with net personalty £30,861. The testator left:—

£500 and the contents of his residence not otherwise disposed of to his housekeeper, Gertrude Crofts, if in his service at his death, and he also left to her £120 per annum for life "as a slight token of my gratitude to her for her great assistance in bringing up my infant children when I was left a widower, and in consideration of her long service."

LIEUTENANT ROBERT JULIAN ARCHIBALD CUMING GIBSON-CRAIG, R.N., of Riccarton, Mid Lothian, who was killed in a motor-car accident in Portsmouth Dockyard on February 19, left personal estate in Great Britain valued at £39,745.

Mr. CHARLES BAKER, J.P., of Ashbourne Lodge, Gloucester-road, Birkdale, Lancs, draper, who died on June 3, aged 95, left estate of the gross value of £48,386, with net personalty £47,114. The testator left:—

An annuity of £52 each to his domestic servants, Mary Ann Matthews and Martha Davies, if respectively in his service at his decease.

Mr. HENRY POLES WHEATLEY, of Buchanan, Kidbrook-grove, Blackheath, S.E., and lately of The Baltic, who died on June 25, aged 72, left estate of the gross value of £37,893, with net personalty £36,677. He left:—

£100 to his cook, Blanche Thomas (commonly known as "Mary"), if in his service at his death, "in recognition of her long and faithful service."

Mrs. MARGARET ELIZABETH KERMODE, of Newsham-terrace, Douglas, Isle of Man, who died on June 25, widow of John Leece Kermode, left property in England valued at £8,806. She left:—

£150 to the vicar and wardens of Bradden, the income to be applied for the benefit of blind persons of Bradden, conditional upon her family graves in Bradden Cemetery being kept in order.
£100 to Hilda Caley, if in her employ at her death.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
AGNEW, Mrs. Henrietta Hayward (65), of Chestnut-road, West Norwood, S.E., widow of Engineer Rear-Admiral Thomas Agnew, R.N. (net personalty £1,692)	£1,739
EVELYN, Mrs. Emma Lucy (97), of Worcester House, Cirencester, Glouc, widow of the Rev. E. Boscawen Evelyn (net personalty £2,475)	2,734
FERGUSON, Mr. Thomas, of Grange-road, Edinburgh, and of George-street, Edinburgh, solicitor (personal estate)	5,558
KILLICK, Mr. Peter Gorringe, of Streatley, Bloomfield-road, Highgate, N., late Borough Surveyor of Finsbury (net personalty £3,226)	3,370
LASS, Mrs. Florence Mary, of Boundry-road, west, Hove, widow of Edwin Lass (net personalty nil)	1,109
MILLER, Mr. John Alexander (45), of Ivy House, Rastrick, near Brighouse, Yorks, engineer (net personalty £9,658)	11,880
NORTHCOTE, Mr. Mowbray Stafford (69), of Smedleys Hydro, Matlock (unsettled) (net personalty £17,394)	17,586
PATTIN, Dr. Harry Cooper, M.A., M.D., M.B., B.C., D.P.H., for many years Medical Officer of Health for Norwich City (net personalty £1,396)	1,523
PENDLETON, Alderman John Ernest, J.P. (60), of Claremount House, Sherwood Rise, Nottingham (net personalty £1,303)	3,231
POTTS, the Rev. Charles Marsden, M.A., of North Witham, Lincs (net personalty £2,339)	2,384
POWELL, Mr. Augustus flolliott, of Victoria-road, Worthing (net personalty £2,619)	2,802
QUITMANN, Mr. Ernst (76), of Lawrie Park-road, Sydenham, S.E., hardware merchant (net personalty £24,013)	25,265
RICHARDSON, Mr. Thomas Hyde (76), of Woodvale, Forest Hill, S.E. (net personalty £54,363)	£55,631
STEVENS, Mr. William Samuel, formerly of South Cliff Tower, Bournemouth (net personalty £11,358)	£15,993
TILLOTSON, Mrs. Phillis Mary (75), of Greystone, Shawford, near Winchester, widow of Colonel Lionel Tillotson (net personalty £1,003)	1,840
WATSON, Mr. James Bruce, F.S.I. (68), of Littlecote, Petworth, Sussex, agent to Lord Leconfield (net personalty £12,272)	12,570
WOODHOUSE, Mr. Fletcher, of Chatsworth-square, Carlisle (net personalty £14,635)	14,921

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The Bishop of Southwark has appointed the REV. H. HANDS, until recently curate of St. Paul's, Lorrimore-square, S.E., to the vicarage of St. Michael's, Abbey Wood, S.E.

The REV. S. G. FARRAR, curate of St. Mary the Virgin, Merton, S.W., has accepted the offer of the vicarage of Barton Hartshorn with Chetwode, Buckinghamshire—patron, Colonel Trotter.

The REV. G. H. BATEMAN, who recently returned to England after six years' service abroad, has been appointed Chaplain to the Forces at Hounslow in succession to the Rev. J. W. H. Toynbee, who has accepted a benefice in Rutlandshire.

HYTHE LIFEBOAT TO VISIT CALAIS

The new Hythe motor lifeboat City of Nottingham will cross the Channel on Friday in order to represent the British lifeboat service at the inaugural ceremony of the new Calais motor lifeboat Maréchal Foch. The City of Nottingham, which was formally named and launched last May by the Lord Mayor of Nottingham, will be under the command of Lieutenant-Commander H. L. Wheeler, R.N., inspector of lifeboats for the southern district. She will have on board Mr. C. H. Niven, honorary secretary of the Hythe lifeboat station, Dr. J. R. W. Richardson, honorary secretary of the Dover station, coxswain Harry Griggs, jun. (who won the Royal National Life-boat Institution's silver medal for gallantry in the gales of last November), and the Hythe crew. The Maréchal Foch is a 42ft. 6in. boat, with two engines, and a speed of 8½ knots.

Obituary

GENERAL SIR HORACE SMITH-DORRIEN

A GREAT SOLDIER

General Sir Horace Lockwood Smith-Dorrien, whose death is announced on another page, was a soldier whose true greatness was only revealed as the documentary evidence of the Great War gradually became available. He was called upon to take crucial decisions, and he had the courage to take them.

His name will always be associated with the Battle of Le Cateau on August 26, 1914, which he fought with the express though reluctant consent of Sir John French. The II Army Corps, which Sir Horace commanded, administered such a check to the oncoming Germans that it was enabled to withdraw from the field unpursued and to continue its retreat for ten days without serious molestation. It suffered heavy casualties, but far less than it inflicted, and it earned this tribute from Von Kluck:—

The way the retreat was carried out was remarkable. I tried very hard to outflank them, but I could not do so. If I had succeeded, the War would have been won.

It is probably not too much to say that Smith-Dorrien's decision to stand and fight at Le Cateau saved the British Expeditionary Force from annihilation.

The son of Colonel R. A. Smith-Dorrien, of Haresfoot, Herts, and brother of the late Mr. T. A. Smith-Dorrien-Smith, of Tresco Abbey, Scilly Isles, he was born on May 26, 1858. From Harrow, he joined the 95th Foot, The Sherwood Foresters, in February, 1876. In 1878 he went out to Zululand on special service with the new creation of the day, mounted infantry. At Isandhlwana in January, 1879, a small column consisting chiefly of the 24th Foot was surprised in camp by a Zulu impi, and only three or four of the British troops escaped the ensuing massacre. Smith-Dorrien, who had been a fine long-distance runner at school, succeeded in evading on foot the savages in pursuit of him. On the evidence of eye-witnesses he was recommended for the V.C. for two separate acts on that day. These recommendations drew laudatory letters from the War Office, with a regret that, as the proper channels for correspondence had not been observed, the statutes did not admit of his receiving the distinction. Next July he saw his comrades avenged at Ulundi; he himself charged the fleeing Zulus with his mounted men.

EGYPT AND SOUTH AFRICA

Then came the Egyptian campaign of 1882. Once more employed with mounted infantry, Smith-Dorrien was at Tel-el-Kebir, and in the following year he took service with the Egyptian Army, being then just promoted captain. For the next five years he served in that country. First engaged in 1864 with the Egyptian troops in the Valley of the Nile, he went through the continuous fighting of that season. Then in the next year he was at Suakin, once more in command of mounted infantry. Later in the season, after joining the Sudan Frontier Force, he took part in Sir F. Stephenson's defeat of the Dervishes at Giniss, where he led the pursuit of the Dervishes with Egyptian mounted troops. He left Egypt in January, 1887, with a D.S.O. and the Orders of the Osmanieh and Medjidieh.

Returning to England he spent 1889 and 1890 at the Staff College, and less than 18 months elapsed before he was promoted major and embarked to join his regiment in India. First he was a station staff officer, but was soon appointed D.A.A.G. in Bengal, and later A.A.G. in the Punjab. This move resulted in his accompanying the Chitral Relief Force of 1895. He then reverted to his regiment, and went through the frontier campaign of 1897-8 in Tirah. After that he was called to the Sudan, where he had left many friends. He arrived in the summer of 1898, just in time to take part in the battle of Omdurman and in the subsequent operations in the Nile Valley. A brevet-colonelcy was his reward, and in January, 1899, he was promoted regimentally to the command of his battalion. With 23 years' service he had now amassed a remarkable experience of "small" warfare; he had passed through the Staff College and was a brevet-colonel. Nor was this record lightly won, for Smith-Dorrien from the day of Isandhlwana onwards had served mainly with troops; he had led them in every rank through which he passed; his success was the result of honest service and an unquestioned gift of leadership of men.

On the outbreak of the South African War, in 1899, the Sherwood Foresters went to the Cape and, on Lord Roberts's reorganization of his forces, Smith-Dorrien received the command of the 19th Brigade, 9th Division, being promoted major-general. He contributed much to the success of Paardeberg; he distinguished himself at Poplar Grove. The capture of Thaba Nchu was largely his, while it is believed that the adoption of his plan would have averted the failure at Sannah's Post, in the Eastern Transvaal. Later on in the year the success of the operations round Belfast was the outcome of his handiwork. It is true that he was near disaster during a night attack made on his column by the enemy at Bothwell, but the steadiness of his troops and his own example saved them from destruction and himself from capture. If Smith-Dorrien's whole activities in this war were noteworthy, equally so was the fighting spirit he infused into his troops. His reputation for tenacity, combined with the intelligent handling of men, led the official historian to compare him to that great figure in war, Ulysses Grant.

Returning home in the summer of 1901, he soon went out again to India, this time as Adjutant-General. In July, 1903, he was transferred to the command of a 1st Class District, and shortly afterwards to that of the 4th (Quetta) Division of the Western Army Corps. He was created a K.C.B. for his services in 1904, and was promoted lieutenant-general in 1906.

After an absence of six years he returned to England to assume the chief command at Aldershot in December, 1907. In this important post, which he held for just over four years, he initiated a reform of much significance. Henceforth the soldier was to be regarded as an individual capable of being treated in a liberal way; he was to be placed upon his honour with regard to the observance of military discipline; older methods of restrictions and of punishment were largely relaxed or abolished. Unqualified success followed the innovation, and Smith-Dorrien's reputation as a sympathetic leader of men was assured.

In February, 1912, he handed over the Aldershot Command to Sir Douglas Haig, who had just returned from India, and took up the Southern Command at Salisbury. His work continued on the same lines as at Aldershot, and with equally happy results. He was promoted to general in 1912, and to G.C.B. in 1913.

LE CATEAU

The outbreak of the Great War found Sir Horace outside the pale of the Expeditionary Force. But the sudden death of Sir James Grierson, who had been appointed to command the II Corps on mobilization, left a vacancy which he alone could be called upon to fill. So he took the field and commanded that Corps at Mons in August, 1914. On this occasion, the second position prepared at his instance behind the canal was to be the main line of resistance, but, owing to the stubborn fighting of the 3rd and 5th Divisions against six German divisions, it was not until evening that a retirement was ordered. Then began the retreat.

Two days later came the battle on which mainly hangs Smith-Dorrien's reputation as a soldier. In the early morning of August 26—the anniversary of the battle of Crécy—Smith-Dorrien, after conferring with General Allenby, commanding the Cavalry Division, and the late General Sir Hubert Hamilton, commanding the 3rd Division, decided that he could not carry out the retreat which Sir John French had ordered without fighting first. It was a choice between standing to fight and being attacked on the move in broad daylight. He therefore reported fully to the Commander-in-Chief the reasons for his decision, and he received a written reply the substance of which was: You are the man on the spot; if you really consider it necessary to fight you must do so; but break off the engagement as soon as you can and continue the retreat. This document is quoted in General Edmonds's "Official History." It is difficult to understand, therefore, why the Field-Marshal should have written in his book "1914" that there was "not a semblance of truth" in the statement that "some tacit consent" was given by him to Smith-Dorrien's decision. Smith-Dorrien himself remained silent till 1925, when in his "Memoirs of 48 Years' Service" he gave a dispassionate account of the reasons for his decision.

The correctness of that decision is now acknowledged, and is confirmed from German sources. On the eve of Le Cateau Von Kluck's army and Von Richthofen's cavalry corps were already in places in actual contact with the British troops. Sir Douglas Haig's corps had the Sambre between it and the enemy, but the II Corps on the right had no such protection. The position of its 3rd and 5th Divisions was perilous enough; that of the 4th Division, under General Snow, which, though it did not form part of his corps, Smith-Dorrien could not leave in the lurch, was more perilous still. Its units were still moving across the enemy's front in the early hours of August 26; they were not in line with the remainder of the II Corps, and could not possibly have been ready to resume the retreat with them at the hour originally fixed.

At 5 a.m. Von der Marwitz's three cavalry divisions opened fire on General Snow's men, and the artillery and infantry of Von Kluck's leading corps came into action soon afterwards. Sordet's French cavalry on the west had by this time moved off, and had the British 3rd, 4th, and 5th Divisions been caught streaming away in columns on the road, and been headed off by the German cavalry, with German infantry closing in on them, there might well have been another Sedan.

As it was, Smith-Dorrien was able to withdraw his troops in the middle of the summer afternoon, and so effective had been their resistance that it was not till 6 a.m. on the following day that Von Kluck issued his order, "The in-retreat-supposed-enemy to be attacked wherever found." Indeed, Von Kluck and his chief staff officer, Von Kuhl, were under the impression that at Le Cateau they had fought the whole of the British Expeditionary Force, and when the latter learned the truth he wrote:—"One corps stands to fight, the other marches away. Where was G.H.Q. that day?" The fog of war was certainly very dense in those critical days of August, 1914, but the summary of what was done at Le Cateau given in the Official History will surely be the final judgment of history:—

Smith-Dorrien's troops had done what was thought to be impossible. With both flanks more or less in the air, they had turned on an enemy of at least twice their strength; had struck him hard and had withdrawn, except on the right flank of the 5th Division, practically without interference, with neither flank enveloped, having suffered losses certainly severe, but, considering the circumstances, by no means extravagant. The men looked upon themselves as victors . . . they had inflicted on the enemy casualties which are believed to have been out of all proportion to their own, and they had completely foiled the plan of the German commander.

THE MARNE AND AFTER

The retreat came to an end. Smith-Dorrien's Corps turned and fought on the Marne, and again at the Aisne, but his two Divisions, the 3rd and 5th, had incurred such heavy losses at Mons and Le Cateau that they could do little more than gain a bare footing on the northern bank. There followed the early fighting in Flanders, where, after a successful advance reaching nearly to La Bassée, heavy German reinforcements appeared, and Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien wisely fell back a short distance to a line which he had selected from Givenchy past Neuve Chapelle and in front of Laventie. This line, except that Neuve Chapelle changed hands twice, was maintained until 1918. On December 26, on the re-formation of armies, Sir Horace was given command of the Second Army and of the left of the British line.

During the second Battle of Ypres Smith-Dorrien, seeing that the French north of him had retired and were obviously not going to counter-attack, expressed himself as being in favour of a retirement from the part of the salient still in British hands back to a line along the north-eastern ramparts of the town of Ypres. Sir John French dissented; he urged the blow to prestige that such a move entailed. On meeting with final refusal, and finding that he was slowly being deprived of the control of the battle, Smith-Dorrien wrote to the Field-Marshal a letter in which he said that it had been obvious to him for a long time past that they could not see eye to eye, and that it was, consequently, better for the cause that he (Smith-Dorrien) should retire. As things turned out, this proved the end of a true soldier's career; a loss to the Army upon which it is now idle to speculate.

On returning home Sir Horace was created G.C.M.G., and was given command of the First Army of the Central Force maintained for Home Defence. This was but a poor employment for a soldier of his calibre. In November, 1915, he went out to East Africa to direct the conduct of the operations against the German forces surviving in that theatre of war. But in the following February he fell seriously ill on the voyage out, so that he asked to be relieved of his command and returned home. He was not again employed on active service, but bore the trial in dignified silence. In January, 1917, he received the appointment of Lieutenant of the Tower of London, and held that sinecure until September, 1918, when he was nominated Governor of Gibraltar. He filled that post with dignity and efficiency for five years.

Among the many officers who established a great name in the period of small warfare before 1899, few had survived to participate in the Great War. Some were well stricken in years; others had grown too senior in rank; several dropped out of the circle which was to staff the Army of 1914. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien was an exception. With his still youthful physique, his personal qualities, technical knowledge, and experience, all claimed recognition. He was a man of the Army who had lived with it and for it; he always knew the temper of his men in a manner that was given to few. Moreover, he was not of those who had sat in Whitehall: apart from the short time he spent in India as Adjutant-General, he had never been an "office soldier." It is true that he had his weaknesses; his direct manner may have lacked grace; he may have been hot-tempered; he could think of nothing but his troops except, perhaps, of his racing ponies; he was no courtier; he did not aspire to figure as a heaven-sent soldier or administrator. But his soldierly merits were such that his name will surely live in the history of the British Army.

Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien was Colonel of the Sherwood Foresters from 1905, and was appointed A.D.C. General to the King in 1910. He married, in 1902, Olive, daughter of Colonel Schneider, of Furness Abbey. She was created D.B.E. in 1919. He leaves three sons, of whom the eldest is a lieutenant in the King's Royal Rifle Corps.

MR. F. BURN

Mr. Fred Burn died at his home in Manchester late on Monday night, at the age of 70. Active members of the Liberal Party in the days of its influence will remember him as one of the most successful, as he was one of the most agreeable, personalities among the professional party workers in the North of England. His last post, from which he retired about six years ago, was that of secretary of the Lancashire, Cheshire, and North-Western Counties Liberal Federation, but he had earlier held much more exacting offices, particularly as secretary of the Manchester Liberal Federation, and in the nineties as secretary to the Newcastle-on-Tyne Liberal Association, when Mr. John Morley was member for that city, in Lancashire Mr. Burn's experiences of political activity included the organization of the Liberal campaign against Mr. Winston Churchill when he was a Conservative candidate at Oldham, and the organization of the Liberal campaign when Mr. Churchill was the Liberal defender of free trade in North-West Manchester and won the seat.

A native of Berwick-on-Tweed, Mr. Burn was educated at Alnwick Grammar School, entered a solicitor's office there, and subsequently became editor of the *Alnwick Guardian* before leaving journalism for politics. For his native Northumberland, Mr. Burn cherished a warm affection, and he kept up his associations with places and friends in the county by frequent visits.

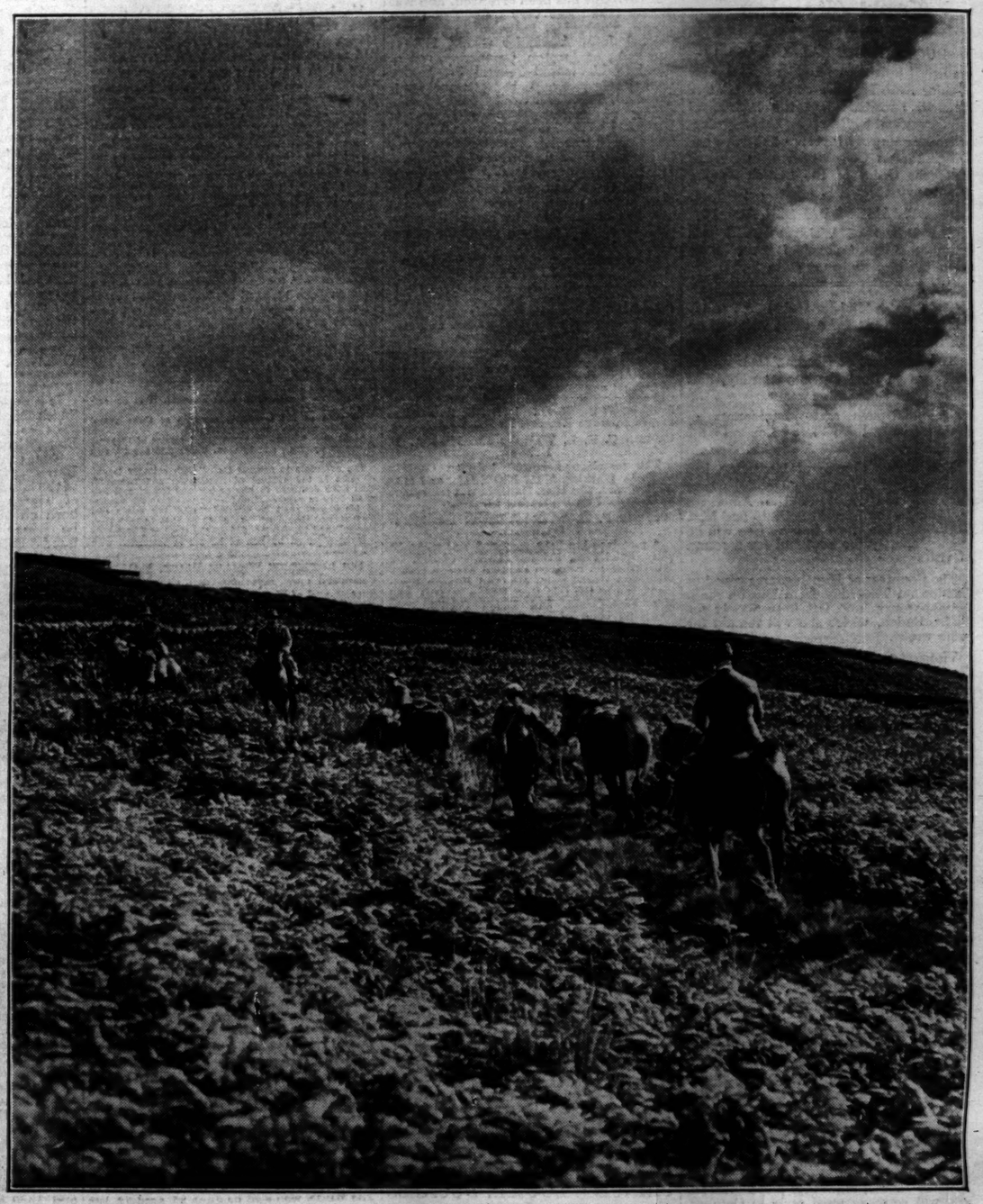
MR. G. S. CRISFORD

Mr. George Stephen Crisford, F.I.A., who died recently at the age of nearly 89, was a personality much respected in the City at the end of the last century. He was born on August 13, 1841, and came to London from Exeter to take up the position of actuary and manager of the Rock Life Insurance Company, then at 15, New Bridge-street, E.C. He had previously held the post of actuary and secretary of the West of England Insurance Company with much success and ability, being appointed to that post in 1879. Not only was he a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries, having passed their prescribed examinations, but he was awarded in 1879 the Messenger prize, offered by that Institute for the best essay on the subject of "Surrender Values of Life Policies." Later he became vice-president and examiner of the Institute, and his advice on actuarial matters was always considered sound and wise. He was one of the actuaries chosen by the Government at that time to give advice on friendly societies and other professional matters.

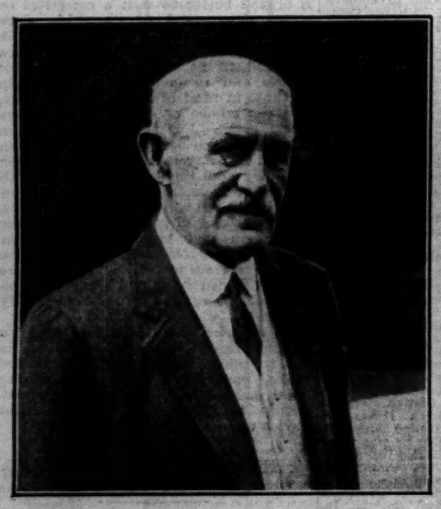
In his early years Mr. Crisford worked in the East London ragged schools, and his interest in the lads there brought many results and much gratitude to gladden his later life. He worked among the men and the children wherever he lived. Archdeacon Joynt, his vicar for many years, writes:—"He had a very special place in my regard and respect for his fine mind and good heart, as well as his sincere and consistent Christian character." He served on the London Committees of the Religious Tract Society, the Church Pastoral Aid Society, and the Church Missionary Society, and also the Royal United Kingdom Bene

THE TWELFTH: A SHOOT ON THE YORKSHIRE MOORS

ON THE MOORS IN NIDDERDALE.—The grouse season opened under favourable conditions yesterday, and, with most of the leading moors well stocked, good sport was enjoyed. Our photograph, taken by a staff photographer of *The Times*, shows a party of guns shooting from butts on the Nidderdale moors, near Pateley Bridge, West Yorkshire.



ON THE WAY TO THE MOORS.—Another photograph taken in Nidderdale yesterday. It shows the party of guns on their way up to the moors for the day's sport. Bags were well up to the average.



GENERAL SIR H. SMITH-DORRIEN, who died yesterday, aged 72, from injuries received in a motor collision near Chippenham on Monday.

A RETRIEVER AT WORK.—Retrieving a bird during the shoot on the characteristic stretch of Yorkshire moorland in Nidderdale.

THE SIMLA CONFERENCE.—A photograph taken at the conference at Simla, which began on July 21, between the Viceroy and the Governors of Provinces. In the front row are (left to right): Sir Montagu Butler, Sir Charles Innes, Sir William Birdwood, Sir George Stanley, Sir Geoffrey de Montmorency, Lord Irwin, Sir Frederick Sykes, Sir Hugh Stephenson, Sir Malcolm Hailey, Mr. Sifton, and Sir Laurie Hammond. Behind are: Mr. J. M. Dunnett, Mr. H. G. Haig, Sir Brojendra Mitter, Sir George Rainy, Sir George Schuster, Sir Fazl-i-Husein, Sir Joseph Bhore, and Mr. W. H. Lewis.

BARNSTAPLE MILLENARY.—The Mayor of Barnstaple (Mr. J. T. Dunn) unveiling the Millenary Stone in the Memorial Park on Monday.

Spend the Winter Months

enjoying a

25,000 miles Sunshine Cruise

50 PLACES VISITED IN 20 COUNTRIES

116 days, November 15th, 1930, to March 11th, 1931

Sailing from Harwich (Parkeston Quay) calling Monaco both directions

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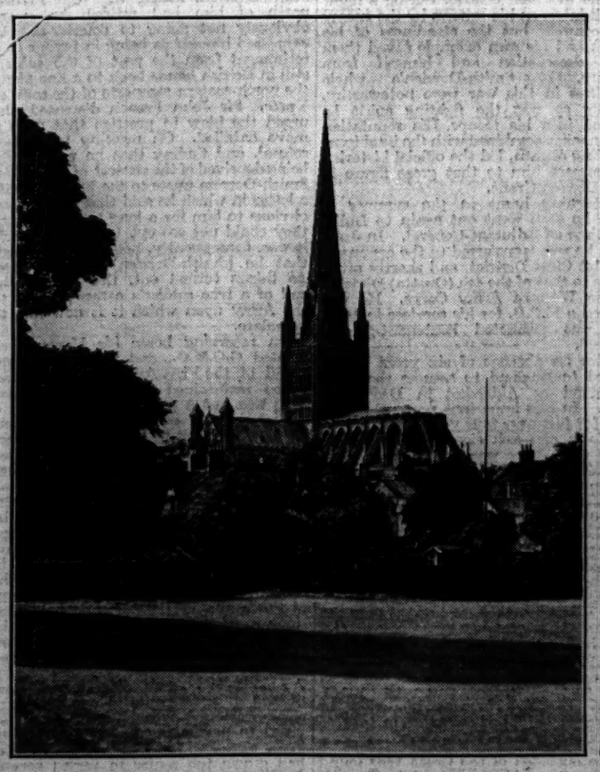

A THIRTEEN-HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY.—Special services will be held in Norwich Cathedral to-day in commemoration of the founding of the diocese of East Anglia 1,300 years ago. The Cathedral.

MR. R. E. S. WYATT, who has been chosen as captain of the English team for the final Test Match on Saturday.

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CITY NOTES

NEW RULES FOR THE STOCK EXCHANGE

PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC

Yesterday there was published the full report of the Sub-Committee of the London Stock Exchange which for six months past has been engaged in devising new regulations and amending old ones with the object of affording a greater measure of protection to the investing public. The special committee was appointed in consequence of the losses suffered by the public, first through the Hatry frauds, and, secondly, through the large number of flotations of a mushroom character that were made in 1928 and 1929. The report has been drawn up after long deliberation, evidence having been heard from various associations comprising the banking, legal, accountancy, and secretarial professions, and from individuals both inside and outside the Stock Exchange. It has now been adopted unanimously by the full Committee of the Stock Exchange, and hence the recommendations made will duly be included in the existing Rules and Regulations. So far as can be gathered from a first inspection of what is necessarily a rather lengthy document, the Committee would appear to have performed its task with skill, its main guiding principle having evidently been to provide needed fresh safeguards, while avoiding so far as possible the imposition of regulations that would hamper legitimate enterprise.

The Non-Prospectus Company

Perhaps the most important part of the report from the point of view of the general public is that covering the rules governing permission to deal in new securities. While it has not been considered necessary to make much change in the regulations relating to new companies that issue prospectuses, those relating to the non-prospectus company have been tightened up drastically. Obviously an established successful company that makes a new issue without a prospectus is in a very different category from a new company that fails to issue a prospectus because it dare not, and it is this latter class of company that has received the most searching attention of the committee. A summary of the regulations required to be fulfilled by this type of non-prospectus company will be found in our news summary of the report. They are, as they ought to be, more stringent than those applying to the company which issues a prospectus. Statements will now be required, for instance, showing clearly the amount of working capital with which the company is to start business, after providing for all purchase considerations, formation profits, &c.; the issued and paid-up share capital of any company acting as promoter or principal underwriter; any provisions enabling the directors to vote remuneration to themselves or any other similar body; a copy of the last audited balance-sheet and profit and loss account, with a copy of the auditors' certificate and any notes or observations in or on the balance-sheet required to be published by any Act of Parliament relating to the company. There are other requirements equally exacting, but those mentioned may suffice to indicate the nature of the set of new rules which has been framed to check the activities of unscrupulous promoters and vendors.

Underwriting Abuses

The subject of underwriting agreements is dealt with at some length in the report. The methods adopted by the committee are largely preventive. One clause demands the publication of full details of any company acting as promoter and should draw attention to a mushroom concern which was not entitled to the confidence of the public. Another clause deals with the action to be taken in the case of unsound underwriting. The committee takes powers in such cases to suspend or withdraw trading facilities. It also reserves to itself the right to call for full particulars of sub-underwriters before granting permission to deal. Reference is made to a recent petition of members of the House to reimpose in amended form the old "vendor's shares" rule, whereby shares allotted to a vendor in consideration of a sale of assets to a company could not be dealt in for six months. This request has not been granted; it is felt instead that by tightening up the rules in the manner already outlined the object underlying the petition will be achieved in another way, and one that will not restrict business. Another and not the least interesting part of the report consists of a memorandum of policy for the guidance of the sub-committee which handles applications for permission to deal in new shares. This is an entirely new method of procedure, and it should be valuable as affording elasticity to the decisions of the committee and providing a check to the issue of premature or over-speculative companies.

Kenya Treasury Bills

In anticipation of the provision of more permanent credits, Treasury Bills for £1,000,000 are being issued by the Kenya Government. The Crown Agents for the Colonies are inviting tenders for three months Kenya Government bills for this amount, tenders being due to-morrow. The bills are being issued to meet temporarily the cost of railway, harbour, and other works for the development of the Colony, the cost of which will, in due course, be provided by the issue of a loan. This would appear to be the first time that Kenya has publicly made an issue of Treasury Bills. The last loan issued by the Kenya Government was made in May, 1928. The total amount was £3,500,000 in Four and a Half per Cent. Inscribed Stock, redeemable 1950, and the issue price was 95 per cent. Conditions are favourable for borrowers in good credit raising funds by the issue of bills, and the Colony should be able to place these bills on satisfactory terms.

Banks' Larger Bill Holdings

The most important movement disclosed by a comparison of the July average figures of the London Clearing Banks with those for the previous month is a further expansion of £11,000,000 in the holding of bills. This follows large increases in each of the three preceding months, the present total of bills, namely, £286,410,000, comparing with £183,565,000 in March. Moreover, compared with July, 1929, the aggregate of the banks' bill portfolios shows an increase of 21 per cent. Contrasted with a year ago advances, on the other hand, show a decline of 3½ per cent. The exchange of bills for advances may probably be one of the results of the depression in trade; it is not, of course, a profitable exchange from the standpoint of the banks. Advances have fallen to £966,681,000; they have not stood at so low a point since December, 1928. In all probability a reduction in Stock Exchange loans has contributed to this movement.

Large Ways and Means Repayments

Total Treasury receipts for the week ended August 9 amounted to £27,678,885 and exceeded disbursements by £15,189,030. The receipts included a sum of £16,000,000 appropriated from the Rating Relief Suspense Account. Sales of Treasury Bills in excess of maturities provided £3,795,000, and this, together with the revenue surplus, enabled the Treasury to reduce by £16,000,000 Ways and Means Advances previously obtained from Public Departments and to repay £2,750,000 of similar advances made by the Bank of England. As the following table shows, the floating debt was reduced by £14,955,000:—

Floating Debt ('000's omitted)	Aug. 9, 1930	Aug. 2, 1930	Aug. 10, 1929
	£	£	£
Ways and Means Advances:—			
By Bank of England	1,000	3,750	500
By Public Departments	40,270	56,270	47,760
Treasury Bills outstanding	648,015	644,220	774,795
Totals	689,285	704,240	823,055

Compared with a year ago there has been a reduction in the total of the debt of £133,770,000. Since the beginning of the current financial year there has been an increase of £51,870,000.

Hudson's Bay Receipts

A falling off in the sales of farm lands is again the principal feature of the Hudson's Bay Company's quarterly return of land sales. For the quarter ended July 31 sales of farm lands amounted to 16,546 acres, and realized £30,700, compared with sales of 81,708 acres, producing £170,800, in the corresponding period last year. For the half-year to July 31 sales of farm lands amounted to 37,366 acres, a reduction of 96,761 acres, and produced £76,000, against £291,500. For the quarter town lots were sold for £5,200, compared with £8,980 in 1929, and for the half-year sales of town lots amounted to £7,200, against £11,580. Total gross receipts for the quarter were £54,500, a decline of £29,100, or 34.8 per cent.; receipts for the half-year fell from £227,300 to £124,700, a decline of 45 per cent.

Important Purchases of Sisal

Telegraphic news was received in London yesterday to the effect that the United States market had bought 400,000 bales of Mexican sisal, equivalent to about 100,000 tons. Of this amount 50,000 tons, at any rate, are believed to have been purchased at £19 17s. 9d. a ton for delivery between now and June next. The transactions are known to be among the largest carried through for some years and they should help materially to reduce the existing substantial stocks of Mexican sisal and assist the marketing of the new supplies. It will be remembered that about 6,500 tons of sisal were recently destroyed at Progreso by fire. Incidentally, the present purchases should have the effect of improving the outlook for East African sisal, the prices of which have fallen heavily during the last six months and have suggested over-production. The serious condition of the East African sisal trade was discussed yesterday at a meeting of the East African sisal section of the London Chamber of Commerce, and it was resolved that the Colonial Office should be approached with a view to making representations to the Governments concerned on the subject of suggested reductions in railway freights, lighterage rates, and port charges on the commodity in East Africa. The meeting also decided to approach the shipping companies respecting a proposed reduction in the ocean freights as from the end of this year, when the present agreement between the shippers and the shipping lines on rates of freight expires.

Conditions at Russian Ports

The Baltic and International Maritime Conference, whose headquarters are at Copenhagen, has a membership of shipowners belonging to many countries, and in its periodical publications it is accustomed to keep its members informed of the conditions prevailing at ports throughout the world. It would have welcomed the chartering of vessels by the Soviet as providing a certain amount of employment for shipping, and in describing the conditions in Russian ports it would have been concerned to give impartially such information as it possesses. In an article in its latest issue it points out that the staple commodity to be shipped is timber, and that the principal ports for this commodity are Archangel and Leningrad. At Archangel some measure of order and control, it is pointed out, appears to exist, although persistent reports regarding slow dispatch there are received, and, in this respect, the situation leaves a very great deal to be desired from the owners' point of view. Reports from Leningrad, the main artery for the transportation of Russian timber, reveal, it is declared, a state of affairs which is much more serious, and the article proceeds:—

Conditions are described as utterly chaotic. Indeed, in some quarters, it is held that there is less order and organization to-day than the *misère* which manifested itself some years ago, when the Soviet first initiated her efforts to carry out an ambitious export programme without having the necessary machinery at her disposal. "Experience teaches" is a popular expression in many countries. But the Russians are either slow to learn or have made the impossible their goal. Bureaucratism in its worst form reigns supreme at Leningrad, and the masters and crews of foreign vessels chartered by the Russians who have had to submit in silence to heavy delay and general bad treatment heave sighs of the utmost relief when, ultimately, loading has been somehow completed and they are able to leave.

Question of the Food Supply

On the subject of labour conditions at the ports it is stated that:—

In earlier years labourers with at least some vestige of experience were recruited from the Volga and elsewhere for work at the docks. Such labour has not been obtainable this season, and resort has had to be had to entirely raw hands from the Leningrad district. There exists a huge shortage of labour, and the men, who are utterly undisciplined, are leaving work in large and increasing numbers as a result of the unsatisfactory conditions at the port. This exodus of even the dregs of humanity illustrates more than mere words how bad is the existing state of affairs. In the first place, the supply of food is inadequate in every respect, and ration cards have been resorted to. Not only so, but the wages paid the men are entirely inadequate to pay the high prices demanded for even the low quality of food available. For an eight-hour day a wage as high as Rbls.2.50 is the exception rather than the rule—a sum which is not sufficient to supply the workers with the barest necessities of existence. Last season the three-shift system was employed, and overtime was paid for work after 2 p.m. on Saturday. Such payments have this season been done away with entirely. In these circumstances it is not surprising that the men should prefer to desert the port and return to the farms and mines, where at least adequate food is assured. The problem which has faced the Soviet has, therefore, been how to procure the necessary labour, and it is stated that soldiers have been commandeered and that convict labour has also been employed.

Conditions at the quays are described as being no less acute, and the "utmost congestion obtains on railway lines," and transport from the hinterland is reported to be also in a state of disorganization, the network of railways being "entirely clogged." Owners whose vessels are taken on monthly terms of charter would not seem to be so closely affected by the conditions as those whose ships are chartered for particular voyages, and it would seem well for the latter especially to try to keep advised of the situation.

STOCK EXCHANGE

QUIET MARKETS

FURTHER RISE IN BRAZILIAN BONDS

Business was at a low ebb on the Stock Exchange yesterday and the general trend of prices was against holders. An exception to this rule was provided by the Foreign market, where Brazilian bonds continued their upward movement. British Funds were steady, but Home Rails were again dull. The new scrips received further support. The depression in the rubber market was accentuated by the fresh new low record reached by the commodity, and inactive conditions prevailed among miscellaneous securities. The recent firmness of mining shares received a check.

The GILT-EDGED market was quiet and prices were, for the most part, maintained. Five per Cent. Conversion Loan eased to about 104⅞, but the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Loan hardened. The new scrips were again firm, the South African Conversion Loan rising 3-16 to 2¼ premium. COLONIAL stocks had a firm tone. Commonwealth Five per Cent., 1945-75, advanced further to 90½. HOME RAILWAY stocks were dull, Great Western falling ¼. Several prior charge stocks were easier. Underground issues continued firm. The new London Electric Railway Debentures were again higher, being quoted 2¼ premium.

The FOREIGN market displayed a firm tone. Brazilian bonds showed an all-round rise of 1 to 2 points, the 1889 Loan being quoted at 51, the 1895 Loan at 59, and the Six-and-a-Half per Cent. Loan at 81½. The old Funding Loan rose to 86 and the new Funding Loan to 74½. The new San Paulo Seven per Cent. Bonds improved to 3½ discount, while the San Paulo Coffee Seven-and-a-Half per Cent. Bonds were better at 81½. Mexican Bonds hardened, the Five per Cents closing at 21 and the Six per Cents at 25. The German Reparation Loan was unaltered, but the new Austrian Seven per Cent. Bonds eased to 1 premium. Turkish Unified hardened to 9½. Chinese Bonds showed no quotable alteration, but a few buyers were reported for the Marconi and Vickers issues, which were both quoted at 9. A general rise of about ½ took place in ARGENTINE RAILWAYS. The weekly "take" of the Cordoba Central Railway (£65,000, showing a decline of £13,000) was regarded as fairly satisfactory. Canadian Pacific fell 2½ points.

OIL shares were dull. Burmah were lower at 4 3-16, and Attock fell 3-32 to 1 3-16.

The price of RUBBER touched a further new low record, and there was again a long list of falls in share prices. Among the leaders, Rubber Trust, United Sua Betong, and Kuala Lumpur each fell about 1s. TEA shares were uninteresting.

FALL IN DUNLOP RUBBER

Quiet conditions prevailed in the MISCELLANEOUS market, with prices generally tending towards lower levels. A feature was the weakness of Dunlop Rubber, which were affected by the poor results recently announced by the Goodrich company. The shares closed 9d. lower on the day at 10s. 1½d., after being 9s. 10½d. India Tyre and Rubber were again supported, the Participating Preference rising from 24s. 3d. to 24s. 9d. buyers, and the Deferred from 7s. 10½d. to 8s. 3d. buyers. Buyers again came for Ford Motor, and the shares rose sharply to 92s. 6d. The closing price of 88s. 9d. showed a rise of 5s. 6d. Other shares in the Motor group were easier, Rolls-Royce falling to 40s. 9d., and Leyland to 62s. 6d., while Joseph Lucas also declined. "International" securities were dull, although International Nickel were firm at 22½ and Kreuger and Toll hardened to 27½. Spillers, Turner and Newall, and Lautaro Preference all hardened, but James Finlay were weaker. Among Tobacco shares, Carreras fell further to 7½. Imperial Chemical rose to 19s. 4½d., but closed with only a slight rise at 19s. 1½d. A firmer tone prevailed among Store shares. Harrods were unaffected by the maintenance of the interim dividend, but Barker, Army and Navy, and Maple were all firmer. Waring and Gillow declined to 4s. 9d. Imperial Continental Gas rose to 360. Johnson and Phillips were firm at 39s. 3d. Although Newcastle Electric weakened to 22s. 6d., the new Five per Cent. Debentures advanced to 4 premium.

The MINING market presented an easier appearance. Business was small and movements among Kaffir shares were usually downwards. Rhodesian shares weakened, although closing prices were above the lowest touched. Chartered fell to 31s. 10½d. Movements in Tin and Copper shares were unimportant. Broken Hill Proprietary were again offered, the price falling to 12s. 6d., while Broken Hill South declined to 1 9-16.

DETAILS OF THE NITRATE AGREEMENT

NO INCREASE IN PRICES

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—The new international nitrate agreement between the synthetic and Chilean nitrate producers has been concluded provisionally for one year, and during this period the negotiations will be continued in order to make the contract binding for a longer period.

The purpose of the present agreement is to cut down production in the various countries to the actual requirements and to eliminate all competition, thus enabling the producers to offer their product to agriculturists at cheap prices. The new convention comprises 98 per cent. of all European nitrate producers, and, together with the Chilean nitrate industry, controls 80 per cent. of the world production. The present production of nitrate suffices to meet the requirements of agriculture, and consequently no new factories are necessary. The convention further provides that nitrate prices will not be increased over last year's prices.—*Reuter.*

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

(REUTER'S QUOTATIONS.)

—	Aug. 12	Aug. 11	—	Aug. 12	Aug. 11
Abitibi	23¾	23¾	Dom. Glass	108	107
Asbestos	¾	¾	Dom. Textile	73½	73½
Do., Pref.	3	3	Fam. Players	43	42¼
B.C. Packers	7	7½	Fraser Cos.	No bid	85
Bras. Tract.	34⅝	33¾	Hollinger	5½	5½
B.C. Pwr., A	35½	35½	Int. Nickel	21	21½
Do., B	10	No bid	Massey H.	25¾	25¾
Brit. Emp. Steel	1¼	1¼	Montreal L.	55	55
Do., 1st Pf.	No bid	25	Nat. Breweries	29¼	28¾
Do., 2nd Pf.	3¾	3¾	Nat. Steel Car	49	50
Calgary	160	160	Ogilvie Flour	No bid	No bid
Can. Car	29¾	29¼	Prov. Alfred Pulp, Pref.	No bid	No bid
Do., Pref.	26	25	Power Corp.	65	66
C. Cement	14	14	Price Bros.	64	64
Do., Pref.	95	95	Quebec Pwr.	53	54
C. Cotton	45	45	Shawinigan	63½	64½
Indust. Alcohol, A.	43¼	43¼	S. Canada Power	25	25
Do., B	No bid	No bid	Steel Co. of Canada	No bid	42½
C. Power	11⅞	12	W'per Elec.	26	25¾
C. Steamship	No bid	No bid	Bk. Montreal	296	295
Do., Pref'd.	42½	42½	Can. Bk. Com.	240	240
Cockshutt	16¼	16¼	Royal Bank	290	290
Cons. Mining	184	187	St. Law'ce C.	84	—
Dom. Bridge	59¼	60			

* Ex dividend.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 12.—WHEAT closed easy at a fall of 18c. to 20c. MAIZE closed easy at a decline of 17c. LINSEED closed easy and 23c. to 22c. lower.

CLOSING PRICES	To-day	Prev. close
Buenos Aires:—		
Wheat, Sept. delivery	9.72	9.90
" Oct. delivery	9.78	9.98
Maize, Aug. delivery	6.35	6.52
" Sept. delivery	6.47	6.64
Oats, Sept. delivery	4.60	4.60
Linseed, Aug. delivery	18.32	18.55
" Sept. delivery	18.35	18.57
" Oct. delivery	18.38	18.60
Rosario:—		
Wheat, No. 2, Sept. delivery	9.60	9.75
Maize, Sept. delivery	6.35	6.40
Linseed, Sept. delivery	18.15	18.35

Prices in pesos currency per 100 kilos, delivery Buenos Aires. (Peso = about 1s. 8¼d.)

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⅝	2-2½
New York	2½	2-1⅞	2½
Paris	2½	2⅛	2
Berlin	4	3½	2-4
Swiss Bank places	2½	1 15/16	—
Milan	5½	5¾	—
Amsterdam	3	1¾	1½
Brussels	2½	2 1/16	1½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

LOWER PRICES

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—An easy undertone was evident on the Stock Exchange to-day, the market showing little rallying power, with sentiment depressed by the general trade situation. Sales were returned at 2,083,000 shares.

After a steady opening the list eased slightly under realizing. The appearance of support on the decline checked declines, but the market showed a reluctance to extend yesterday's recovery, owing to the confusion of ideas regarding the effects of the drought on the economic situation, which continues to dominate sentiment. Selling was renewed afterwards, chiefly affecting stocks of companies which are likely to be directly affected by the crop situation, notably merchandising issues, through the decreased purchasing power of the agricultural community. Special easiness was noticeable in Canadian Pacific on estimates that the earnings for the 12 months ended June will not be equal to dividend requirements. A better tone developed towards midday, the market relying on indications of easier money and reports of an improved weather outlook in the crop areas, which prompted bear covering.

The tendency during the afternoon was distinctly downward, professional shorts being further encouraged to renewed aggressiveness by further unfavourable trade advices. These included reports of a further slackening of operations in the steel industry in sections of the country and statements that operations in the motor industry had not been restored to the levels prevailing before the recent suspension of work, despite the fact that the holiday and inventory-taking period is generally completed. Several special stocks came under pressure, Warner Brothers' stock being affected by reports that the company contemplates the offering of a million shares of additional Common stock at $20 per share. The close was weak.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	Aug. 12	Aug. 11
			$	$
MONTREAL on—				
London, cables	£1	4.86⅝	4.86½	4.86½
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.86⅞	4.87
Cables	£1	4.86⅝	4.87 1/16	4.87 1/16
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.84 31/32	4.84 31/32
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.86¼	4.86¼
Seven days	£1	—	4.86¼	4.86¼
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¾	3.93½	5.93½
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.26	40.27⅛
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.81½	26.82
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.89	26.90¼
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.82	26.82½
Prague, cheques	100kr.		2.96⅜	2.96¾
Berlin, short sight	100mk	23.80	23.89	23.89½
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.98⅜	13.99½
Berne, cables	100f.	19.30	19.45½	19.46
Madrid, cables	100pe.	19.30	10.96	11.14
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.14¼	14.14¾
Budapest, cables	100pen	17.49	17.55	17.55
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.77⅜	1.77¾
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.29½	1.29⅝	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	36.82	36.82
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	10.30	10.33

RAILWAYS

—	Closing Prices Aug. 12	Aug. 11	—	Closing Prices Aug. 12	Aug. 11
Atchison	208⅜	210	Int. Amer.	16	16
Atl. Coast	145	144	Kansas City	62	62
B. & O.	101⅛	102	Louisville	115	115
Do., Pref.	81⅓	81½	Minn. S.P.	15	14½
Brooklyn M. Trait	62	62⅛	Miss. Pac.	38½	38⅝
Can. Pac.	178¾	182	N.Mex.I Pf	1	1
Cent. N.J.	226⅛	228	Do., 2 Pf.		1/8
Ches. & O.	44½	45½	N.Y. Cent.	158	159
Ch. G.W.	9⅛	9¾	Norfolk	220¼	220¼
Do., Pref.	32½	34½	N. Pacific	68½	69½
Ch. N.W.	70	70	Pennsylv'a	71½	72
Ch.Mil.St.P.	15¼	13⅜	Reading	106	105
Ch.Rock I.	90½	92½	S.L. & I.M.	88	89
Del.& Hud.	156	156	S.L.& S.W.	64	64⅛
Del., Lack.	112¾	115	S. Pacific	115¼	116
Erie	37	38	Southern	77⅛	79
Do., 1 Pf.	52	53	Do. Pref.	90	90
G.N., Pref.	78	79	U. Pacific	211	215
Illinois	114	114	Do., Pref.	86⅛	86⅛
Interboro' Rapid Tr	23⅛	23¼	Wabash	29	31
			Do., Pf. A	67	67

INDUSTRIALS

AirReduct.	105¾	109½	Int. Nickel	21⅛	21¼
AlliedChem	243½	246	Int. Paper	19	19½
Am. Agric.	51¼	51⅝	Int.T. & T.	41¾	43
Do., Pref.	28	29¼	Kennecott	36⅝	37¾
Am.Br.Boy	15½	16⅞	Kresge S.S.	28	28⅝
Am. and F. Power	61¼	64⅝	K'gor. 5%	27⅜	27⅞
Am. Can.	113¾	119	Liggett&M.	91	91
Am. Loco.	40	41	Loews Wile	56⅛	58
Am.Rolling Mills	51¼	53	Mack Tcks	54¼	54¼
Am. Smelt.	63⅞	68¼	Mont'g'vW.	30	32
Am. Sug.R.	52	52	Nash Mtrs.	32	35⅛
Am. Tel.	203⅛	205½	Nat. Bisct.	76	79½
Am. Tob.	230	233	Nat.Cash R.	41⅝	42
Am. Wool'n	9¾	9⅞	Nat. Dairy	50½	51⅝
Anaconda	47⅞	49⅛	N. Amer.	91¼	93¼
Armour Pf.	74½	74⅞	Packard	13⅝	13⅞
As.DryGds.	51⅛	52	Pan.A. Pet.	57⅜	58
AtlanticRef	54¾	55⅝	Pub. Ser., N.J.	86	87⅝
Baldwins	26⅞	27¼	Pullman	67	67
BarnsdallA	22¼	22⅝	Radio Corp	37⅛	39¼
Beth. Steel	76⅛	79⅜	Rem'g'nRd.	24¾	25⅝
Celanese	14	15	Ryl. Dutch	51⅜	52
Cde Pascoe	46	48⅛	Sears R'b'k	56¼	59½
Chile Copp.	49	49	Shell Trans	44⅛	44½
Chrysler	27	27⅝	Shell Un.	18½	19
Col. Fuel	46	47⅛*	Sloss S. Stl.	26	26
Colum. Gas	56	57½	Std.Brands	18	18⅝
Col. Graph.	15⅞	16⅞	Std. Gas	90	92¼
Cons. Gas	101¼	105	Std. Oil of Cal.	60⅝	61½
Cont. Can.	51½	53¼	Do., N.J.	67½	69¼
Cont. Oil	20	20⅝	Do., N.Y.	31	31½
Corn. Prod.	84	85½	Studebaker	27½	29¼
Crucible	74	74½	TexasCorp.	51¼	51⅞
DavisonCh.	25	25	Tex.G. Stl.	55¼	57½
Drug, Inc.	75½	76¼	Tidewater	13⅞	13⅞
Du Pont.	103⅝	108	TransAmer Corp.	19⅝	20½
Eastman K	194	202	Tri.Cont'p	11¼	11⅝
Elec. P. &L.	59	62¾	Un.Carbide	67¾	70⅛
Elec. Stor.	64	64½	Ud. Corp.	28⅞	29⅝
Fox Films	40⅝	41⅝	Utd. Fruit	87	87
Gen. Elec.	65¼	67⅛	United Gas	33	33⅛
Gen. Foods	51¼	52½	U.S. Ind'str	9	9
Gen.Motors	42½	44⅛	U.S. Rbr.	18¼	19⅜
Gillette	77½	79½	U.S. Steel	156½	160
Goodrich	22	23¼	Un. Pacific	145¼	145¼
Goodyear	58	61	W. Un. Tel.	166	166
Hon.Oil Tx.	70½	75½	Whse Mfg.	134½	138½
Hud. Mtrs.	29	31¼	Woolworth	56	58⅞
Ind. Rayon	75	78	Wor. Pump	103	115
Int. Harvr.	73	77¼	Youngst'n Sheet	113	113
Int. Match Pref.	74¾	74½			

CURB EXCHANGE

Asso.Gas A.	30⅛	30¼	Mid. West Utilities	25½	27½
Br.Am.Tob.	25⅝	—	Pennroad	10½	10⅞
Elec. Bond	75¼	75⅛	Silica Gel.	16½	16
Gulf Oil.	117½	118	Std.Oil Ind	49¾	49⅞
HydroElec.	32½	32⅜	Swift Int.	32	33⅛
Int. Petlm.	18⅛	18½	VacuumOil	80½	81½

BONDS

Liby. Ln., 5½%	100 29/32	101 1/32	Finl., 6% 1945	92¾	92¾
Do., 4½%	102 29/32	102 31/32	Fren.7½% 1941	124¾	124¾
Do. (4th), 4½%	103	103	Fren., 7% 1949	119¾	119¾
U.K., 5½% 1937	105	105¼	Ger., 7% 1949	105¼	105⅜
Do., 4% 1960-90	88¼	88¼	Greek, 7% 1964	100½	100½
Arg., 5% 1959	98⅞	99	Hamb'g S., 6% '46	95⅝	95⅝
Austl., 5% 1957	86⅝	86⅞	Hungary, 7½% '44	100½	100½
Aust., 7% 1943	104⅝	104½	Ital., 7% 1951	98¾	98⅞
Belg., 6% 1955	104¼	104⅛	Japan6½% 1954	105	104⅞
Belg., 7% 1955	115	114¾	Nord Rly. 6½% '50	105½	105½
Bordeaux, 6% '34	106⅛	106¼	Norway6% 1952	103	103
Brazil,7½% 1952	102½	102½	P.L.M.,6% 1958	103¾	104
Bulg., 7% 1967	81	81	Do., 7% 1958	105¾	105½
Canada,5% 1931	101	100⅞	Poland,7% 1947	84⅝	84⅛
Chile, 7% 1942	102¼	102½	Do., 8% 1950	94¼	94
Chile, 6% 1960	91¼	91	Rio do Sul, 8% '46	92	93
Czech.,8% 1951	110¾	110¾	San P.,8% 1950	93¼	93
Denm'k6% 1942	106¼	106	Seine, 7% 1942	107¾	108
Dutch E.I., 6% '62	102⅜	102⅝	Swed.5½% 1954	107	107
Dutch E.I., 5½% '53	102	102	Tokio City, 5½% 61	91¼	91¼
Est. Rly. 7% '54	105⅞	105¾			

* Ex dividend.

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter:—

	Aug. 12	Aug. 11
Atchison, Pref.	105½	105½
Lehigh Valley	60¼	61
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	37	37¾
New York, Ontario and Western	9	9
Reading, 1st Pref'd.	47	47
Texas and Pacific	111	111
National Lead	120	126¼

* Ex dividend. ‡ Ex rights. † Ex stock dividend. ‖ New stock.

Call money ruled at 2½ per cent. throughout the session. Commercial paper remained at 3 per cent. for prime names. Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2 per cent. to 1½ per cent. for 90-day Bank bills and 2½ to 2¼ per cent. for six months bills.

Sterling exchange was easier, cable transfers falling ½ to 4.87 1-16.

Silver advanced ⅛c. to 35½ for foreign bullion.

Gold to the value of $110,000 has arrived from Panama.

The United Fruit Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.00.

According to the American Petroleum Institute the daily average production of crude oil in the past week was 2,480,400 barrels, against 2,515,300 barrels in the previous week, and 2,896,000 barrels in the corresponding week last year.

BONDS.—The market continued steady with a little more activity. Sales reached $6,819,000.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

DECLINE IN WHEAT

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—WHEAT.—The cash market closed easy and 2½c. to 3½c. lower. No. 2 red winter, 101½c.; No. 2 amber durum, unquoted; No. 2 hard winter, 99½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 106¾c. MAIZE easy, ¾c. down. No. 2 mixed, 111¾c., f.o.b. New York. OATS barely steady, ¼c. lower. White clipped, 50½c., f.o.b. New York. RYE easy at 1¼c. decline. No. 2 Western, 71½c., f.o.b. New York. BARLEY nominal. No. 2 malting unquoted.

According to *Bradstreets* the visible supply of wheat is 2,900,000 bushels larger on the week at 275,060,000 bushels, which compares with 267,063,000 bushels last year; that of maize is 718,000 bushels smaller at 3,294,000 bushels against 8,645,000 bushels; and that of oats is 3,951,000 bushels higher on the week at 20,590,000 bushels compared with 26,817,000 bushels a year ago.

FLOUR was irregular, spring clears nominal; Kansas straight, 10c. lower at $4.70; Minneapolis patents and bakers' clears unchanged at $5.10 and $4.50 respectively. Rye flour quoted $4.50 to $5.00.

DAILY GRAIN MOVEMENTS (Thousands)

—	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	2,951	2,943	8,379	134,744	145,084
Do., Atlantic	487	586	1,428	25,998	19,984
*Exports, ditto	600	158	1,049	16,792	13,344
Maize (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	568	358	1,597	21,266	27,340
Do., Atlantic	6	22	33	501	703
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	—	—
Flour (barrels)—					
Shipments, Westn.	120	81	229	3,632	3,031
Receipts, Atlantic	70	84	144	2,455	2,345
*Exports, ditto	27	5	44	519	382
Oats (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	839	1,319	2,254	19,107	22,265
Do., Atlantic	18	48	55	539	683
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	4	37

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

LARD was steady at 5c. advance for prime Western steam, $11.65, and 10c. advance for middle West, spot, at $11.50.

COFFEE.—Rio futures closed barely steady, 9 to 12 points down. Sept., 6.50c.; Dec., 5.89c.; Jan., 5.78c.; March, 5.69c.; May, 5.63c.; July, 5.58c. Sales, 10,000 bags. Santos No. 4 futures closed barely steady and 8 to 14 points lower. Sept., 10

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK EXCHANGE LOWER

GOLD FOR SWITZERLAND

A keen demand for money was experienced in Lombard-street during the earlier hours yesterday. One of the large banks which usually calls money from the market on Tuesdays only called about half of its day-to-day loans, however, and by the afternoon the position had become easier. During the morning several of the large lenders charged 2½ per cent. for advances for the night. Later the rate declined to 2-2½ per cent., old day-to-day loans from lenders other than the clearing banks being usually renewed at 2 per cent. Discount rates were firmly maintained, and there was a fair outlet for short bills, home banks being buyers of September and October maturities at 2½ per cent. Moreover, discount brokers reported sales of three months fine bank bills at 2½ per cent. and also at 2 9-32 per cent. Foreign exchanges were less favourable, the New York rate receding to $4.87 3-32, and, as expected, the major portion of the gold in the open market was taken for Switzerland, the price of gold being advanced to 85s. 0½d. per oz.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1¼ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short period.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2—2½	2	2 9/32–2 5/16	2 5/16	2⅜	2 13/32–2 11/16
Discount (Treasury Bills)			(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.	
%	%	%	%	%	
2 9/32–2 5/16	2 9/32–2 5/16	3—3⅛	3⅛–3⅛	3¼–3⅜	3⅜–4

SWISS NATIONAL BANK

	Aug. 7	Inc. or Dec.
ASSETS	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings	610,177,336	+ 61,139
Gold exchanges	332,190,751	+ 785,769
Domestic bills	34,321,536	– 1,252,006
Advances against securities	40,621,450	– 2,821,138
Security holdings	80,870,072	+ 1,494,026
Due from banks	28,867,154	+ 9,708,520
Other assets	22,118,153	– 2,657,307
LIABILITIES		
Capital reserve	34,500,000	Unchanged
Banknotes in circulation	900,705,585	– 27,803,465
Other sight liabilities	183,399,900	+ 12,181,315
Other liabilities	20,562,906	– 247,424

—*Reuter.*

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The dollar-sterling exchange moved against sterling, and there were indications of a larger commercial demand for dollars. The closing quotation was $4.87 29/32 a decline of ⅛c.; forward dollars were rather offered, one month at 3/16c. and three months at 13/32c. premium. At 123.81½f. the Paris rate was slightly lower, while the Italian exchange fell back to 92.98l. in sympathy with the New York rate. Belgian currency was offered, and the Brussels rate closed at 34.82½b., against 34.81¾b., while other Continental rates to move in favour of sterling included the Dutch (12.08½fl.) and the Swedish (18.11½kr.). Spanish pesetas were weak, and the Madrid rate was finally 44.30½p., compared with 44.22½p. The purchase of gold for Switzerland had no effect on the Zurich rate, which again finished at 25.04f. A further sharp rise took place in the Eastern silver exchanges, the Hong-kong rate being quoted 1s. 3½d. and the Shanghai 1s. 6 5/16d. The Batavia rate fell to 12.08½fl. There was a setback in the Argentine exchange, which closed 5/16d. lower at 41½d., but the Rio exchange was slightly higher at 5 5-64d. The Lima exchange again moved against Peru, being quoted at 13.52½ soles to the pound.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exchange	Aug. 12	Aug. 11
New York	8 to £	4.8666	4.87 1/16–3/16	4.87 1/8–3/16
Montreal	8 to £	4.8666	4.86 15/16–87 1/16	4.86 15/16–87 1/16
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.80–123.85	123.80–123.85
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81½–34.83	34.81–33.82¼
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.95–93.00	92.96–93.00
Zurich	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.03⅞–04½	25.03½–04½
Madrid	Pta. to £	44.08	44.22½–30½	44.22½–30½
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.23	193 4–193½	192 4–193½
Madrid	Pta. to £	25.2215	44.08–44.65	43.80–44.30
Lisbon	Escu. to £	—	108⅛–108⅜	108⅛–108⅜
Amsterdam	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06 7/8–12.09¼	12.06 7/8–12.09¼
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.38½–38¾	20.38½–39½
Vienna	Sch. to £	34.583	34.44–34.48	34.42–34.47
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.75–27.79	27.74–27.78
Prague	Kr. to £	164.25	164⅞–164¾	164–164¼
Warsaw	Zl. to £	43.46	43.45–43.55	43.45–43.55
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17–25.27	25.17–25.27
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.0	817–819	817–819
Const'n'le	Pst. to £	110	1.025?	1.025?
Belgrade	Din. to £	25.2215	274–274¼	274¼–274¾
Kovno	Lit. to £	25.66	25.45–25.47½	25.45–25.47½
Sofia	Lev. to £	673.650	668–673	668–673
Reval	E.Kr.to£	18.150	18.22–18.30	18.22–18.30
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.150	18.16⅛–18.17	18.16¼–18.17
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.150	18.11–18.12	18.10¾–11⅜
Copenh'gen	Kr. to £	18.159	18.14–18.15½	18.05–15.16¼
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	97 1/16–97⅛	97 1/16–97⅛
Bombay	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32–15/16	1/5 29/32–15/16
Calcutta	Per rup	18d.	1/5 29/32–15/16	1/5 29/32–15/16
Madras	Per rup	18d.	1/5 29/32–15/16	1/5 29/32–15/16
Hong-kong	Per dol.	2/-	1/3 1/2–5/8	1/3 1/2–5/8
Kobe	Per yen	24.584	2/0 1/8–2/0 7/16	2/0 1/8–2/0 7/16
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/6 1/4–1/7 3/4	1/6 3/4–1/7 3/4
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 29/32–2/3 31/32	2/3 29/32–2/3 31/32
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07⅞–08⅜	12.08½–08⅞
Manila	Per dol.	4.9984	2/0 3/16	2/0 3/16
Rio de J.	Per mil.	5.899d.	5 1/32–5/32	5 1/32–5/32
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.577d.	41 1/4–41 3/8	41 3/8–41 1/2
Valp'so†	8 to £	40	39.84	39.87
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	41–41⅛	41–41⅛
Lima†	Soles to£	15.552	13.52½	13.52½
Mexico	Pesosto £	9.76	10.20-10.35	10.20-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-3.03 to 100gr. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

	Buying Rates per £100			Selling Rates		
	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight		
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9	93 10 0	93 17 6
New Zealand	93 17 6	93 6 3	93 2 15	92 12 6	93 17 6	93 17 6
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6	99 10 0	99 7 6	99 12 6	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9	99 11 6	99 9 3	99 13 9	99 13 9

The Bank of England yesterday announced the sale of £3,500 in BAR GOLD, the withdrawal or export of £2,000 in SOVEREIGNS, and the purchase of £5 in BAR GOLD. Since Wednesday last there has been a net influx of £462,360, as shown below :—

Arrivals		Withdrawals	
	£		£
Aug. 7—		Aug. 7—	
Provs. released	100,000	Bar gold	27,951
Aug. 8—		Aug. 8—	
Sovereigns	429,660	Bar gold	15,718
		Sovereigns	4,000
Aug. 9—		Aug. 9—	
Sovs.	1,060	Bar gold	8,741
		Sovs.	2,000
Aug. 11	Nil	Aug. 11—Sovs.	2,000
		Bar gold	1,785
Aug. 12—		Aug. 12—	
Bar gold	5	Bar gold	3,500
		Sovs.	2,000
		Net influx	462,360
Total	530,005	Total	530,005

Net influx for 1930 to date, £6,432,278 ; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the bullion market the actual amount of bar gold available was £841,000. The total shipment was £973,000, but French buyers had bought forward £132,000 of this amount. Switzerland outbid most other buyers for the available amount, obtaining £453,000, while £135,000 was bought for France, £225,000 for India, £15,000 for the home trade, and £13,000 for the Continental trade. The keenness of the demand for gold was reflected in an advance of ½d. in the price to 85s. 0½d. per oz.

Silver was a very quiet market, and the price remained at 16 3/16d. per oz. for both cash and forward delivery.

BULLION AND SPECIE

Imports of gold into Great Britain and Northern Ireland registered from midday on August 7 to midday on August 11 amounted to £639,061, of which £330,000 came from Australia and £299,700 from Brazil, while exports amounted to £279,077, of which £252,402 went to France. In the same period imports of silver amounted to £26,943, and exports amounted to £28,670.

REICHSBANK

In the Reichsbank return for the week ended August 7, published on August 11, the item of gold and silver should have read Rch.2,619,025,000, an increase of Rch.327,000, and for the same item of July 31 Rch.2,618,698,000, a decrease of Rch.30,000.—*Reuter.*

REVENUE RETURNS

The following table shows the Revenue and Expenditure for the week to Saturday last together with the increase or decrease compared with the corresponding period in the previous financial year :—

Revenue	Week to Aug. 9	April 1 to Aug. 9	April 1 to Aug. 9, Inc. or Dec.
	£	£	£
ORDINARY REVENUE			
INLAND REVENUE:			
Income-tax	3,541,000	42,814,000	+ 668,000
Sur-tax, including arrears of Supertax	310,000	12,070,000	+ 1,890,000
Estate, &c., Duties	1,040,000	31,450,000	+ 140,000
Stamps	30,000	5,000,000	+ 2,740,000
TOTAL INLAND REVENUE	4,921,000	91,474,000	– 52,000
CUSTOMS AND EXCISE:			
Customs	2,318,000	42,730,000	– 828,000
Excise	854,000	40,150,000	+ 1,250,000
TOTAL CUSTOMS AND EXCISE	2,167,000	82,880,000	– 2,078,000
Motor Veh. Duties (Exch. share)	‡171,000	1,332,088	– 216,912
Post Office (net receipt)	950,000	6,300,000	+ 200,000
Receipts from Sundry Loans	3,675	13,886,841	+ 4,432,949
Miscellaneous Receipts	331,190	9,020,245	– 2,372,720
Approp. from Rating Relief Suspense Acct.	16,000,000	16,000,000	+ 16,000,000
TOTAL ORDINARY REVENUE	25,201,865	221,363,174	+ 15,903,320
SELF-BALANCING REVENUE			
Post Office	950,000	19,150,000	+ 450,000
Motor Veh. Duties apportd. to Road Fund	1,527,000	6,213,912	+ 469,912
TOTAL SELF-BALANCING REVENUE	2,477,000	25,363,912	+ 919,912
OTHER RECEIPTS			
MONEY RAISED BY CREATION OF DEBT :—			
For Cap. Expend. Imprest	580,000	6,310,000	+ 5,180,000
Und. the Unemployed Ins. Acts, 1920 to 1930			
For other Issues :—			
By Treasury Bills	49,660,000	920,227,000	– 228,880,000
By Nat. Savings Cert.	600,000	15,450,000	+ 950,000
Ways and Means Advances	8,000,000	235,025,000	– 18,315,000
	‡ Deficit.		
EXPENDITURE			
ORDINARY EXPENDITURE			
Int. and Management of Nat. Debt	2,638,571	135,146,034	– 8,450,527
Payments to N. Ireland Exch.	202,464	1,809,468	+ 243,729
Supply Services	6,677,000	148,316,800	+ 24,128,638
TOTAL ORDINARY EXPENDITURE	9,517,835	286,960,243	+ 14,267,990
Sinking Fund	495,000	14,092,902	– 855,521
SELF-BALANCING EXPENDITURE			
Post Office	950,000	19,150,000	+ 450,000
Road Fund	1,527,000	6,213,912	+ 469,912
TOTAL SELF-BALANCING EXPENDITURE	2,477,000	25,363,912	+ 919,912
OTHER ISSUES :			
TEMP. ADVANCES : Und. the Unemp. Ins. Acts, 1920 to 1930	580,000	[6,310,000	+ 5,180,000
REDEMPTION OF DEBT :—			
Treasury Bills paid off	45,875,000	861,100,000	– 213,570,000
Principal of Nat. Savings Certs. paid off	600,000	13,250,000	+ 2,350,000
Ways and Means Advances Repaid	28,750,000	242,385,000	+ 155,000
The total INCOME for the week was £86,518,865, while OUTGOINGS amounted to £86,294,836. Thus the Exchequer balances were increased by £224,030 to £2,704,395.			

COMPANY RESULTS

ISAAC HOLDEN REPORT

The dividends shown in the following table are those announced on the Ordinary capitals (unless otherwise indicated) of the companies mentioned, and are the actual rates being paid (as distinct from the rates per annum) :—

Company	Div.	Corresponding div.	Date payable	Total for year	Prev. year
	%	%		%	%
Hart and Levy	Int. 3	3	Aug. 13	—	—
Int. Nickel of Canada	25c.‡	25c.	Sept. 30	75c.†	65c.†
Planters Stores and Agency	Int. 15	15	—	—	—
Sheffield Gas	Int. 3¼	3¼	—	—	—
Taylor, Walker	Int. 5	5	Oct. 4	—	—

‡ Payable at the rate of 4s. 1½d. to a dollar. † To date.

Westminster Electric Supply.—Interim dividend 8d. per share on account of the standard dividend on the Ordinary shares (unchanged), payable September 1.

Canadian Pacific Railway.—The directors have declared a dividend on the Common stock of 2½ per cent. for the quarter ended June 30, from railway revenues and special income (unchanged), payable on October 1.

SALERNI COUPLING

The report of the Salerni Coupling, Limited, states that the company has engaged in important development work on a gear-box of which the Salerni coupling forms an integral part. During the past year the sales contract for Europe, mentioned in the prospectus, has been implemented, and the royalties of £50,000 provided by the contract have been paid, the net amount received by the company being £25,000. The company has acquired from Mr. Salerni a 33 per cent. interest in his patent rights for the United States of America. The excess of expenditure over income for the period from February 25, 1929, to April 30, 1930, carried to development account, amounts to £27,453. Meeting, August 22.

ISAAC HOLDEN

The annual report of Isaac Holden and Sons, woolcombers, Bradford, for the year ended June 30 states that, after providing for all charges, Debenture interest, directors' remuneration, and setting aside £10,000 to depreciation reserve, and after crediting £30,000 transferred from reserve for equalization of dividends, there is a balance of £24,366, making, with amount brought forward, £32,206. After deduction of amounts paid in Preference dividends and interim dividend on Ordinary shares, there is a balance of £18,204, which the directors recommend be appropriated in the payment of a final dividend on the Ordinary shares of 1s. 6d. per share, or 7½ per cent., less tax, £12,642, and in carrying forward £5,561. The interim dividend of 2½ per cent. on the Ordinary shares was paid free of tax. For the preceding year the company reported a profit of £25,038, which was arrived at before deducting Debenture interest, £4,800; directors' remuneration, £2,000; and depreciation fund, £10,000; and also before adding a profit of £17,547 on sale of investments. The dividend for 1928-29 was 10 per cent., all free of tax.

BANK STATEMENTS FOR JULY

The following figures, taken from the monthly statement of the London Bankers' Clearing House, show the average weekly balances of the ten clearing banks during July, the percentage columns denoting the ratios of the respective items to the corresponding deposit items :—

(000's omitted)

—	Deposits, &c.	Cash in hand and at Bank of Engl'nd	%	Cheques in Transit	Money at Call and Notice	%
	£	£		£	£	
Barclays	337,496	34,786	10·3	8,575	26,403	7·8
Coutts	19,047	1,620	8·5	579	2,581	13·6
Glyn Mills	30,908	3,150	10·2	1,401	3,339	10·8
Lloyds	351,512	38,099	10·8	7,492	37,432	10·6
Martins	75,574	7,961	10·5	2,057	6,765	9·0
Midland	379,786	41,87	11·0	11,337	20,098	5·3
National	36,886	3,139	8·5	151	3,597	9·8
Nat. Prov.	278,357	30,925	11·1	7,610	18,792	6·8
Westminster	290,324	29,564	10·2	8,502	23,789	8·2
Williams	31,044	3,283	10·6	843	2,540	8·2
Totals	1,830,857	194,374	10·6	48,847	145,327	7·9
June totals	1,825,638	192,684	10·6	57,166	145,988	8·0
July, 1929, totals	1,816,042	193,227	10·6	54,012	144,468	8·0

(000's omitted)

—	Bills dis.	%	Investments	Advances	%
	£	£	£	£	
Barclays	55,337	16·4	52,880	172,296	51·1
Coutts	1,358	7·1	3,764	10,775	56·6
Glyn Mills	954	3·1	7,424	15,751	51·0
Lloyds	47,037	13·4	42,460	188,797	53·7
Martins	4,882	6·0	16,976	41,600	55·0
Midland	65,822	17·3	39,088	212,387	55·9
National	1,922	5·2	15,266	16,304	44·2
Nat. Prov.	6,006	2·1	32,627	152,396	54·7
Westminster	61,985	21·3	30,079	137,497	47·4
Williams	1,179	3·8	6,211	18,877	60·8
Totals	286,419	15·6	255,793	966,681	52·8
June totals	274,974	15·1	247,936	972,824	53·3
July, 1929, totals	236,069	13·0	256,879	1,002,070	55·2

The total of acceptances, endorsements, &c., for the month is £124,486,000, as compared with £130,663,000 for June last, and with £187,505,000 for July, 1929.

LLOYDS AND MARTINS BALANCE-SHEET

The average weekly statements of Lloyds Bank and Martins Bank are drawn up in the more detailed form inaugurated in the balance-sheet of Lloyds Bank of December, 1927. The policy of issuing statements drawn up on these lines has not, so far, been followed by the other London banks, and in consequence the form of the monthly statements issued by the London Bankers' Clearing House remains unchanged, Lloyds' and Martins' figures being adjusted for this purpose.

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

FURTHER FALL IN RUBBER

LONDON (the BALTIC EXCHANGE), Aug. 12.—WHEAT.—In view of the bearish figures provided by the Washington Bureau report and more liberal offers of Russian qualities, the market had a quieter tone, and sellers in most instances would accept 3d. per quarter less money. Buyers, however, were reserved. Chartering from North Atlantic ports is developing on Southern Continental account for all positions up to the end of the year, and has also been extended from the North Pacific and Australia. Yesterday 7,988 tons, Victorian, per King Robert, B/L Aug. 6, sold at 37s. 9d. For Pacific whites, Sept. and Oct., 36s. 9d. was asked and 36s. for No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), Aug. Australians, on the way, were obtainable at 38s. ; choice white Karachi, Sept., at 37s. 3d. ; and Rosafe, 62lb., Aug.-Sept., at 36s. 10½d. South Russian, shipping-shipped, offered at 37s. 6d. (on sample) and Aug. at 36s. to 38s. Parcels were in poor request at 6d. decline. No. 3 Northern Manitoba (Atlantic), Sept., sold at 37s. To Liverpool No. 1 hard winter, Aug., sold at 35s. 6d. and Sept. to Manchester at 35s. 7½d. Hull paid 35s. 10½d. for No. 1 hard winter, Aug., and 38s. 3d. for No. 1 Northern Manitoba (Vancouver), per Knute Nelson, afloat.

Wheat futures opened quiet and unchanged, traders being uncertain as to how America would respond to the Bureau report. Meanwhile, with cheaper offers of Manitoba and winters and a poor response from buyers generally, quotations steadily declined and closed 6d. to 7d. under yesterday's levels.

Per 480lb.	Open'g values	1.15 values	3.15 Call	Closing values	Prev. closing values
MANITOBA GRADE	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Aug.	36 1	35 11	35 11	35 6	36 1
Nov.	36 7	36 5	36 5	36 0	36 7
Jan.	37 1	36 11	36 11	36 6	37 1
LONDON GRADE					
Sept.	35 4	35 2	35 2	34 10	35 4
Dec.	35 10	35 8	35 8	35 4	35 10

MAIZE was steady in sympathy with a bullish reading of the American Bureau report, and prices were upheld. Demand, however, continued quiet. For La Plata, Aug. and Sept., 27s. was asked. Parcels were in quiet demand, but closed partially 3d. per qr. better on the day. La Plata per Cyrta Vale, afloat, sold at 26s. 4½d. ; July-Aug., 26s. 1½d. ; Aug.-Sept. at 26s. ; and Sept.-Oct at 26s. 3d.

BARLEY was quiet and rather easier on pressure to sell. Danubian, Aug.-Sept. and Sept.-Oct., offered at 17s. 6d. ; Persian, Aug.-Sept., at 16s. ; and Azoff/Black Sea, Oct., at 17s. 6d. ; and Volga, at 17s. 9d.

OATS were quietly steady. La Plata, Sept.-Oct., 14s. 6d. ; and No. 2 mixed feed, Aug., 11s. 3d.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 12.—WHEAT.—Shipment parcels were in quiet demand at a further 9d. to 6d. per qr. decline. Sellers offered No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Aug., at 38s. 3d. ; No. 2, 37s. 7½d. ; No. 3, 37s. ; No. 4 Manitoba, Aug., 36s. 6d. ; No. 5, 34s. 3d. ; No. 2 mixed durum, Aug., 33s. ; No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), Aug., 35s. 6d. ; No. 2, 35s. 3d. ; No. 2 red winter, Aug., 35s. ; ditto, garlicky, 33s. 9d. ; choice white Karachi, 36s. 9d. ; and white Western Pacific, Sept., 36s. 3d. Business covered No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), Aug., at 35s. 7½d. and 35s. 6d. Spot parcels were firm but quiet. Graded wheat futures opened ¼d. lower to unchanged and further declined on rather bearish official Australian and Canadian crop reports, liberal offers of American winter wheat, and a poor c.i.f. demand. After a moderate recovery due to reports of continued unfavourable weather on the Continent, values again declined on further favourable weather news from the United States and Canada, together with weak opening Winnipeg advices. The market closed easy, with all positions 1½d. per cental lower on the day. Sales, 320 loads.

GRADED WHEAT FUTURES

Per 100lb.	Open'g values	Business done Highest	Business done Lowest	Official settlement prices	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Oct.	7 7½	7 7½	7 5¼	7 5¼	7 7¼	7 7¼
Dec.	7 8¼	7 8⅜	7 6⅜	7 6⅜	7 8¼	7 8¼
Mar.	7 9¼	7 9¼	7 7¾	7 7¾	7 9¼	7 9¼

MAIZE.—Shipment parcels were in moderate request at steady prices. La Plata, afloat, was quoted from 30s. 3d. to 27s. 3d., loading 27s. 3d.-July-Aug., 26s. 9d. ; Aug.-Sept., and Sept.-Oct., 26s. 6d. ; No. 2, white flat African, Sept.-Oct., 25s. 9d., and No. 4 flat yellow, Aug.-Sept., 26s. 6d. ; Dan-Gal-Fox, Aug., was offered by shippers at 27s. 3d. River La Plata, afloat, sold at 27s. 1½d. ; No. 2 white flat African, July-Aug., 26s. ; Sept.-Oct., 26s. 3d., and 26s. 4½d. round yellow, Aug.-Sept. 16 at 26s. 6d. and 26s. 3d. Maize on the spot was firm with a fair business.

BARLEY remained quiet at about previous rates. OATS were firm and less freely offered. Shipment parcels were quiet with sellers of Odessa, tawny, Aug.-Sept., at 14s. 6d.

FLOUR was quiet and occasionally easier. BEANS were in quiet request. PEAS were firm with a better inquiry. OATMEAL was steady and unchanged. WHEATFEED firm and generally dearer.

IPSWICH, Aug. 12.—Wheat, 36s. to 38s. ; barley about 28s. ; oats, 18s. to 20s. ; beans and peas about 38s. New oats were nominally 14s. to 15s.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—POTATOES (THE BOROUGH).—The tone of the market was rather firmer. Quotations :—English: Kidney and Eclipse, £6 to £6 10s. ; Epicure, £5 to £5 10s. per ton ; and Dutch, 5s. 6d. to 6s. 6d. per cwt., ex market.

COVENT GARDEN.—Ample supplies of fruit and vegetables met a rather quiet demand. Quotations :—English Muscat grapes, 2s. to 5s. ; Hambro grapes, 10d. to 2s. ; Alicante grapes, 1s. to 1s. 9d. ; Dutch and Belgian grapes, 9d. to 1s. 3d. ; English apples, 2s. to 3s. per half-sieve ; Australian apples, 6s. per box ; English peaches, 6s. to 21s. per dozen ; Italian peaches, 3s. to 4s. per tray ; dessert gooseberries, 4s. to 8s. ; black currants, 2s. to 3s. per 12lb. ; English nectarines, 7s. 6d. to 10s. per dozen ; English plums, 2s. to 3s. per sieve ; Spanish melons, 8s. to 12s. per case ; English plums, 2s. to 4s. 6d. per half-sieve ; French plums, 2s. to 5s. per crate ; Spanish greengages, 8s. to 12s. per half-sieve ; French greengages, 5s. to 6s. 6d. per crate ; French William pears, 4s. to 5s. per box ; Normandy cooking pears, 18s. to 20s. per 100 ; St. Michaels pineapples, 1s. 9d. to 3s. 6d. each ; South African oranges, 12s. to 20s. ; Brazilian oranges, 14s. to 18s. per case ; Messina lemons, 20s. to 25s. ; Murcia lemons, 20s. to 25s. per case ; Californian grape fruit, 20s. to 27s. 6d. ; South African grape fruit, 16s. to 18s. per case ; South African tomatoes, 3s. to 5s. per 12lb. ; round lettuce, 1s. 6d. to 2s. ; cos lettuce, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per box ; green peas, 4s. 6d. to 7s. per half-bag ; broad beans, 2s. to 2s. 6d. ; scarlet runners, 2s. to 3s. 6d. per half-bag ; cauliflowers, 2s. to 4s. ; sprue, 1s. to 1s. 6d. per dozen ; carrots, 1s. to 2s. 6d. per dozen bunches ; vegetable marrows, 1s. to 2s. 6d. per dozen.

HAY AND STRAW (WHITECHAPEL).—Light supplies met a fair inquiry at generally steady rates. Best meadow hay was quoted at £6 5s. to £6 15s. ; mixture and seconds, £5 10s. to £7 ; best clover, £6 10s. to £7 ; and best straw, £4 10s. per ton.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 12.—A rather larger turnover was reported on the spot market to-day, outside descriptions, including Egyptian, receiving more attention. Only a moderate business was done in American, with quotations 1 point higher. Middling, 7.18d. Brazilian and Peruvian also rose 1 point. Fernam fair, 6.38d. ; g.f. smooth, 7.48d. ; g.f. Tanguis, 7.63d. Egyptian were slow of sale at unchanged rates to 5 points advance. F.g.f. Sakellaridis, 12.05d. ; f.g.f. Upper, 9.06d. ; African advanced 1 point. Middling West, 7.08d. ; g.f. East, 7.93d. East Indian unchanged. Fine m.g. Broach, 4.75d. ; fine No. 1 Oomra, 4.05d.

American futures opened 4 to 5 points higher in response to steadier overnight cables, and further improved early in the session on shorts covering and some Continental buying. The rise, however, attracted realizing and hedge selling, and at midday values were only 3 to 6 points up. An easier tendency prevailed during the afternoon owing to the absence of any speculative support, while some liquidation was influenced by the New York Cotton Exchange estimate of 360,000 bales for U.S. consumption in July, which, comparing with 546,000 bales last year, was considered very bearish. The close was quiet, unchanged to 2 points higher on the day. Oct., 6.60 ; Jan., 6.67 ; March, 6.75 ; May, 6.82. New York 11 a.m. prices :—Oct., 12.25 ; Jan., 12.52 ; March, 12.71 ; May, 12.86.

Egyptian futures.—Sakellaridis contracts opened 5 points higher, but gave way on local selling, and closed barely steady, unchanged to 3 points lower. Aug., 10.60 ; Sept., 10.56 ; Oct., 10.74 ; Nov., 10.85 ; Dec., 10.96 ; Jan., 11.00 ; Feb., 11.19 ; March, 11.19 ; April, 11.37 ; May, 11.39 ; June, 11.55 ; July, 11.55 ; Aug., 11.55. Upper contracts closed steady at 1 point advance to 5 points decline. Aug., 8.34 ; Sept., 7.94 ; Oct., 7.71 ; Nov., 7.74 ; Dec., 7.83 ; Jan., 7.88 ; Feb., 7.97 ; March, 8.05 ; April, 8.16 ; May, 8.19 ; June, 8.25 ; July, 8.33 ; Aug., 8.33.

Empire futures closed quiet, unchanged to 2 points higher. Aug., 6.51 ; Sept., 6.50 ; Oct., 6.47 ; Nov., 6.49 ; Dec., 6.50 ; Jan., 6.55 ; Feb., 6.49 ; March, 6.59 ; April, 6.58 ; May, 6.69 ; June, 6.66 ; July, 6.77 ; Aug., 6.77.

Description	Sales To-day	Sales So far this week	Export To-day	Export So far this week	Imports To-day	Imports So far this week
American	1,600	5,750	—	200	1,248	1,248
Brazilian, &c.	600	1,600	—	—	81	81
Peruvian, &c.	500	1,600	100	100	—	—
African &c.	300	2,850	—	—	874	893
Egyptian, &c.	200	800	—	—	—	—
E. Indies, &c.	1,800	2,400	—	—	136	655
Totals— This week	5,000	15,000	100	300	2,339	2,877
Last week	3,000	3,000	100	100	8,829	9,829

Amer. Futures	To-day			Prev. day		
Delivery	H'gst	L'west	Closing	H'gst	L'west	Closing
August	6.71	6.71	6.70	—	—	6.68
September	6.62	6.57	6.58	—	—	6.56
October	6.68	6.59	6.60	6.68	6.57	6.58
November	—	—	6.60	—	—	6.58
December	6.67	6.65	6.64	6.67	6.65	6.62
January	6.75	6.67	6.67	6.75	6.66	6.66
February	—	—	6.69	—	—	6.69
March	6.82	6.73	6.75	6.81	6.74	6.75
April	—	—	6.77	—	—	6.77
May	6.88	6.82	6.82	6.89	6.82	6.82
June	—	—	6.84	—	—	6.84
July	6.91	6.89	6.87	6.92	6.88	6.87
August	—	—	6.89	—	—	6.88

The WEST'S Egyptian General Produce Association quote fully good fair futures (in 100ths of a dollar per cantar of 99.05lb., as follows :—

—	To-day 1st report	To-day Close	Previous Close
Ashmouni, August	—	14.90	14.77
,, October	14.30	14.40	14.35
Sakellaridis, November	22.45	22.48	22.53
,, January	22.72	22.60	22.74
,, March	—	23.15	23.18

MANCHESTER, Aug. 12.—The tone of the market was rather more hopeful. The position in India was regarded with less pessimism by shippers, but as yet this can be based on nothing definite. Karachi and Madras did rather more business, chiefly in the light bleaching cloths, and reports were current that where delivery instructions had been cancelled they have now been renewed. No improvement was noticeable in the case of China, but Egypt, Persia, and the Near East continued to purchase small lots. Australia and Canada did a better trade in heavy goods, and South America and the Continent bought various styles. A fair trade was arranged for home consumption. Medium American yarns met with more inquiry, but prices had to be reduced in line with cotton since the issue of the Bureau report. Egyptian yarns were again in poor demand. India purchased one or two good lots of bundle yarns.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, Aug. 12.—SUGAR.—British refined in fair request at late rates. Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, 21s. ; T. L. granulated, 20s. 9d. Home-grown granulated, prompt, quoted 23s. to 23s. 3d., ex factory ; T. L., ex refinery, 19s. 10½d. ; West Indian crystallized, spot, quoted 20s. to 22s. 9d., sellers ; white Java, Aug.-Sept., quoted 8s. 6d. ; Oct.-Dec., 8s. 3½d., c. and f., India ; Czech granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. ; Nov.-Dec., 7s. 6d., f.o.b., Hamburg ; Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 1½d., f.o.b., Rotterdam. Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 6s. 10½d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raw sugar was quiet

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket / Pay-day	To-morrow	Aug. 26 / Aug. 28	Sept. 9 / Sept. 11

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise / Fall
56⅝ 52	Consols, 2½%	55⅝ 56	..
88⅛ 81⅝	Do., 4%	88⅛ 88⅝	..
103¼ 99⅛	War Loan, 5%	103¼ 103⅜	..
101⅞ 99¼	Do., 4%	101⅜ 101⅝	..
91¼ 86½	Fdg. Loan, 4%	91¼ 91½	..
95⅛ 90	Victory, 4%	95⅛ 95⅜	..
— —	Do., 5% Defd.	99⅝ 99⅞	..
80¼ 72⅝	Conversion, 3½%	77½ 78	+⅛
100 93	Do., 4%	99½ 99¾	..
— —	Do., 3½%	99⅜ 99½	+⅛
101⅜ 97¼	Treas. 5% '38-45	104¼ 105	+⅛
100 96½	Do., 4½% '30-50	102⅝ 102⅞	..
98⅛ 92	Do., 4% '31-33	101⅛ 101⅜	..
97⅛ 93⅝	Do., 4% '34-37	101⅛ 101⅜	..
60¼ 55	Do., 4% '35-39	100⅛ 100⅜	..
66 60¼	Irish Land, 2½%	58½ 59½	..
65⅜ 60	Do., 3%	56½ 57½	..
64¾ 60	Local Loans, 3%	63½ 64½	..
64¾ 60	Tvaal, 5% '29-53	82 84	..
256 239	Bank of England	256 258	..
82½ 77¼	Egyptian, 5%	83 85	..
71¼ 60	India, 5%	85 85	..
61¼ 50½	Do., 3½%	62½ 63½	..
51⅛ 44	Do., 3%	53½ 54½	..
101⅞ 98	Do., 2½%	44 45	..
92⅜ 80¼	Do., 4% '30-55	100⅜ 100⅝	..
109 105⅞	Sudan, 4½%	65½ 66½	..
66⅜ 60	Ldn. Cty., 3%	107¼ 108¾	+¼
76½ 70	Do., 3½%	74 75	..
104⅜ 99¼	Do., 3%	74½ 75½	..
104¼ 100	Do., 2½% 40-60	103 104	..
65¾ 59	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	103½ 103½	..
67 58¾	Met. Water, 4%	67 67*	+½
85⅛ 81	Do., "A"	85½ 86½	..
75½ 67⅞	Met. Cons., 3%	67½ 68½	..
64 58	Do., 2½%	57½ 58½	..
— —	Pt. of Lond., 3%	72½ 73½	..
— —	Do., "A"	61½ 62½	..
85¼ 76¾	Do., 4% "B"	81½ 82½	..
100¾ 93	Do., 4½%	96¼ 97¼	..

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½ 98	Aust., 6% '31-41	98 98½*	+¼
99¼ 90⅛	Do., 5% '45-75	90 90⅜	+¼
91¼ 86⅛	Can., 4% '40-60	91⅝ 92¼	..
88⅝ 78⅝	Do., 3% '29-49	78 78½	..
95¼ 91⅛	Cape, 4% '30-50	84 84½	..
82⅝ 78¼	Do., 4% '16-36	96¼ 96¾	..
81⅞ 78¼	Do., 3½% '29-49	85½ 86	..
115¾ 108½	Do., 3% '33-43	85 85½	..
104⅛ 99	G.Cst., 6% '45-70	109¼ 109¾*	..
105⅜ 99⅛	Kenya, 6% '46-56	102¼ 102¾	..
85½ 81⅝	N.S.W., 5% '45-65	101 101½	..
77⅝ 69¼	Do., 3½% '30-50	66½ 67	+¼
94¾ 90⅛	Do., 4% '33-53	94 94½	..
99⅛ 88¼	Do., 5% '45-63	87¾ 88¼	+¼
102 92	Do., 5½% '47-57	98¼ 98¾	+¼
104 96⅝	N. Zeal., 5% '45-65	102 102½	+¼
97⅛ 91⅞	Do., 4% '43-63	95½ 96*	..
89⅝ 84⅛	Do., 4% '29-49	86¼ 86¾	..
80¾ 74⅞	Do., 3½% '40	80¾ 80¾	..
104⅛ 98½	Nyasa, 5%	97½ 98½	..
90 84	Queensld., 5%	88½ 89½	..
84 75¾	Do., 4% '36-56	88 88½	+⅛
104¼ 98⅞	Do., 4% '47-67	99 99½	+⅛
90 81½	S. Af., 5% '45-75	101¼ 101¾	+¼
99⅛ 89	S. Af., 4% '43-63	85½ 86¼	+¼
102¾ 97⅞	S.Rd., 5% '45-65	98 98½	..
85⅞ 79½	Tas., 5½% 1940	99¾ 100¼*	..
97¾ 90	Vict., 5% '45-75	88 89½	..
97¾ 87	Do., 3½% '30-50	68 68½	..
99⅛ 91	W. Aus., 5% '45-75	88 88½	+¼
90½ 85	Do., 3½% '30-50	67¾ 68¼	..
81⅝ 72	Do., 4% '42-62	70 70½	+¼

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

Making up prices, Aug. 11	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
85½	Arg., 4% Rescision	85½ 86½	..
61	Do., 4% 1900	80½ 81½	..
93	Do., Port Cap. 5%	92½ 93½	..
103	Austrian, 7%	103½ 104	..
111¼	Belgian, 7%	111 112	..
91	Berlin (City of), 6%	90¼ 91¼	..
49	Brazil, 5% 1889	50½ 51	..
56⅝	Do., 4% Funding	42½ 43½	..
59½	Do., 5% 1910	57½ 58½	+1/2
73	Do., 5% Fdg. 1914	60 61	+1
80	Do., 5% 1927	61 62	+1
58¼	Buenos Aires, 3½%	81 82	+1
77	Bulgaria, 7%	58 59	..
94½	Chile, 6% 1926	76 78	..
98⅜	Do., 5% 1911	66 68	..
105¼	Do., 7½% 1922	105 107	..
97½	Chinese, 5% 1896	97 98	..
80	Do., 4½% 1898	79 80	..
84	Do., 5% 1912	80½ 81½	..
22	Do., 5% 1913	22 23	..
45	Do., Shanghai, 5%	40 43	..
15	Do., Tientsin-Pukow	11 15	..
22	Do., Hukuang, 5%	21 22	..
74¾	Czechoslovakia, 8%	112½ 113½	..
74¾	Egyptian Unified	74 76	..
75	French, 5%	209½ 210	..
20⅞	Do., 4%	20⅞ 21	..
105¾	Midl., 6%	105½ 106½	..
105¾	Nord, 6%	105½ 106½	..
105¾	Orleans, 6%	105½ 106½	..
103¾	P.L.M., 6%	103½ 104½	..
103½	Scine (Dept. of), 7%	103½ 104½	..
109½	Germans, 7%	106 107	..
59⅜	Greek Monopoly, 4%	58 61	..
79	Do., 5% 1914	78 80	..
101½	Do., 7% Refugees	100 102	..
69¾	Do., 6% Stabilization	99½ 100*	..
102¾	Hungarian, 7½%	100¾ 101¾*	..
17⅞	Italian, 5%	17 18	..
100¾	Cons. 7 & L.	100 101	..
74¼	Japan, 4% 1899	74½ 75¼	..
94	Do., 5% 1907	91¾ 92¾	..
100½	Do., 5% 1924	100 101	..
19	Jokyo (City of), 5½%	91½ 92½	+1
15⅞	Mexican, 5%	19 21	+1
90	Do., 4% 1928	75 77	..
43	Portugal, 3%	89 90	..
46¼	Do., 3% 1st Ser.	42¾ 43¾	..
2	Roumanian, 4% Cons.	46 47	..
2	Russian, 4% 1889	2 2½	..
1024	Do., 5% 1906	2 2½	..
9	Siamese, 6% 1924	102½ 103½	..
65½	Turkish, 4% Unified	81½ 82	+¼
—	Uruguay, 5½%	65 66*	..
5	Peruvian Corp.	4¼ 5¼	..
36½	Do., Pref.	35¾ 36¾	..
105½	German Potash, 7%	105½ 106½	..
78½	San Paulo Coffee, 7%	80 82	+1

BRITISH RAILWAYS

75½	Great Western	74½ 75¼	–¼
—	Do., 4% Deb.	80 81	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd.	98 99	..
—	Do., 5% Pref.	98 99	..
36	L. Mid. and Scottish	34¾ 35	..
—	Do., 4% Deb.	35¾ 36½	..
—	Do., 4% Gtd.	77½ 78¾	–¼
—	Do., 4% Pref.	73½ 74½	..
6⅜	L. and N. East., Def.	61½ 62½	–¼
18¼	Do., Pref.	63 64½	..
—	Do., 3% Red.	18¾ 19½	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Gtd.	54½ 55½	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Pref.	69¾ 70¾	..
—	Do., 4% 2nd Pref.	55½ 56½	..
67½	Metropolitan	40 41½	+½
76	Met. Dist.	67 68	..
75¼	Southern, Defd.	75½ 76½*	..
66¾	Do., Pref.	25½ 26½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb.	68½ 69½	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd.	79 80	..
—	Do., 5% Pref.	98 99	..
25 6	Underground, 4½	23/71 24/11*	+1/2d
—	Do., Income	105¼ 106¼	..

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS

69½	Antofagasta, Cons.	68 70	..
—	Argentine Gt. West.	75 77	+1
—	Argentine N. Eastn.	25 27	..
91½	B.A. Gt. Southern	91½ 93½	..
83	B.A. Pacific	83½ 85½	+½
69½	B.A. Western	69½ 71½	+½
183½	Canadian Pacific	179½ 180½	..
73½	Central Argentine	186 187	–2
77	Central Uruguay	74 76	..
79	Cordoba Central	77½ 79½	..
25	Do., 2nd Pref.	19 21	..
31½	Costa Rica	24 26	..
79	Costa Rica	31½ 32½	..
—	Ind. Cent. America	76½ 81½	+½
—	Leopoldina	17 21	..
7¾	Mexican, 1st Pref.	37 39	..
7¾	Nitrate (Bearer)	7½ 8½	..
166	San Paulo	165 169	..
7	United of Havana	6½ 8½	..

BANKS AND DISCOUNT COMPANIES

Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall	Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
Ag. of Egypt	61½	..	Lloyds, A.	61/6	..
Alexanders	53½	..	Martins	71½	..
Anglo-L. Am.	5½	..	Mers. Ind. Cr.	12½	..
Bk. of Aust.	10⅝	–⅛	Midland, £1	74/3	..
B. Ld. & S.A.	5⅝	..	Do., £12	61	..
Bk. of Mtl.	61	..	(£2 10s. pd.)	97	..
Bk. of N.S.W.	52½	..	National	28⅜	..
Barclays, A.	54/0	..	Nat. Dist. B.	10⅛	..
Do., B.	57/6	..	Nat. Egypt	29	..
Do., D.C.O.	27/6	..	Nat. India	40¾	..
B. Overseas	20	..	Nat. Provl., £4	15½	..
Can. Com.	50	..	Ryl. of Can.	60	..
Char. India	167⅜	–⅜	Stand., S.A.	14⅝*	..
Chartered	26	..	Un. of Aust.	31½	..
Chinese	51½	..	Un. Discount	21½	..
Comml.	53¼	..	Westminster	78/0	–1/2
Hambros	68¼	..	Do., £1	51/9	..
Hongkong	106½	–½	Wms. Dcns.	44/3	..

INSURANCE

Alliance, New	18¾	..	Nthn. Assur.	16½	..
Atlas Assur.	12⅝	..	Phoenix, f.p.	14	..
Britannic	42½	..	Prudential	22¾	..
Com. Un.	22¾	..	Do., "B"	98/6	..
Eagle Star	31⅜	..	Royal	71½	..
English Lion.	70.0	..	R. Exchange	51⅜	..
Gen. Accdt.	18¾	..	Scottish, "A"	16	..
Guardian	68½	..	Sea	68/6	..
Ldn. and L.	27	..	Sun Insur.	58⅞	..
Ldn. & Gl. M.	32	..	Sun Life	54/6	..
			Y'ksh'e(50/-)	64⅜	..

TEXTILE AND CHEMICAL

Anal. Cotton	0/6	..	Engl. Cotton	14⅛*	..
Bleachers	16/3	..	Fine Spinners	19/3	..
Bord. Dyer.	9/6	..	Hoyle, J.	3/6	..
Brit. Celanese	19/6	..	Imp. Chem.	19/1¾	–1½d
Do., Def.	8/0	–3d	Do., Def.	8/3	..
B. Col. Dyers	8/0	–1½d	Jute Ind., Pf.	2/0	..
Brit. Enka	4/3	..	Linen Thread	11⅛	..
Calico Print.	8/6	..	Lister	12/0	..
Can. Celanese	1⅞	+⅛	Patons & B.	19/4*	..
Crêpe Amer.	1⅞	+⅛	Rylands	15/9	..
Courts	58/6	..	Salt Union	11	..
Cook, Son	8/0	..	Sotts (S'ft'rs)	2/3	..
Courtaulds	2⅜*	..	Sotts Viscose	10/0	..
			Wardle& Dan.	1⅛	..

ELECTRICAL POWER & EQUIPMENT

Ass. Elec. In.	23/0	..	Hydro Elec.	34	..
Atlas	25/6	..	Lancash. Pr.	35/0	..
Barcelona Pr.	5⅞	..	Metro. Elec.	40/0	..
B'mouth&P.	54/9	+⅜	Do., A.	40/0	..
Brit. Insul.	85⅛*	+⅛	Met. Ia.Com.	63	+½
Brush Elec.	72/0	..	Do., 1st Pf.	76	–⅛
Callenders	115	..	Mtd Counties	27/6	..
Cdn. Power	69/0	..	N'w'ch Elec.	22/6	–6d
City of Lond.	54/3	..	Perak River	9/6	..
County Lond.	44/6	..	Siemens	21/6	..
Crompton Parkn.	15½	..	Tramway Const.	17*	..
Edison Swan	24/6	..	Vic. Falls	3/9	..
Elec. Rly.	49/5	+6d	Whitehall, Pf.	24/6	..
Hendry's Tel.	5/4*	..	Yorkshire	51/9	..

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & E. Trad.	10/0	..	Imperial Tob.	47⅜	..
Am.-Dwst. Df.	4⅜	..	Imp. Tob. Can.	57/9	..
Apollinaris	7/0	..	Int. Nickel	22½*	+⅛
Asd. Cement	23/6	..	Kreuger & T.	27½	+¼
Bovril, Def.	58/3	–11d	Lautaro, Pf.	3⅜	..
Brit. Alum.	1¾	+⅛	Do., Def. w'rts	5½	..
Brit. Am. Tb.	5⅛	–⅛	Lever, 7% Pf.	22/10½	..
Brit. & S.Afc.	16/0	..	Liverpool Nit.	6⅞	..
Brit. Match	24/3	..	London Brick	40/3	+1½d
Brit. Oil Cake	26/6	–3d	Manbré & Gt.	13/9	–3d
Brit. Port. Cm.	2⅛	..	Marconi Mar.	1⅛	..
Cab. & W. "B"	3/6	..	Do., Def.	11/16	..
Do., "A"	11	..	Do., Can.	⅞	..
Do., 7½% "A"	21	..	Mather & P.	2⅛	..
Do., 5½% Pf.	74½	..	Nairn, M.& G.	11⅜	..
Carreras "A"	7½	..	New Tam'ny	15/0	..
Col. Graph.	4/16	..	P. & O. Def.	43/6	..
Crittall	24/0	..	Phillips (G.)	8	–1½
Cr.& Bl., 7%	10/1¾	–9d	Pinchin J'son	42/3	..
Cunard str.	19/6	..	Prim. Hldgs.	25/0	..
Dunlop Rbr.	10/1¾	..	Royal Mail	22⅞	..
E. Ready'G.B.	15/4½	–9d	Sm.& Arg. Mt.	7	..
Finlay, Jas.	2⅞	..	Sth. Met. Gas	105½	..
Furness, W.	33/0	–3d	Spillers	29/0	+6d
Gas Lt. & C.	19/6*	+4½d	Stand.Mtch.'B'	14⅛	..
Gaumont Bc.	12/3	+4½d	Tarapaca Nit.	7⅞	..
Globe Tel.	15	–1½d	Turner & N'l	25/6	–6d
Gramophone	22½	..	Utd. Dairies	31/3	–3d
Harrison&Cr.	3¾	–⅛	Un. Molasses	1⅞	..
Imp. Con.Gas	36/0	+5	Unilever	23½	..
Imp. Smelt.	13/0	..	Utd.Tob. (S.)	5⅜	..
			Wallpaper D.	45/0	..

COAL, IRON, AND STEEL

Amal.A'th'te	3/6	..	Howard & B.	15½	..
Armstrong	30/7	..	Lambert	52/9	..
Babcock&W.	53/0	–6d	Pease & Ptns.	2/0	..
Baldwins	2/5	..	Platt Bros.	4/9	..
Bengal	8/0	..	Powell, Duff.	6/0	..
B.S.A.	9/0	..	Richds. West	2/6	..
Bolsover	15/3	..	Ruston & H.	4/7½	–1½d
Brown(John)	2/9	..	S. Speakman	2/6	..
Cammell Ld.	7/7½	..	Staveley	19/1½	..
Consets	6/6	..	Stew.&L.Dcr.	23/6	..
Cory (Wm.)	56/0	..	S. Durham	21/3	..
Dorman Long	47½	–1½d	Swan, Hunter	20/0	..
Ebbw Vale	0/10½	..	Tees, Deb.	97½	..
Guest, Keen	53/9	..	Thomas, R.	2/3	..
Hadfields	6/9	..	Vickers	21/6	..
Harld.&W.F.	6/3	+1½d	Wardsdl.Dl.	16/6	..
Hopkinson	1/18	..	Yk.Am.Ad.D	7/0	..

MOTOR AND AIRCRAFT

Austin (5/-)	26/3	..	National Bus	24/9	..
Dennis Bros.	58/9	..	Rolls-Royce	40/9	–6d
Ford	88/9	+5/6	Rover	7/0	..
Guy Motors	15/0	..	Singer	22/0	..
Humber	16/6	..	S.T.D., Pref.	83/3	..
Imp. Airways	26/0	+3d	Smith, S., Df.	3/0	..
Leyland	62/6	..	Thornycroft	56/6	..
Lucas, J.	65/0	–1/3	Tl. & Brit.	42/6	..
Morris,7½ Pf.	21/7½	..	Till, Stevens	9/6	..
Napier, D.	10/10½	..	Tilling, T.	93/6	..

BREWERIES

Allsopp	127/3	+3d	Hoare	58/3	..
Barclay Perk.	28/0	..	Ind, Coope	67/0	..
Bass, Ratcl.	67/0	..	Nicou's	38/0	..
Benskin's	36/6	..	Mitch's & B.	57/0	..
C.of Lon.,Def.	13/3	..	S. African	60/9*	..
Coverage	67/3	..	Taylor Walk.	55/3	..
Distillers	60/6*	–3d	Walker, P.&C.	17/3	..
Guinness	107/6	..	Watney, Def.	63/0	+5d

STORE, CATERING, AND HOTEL

Aerated B.	19/3	..	Lewis, Pfd.	46/3	..
Army & N.	7/6	+6d	Lipton	5/11½	..
Barker	55/3	+6d	Lyons, "A"	41/7½	+6d
Boots Pure D.	5⅛	..	Maple	28/9	..
Carlton	29/6	–6d	Map.& Webb	10/3	+6d
Debenhams	7/0	..	Maypole, Def.	5/0	..
Fredk. Hotels	11/10½	..	Savoy Hotel	29/6	..
Gordon Hts.	13/1½	+3d	Selfridge, Pf.	23/9	..
Harrods	58/6	..	Smart Bros.	5/16	..
Hdn'sn(B.A.)	14/0	+3d	Spiers&P.	10/0	..
Home & C.	4/0½	+1½d	Waring & G.	4/9	–3d
Internat. Tea	20/6	+3d	Whiteley	45/0	..

FINANCIAL, LAND, &c.

Arg. Ld. Inv.	32/0	..	Dalgety	87⅜	..
Arz.Sthn.Ld.	20/0	..	Forestal	14/3	+3d
Aust. Est. M.	50	..	Goldstr., Mt.	27/0	..
Aust.Mercf.p.	6½	..	Hudson's B.	21⅜	..
Brit. N.Born.	5/6	..	Kasuela Cot.	6/0	..
Cty. Ld. Real	17/6	..	N.Z.Ld. & M.	94	..
Cordova	1/3	..	Sudan Plants	2³²⁄₃₂	–1½

RUBBER

Allied Sum.	10/3	..	Ld. Asiatic	2/9	–1½d
An.-Dutch	24/9	–3d	Lumut	2/5	..
An.-Java	1/10½	..	Malacca	16/3	..
An.-Malay	6/10½	..	Malayalam	15/0	–1/0
Bah Lias	2³²⁄₃₂	–1⅛	Mudaris	10/0	..
Bajoe Kidoel	23/9	–1/3	Mzdlmain	17½	–1½d
Balin Tiga	16/10½	–7½d	Pataling	13/9	..
Bertam Cons.	2/6	–1½d	Perak	15/0	–1½d
Bukit Mert'm	1/9	..	Rembau Jelei	17/6	..
Cons. Malay	3/6	–6d	Sarawak	2/6	–1/3
Dut. Dev't.	1/4½	..	Selangor Un.	1/1½	–1½d
E. Asiatic	2/0	..	Sennah	20/0	–5/9
Grand Cent.	11/10½	–9d	Sialang	15/7½	–7½d
Gula Kalump	3³²⁄₃₂	–1⅛	Straits Rbr.	12/6	..
Highlands	1⅜	–⅛	Sum. Para	2/0	..
Java Invest.	23/9	..	Tandjong	15⅝	..
Java United	2½	–3³²⁄₃₂	Tanjong Mal.	16/10½	–1/10½
Kajar Para	16/3	–3d	Telogorejo	16/3	..
Kuala Lump.	2/6	..	U. Serdang	2/6	..
Labu	26/3	–1/0	U. Sm. B't'r	36/3	–1/3
Lanadron	1³²⁄₃₂	–7½d	U. Sumatra	1/0	–1½d
Linggi	8	–1½d	U. Terpilang	1/1½	..
			Vallambrosa	8/6	–3d

TEA

Amal. Est.	16½	–½	East'n Prod.	3½	..
An.-Ceylon	26/9	..	Empire	34/0	–1/0
An.-Assam Co.	29/3*	..	Galaha	42/0	–6d
AssamFront.	1³²⁄₃₂	..	Imperial Tea	30/0*	..
Bogaw't'awa	35/9*	..	Jhanzie	45/0	..
Bramap'tra	27*	..	Jokai	4	..
Brit. Indian	2¼	..	Jorehaut	2⁵⁄₃₂	..
Budla Beta	3⅜	..	LankaPlant.	2⁵⁄₃₂	..
Carolina	2⅜	..	Lebong	3²⁹⁄₃₂	..
Ceylon Plant.	4⅜	..	Lungla	3²⁹⁄₃₂	..
Chargola	7/6	..	Makuri	11/6	..
Chubwa	68/9	–9d	Nedeem	11¹⁵⁄₃₂	..
Cons. T. & L.	20	..	NewDimbula	35/6	..
Darjeeling	2²⁵⁄₃₂	..	Nuwara Eliya	53/6	..
Darj. Cons.	67/6	..	Pabbiston	6*	..
Dooars	15/9	..	Scot. T. & L.	21½	..
DoomDooma	46⅜	–6d	Singlo	2²⁹⁄₃₂	..
East'nAssam	3¼	..	Travancore	2⁵⁄₃₂	..
			Upper Assam	12³²⁄₃₂	..

OIL

A.-Ecuador	15/0	..	Lobitos	1¼	..
A.-Egypt. B	2³²⁄₃₂	..	Mex. Eagle	12/5	..
A.-Persian	33½	–3²²⁄₃₂	Mex. Pet.	6/3	..
Apex Trin.	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	..	Phoenix, £1sh	6/3*	..
Attock	3/6	..	R. Dutch	32½	..
Brit. Borneo	8/9	..	Shell	42³²⁄₃₂	..
Brit. Burmah	4/9	..	Spies (2/-)	0/4½	..
Brit.Cont'l Pt	5/9	+1½d	Steaua Rom.	7½	..
Burmah	4³⁄₁₆	–1⅛	Trinidad C.	7½	..
Canad. Eagle	10/3	–1½d	Trinidad L.	5/0	..
Do., 7% Pf.	12/6	..	U.-Brit. Trin.	21³²⁄₃₂	..
Creole	1¼	..	Ural Caspian	5/4½	..
Kern River	4/0	..	V.O.C. Ord.	2⁹⁄₃₂	..

SOUTH AFRICAN MINES

Al.& Europ'n	15/3	..	Modder, B.	14/3	..
Anglo-Amer.	5³²⁄₃₂	–1⅛	Modder. Deep	15¹⁵⁄₃₂	..
A.-French	2¹¹⁄₁₆	..	Modder. East	1⁵⁄₃₂	..
Brakpan	2¹¹⁄₁₆	..	Mozambique	7/9	..
C. Mining, Br.	16½	..	Natal N. Col.	11⅛	..
City Deep	7/3	..	New Jagersf.	17¹⁶⁄₃₂	+1¹⁶⁄₃₂
Cons. Diml's.	7/3	–3d	New Modder.	35¹⁵⁄₃₂	..
Cons. G. Fds.	11³²⁄₃₂	..	New State A.	1⁴⁵⁄₆₄	..
Cons. M.R.	17/3	..	Nourse	10/6	..
Cons. M. Sel.	12/0	..	Rand'n E.	10/3	–1½d
Crown	3¾	..	Rand Mines	35/6	–3³²⁄₃₂
Daggafontein	1¼	..	Rand Select.	7/9	+3d
De Beers, Df.	6/7	..	Rob. Deep B.	9/9	+3d
Durban Deep	13/3	..	S.A. Town.	8/0	–3d
East. Geduld	2⁷⁄₃₂	–1³²⁄₃₂	S.W. Africa	15/7½	–1½d
East Rand	10/7½	–1½d	Springs	55/6	–1³²⁄₃₂
Geduld	3¹¹⁄₁₆	..	Sub Nigel	2⁷⁄₃₂	–1³²⁄₃₂
Gen. Mining	2³²⁄₃₂	..	T. Cons. Lds.	1¼	..
Govt. Areas	1¾	..	V. Ryn Deep	5	..
J'b'g C'nsInv	35/6	..	Veteen'g Est.	1¹⁷⁄₃₂	..
Langlaagte	24/6	..	W. Rd. Cons.	6/10½	..
Meyer & C.	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	..	West Springs	14/0	–3d

RHODESIAN MINES

Bwana M'Kub	11/7½	–1½d	Rhod. Cons. B	1³²⁄₃₂	–1⅛
Cam & Motor	7/6	..	Rhod. K'f'ma	1¹³⁄₃₂	..
Rhod. Sel. Tr	1³²⁄₃₂	..	Roan Antel.	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	+1³²⁄₃₂
Selukwe	2/6	..	Shamva	1/0	..
Tang'ka Con.	1½	..	Wankie Coll.	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	..
Zambesia Ex.	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	+1³²⁄₃₂			

NIGERIAN AND WEST AFRICAN MINES

Anglo-Cont.	6/6	+3d	Bisichi	6/0	..
Ashanti	29/9	–3d	Ebanti Cons.	10/3	..
Assoc.Nigeria	4/6	–3d	Naraguta	7³²⁄₃₂	+1⅛

EASTERN TIN MINES

Ayer Hitam	9/3	..	Pahang	7/0	..
Bangrin	31¹⁶⁄₃₂	..	Petaling	10/6	+3d
Gopeng	17⅜	..	Remong	1¹⁵⁄₃₂	..
Hong-kung	14/3	..	Siamese	8/9	..
Idris	5/0	..	Sthn. Mala'n	9/9	..
Ipoh	16/3	..	Sthn. Perak	1¹²⁄₃₂	..
Kampar Mal.	3³²⁄₃₂	..	Sungei Bel	7/0	..
Kamunting	5/9	+1½d	Tavoy	3/9	–3d
London Tin	12/6	..	Tekka Talp.	1¹¹⁄₁₆	..
Malayan	18/3	..	Tronoh	14/9	..

MISCELLANEOUS MINES

Aramayo	1³⁄₁₆*	..	Mysore	10/3	..
Balaghat	2/3	..	Nat. Mining	0/6	..
Base Met. Min	10/6	..	Nundydroog	15/3	..
Bkn. H. Prop.	12/6	–1/0	Goregum	5/0	..
Do., North	2⅛	..	Patino	4	..
Do., South	1⁹⁄₁₆	–⅛	Rio Tinto	35	–⅛
Burma Corp.	10/4½	..	Rus. A.Cons.	0/4	..
Cent.P.Mang.	2⁹⁄₁₆	–1¹⁶⁄₃₂	S'ia G'tradia	7/9	..
Champion R.	7/3	..	St.J.Del Rey	16/6	..
East Pool, Pf.	1/6	..	S. Francisco	14/6	–6d

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS—continued from page 17

Rhodesia-Katanga, 26/10½
Rhodesian Congo Border, 13/7 14/3 13/7½ 3 3†††
Rhodesian Select Trust, 29/3/4
Roan Antelope, 25/6 2/- 1/10½ -/††† 2/- -/3 -/11½
Robinson Deep, "B," 9/9 -/7½ -/7½ 10/- 9/7½ 10/- 9/3½
Sabulwe, 2/6 -/6 -/3
S. African Townships, 8/-†† -/11½ -/11½ -/3
S.-W. Africa, 15/9
Services, 66/3
Sub Nigel, 56/10½
Trans'l Explor., -/4½‡
Village Deep, 3/4½
W. Rand Cons., 6/9 7/-†† 6/10½
West Springs, 14/4½ -/6 -/4½ -/7†† 14/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES.—WEST AFRICAN

Asso. Tin of Nigeria, 4/4½ -/9 -/6 -/3‡
Ex-Lands Nigeria, 1/6 -/3½ -/6
Zaunah and Abasso, 2/7½ -/7½ -/3½ -/7½ -/3½
W. African Diamond, 3/0½

NITRATE

Lautaro, Nos. 240001 to 430000 and 380001 to 1312000 (Bearer), 66/10½ 8/1½ 7/6 -/6 -/6 6/6 8/1½ 6/10½ 8/9 -/9
Do., 6½% 1st Mort. Deb., 95¾ ½
Liverpool, 7/6

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Lautaro, 85⅝

OIL

Anglo-Persian, 80/- -/7½ 80/- 78/9
Do., 8% Pref., 28/7½ -/4½ -/4½ -/3
Do., 6% Deb., 93¾ 4 4 ½ ½
Attock, 24/4½ 5/- 2/7½
Burmah, 83/4½††† 5/- 5/- 5/- 4/4½
Canadian Eagle, 10/6 -/4½†† -/6 -/3 -/3 -/4½ 10/- -/3 -/4½ -/3
Do., 1st Pref. (7%), 12/3¾ -/6¼ -/9 -/3¾
Kern River, 3/10½
Lobitos, 24/4½ -/3 -/3 4/9 -/4½
Mexican Eagle, 12/6 -/6 -/3 -/3¾ 12/- -/3¾
Do., 7% Pref., 8/4½
Phœnix and Transport, 1/- shares, 5/- -/11½
Royal Dutch, 1½ -/4½ -/4½
"Shell" (Regd.), 94/8¼ 5/- 2/9 -/9 4/8¼ -/4½ 2/9 4/8¼ -/9¼ -/11½†† -/10½ 5/- 4/10½ -/3 -/4½ -/9¼ 5/- 4/9½
Do. (Bearer), 95/- 4/4½ -/4½†† -/4½ 4/4½ 5/- 5/-
Do., 7% Pref., 23/6 -/6 5/- -/11½ -/3
Spies, -/3 -/4

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Anglo-Egyptian, 43/6
Apex, 1/-
Brit. Controlled, 2/- -/9¾
Do., 7% Pref., 5/7½
Hamilton's, -/11½†† -/2 -/2
Petrol Storage, 19/6 -/10½ -/11½ -/9
Do., Defd., 2/3†† -/3†† 3 -/4½ -/3 -/6
Shell Transport, New 7% Pref., 24/11¼ -/10½ 5/- -/9¾
Do., 4/10½ 5/- 4/10½
Standard, Temp. Certs. for 5% Prefd., 102¾††† 3 4½‡ 4½
Steaua Romana, 7/3 -/3
Venezuelan Concess. (ex rights), 43/9††

RUBBER

Allied Sumatra Plants., 10/11½ -/3 -/3 -/11½ 10/- /3
Anglo-Dutch of Java, 2/- 2 4 4/10½ -/10½ -/10½
Anglo-Java, 1/6¾ -/6 -/6 -/6½ -/7½
Anglo-Sumatra, 23/6†† 4/-††
Bassnort Borneo, 9/- 7/6
Bertam Coconut., 2/4½ -/4½ -/3¾
Bukit Rajah, 8/6
Ceylon (Para), 3/9 -/10½ -/10½
Chersonese, 1/3 -/7½ -/4½ -/4½
East Asiatic, 1/4
Java Ud. Plants., 19/4½
Laras, -/10½ 1/1
Do., 7% Debs., 85 5
Linggi Plants., 17/4½ 15/-
Lond Asiatic, 2/10½ -/10½ -/10½ -/10½††
Mendaris, 9/11¼
Merimau Peach, 1/6½ -/7 -/5½ -/3¼ -/7½
Perak Plants., 1/9
Sabine-Nth. Borneo, 3/3
Sapong, 9/6†† -/6
Telogorejo Ud., 16/3††
Do., 7% Deb., 95¼††
Ud. Lankat, 2/3 -/4½
Ud. Serdang, 2/4½ -/5½ -/8¼ -/6 -/6
Ud. Sua Belong, 37/6 6/3 7/6
Val d'Or, 1/6 -/10

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Anzusono, 10/-
Aloda, 2/-††
Bagan Serai, 6/- -/6
Bandjarasie, 10/- 10/- -/7½
Bangawan, -/1 -/2
Batang Cons., 7/3 -/7½ -/8½
Bekob Cons., -/8½
Bob Nigel, 56/10½
Brit. Fed. of Java, -/11 1/- 1/- 1/-
Bukit Mertajam, 1/7½ -/3
Bukit Selangor, -/3‡
Bukit Sembawang, -/6
Bukit Tunoh, 8% Deb., 87††
Chervior, 2/3¼
Cons. Tronoh, 3 3/4
Dahan, -/6½
Diapcera, -/4½
Djember, 15/-
Eastern Sumatra, 1/7½
Java Para, 18/9/6
Java Plants., 2/3
Johore River, -/6½
Kamunting, 2/-
Kepong, 3/-
Kota Tinggi, 1/-
Kuala Selangor, 2/3
Malayalam Plants., 15/10½†† -/3 14/10½ 15/3 -/11½ 15/-
Muar Iluan, -/9
Narbrough, 1/10½
Nth. Hummock, 7/6
Oriental and Marine, 2/-
Rambutan, -/3¼ -/3
Sedenak, 14/6
Selangor United, 1/-
Sonsekar, 2/9
Strathisla, 2/7½†† -/7††
Sungei Siput, -/9
Sungei Tiram, -/2½
Taiping, -/9††
Tall Ayer, 11/9 12½ -/6 11/9
Tanjalan, 11/6 6/-
Tillyfour, -/6 -/4½
United Temiang, 1/1½ -/6¼ -/1½
Valiman, 3/-
Waterfall, -/6 -/6 -/6

SHIPPING

Brit. and Irish Stm. Packet, Pfg. Pref., 14/6‡
Ce. Generale Transatlantique, 6½%, 97½
Cunard, 19/4½ -/4½ -/3
Elder, Dempster, 6% Pref., 5/11½
Furness, Withy, 32/9 3/1½ 2/9 3/1½
Jacobs, 21/3
Lamport and Holt, 5% Deb., 38 6 7½ 8 6
Do., 5% Deb., 96½ 5
P. & O., 3% Deb., 65¼††
Do., 5% Deb., 98½
R.M.S.P., 25½† 3½† 3 2
Union-Castle, 5% Pref., 11/3 -/3
White Star, 6½% Pref., 10/- 10/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

London-Amer. Maritime Trading, 4/6††
Tankers, Pfd., 6/6 -/9

TEA AND COFFEE

Anglo-Ceylon, 6% Deb., 98½
Chargola, 7/6
Darjeeling Co., 55/7½††
Empire of India, 33/1½
Ests. and Agency, 25/-††
Galle Ld. Ceylon, 41/6†† 2/-††
Imperial, 39/3†† -/10½
Jhanzie, 45/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Alliance of Ceylon, 40/- 39/6
Budla Beta, 67/6 8/9
Imperial Ceylon, 20/- -/3

TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES

American, 212
Anglo-American, 6% Pref. Ord., 100 99¼ 100 100‡
Do., Defd., 24 ½
Cable and Wireless "B," 10¾
Do., 8% Pref., 74¼ ½ ½
Eastern, 31-% Pref., 61½ ½‡
International, 45 5
New York, 41-% Bds., 100¾ ¼
Oriental, 51/-‡

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Radio Corp. of America, 84⅛‡ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ 1 40⅞ ⅛ ⅛ 1 ⅛ 40⅞ 40⅞†

TRAMWAYS AND OMNIBUS

Anglo-Argentine, 5½% Pref., 39/9 40/-
Do., 4% Deb., 69½ 9 9‡
Do., 5% 55‡
Brazilian, 3½% 15/16 ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ 13/16 ⅞ ⅞ ⅞ ⅞ 13/16 ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ x.d.
Brit. Columbia, 5% Pref., 92
Do., 4½% Deb., 81½ ½
Brit. Elect. Tract., Defd., 1455 5
Do., 6% Pref., 129¼
Calcutta, 5% Pref., 12/-
City of B.A., 81/10½‡
Do., 6% Deb., 93 5‡
Lancs Ud. Transport, 6% Deb., 98½‡
Lisbon, 6% Pref., 15/6‡
L.G.O.C., 5% Deb., 99
Para Elec., 5% Deb., 82
Rio de Janeiro, 5% 50-yr. Bds., 88½ ½
Tilling and Brit. Auto., 8% Pig. Pref., 30/11½

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Aldershot and Dist. Tract., 18/9
Bham and Dist. Inv. Trust, 6% Pref., 20/3‡ -/3 -/3
Brentford Tract., New Tract. Certs., 8/12
Hants and Dist. Tract., 6/12
Ribble, 6½% Pref., 20/6

WATER WORKS

Colne Valley, 10% 17/2‡ 2‡
Do., 7% Deb., 85 5
Do., 10% 17/2 2 70‡ 2
Monte Video, 122½ ½ 1¾ 2¾

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

American, 88⅛††

OFFICIAL PRICE CHANGES

The following are changes in prices since Monday last (other than those given in our tables of closing prices, including those for the New York and Montreal markets), as shown by yesterday's Stock Exchange Official List:—

HOME CORPORATION.—RISE.—London County (5½% Deb., 1930) 1 to 101-103, Belfast (3½%, Stg. Inscribed, 1939) 1 to 87-89, Birmingham (4½%, 1948-68) ½ to 96-97, Derby (5%, 1947-67) 1 to 100-102, Ealing (5%, 1946-50) 1 to 101-103, Eastbourne (5%, 1945-62) 1 to 101-103, Sunderland (5%, 1946-56) 1 to 101-103, Wakefield (4½%, 1949-59) 1 to 92-94, West Hartlepool (5%, 1942-52) 1 to 100-102, Wolverhampton (5%, 1946-56) 1 to 101-103.

HOME CORPORATION.—SUBJECT TO STAMP DUTY.—RISE.—Southampton (3½% 1945) 2 to 86½, ditto (6%, 1981) ½ to 113-115, Worcester (3½%, 1950) 1 to 73-75.

DOMINION GOVERNMENT INSCRIBED.—RISE.—Ceylon (6% 1935-51) 1 to 103-105, Ontario (4½% 1945-65) 1 to 83-90.

DOMINION CORPORATION.—RISE.—Burnaby (4½% Debs., 1950) 1 to 88-90, Karachi (6% Stg. Debs., 1956) 1½ to 100-102, New Plymouth Harbour (5½% Debs., 1931-62) ½ to 84-86, North Vancouver (4½% Debs., 1933-61) 1 to 86-88, Point Grey (4½% Cons. Deb. Stk., 1960-61) 1 to 87-89, South Vancouver (4½% Cons. Deb. Stk., 1961) 1 to 86-88, Victoria (4% Cons. Stk., 1962) 1 to 78-80, Westmount (4% Debs., 1954) 1 to 83-86.

FOREIGN CORPORATION.—RISE.—Nagowa (5% Stg. Bds.) 1 to 91-95, Osaka (5% Stg. Bds., 1910-39) ½ to 90¾-92½, Tokyo (5% Stg. Bds., 1910-39) ½ to 90¾-92½, ditto (6% Ln., 1912) ½ to 84-86. FALL.—Dresden (5½%, 1927) 1 to 82-85.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT.—RISE.—Brazilian (4½% Ln., 1883) 1 to 69-71, ditto (4½%, 1889) 1 to 66-68, ditto (5% Ln., 1895) 1 to 58-60, ditto (5% Ln., 1903) 1 to 75-77, ditto (5% Ln., 1908) ½ to 73-75, ditto (5% Bds., 1911) 1 to 66-68, Bulgarian (4% Fund. Loan, 1910) 1 to 88-91, Chilean (4½% Bds.) ½ to 91-94. FALL.—Austrian (4½% Red. Rente, 1914) 1 to 54-56, Cordoba (2½ to 4% Bds.) 1 to 66-70, Guatemala (4% Ext. Deb. Bds.) 1 to 47-49, ditto (4% Ext. Bds., 1928) 1 to 45-47, Russian (4% Cons. R.R. Bds. Ser. 5, 1891) ½ to 1-3, Westphalia (7% Stg. Ln. 1926) 1 to 97-100.

INDIAN RAILS.—RISE.—East Indian (5% New Deb.) 1 to 48-52, Do. (5½% New Deb.) 1 to 58-62.

AMERICAN RAILS.—RISE.—Alabama G.S. (Pref.) 2 to 111-116, Illinois Central (Leased Line, 4%) 12 to

(Continued in next column)

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, AUG. 12

PARTNERSHIPS DISSOLVED

A. J. NORTHCOTT and E. C. CONDY, carrying on business as incorporated accountants, at 14, Princes-square, Plymouth, under the style of A. J. NORTHCOTT and CONDY.

A. V. BLAKEMORE and H. M. EDWARDS, solicitors, 45, Cannon-street, Birmingham, under the style of BLAKEMORE and EDWARDS.

A. EDWARDS and E. GREGORY, pig breeders, Leyfield, Farm, Hoveys Green-lane, Liverpool, under the style of ANN EDWARDS.

T. GARSIDE and the late W. GARSIDE, carrying on business as general hatters machinists, at Victoria Ironworks, Park-street, Ashton-under-Lyne, under the style of "GARSIDE and STOCKTON."

DR. S. MILLER and DR. F. B. SMITH, carrying on in practice together as pathologists and nursing home proprietors, in Harrogate.

A. BETHEL and J. SHAW, motor engineers, Gloucester-road, Ernaston, near Manchester, under the style of THE URMSTON MOTOR AND ENGINEERING COMPANY.

J. W. STEVENS and E. F. S. STEVENS, under the style of J. W. and S. STEVENS, of De Walden Garage, Meadia, Eastbourne.

B. G. JOHNSON and J. F. B. JOHNSON, corn merchants, 26, Scale-lane, Kingston-upon-Hull, under the style of B. and F. JOHNSON.

T. AITKEN and J. RUSH, electrical and radio engineers, 42, Puddingchare, and 31, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, under the firm of AITKEN and RUSH.

G. E. WOOD, A. J. JARRETT, and E. P. WOOD, builders, 396, Ridgacre-lane, Quinton, Birmingham, under the style of WOOD JARRETT and WOOD.

W. V. PEEK and H. C. S. PERRY, schoolmasters, St. Christophers, North-road, Bath, under the style of PEEK and PERRY.

W. W. THOMPSON and R. WELLOCK, laundry proprietors, Devon Laundry, Dunkirk, Halifax, under the style of "THE DEVON LAUNDRY."

T. FROUDE, W. H. PARTRIDGE, and G. R. LEITHEAD, accountants, Crown-buildings, Loseby-lane, Leicester, under the style of TAYLOR FROUDE and NEWBOLD.

H. C. EDWARDS and L. R. CETTI, ironmongers and electrical stove dealers, 312, Upper Richmond-road, East Sheen, under the style of EDWARDS and CETTI.

J. SEALE, T. WIGGINS, and D. SEALE, builders, 1, Rosecourt-road, West Croydon, Surrey, under the style of SEALE WIGGINS and SEALE.

R. A. WILLIAMS and E. G. L. WILLIAMS, estate and insurance agents, 64, Corporation-street, Manchester, under the style of ROBERT A. WILLIAMS and SON.

S. A. NICHOLS and C. B. RAMSDEN, yarn agents and merchants, 5, Hopwood-avenue, Manchester, under the style of "S. A. NICHOLS and Co."

S. F. BUNKELL and S. J. POLLARD, under the style of S. F. BUNKELL and Co., Alhambra Works, St. Michael's-road, Croydon, electro platers and enamellers.

C. W. WHITE, H. ROBERTS, and R. D. F. CHISHOLM, 68-70, Bridgewater-street, Liverpool, under the style of THE FIBBERTS WEEKLY MOTOR AUCTIONS, and at Town Garage, Ormskirk, under the style of the NORTHERN TYRE COMPANY, so far as concerns R. D. F. Chisholm.

J. LAWSON and J. A. TEARLE, *dry cleaners*, under the style of "The ELITE VALETING SERVICE," 4, Russell-road, Rhyl.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS, 1914 AND 1926

RECEIVING ORDERS

LONDON

Smith, W. H., 36, The Parade, Crouch End-broadway, Middlesex, and lately at 53, Offord-road, Barnsbury, London, greengrocer.

Swaby, Madame Margaret (a firm), Marcel House, 280, Regent-street, London, W., costumiers.

Williams, A. J., 92, Copenhagen-street, Islington, London, N.1, trading as A. J. Williams, at 127, Copenhagen-street, Islington, London, N.1, upholsterer.

IN THE COUNTRY

O'Dell, D. J., 91, Gillott-road, Edgbaston, formerly of 53, Broughton-road, Handsworth, and 31, Hall-road, Handsworth, Birmingham, commercial traveller, Court —Birmingham.

Lonsdale, E. (spinster), Higher Buck Hotel, Waddington, near Clitheroe, and lately carrying on business at Ship-buildings, Skipton, as a gown provider. Court—Blackburn and Clitheroe.

Housley, H., of Helpringham, Lincolnshire, milk seller, Court—Boston.

Binns, V. (trading as V. Binns and Co.), "St. Kilda," Priesthcrpe-lane, Bingley, and carrying on business at Station Yard, Bingley, coal merchant. Court—Bradford.

Afia, S., 60, Churchfield-road, Acton, Middlesex, carpet dealer. Court—Brentford.

John, C., 35, Tonna-road, Cacrau, Glamorgan, miner and confectioner. Court—Bridgend.

Bull, W. J., (Male), 8A, Brunswick-terrace, Hove, Sussex, and lately at 22, Palmeira-avenue-manions, Hove, Sussex, company director. Court—Brighton and Lewes (at Brighton).

Lloyd, J. L., residing at 14, Bute-street, and carrying on business at 24, Mill-road, Ely, Cardiff, grocer and provision merchant. Court—Cardiff.

Watson, M. F., residing at 35, Irousde-street, Houghton-le-Spring, Durham, and carrying on business at Back Wheeler-street, Houghton-le-Spring, painter and decorator. Court—Durham.

Long, G. B., 111, Abbey-road, Great Grimsby, company secretary. Court—Great Grimsby.

Fairman, G., 11, London-street, Greenwich, Kent, butcher. Court—Greenwich.

Black, W., residing at 96, Osborne-street, and carrying on business at the Open Market, Kingston-upon-Hull, market trader. Court—Kingston-upon-Hull.

Wilkinson, F. H., of Orchard Farm, Hardwick, Saxilby, previously of Metheringham Barff, Lincoln, farmer. Court—Lincoln and Horncastle.

Cannon, J. C., 2, Aigburth-road, Liverpool, baker. Court —Liverpool.

Baker, V. S., 144, Bearton-road, Hitchin, lately residing at 35, Bedford-road, Hitchin, and carrying on business at 7, The Arcade Walk, Hitchin, under the style of Vivian Baker, photographic artist. Court—Luton.

Frank, G., The Woodman Inn, Boxley, near Maidstone, Kent, licensed victualler. Court—Maidstone.

Chrimes, A., residing at 12, Thorncliffe-grove, Levenshulme, Manchester, wholesale perfumier, lately carrying on business at 100, Portland-street, Ashton-under-Lyne, as co-partnership with another under the style of The Ashton Perfumery Co. Court—Manchester.

Taylor, A. E. (Male), 147, Stockport-road, Ardwick, Manchester, beer retailer. Court—Manchester.

Morgan, W. P., 1, Lower-row, Penywern, Dowlais, coffiner. Court—Merthyr Tydfil.

Roberts, J., 96, and 128a Dvfi, 30, Manod-road, Blaenau Festiniog, labourer. Court—Portmadoc and Festiniog.

Morris, E. H., 30, Waterton-avenue, Gravesend, Kent, builder and decorator, under the style of E. H. Morris and Son. Court—Rochester.

Jones, A. C., 1, Crown-terrace, and lately carrying on business at Valley Bridge Chambers, Valley Bridge Parade, Scarborough, engineer. Court—Scarborough.

Senior, P., 94, Cemetery-road, Doncaster, boot repairer. Court—Sheffield.

Beadsworth, A. M., Castle View Dairy, Ullingtcn, Salop, dairyman. Court—Shrewsbury.

Harrison, B., 16, Sennthorne-avenue, Castleford, Yorks, plasterer. Court—Wakefield.

Tizzard, G., The Queen's Head Inn, Milborne Port, Somerset, innkeeper (retired). Court—Yeovil.

MINING NEWS AND OUTPUTS

ANGLO-ORIENTAL MINING CORPORATION.—The total output of the affiliated companies for July amounted to 771 tons.

RENONG TIN DREDGING.—No. 3 dredge was closed down on July 30 for a period of two months, and No. 2 dredge will close down from August 30 for a similar period.

ARAMAYO MINES IN BOLIVIA.—The production for July was 199 tons of tin and 336,000oz. of silver.

EX-LANDS NIGERIA.—Output for July, 55 tons.

LAKE VIEW AND STAR.—Return for July:—6,312 tons of company's ore and 6,695 tons of tributors' ore treated; revenue, £15,054; working expenses, £12,467; development, £727; profit, £1,860. This is exclusive of premium, which is estimated at £2,300. Capital expenditure on development of Chaffers and Horseshoe leases, £9,157; capital expenditure on plant and machinery, £3,890. (Official Note.—The small profit is almost entirely due to the bringing in of the first flotation unit and the consequent disruption of regular treatment operations.)

TETUHE MINING CORPORATION.—Return for July, 11,209 tons; zinc concentrates produced, 2,058 tons; lead concentrates, 1,020 tons.

SULPHIDE CORPORATION.—"During the month ended July 26 there were milled 11,457 tons of Central Mine ore at the Central Mine, producing 2,192 tons of leady concentrates (including 37 tons from the de-leading plant), which assayed 51oz. silver and 67 per cent. lead, together with 2,623 tons of zinc concentrates, assaying 9oz. silver, 2 per cent. lead, and 53 per cent. zinc per ton.

VENEZUELAN CONSOLIDATED OILFIELDS.—Fyzabad total production for July, 9,684 barrel's (1,384 tons).

VENEZUELAN OIL CONCESSION.—The production for the week ended August 9 at Bolivar was 100,782 m. tons (previous week 102,282 m. tons); and at Maracaibo, 7,729 m. tons (8,267 m. tons).

80-85, St. Louis Bridge Co. (1st Pref.d.) 17½ to 120-130, Do. (2nd Pfd.) 7 to 59-64.

FOREIGN RAILS.—RISE.—Argent. G.W. (4% 1st Deb.) ½ to 72-74, Do. (4% Irred. 2nd Deb.) 1 to 68-70, Bahia-Blanca and N.-W. (4½% 2nd Deb.) ½ to 79-81, B.A. and Pac. (5% 2nd Pfce.) ½ to 73-75, Do. (6% Pfce.) 1 to 93-95, Centl. Argentine (4½% N.-C. Pref.) ½ to 73-75. FALL.—Utd. of Havana (5% Irred. Deb., 1906) 1 to 24-27.

BANKS.—RISE.—Anglo-French Bkg. 3d. to 16/3-17/3.

BREWERIES.—RISE.—Bartholomay (Rochester) (7% Deb.) 5 to 66-71, Fremlins 6d. to 22/6-24/6, Guinness (Arthur) (Pf.) 1 to 112-115. FALL.—Vancouver (Vctg. Trust Certs.) 3d. to 3/3-4/3.

COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, &c.—RISE.—Assoc. Prov. Picture Houses ½ to 2½-2½, Clay (Henry) (8% Pref.) ½ to 9-10, Cohen, Weenen (7% Pig. Pref.) ½ to 1½-1½, Ingersoll-Rand 2 to 192-203, Picardo Tobacco 1 to 9¾-10¾, ditto (Br.-Pref.) ½ to 8¼-9¼, Price Bros. 1 to 65-70, Spillers (Pref.) 6d. to 17/6-18/6, Union Cold Storage (6% Pref.) 3d. to 19/6-20/6, Whitworth and Mitchell 1/16 to 2¼-2⅜. FALL.—Brunswick-Balke-Collender, &c., Air Mail to Australia (Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and all Eastern State Cities) 6d. to 24/0-26/0, Harrisons and Crosfield (10% Pref. Ord.) 1/32 to 11/32-13/32, Hopkinsons (7% Pref.) 1/32 to 1-1/32, Kreuger and Toll (Pig. Debs.) 1/4 to 28-29, Lloyd (Edward) (7% Pref.) 1/16 to 7/8-1, Rio de Jan. City Improvements 1 to 17-2½, Unilever (Ord. sub-shares of £1.12) 1/16 to 27/16-2 1/16, Victoria Palace 1/32 to 1/32-1/32.

ELECTRIC LT. AND PWR.—RISE.—Pennsylvania 2 to 73-77, Quebec (5% 1st S.-F. Deb.) ½ to 98½-100½. FALL.—Dan (5% Ln.) to 11-11½.

FIN. TRUSTS, LAND, AND PROPERTY.—RISE.—Alford Estates (Gtd. 1st Deb.) 2 to 95-98, Chosen Corpn. 1/16 to 1-1/8. FALL.—British S. Africa Co. (Br. Warrants) 3d. to 21/9-22/3.

GAS.—RISE.—South Suburban (5% Ord.) 1 to 100-103.

IRON, COAL AND STEEL.—FALL.—Richard Thomas (7% Deb.) 1 to 96-99.

OIL.—RISE.—Pacific Oilfields 3d. to 3/0-4/0. "Shell" Transport (Bearer) ½ to 4¾-4¾. FALL.—Canadian Eagle (Pfd. Pref.) 4½d. to 11/6-12/0, Mexican Eagle (8% Pref.) 4½d. to 11/6-12/0.

RUBBER.—FALL.—Anglo-Sumatra 1/16 to 1-1/16, Bukit Rajah 1/32 to 1½-1½, Laras (7% Debs.) 4 to 41-50, Nagole 1/16 to 1-1/32, Straits Plantations 1/32 to 3-3¼, Sungei Kruit 6d. to 2/0-3/0.

TEA AND COFFEE.—FALL.—Dimbula Valley 1/16 to 2-2 1/16, Raiawella Produce 1/32 to 1-1.

TRAMWAYS.—RISE.—Rio de Janeiro (5% Gold Bds., 1935) 1 to 99-102, ditto (3% 50-yr. Mt. Bds.) ½ to 88½-90½. FALL.—Anglo-Argentine (5% Deb.) 1 to 55-58.

WATER WORKS.—RISE.—Colne Valley ("A") 4½ to 170-180, ditto ("B") 2 to 117-122, ditto ("C") 7½ to 170-180.

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

7.30 A.M.—To Canary Islands (all parts), Falkland Islands.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.

6 P.M.—To Brazil (Para and Manaos)†, China (all parts)*, Dutch East Indies, Egypt (exc. Port Said) and Sudan, Peru (Iquitos)†, Straits Settlements*.

8 P.M.—To Colombia (Buenaventura), Ecuador, Colombia (Santa Marta).

TO-MORROW (THURSDAY)

2 A.M.—To United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta and Buenaventura), Peru (exc. Iquitos).

9 A.M.—To Colombia (Santa Marta), Egypt (exc. Port Said), Jamaica.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.

5.30 P.M.—To Canada (all parts) (Mag. Post), Newfoundland (Mag. Post).

6 P.M.—To Australia, Canada (all parts), Ceylon, China (all parts), Dutch East Indies, East Africa (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika), Egypt, Cyprus, Palestine, Sudan, &c., India, Aden, Persia (exc. North, Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) and Seychelles, Iraq and Persia (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah), Straits Settlements, Siam, French Indo-China, North Borneo, &c., Air Mail to Australia (Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and all Eastern State Cities)‡.

8 P.M.—To Argentina, Bolivia, Chile (exc. North), Paraguay and Uruguay, Brazil (Rio, Santos, Pernambuco and Bahia), Newfoundland.

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main overseas mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination	Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY: (Amazonas)	Aug. 14	8 p.m.
R.M.S.P.† (Almanzora)	Aug. 15	6 p.m.
B. Star†† (Andalucia Star)	Aug. 16	6 p.m.
Houlder (Hardwicke Grange)	Aug. 16	7.50 a.m.
Ital. pkt. (Dulio)	Aug. 18	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt.† (Lutetia)	Aug. 20	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Gelria)	Aug. 20	8 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA: U.-Castle (Garth Castle)	Aug. 21	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA: P. & O. (Malwa and Moldavia)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
Orient (Ormonde)	Aug. 21	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mail§	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos): Via N.Y. (Bremen)	Aug. 14	2 a.m.
BRAZIL (Para, Manaos): Booth† (Alban)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
(Rio, &c.): R.M.S.P. (Almanzora)	Aug. 14	8 p.m.
(Rio, &c.): R.M.S.P.† (Almansora)	Aug. 15	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): B. Star†† (Andalucia Star)	Aug. 15	6 a.m.
(Ceara, &c.): Booth (Huberti)	Aug. 15	Noon
(Rio, Santos): Ital. pkt. (Dulio)	Aug. 16	6 p.m.
(Pernam): Ger. pkt.† (Antonio Delfino)	Aug. 18	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Fr. pkt.† (Lutetia)	Aug. 20	6 p.m.
(all ports): Du. pkt. (Gelria)	Aug. 20	8 p.m.
CANADA (all parts): Direct (Melita)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Duchess of York)	Aug. 15	6 p.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct† (Emp. of France)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
(all parts): Via N.Y. (Majestic)	Aug. 20	2 a.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Melita)	Aug. 14	5.30 p.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Duchess of York)	Aug. 15	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (all parts): Via Madrid and Cadiz	Aug. 13	7.30 a.m.
(all parts): Via Madrid and Cadiz (Las Palmas): Du. pkt. (Gelria)	Aug. 16	7.30 a.m.
(Tenerife): U.-Castle (Garth Castle)	Aug. 20	8 p.m.
(Las Palmas): U.-Castle†† (Garth Castle)	Aug. 21	7.30 a.m.
(all parts): Du. pkt.† (Gelria)	Aug. 21	6 a.m.
CAPE VERD Is.: B. Star (Andalucia Star)	Aug. 21	6 p.m.
B. Star (Andalucia Star)	Aug. 15	7.30 a.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador) CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (Bremen)	Aug. 15	6 p.m.
CEYLON: P. & O. (Malwa and Moldavia)	Aug. 14	2 a.m.
Orient (Ormonde)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia*	Aug. 21	9 p.m.
(all parts): Holt† (Perseus)	Daily	Noon
(all parts): Via Suez (Malwa)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
(Shanghai, N. China): Via U.S.A. (Berengaria)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
(Hong-kong, S. China): Via Suez and Bombay (Ranchi)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta and Buenaventura), CHILE (N.): Via N.Y. (Bremen)	Aug. 21	6 p.m.
(Buenaventura): Gulf (Oak Branch)	Aug. 14	2 a.m.
(Buenaventura): Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
(S. Marta): E. & F. (Corrales)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
(S. Marta): E. & F. (Motagua)	Aug. 13	8 p.m.
(S. Marta): E. & F. (Camito)	Aug. 14	9 a.m.
COOK AND SOCIETY Is.: Via 'Frisco (Majestic and Tahiti)	Aug. 22	7.30 a.m.
Via 'Frisco (Mauretania and Tahiti)	Aug. 20	2 a.m.
COSTA RICA: Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	Aug. 23	2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Majestic)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (Tjerimai)	Aug. 20	2 a.m.
P. & O. (Malwa)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (J. V. Oldenbarnevelt)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (J. V. Oldenbarnevelt)	Aug. 19	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Dar-es-Salaam and Lindi only): Fr. pkt. (Exp. Grandidier)	Aug. 20	1.30 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Malwa)	Aug. 20	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Gulf (Oak Branch)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Heloman)	Aug. 16	2 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said): Ital. pkt. (Heloman)	Aug. 13	6 p.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: P. & O. (Malwa)	Aug. 14	9 a.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, SYRIA: Fr. pkt. (Angkor)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c. Air Mail§	Aug. 16	6 p.m.
FALKLAND Is.: P.S.N. (Loreto)	Aug. 16	6 a.m.
Via M'video (Almanzora and Loreto)	Aug. 13	7.30 a.m.
FIJI: Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Majestic, Tahiti and Niagara)	Aug. 15	8 p.m.
Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Mauretania, Tahiti and Niagara)	Aug. 20	2 a.m.
GUIANA (Br.): Harrison (Ingoma)	Aug. 23	2 a.m.
Harrison (Comedian)	Aug. 15	7.30 a.m.
ICELAND AND DIRECT (Brusarfoss)	Aug. 15	7.30 a.m.
ICELAND AND FAROE Is.: Via Bergen (Nova)	Aug. 15	6 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North) (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES: P. & O. (Malwa)	Aug. 14	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PER

LEGAL NOTICES
4 lines 5s. (minimum)

CHARLES FRANK FARR Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925, Notice is hereby given—That all persons having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late CHARLES FRANK FARR late of No. 53 Brown Street Salisbury Wilts Coachbuilder who died on the 1st day of June 1930 and whose Will was proved in the District Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice at Winchester by Betty Banks Pappa the Wife of Maurice Pappa Stock Farm West Wellow in the County of Hants Farm Manager one of the Executors thereof on the 5th day of August 1930 are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims and demands to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executrix on or before the 16th day of October 1930 after which date the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to claims of which she shall then have received notice.
Dated this 11th day of August 1930.
ARTHUR WHITEHEAD & VIZARD 35 The Canal, Salisbury, Wilts. Solicitors for the said Executrix.

ERNEST HERBERT ELDRIDGE deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 Section 27. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS having any claims or demands against the Estate of ERNEST HERBERT ELDRIDGE of 42 Cambridge Street, Hyde Park and 10 Great James Street, Bedford Row both in the County of London who died on the 14th day of June 1930 and whose Will with a Codicil thereto was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 29th day of July 1930 by Captain Matthew Bridges Street Vintner and Henry William Fowler the Executors thereof are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned the Solicitors for the Executors on or before the 16th day of October 1930 after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and will not be liable for the assets of the deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 12th day of August 1930.
BIRD & ELDRIDGE, 10 Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Solicitors for the said Executors.

IN the Estate of EYRE EVANS LLOYD Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 (as amended). Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of EYRE EVANS LLOYD deceased late of Neath Hall near Neath Glamorgan who died on the 27th day of April 1930 and whose Will with two Codicils was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 5th day of June 1930 by Minnie Ramsden Lloyd of North Mall near Basingstoke Widow the sole Executrix thereof is hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executrix on or before the 31st day of October 1930 after which date the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which she shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims and demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 8th day of August 1930.
ELLIS PHILIPS & Co. 17 Aldermans Street, London, W.1. Solicitors for the above named Executrix.

No. 00346 of 1929.
IN the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE. Chancery Division. Mr. Justice Bennett. In the Matter of THE GRIFFCOLLIERY COMPANY Limited and In the Matter of The Companies Act 1929. Notice is hereby given that the ORDER of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division), dated the 28th July 1930, CONFIRMING the REDUCTION of the CAPITAL of the above-named Company from £340,000 to £180,000 and the Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the Share capital of the Company as altered the several particulars required by the above Act, were registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 11th day of August 1930.
Dated this 12th day of August 1930.
WOOD, NASH & Co., 6, Raymond Buildings, Gray's Inn, London, W.C.1. Agents for: Clay & Cocks Nuneaton. Solicitors for the above-named Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that RUDOLPH VALDEMAR THOR CASTLE-MILLER-MAY of 11 Park Road, Halifax Yorkshire and of the Middle Temple Barrister at Law has by a Deed dated the 30th day of July 1930 and enrolled in the Enrolment Department of the Central Office of the Royal Courts of Justice on the 12th day of August 1930 RENOUNCED and abandoned the FORMER SURNAME of Seidenschwang-Muhlen and intends henceforth to sign and use and be known by the name of RUDOLPH VALDEMAR THOR CASTLE-MILLER in lieu of his former name of Seidenschwang-Muhlen.
Dated this 12th day of August 1930.
T. F. PEACOCK FISHER CHAVASSE & O'BRIEN 4 ABBEY ROAD, 315 Finchley Road, London N.W.11. Solicitors for the said Rudolph Valdemar Thor Castle-Miller.

RE MRS. LUCY LISTER deceased. All persons having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of LUCY LISTER late of Broadway Lisburne Road Hampstead London N.W.3. Widow, who died on the 31st day of July 1930 are requested to send forthwith particulars thereof to the undersigned.
Dated this 11th day of August 1930.
STONE & Co. 4, Welford Place, Leicester. Solicitors for the Executors.

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ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, attendance; dinner optional; clean, quiet, select; minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—14, Princes of Wales-terrace, W.8 (next Ile Vere gardens). Kelvin 8783.

ATTRACTIVE LARGE UNFURNISHED ROOM, second floor, large house; good address; 42s.; service and breakfast moderate; S.W.; close station.—Write Box H.131, The Times, E.C.4.

13, DORSET-SQUARE, N.W.1.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS with breakfast from 30s.; other meals optional; dining room. Padd. 3932.

MARBLE ARCH.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SERVICE SUITE of rooms; running water; break as desired; every convenience; near Park.—38, Seymour-street, W.1. Pad. 5787.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, single 22s., double 16s. each person, including service, electric light, constant hot water and gas fires; use of bath rooms, shower baths); divan and concealed beds and washstands, fitted wardrobes, gas fires, grillers; central heating; lounges; dancing; hall porter, Dutch garden.—Bayswater Court, St. Stephen's-road, W.2 (Westbourne-grove).—Park 9900 (2 lines).

HYDE PARK.

AT 25, CRAVEN HILL-GARDENS, W.2, five minutes Paddington and Lancaster-gate Stations, PURNISHED SUITES and BED-SITTING ROOMS; hot and cold water and gas fires all rooms; bath room and telephone every floor; excellent cooking and valeting. Telephone, Padd. 0959.

THE QUEEN'S.

AT 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally conducted; every up-to-date convenience. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily. Offices.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.
AT 3, GRENVILLE-PLACE and 10, EMPEROR'S-GATE.—Attractive One-room SERVICE FLATS, with divan, gas fires, and grillers. Terms 21s. to 45s., including electric light and service; breakfast if required.—'Phone, Kelvin 9403 and Kelvin 8855.

AT 88, REDCLIFFE-GARDENS, EARL'S COURT.—Modern BED-SITTING ROOMS, breakfast, baths; from 22gs. single, 42gs. double; dinners. Flat 5228.

AT VICTORIA.—BED-SITTING ROOMS; double, single; well Furnished; gas fire, ring, own meter, electric light, bath (geyser); moderate.—5, Ebury-street, S.W.1.

PHYLLIS CHAMBERS.

BACHELORS' BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, bath, light, and attendance; all fitted with basins, hot and cold running water; from 30s.—48, Inverness-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2. Tele., Park 5097.

BACHELOR'S FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM; breakfast only.—Bryanston Chambers, 25, Bryanston-street, W.1. Mayfair 5063.

BAKER-STREET.—Vacant now, DOUBLE or SINGLE BED ROOM, first floor; hot and cold water; newly furnished and decorated; breakfast and evening meals.—43, Upper Gloucester-place. Dorset-square.

MAJOR KENDALL'S RESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS.
17, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, W.2,
HYDE PARK.
EIGHT MINUTES' WALK PARK-LANE.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, well Furnished, single from 25s., double from 8gns.; including breakfast, baths, light, service; all fitted running hot water (always hot) and gas fires; bath rooms adjacent; good cooking, only best catering; dinner (optional), 2s. 6d.; tea, &c., 9d.; individual requirements complied with; two minutes' Metropolitan Railway, omnibuses. Resident Proprietor. 'Phone, Padd. 3300.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, comfortable, close Kensington High-street and Earl's Court; from 20s.; breakfasts; gas fires; dinner optional.—14, Montpelier-row, W.3.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, Furnished as sitting rooms; divan and concealed beds. Single 35s., double (large) 38s., including service, hot water, electric light, and best baths; gas fires, central heating.—14, Emperor's-gate, S.W.7 (close Gloucester-road Tube). Western 0266; and 5, Granville-place (adjoining). Western 1256.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, all fitted hot and cold water, electric light, gas fires, breakfast, bath, attendance, from 35s.; double 3½gns.; dinners optional.—101-2-3, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 6435.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot and cold running water; gas fires; inclusive breakfast, bath, light, attendance, from 35s.; redecorated throughout.—At 84, Cadogan-street, Chelsea. Flaxman 9422.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, all newly decorated; S.W.7, 9 two minutes Gloucester-road Station; gas fires, rings, divans; constant hot water; from 30s.; incending good breakfast and service.—Tele. Frobisher 4091.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, just opening, exceptionally well furnished and decorated; hot and cold water in rooms; ample bath rooms; quiet position, facing South.—20, Cambridge-street, Hyde Park; few minutes' walk Marble Arch. Ambassador 2932.

HYDE PARK.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, baths, light, and service; well furnished and decorated; fitted hot and cold water, gas fires. Single from 30s., double 3gns. —12, Cambridge-terrace, W.2. Padd. 5268.

BUSINESS and professional men.—Large, well FURNISHED ROOMS, BREAKFAST from 30s.; good bath rooms.—6, Seven-road, Earl's Court. Fro. 1408.

MARBLE ARCH.
ADJOINING HYDE PARK.

BUSINESS MEN'S BED-SITTING ROOMS, entirely newly redecorated and furnished; also Ground-floor Suite available; bath rooms each floor; 'phone. Moderate terms.—53, Upper Berkeley-street, Portman-square, W.1.

CADOGAN CHAMBERS, 121, SLOANE-STREET.—Exceptionally fine Self-contained Suite, 6 rooms; charming bed-sitting room, 31gns.; others 2gns. Service. (Sloane 6785.)

CHARMING FURNISHED SUITE; one or two bed rooms, sitting room, kitchen, bath; private house; 3½ guineas weekly.—L.S., Nottingham-place, Baker-street, W.

CHEPSTOW VILLAS, W.—ENTRANCE SUITE, sitting and bed room, with bath, breakfast, service, light, 3gns. inclusive; largest rooms only 2gns. lady or gentleman occupied day.—11-1 or appointment.—Park 1567.

COMFORTABLE BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET.—Call 9, Welbeck-street; or 'phone Welbeck 9139.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS, KENSINGTON GARDENS, Queen's-road Tube. From 2gs. 6d. Gas fires. Meals served.—28, St. Petersburgh-place, W.2. Park 2148.

THE KENSINGTON.

DOUBLE ROOMS, fitted hot, cold water. 6-7½gns.; single 3½-gns.; 12s. 6d. daily; no extras; expert chef.—17-19, Queen's-gate, S.W.7. (Kens. 2008.)

42, STANHOPE-GARDENS, S.W.7.

DOUBLE BED ROOM, 4gns., single 3gns., inclusive. Comfortable; well recommended: Gloucester-road.

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PARK HILL HOUSE, GUEST HOUSE, STANHOPE-ROAD. Delightfully situated. 15 minutes Town, near links; lovely grounds; tennis; garages; special terms permanents. Phone croydon, 0372.

ENGLISH Family in Hampstead offer HOME to PAYING GUEST; young society; car, tennis.—'Phone after 7 p.m. to arrange interview.—Maida Vale 8408.

EXCEPTIONAL TERMS to VISITORS and RESIDENTS. BREAKFAST and DINNER from, single 2gns., double 4gns. French and English cooking. Quiet, very central.—23, Queensborough-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.

FERNLEIGH COURT PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, 8, Pitsjohn's-avenue.—Every home comfort; tennis; hot water all rooms; terms moderate; inspection invited. Hampstead 3050.

FEW GUESTS RECEIVED. English family; nice house and gardens, Hampstead; near Tube and tennis; young people.—Write Box N.1925, The Times, E.C.4.

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SMALL BUT ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOM, FOR LADY or GENTLEMAN; entirely modern, convertible furniture, giving appearance of sitting room; electric 'phone, hot and cold water; meals if required; 20s. per week including full service.—Apply House-keeper, 27, York-street, W.1.

FURNISHED SUITE, First-floor Balcony, overlooking Gardens; large sitting room, B.G. piano, double bed room; only 3½ guineas; highly recommended.—Victoria 4874, 43, St. George's-square, S.W.1.

HAMPDEN HOUSE,

15, LEXHAM-GARDENS, KENSINGTON.—Sunny and attractive Bed-Sitting Rooms, fitted h. and c. water, gas fires, divans. Charming house. Terms moderate. Meals optional. Four mins. Earl's Court Station. Kelvin 9291.

HAMPSTEAD (best part), 26, FROGNAL, N.W.3; three minutes Finchley-road (Met.); 20 minutes Town.—COMFORTABLE BOARD-RESIDENCE; excellent cuisine; moderate terms. 'Phone, Hampstead 4350.

HAMPSTEAD.—BOARD RESIDENCE; excellent cuisine, separate tables; near buses and Tube. 'Phone Maida Vale 7081, 145, Goldhurst-terrace, N.W.6.

HAMPSTEAD (best part).—Attractively FURNISHED, large garden. One minute train, bus, 20 minutes City, West End.—12, Netherhall-gardens. Hampstead 8744.

HAMPSTEAD (best part).—TWO ROOMS in well-appointed house; bright, airy; 12s. and 14s. per week rent to include electric light; gas fires; meals and service may be obtained by arrangement with Resident Housekeeper.—105, Broadhurst-gardens.

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QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

JUST OPENED, LUXURIOUS SUITES from 4½gns. BED-SITTING ROOMS with breakfast from 2gns.; running hot and cold water in every room. Close District and Tube.—32, Elvaston-place. Western 6051.

KENSINGTON.—Attractive FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATLETS; reduced summer terms, £1 single, 30s. double; breakfast optional.—Western 5939.

KENSINGTON.—Gentlepeople offer cheery, bright home to young lady; terms moderate.—YOUNG PAYING GUESTS; moderate terms.—Write Box 09608, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE and Oratory (between).—Charming single FURNISHED SUITES in quiet family house facing gardens; no traffic.—Kens. 6754.

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUBS, LTD.

Office, 11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. Western 8427. Unfurnished Suites, September or Earlier.

GROUP 1 (see page 5 in Booklet)

11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	NONE
9, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	25/-
51, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	35/-, 45/-
10, Ashburn-gardens, S.W.7 (Two houses)	NONE
47, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5 (Two houses)	NONE
17, Hornton-street, W.8 (Two houses)	17/-
15, Vicarage-gate, W.8 (Two houses)	NONE
71, Linden-gardens, W.2	20/-, 25/-, 30/-
122, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	15/-, 25/-, 35/-
45, Inverness-terrace, W.2 (Two houses)	25/-
22, Craven-hill, W.2 (Two houses)	45/-, 50/-, 55/-
72, Holland Park, W.11	42/-, 45/-
72, Holland Park, W.11	30/-, 35/-
20, Dorset-square, Baker-street	NONE
BRIGHTON, 3, Chichester-place	NONE
ST. LEONARDS, 4, Warrior-square	No list received
EASTBOURNE, 5-11, Hartington-place (Four houses)	15/-, 21/-, 35/-
TUNBRIDGE WELLS, The Summit	NONE
CLIFTON, Bristol (Two houses)	NONE
25, Pembroke-road	NONE
CLIFTON, 1, Richmond Park-road	NONE
BOURNEMOUTH, 24, Poole-road	18/-, 20/-
BEDFORD, 46-8, Clapham-road	No list received
LIVERPOOL, 21, Gambier-terrace	15/-, 25/-, 35/-

GROUP 2 (see page 5 in Booklet)

7, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	25/-
32, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	35/- suite (N.D.)
116, Westbourne-terrace, W.2 (Two houses)	NONE
127, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	NONE
10, Inverness-terrace, W.2	25/-, 27/-

GROUP 3 (see page 5 in Booklet)

55, Cranley-gardens, S.W.7	Now on view
41, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5 (Two houses)	27/-
78, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	NONE
30, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	17/-, 27/-
30, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5 (Two houses)	15/-, 30/-
29, Collingham-gardens, S.W.5	20/-, 25/-
26, Holland Park, W.11	30/-
27, Holland Park, W.11	NONE
64, Holland Park, W.11	30/-
66, Holland Park, W.11	32/-
85, Holland Park, W.11	NONE
1, Inverness-terrace, W.2	18/-, 23/-, 24/-
6, Inverness-terrace, W.2	25/-
26, Palace-court, W.2	NONE
Hampstead, 2, Woodchurch-road	20/-
Cliftonville, 4, Beresford-gardens	NONE

FOR FURNISHED VACANCIES APPLY DIRECT

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUB, 7, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. LADY OFFERS FURNISHED VACANCY, 45/-. Newly decorated. Vacant September 1st. Allotted August 16th.—Apply direct.

LADIES' RESIDENTIAL CLUB, 19, Lyndhurst-gardens, N.W.3; Hampstead. ACCOMMODATION at moderate terms. Partial board. Hampstead 5762.

LADIES' FURNISHED CHAMBERS, off Queen's-gate; comfortable and attractive; service; gas fires; private cooking facilities, but meals served in rooms as desired; constant hot water, central heating; from 25s., double 2gns.—24, Elvaston-place. 'Phone, Kens. 2606.

LADIES visiting London RECEIVED in comfortable STUDENTS CLUB, near Earl's Court Tube; 6s. 6d. per day (inclusive) during holidays; references.—23, Bramham-gardens, S.W.5.

LADIES' SMALL RESIDENTIAL CLUB (near Gloucester-road Tube); specially suitable young people.—Write Box 2259, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

LADIES' luxurious up-to-date BED-SITTING ROOMS, with every convenience, meals optional; from 25s. 6d.—90, West Cromwell-road, S.W.5. 'Phone, Western 4811.

LANCASTER-GATE.—SUITE of TWO ROOMS or Double and Single Bed-Sitting Rooms with or without meals.—40, Gloucester-terrace, W.2.

LANCASTER-GATE.—Ideal large tastefully FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS; everything done; all modern conveniences; single or double.—Padd. 2351.

HAMPSTEAD.

LINDORES.—Delightful spacious room, good cuisine; partial board.—25, Belsize-park. (Primrose 2919.)

MAIDA VALE.—FURNISHED SERVICE SUITES and FLATS from 2½gns. to 4gns.; also rooms; restaurant. Apply Landsdale Residential Club, 138, Lauderdale-mansions. Tele., Abercorn 2300.

MARBLE ARCH.—Attractive SERVICE SUITE; also Bed-Sitting Rooms, single from 35s., double 3gns.; breakfast, bath, &c.—54, Seymour-street. Padd. 8904.

MARBLE ARCH.—BED-SITTING ROOM (two) with or without breakfast; 'phone, bath, constant hot water.—20, Upper George-street, W.1.

MAYFAIR, 12, Clarges-street.—Well FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM, hot and cold water; 'phone, electric fire, lights; service; £2 2s. inclusive.

MAYFAIR.—BED-SITTING ROOM, with dressing room. Also Single Bed Room; good cooking, waiting; telephone.—Apply 3, Queen's-gate-place.

MAYFAIR.—BED ROOMS and suite vacant; good cooking; valeting.—Apply 6, Half Moon-street, Piccadilly.

MEN STUDENTS' ATTRACTIVE HOME; large well-found house and garden; best South-East district; 20 minutes City, West End.—Write Box W.1018, The Times, E.C.4.

MONTROSE, SOUTH SIDE, CLAPHAM COMMON, S.W.—Over 100 rooms, beautifully situated in four acres of grounds overlooking the Common; every modern convenience and comfort; tennis, billiards; garage. Tele., Brixton 2363. Trams and omnibuses pass. Tube five minutes. Room, breakfast, late dinner, full Sundays. Terms

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

"THE OUTSPAN," WENDEN, SAFFRON WALDEN.
HERTS AND ESSEX BORDERS.

Amidst delightful surroundings on high ground. Five minutes from Audley End Station and 15 miles from Cambridge. Gravel soil.

ARTISTIC FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, replete with modern conveniences, standing on high ground, away from main road.

Three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, usual offices. *Electric light, modern drainage, &c.* Two garages and other useful outbuildings.

CHARMING PLEASURE GROUNDS.

Hard tennis courts, flower borders, &c. In all about

TWO ACRES.

Additional ¾-acre available. For SALE Privately. If unsold, AUCTION in September.

Joint Auctioneers:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, and Messrs. CHEFFINS, Saffron Walden, Essex.

"HOLMWOOD," FOUR ELMS, EDENBRIDGE, KENT.
In the heart of beautiful country near Crockham Hill, Toys Hill, Chiddingstone, and other favourite beauty spots.

FREEHOLD Georgian Style RESIDENCE.

Square hall; three reception; billiard room; 11 bed and dressing rooms; two baths; excellent offices. Electric light. Co.'s water; modern drainage; 'phone; central heating; useful outbuildings. Garage. Stabling. Lodge. Two Cottages.

BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS

together with several good meadows and pretty winding stream, in all about

39½ ACRES.

VACANT POSSESSION. For SALE Privately. If unsold, AUCTION in September.

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SUSSEX COAST.
Best part of favourite town, about 200 yards from the sea.

MODERN Pre-War HOUSE

of excellent construction in a quiet road, within easy reach of the station and sea. The accommodation, on two floors, comprises lounge hall, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room, and good offices, with servants' sitting room; easily run with small staff; large brick-built garage.

Co.'s water, electric light and gas, main drainage, telephone.

Secluded grounds, with good tennis lawn, in all about ONE ACRE.

FREEHOLD £5,000.

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A BARGAIN.
14 MILES FROM CHARING CROSS.

FAVOURITE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT, close to station, with excellent service of electric trains.

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TASTEFULLY LAID-OUT GARDENS, including tennis and other lawns, kitchen garden, fruit trees, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT TWO ACRES.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, ONLY £2,850.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

KENT HIGHLANDS.
(ABOUT 700FT. UP).

Wonderfully healthy neighbourhood, convenient Wrotham Heath and Wilderness Golf Courses.

FAMILY RESIDENCE, replete with every convenience, approached by drive with Lodge.

Hall, three reception, billiard room, eight bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, attic, with seven rooms suitable for nurseries, box rooms completely cut off if not wanted.

Electric light, modern drainage, co.'s water.

Garage, two cottages, farmery.

Well-established pleasure gardens with tennis and other lawns, specimen trees and shrubs orchards, parkland, in all about 40 acres.

VERY LOW PRICE FOR QUICK SALE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

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COBHAM AND EPSOM.
(BETWEEN).

Close to favourite Woods and several golf courses.

VERY ATTRACTIVE PRE-WAR RESIDENCE.

Three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room. *Co.'s gas and water. Main drainage.*

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GARDEN with full-sized tennis court and ample room for garage, in all ABOUT ½ ACRE.

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Beautiful situation on high ground above Henley.

EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING HOUSE facing South, and convenient for Henley and Reading.

Hall and cloak room, three reception, five bed rooms, bath room, and offices; co.'s water; modern drainage; two garages, stabling.

TWO ACRES

pretty grounds, affording absolute seclusion.

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£2,000. CORNWALL.
DESIRABLE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE

in splendid order throughout, well situate within half hour of golf and 3½ miles from Truro.

Three reception, six bed rooms, bath room, compact offices.

Electric light (own plant). Abundant water supply. Telephone. Modern drainage.

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PICTURESQUE GARDEN, with lawn, water garden, flower beds, vegetables, &c., in all

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TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED.

NEAR WINCHFIELD, HANTS.
JUST OVER AN HOUR FROM TOWN.

YET IN DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY.

1,500 ACRES OF SHOOTING AND FISHING.

CHARMING OLD QUEEN ANNE AND PART-TUDOR MANOR HOUSE on a large Estate, with 15 bed, five bath, billiard, and five reception rooms; electric light, central heating. LAKE of 2 ACRES STOCKED WITH TROUT. Two Cottages. Convenient for Golf and Polo; good Hunting. 40 Acres of Parkland included.

Lease about 13 years unexpired, at £300 per annum, for disposal, or £443 including the Shooting. Nominal premium.

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20 MILES FROM TOWN.
650 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

WITH WONDERFUL SOUTHERN VIEWS FOR 35 MILES.

Three reception rooms | Three bath rooms | Central heating
Nine bed and dressing rooms | Electric light | Garage

DELIGHTFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, including Dutch garden, tennis court, rose garden, and wilderness, in all FOUR ACRES.

CANNOT BE OVERLOOKED OR SPOILED IN ANY WAY.

Very favourite residential district only 40 minutes by car from Chelsea Bridge.

FOR SALE AT A MOST REASONABLE FIGURE.

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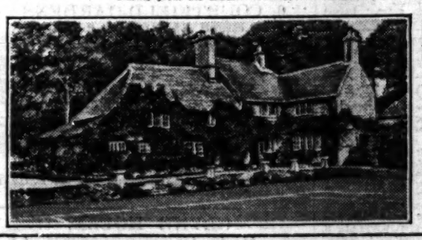
40 MINUTES FROM TOWN AND HALF-A-MILE OF STATION

A BEAUTIFUL OLD MANOR HOUSE

Dating from the XIIth Century, with many carved and old beams, &c.



Six bed and dressing rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, excellent offices.

Main electric light, water, drainage and gas; central heating; telephone; garage; buildings.

THE PLEASURE GROUNDS, including lily-pond, rose garden, herbaceous borders, HARD TENNIS COURT, &c., are attractively laid out.

ONE-AND-A-HALF ACRES.

Highly recommended by Owner's Agents.

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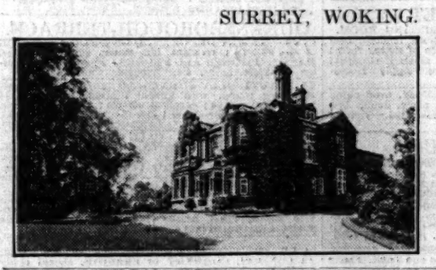
120, Mount-street, London, W.1.

Telephone: Museum 7000.

MAPLE & CO.

TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, W.1.

SURREY, WOKING.



Quiet position, high up with extensive views, convenient for the station.

Substantially built FAMILY RESIDENCE, excellent order.

Central heating, electric light, &c. Hall, three reception rooms, nine bed rooms (principal rooms fitted basins), two bath rooms, usual offices. Garage, stables, greenhouse, &c.

Matured undulating garden, lawns, tennis court, &c., in all about 2½ ACRES.

FREEHOLD £4,000.

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Only five minutes from station.

PRE-WAR DETACHED RESIDENCE, approached by drive, and containing hall, cloak room, three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, usual offices; electric light and power; detached garage, and garden of nearly ONE ACRE.

£3,000 GUINEAS OR £150 PER ANNUM UNFURNISHED.

FREEHOLD. Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

ONLY 13 MILES WEST OF HYDE PARK CORNER.
Very suitable for Country Club or Residential Hotel.

WELL-APPOINTED GEORGIAN RESIDENCE in old-world gardens; 11 bed rooms, three bath rooms, five reception rooms, complete offices, conservatory; two cottages; large garage, stabling; double tennis lawn, productive kitchen and walled fruit garden, &c. Also greyhound kennels and track (let at £250 per annum).

Total area in all

ABOUT 6½ ACRES.

To be LET UNFURNISHED, or Freehold could be purchased.

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"BRIERLEY," BYCULLAH-ROAD, ENFIELD,

MIDDLESEX.

A High and open position, best residential part, seven minutes' walk Enfield Chase Station. Close to the golf course; nine miles City and West End.

SOLIDLY BUILT Commodious FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in excellent condition and newly decorated. Company's electric light, gas, and water; main drainage, telephone, &c. Standing back from quiet road, in old-established gardens, with carriage approach. Accommodation: seven large bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three large reception rooms, gentleman's cloak room, and compact domestic offices. Garage for two cars; two greenhouses, and garden room; large trees, tennis lawn, fruit and vegetable garden, &c., in all about 1 ACRE. To be SOLD by AUCTION on September 24th next (unless sold by private treaty beforehand).—Particulars of the Auctioneers, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

HANDY TO SIX GOLF COURSES.
Five minutes station. Electric trains to City and West End.

NORTHWOOD.

In one of the best positions in this choice district. High and sunny aspect.

TO BE SOLD FREEHOLD.

A Very beautiful RESIDENCE, substantially built, expensively appointed and well decorated. *Every modern convenience.*

Lounge hall (parquet floor), panelled vestibule, double drawing room (sliding doors to two rooms), sun parlour, large dining room, fine dance or billiards room with oak floor, fitted cloak room, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, and most complete offices; large brick-built garage, also single ditto. Particularly pretty gardens.

A very moderate price is required and immediate possession can be arranged.—Full details of the Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

EWART, WELLS & CO.

11, BOLTON STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.
Telephone: Gros. 1458. (Private Branch Exchange.)

NEVER BEFORE OFFERED. AN OBVIOUS BARGAIN.

500 FEET UP ON LIMPSFIELD COMMON.
EXQUISITELY DESIGNED MODERN HOUSE (IN THE 16TH CENTURY STYLE).

WITH GLORIOUS VIEWS AND ALMOST ADJOINING A GOLF COURSE.
WITHIN EASY DAILY REACH OF TOWN.

Every conceivable comfort, good rooms, the latest lighting (electric) and heating systems, scientific drainage, hot and cold water supplies in the principal bed rooms; co.'s water; beautiful oak panelled doors, oak floors, &c.

Wide entrance hall, cloakroom, oak staircase, three reception rooms (two oak panelled), six or seven bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms (two completely tiled), excellent offices, with maids' sitting room; double garage; terrace; small formal garden, and the remainder of land available for a purchaser to design grounds according to his own tastes.

1¼ ACRES. ONLY £4,500 FREEHOLD.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE SOLE AGENTS, MESSRS. EWART, WELLS AND CO., 11, BOLTON-STREET, W.1.

FAVOURITE BUCKS. 20 MILES OUT.
IDEAL FOR GOLFER OR BUSINESS MAN.
JUST IN THE MARKET.
BEAUTIFULLY-FITTED AND EASILY-RUN MODERN HOUSE.
Designed by an eminent architect and reputed to be the best house of its size in the district.

Carriage drive, entrance hall, three reception, lounge, servants' hall, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.

Quiet position; high up; gravel soil. Co.'s electric light, gas and water; main drainage. Constant hot water; parquet flooring; faultless throughout.

GARAGE and Chauffeur's room, &c. EXQUISITE GARDENS, thoroughly matured and well timbered. Tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c. Inexpensive to maintain and extending in all to about 1½ ACRES.

FREEHOLD FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

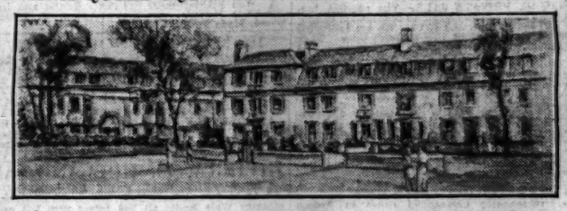
AT LOW PRICE.

Inspected and confidently recommended by:—

EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Grosvenor 1458.)

DELIGHTFUL NEW HOUSES

IN A QUIET SQUARE ON THE CADOGAN ESTATE.



Seven or eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, ground-floor offices. Good Garage. *Conveniently planned, luxuriously fitted; central heating, hot water, electricity, gas; labour-saving.*

UNUSUALLY BRIGHT AND CHEERFUL. ALL DARK PLACES ELIMINATED.

LEASE 99 YEARS. PRICES FROM £6,500.

Agents,

MESSRS. WINKWORTH & CO., 48, CURZON-STREET, MAYFAIR.

TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 1440. (THREE LINES).

WILSON & CO.

F. D. WILSON, F.S.I.
A. J. SOUTHERN, F.A.I.
G. H. NEWBERY, F.S.I., F.A.I.

NEAR SUNNINGDALE GOLF COURSE.
HIGH UP ON SANDY SOIL.

PERFECTLY APPOINTED MODERN HOUSE. SOUTH ASPECT. FINE VIEWS.

Newly decorated and greatly improved within the last few months, and now in wonderful order.

Lounge 25ft., 18ft., three reception, billiard room, 12 bed rooms, three bath rooms; electric light, central heating, &c.

Stabling, garage. Four Cottages.

Lovely grounds, hard tennis court, squash racquet court, woodlands, &c., 9 ACRES.

FREEHOLD for SALE. TEMPTING PRICE.

Sole Agents,
WILSON and Co.,
14, Mount-street, W.1.

NEAR GUILDFORD.
SOUTH SIDE OF THE "HOG'S BACK."
A FINE OLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE.

STANDING IN BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS.

Lovely position, fine views, sandy soil.

Thirteen bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, three large and lofty reception rooms.

Garages. Four Cottages. Squash Racquet Court.

Co.'s gas and water, main electric light available, central heating, independent hot water.

PICTURESQUE WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS.

ABOUT 30 ACRES.

FREEHOLD. PRICE £10,500.

Owner's Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

ASHDOWN FOREST.
Magnificent views. 300ft. up. Light soil.

CHARMING PRE-WAR HOUSE.

Six bed, bath, large lounge, two good reception rooms. Double garage. Chauffeur's cottage. Electric light. Ample water supply.

Unusually beautiful gardens

ABOUT THREE ACRES.

Redecorated throughout. In perfect order.

Freehold only 4,000 guineas.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

A QUEEN ANNE MANOR HOUSE on

HERTFORDSHIRE BORDERS.

£250 PER ANNUM ON LEASE.

Nine bed, three bath, four reception.

Magnificent fine panelling.

Electric light. Central heating. Independent hot water. Garage, stabling, and outbuildings. Picturesque well-timbered gardens. Hard tennis court.

Moderate premium for 20 years' Lease.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

QUEEN ANNE DOWER HOUSE.
OXFORD TO READING.

High ground, good views. Golf and Boating.

12 ACRES OR LESS.

Three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms; lovely gardens.

Walled fruit garden.

Two Garages. Cottage.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.

Inspected by Messrs.

NICHOLAS,
1, STATION-ROAD,
READING.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(Continued from Page 19)

DETERMINATION TO SELL AT ONCE REDUCES PRICE NEARLY £2,000.
PERIOD RESIDENCE. SURREY
20 MILES OUT).

AMIDST LOVELY RURAL COUNTRY without isolation. RESIDENCE of exceptional character in spotless condition, every convenience, facing full South; extensive view. Lounge hall, three excellent reception, four bath rooms; main water, electric light, central heating, modern drainage; fascinating gardens adorned with fine old timber, rich park meadows, 15 acres; superior cottage, garage, stabling; five minutes from 'bus. No servant difficulty. Nearly £4,000 quite recently expended, yet price now only £6,500 FREEHOLD. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. Strongly recommended. Photos.

BENTALL, HORSLEY, and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Sloane 6333.)

BATH (eight miles).—Charming RESIDENCE; three reception rooms, seven principal and four secondary bed rooms, bath room, ample offices; electric light; stabling, garage, &c.; two cottages; fine old gardens and paddocks—the whole 7½ ACRES. PRICE £6,100. Sole Agents, TILLEY and CULVERWELL, F.A.I., Bath.

COTSWOLD HILLS.
EASY MOTORING DISTANCE OF CIRENCESTER AND TETBURY.

BEAUTIFUL old stone COUNTRY RESIDENCE, South aspect, lovely views, beautiful rural spot; everything in first-rate order; four sitting rooms, 13 bed rooms, three bath rooms, servants' hall; electric light, central heating; stabling for six, two garages, model farmery with bailiff's house; splendidly timbered grounds and park of 45 ACRES.—Inspected by JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1. (L.R.7173.)

BERKS.—Rising in the country; rest near to two golf courses, 30 miles from station, 40 miles from centre of Paddington.—Good type of MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE with electric light and Four Acres of Land. Contains hall, three reception, five bed rooms, bath room, &c. Price £2,650 OR OFFER. ELECTRIC LIGHT.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

BERKSHIRE DOWNS. "Vale of White Horse." Convenient hunting district.—OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE (100 years old); four reception rooms, usual offices, bath room, and five bed rooms; double garage; well-stocked garden with tennis court and lily pond; about TWO ACRES in all. Further details of the Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, London, W.1.

BEXHILL-ON-SEA AND COODEN BEACH. HOUSE AGENTS.

STEVENS & SON,
1, Sea-road. Tele. 409.

BUCKS, Station 4 miles. Blackwell Golf Links 5 miles. EARLY GEORGIAN RESIDENCE recently modernised at a cost of £1,000; beautifully decorated and fitted; three reception, four bed, superbly appointed bath-dressing room, second bath room, servants' sitting room, hall; basin h. and c. in bedrooms; main gas and water. FINE OLD GARDEN ONE ACRE. PRICE £3,000 FREEHOLD. Immediate possession advised.—WHITEMAN, 56, Brompton-road, S.W. (Sloane 0138.)

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.—On lovely ridge of Chiltern Hills, 600ft. up, between Chesham and Berkhamsted.—Genuine TUDOR COTTAGE RESIDENCE, modernised; central heating, indoor sanitation; three bed, two sitting rooms, fitted bath room, kitchen; garage for two. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. £1,750 FREEHOLD.—Write Box 463, Selfs, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

BOGNOR REGIS (near).—Modern detached RESIDENCE within about ½ mile sea; six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, cloak room, offices; good garden; garage; electric light; immediate possession; £2,500 FREEHOLD.

WHITEHEADS, Station-road, Bognor Regis.

BORDERS DEVON and SOMERSET.

CHARMING COUNTRY RESIDENCE; three reception, six bed, bath; garage, stables; South aspect, 500ft. up; pretty garden, ONE ACRE. Perfect order, £2,300.

LAWRENCE and SON, Crewkerne and Bridport.

ONLY £1,400 FREEHOLD.

CHARMING pre-War RESIDENCE (London 26 miles); five bed rooms, bath, two reception; electricity; 'phone; pretty garden with stream.—Ryder Lodge, Bourne End, Bucks.

AN IDEAL HOME FOR A SPORTSMAN.

CHARMING UNSPOILT SUFFOLK (easy drive coast).—Unique Residential and Sporting Property and Small Farm, 100 ACRES (74 pasture, 14 wood). Charming XVTH-CENTURY RESIDENCE; four reception, five bed rooms, bath (hot and cold); electric light; beautiful old exposed timbers; excellent duck shooting on the property; fine hunting and good society. FREEHOLD £2,750. No valuation.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

CONVENIENT SMALL COUNTRY HOUSE for SALE on edge of rural West Kent village; near church, P.O., &c.; charming views all windows, good rooms; three sitting, seven bed, two dressing, one bathroom (or box), good kitchen, &c.; central heating, separate hot water; warm garage, good outbuildings; pretty garden, tennis court, short carriage drive; in all about one acre.—Write Box Z.901, The Times, E.C.4.

BEACONSFIELD.
COUNTRY COTTAGE (overlooking protected woodlands); four bed, bath room, two reception (large rooms); garage; terraced gardens; electric light, gas, main drainage; all in perfect order. FORCED SALE.—FROST, Beaconsfield, Bucks. ('Phone 600.)

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

CREWKERNE, countries Somerset, Dorset.—GENTLEMAN'S attractive RESIDENCE; three reception, six-seven bed, bath; gas and main water; garage, stables (three); pretty garden. Only £55 per annum on lease.—LAWRENCE and SON, Crewkerne and Bridport.

DESIRABLE Detached Cottage for SALE.—Four bed rooms, two sitting rooms, kitchen, scullery, larder; usual outdoor conveniences; fruit garden; good sea view; excellent sketching; adjacent Bracklesham Golf Links.—To view, Shrubhurst, Brancaster and Saltbe, Norfolk.

EXECUTORS' SALE. A GREAT BARGAIN.

DORSET.
Convenient for Templecombe, Wincanton, and Shaftesbury. In the Blackmore Vale Hunt.

£1,950 FREEHOLD or NEAR OFFER—Vacant Possession.—Splendid modern brick and tiled COUNTRY RESIDENCE, 400ft. up. South aspect, fine views, right away from all traffic; two sitting rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room; central heating; public water supply, telephone; tennis lawn, kitchen garden, and valuable meadows of 7½ acres (let at £26 per annum); cottage and garden (bringing in £19 10s. per annum, tenant subject week's notice). ONE of the GREATEST BARGAINS in WEST of ENGLAND.—Inspected by Sole Agents, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1. (L.R.8756.)

EASTBOURNE.—Attractive BIJOU HOUSE close sea front; four bed, bath, two reception, offices. £1,500 FREEHOLD.—CHARTERIS, Estate Offices, Eastbourne.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

DELIGHTFULLY placed in absolute quietude under a mile from Station.—Charming RESIDENCE perfectly fitted; oak-panelled hall and dining room, beautiful drawing room, study, eight bed rooms, two bath, &c.; garage; cottage. SUPERB GROUNDS FIVE ACRES; tennis lawn, fruit and vegetable garden, paddock. Very privately in market.—WHITEMAN, 56, Brompton-road, S.W. (Sloane 0138.)

THE PARK CLOSE.

EASTBOURNE, central and best residential district.—MODERN Detached oak-timbered FREEHOLD HOUSE of XVth-Century design; unique surroundings; two reception, four-five bed rooms, tiled bath room, kitchen, larder, &c.; minimum maintenance and upkeep; separate garages. VACANT POSSESSION.—Owner's Agents, Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 95, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

FARNHAM, SURREY.
EXCEPTIONALLY well-built RESIDENCE with TWO ACRES shady gardens and lawns; eight large bed, three reception, &c.; cottage; garage (for two cars), stables, &c. Freehold £3,500.—Write Owner, care of Box Z.895, The Times, E.C.4.

ELTHAM, KENT.
In best residential quarter, seven minutes' station.

The Detached Well-Built Residence,

"BEACHCROFT," COURT-ROAD.

Fine lounge hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, bath room, labour-saving offices.

Company's services, central heating, independent hot water, heated garage.

Unusually attractive gardens in perfect order, just over ONE ACRE.

Immediately adjoining the Royal Blackheath Golf Course.

60 years' lease at a ground-rent of £30 per annum.

FOR SALE AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.

Sole Agents, NORFOLK and PRIOR, 14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

EPSOM, SURREY.—Low ratepayer. Exceptionally well-built Modern Detached RESIDENCE in select position near station; two reception rooms, three good bed rooms, tiled kitchen room, bath room; large garden; electric light, main drainage; £1,000 FREEHOLD.—Apply Budd and Co., 33, Bedford-row, W.C.1, or Williams and Pettett, Reid's Building, Ashley-road, Epsom.

FOLKESTONE HOUSE AGENTS,
Messrs. TEMPLE, BARTON, LTD.,
69, Sandgate-road, Folkestone. 'Phone: 63 and 1017.

FOR SALE at very much less than cost price and less than a furlong from a favourite reach of the Thames.—An attractive FREEHOLD HOUSE, with long frontage to tributary River; free from river dues, &c. The accommodation is four reception rooms, two bath rooms, 10 bed rooms, and offices; three garages and men's rooms; charming grounds with tennis court, boat houses, summer houses, &c. Furniture could be taken also. Price and particulars from LLOYDS, Estate Agents, Cross-street, Reading.

HAMPSHIRE, RIVER TEST, ROMSEY.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY, Test running through same, about half-mile banks; good fishing, salmon and large trout; about 8½ acres. Charming GEORGIAN RESIDENCE; beautiful gardens and rivers; tennis courts; mill manufacturing specialty, showing good profits. About 200 h.p. water power from five turbines; all river rights; electricity galore; six good cottages.—Write Box N.1863, The Times, E.C.4.

HANTS (near Basingstoke).—QUEEN ANNE HOUSE in really perfectly CHARMING GARDENS of 5½ ACRES; three reception six bed, bath, cloakroom, &c.; main electric light and water; garage; tennis lawn, sunken water garden, orchards and paddock.

ONLY £3,000 FREEHOLD.

Just available this week.—WHITEMAN, 56, Brompton-road, S.W. (Sloane 0138.)

HERTS BORDERS.—Miniature ESTATE, nearly all pasture, for SALE; modern good house, with eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms; central heating and electric light; small park; cottages, stabling, farm buildings, and large garage.

160 ACRES. Intersected by River. IDEAL STUD FARM.

Inspected by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading, and 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

HERTS, adjoining wooded common, one hour of Town. COTTAGE for SALE, facing South; five beds, two large reception, bath; constant hot water, electric light and power; main water and drainage; garage; £1,600.—Write Box A.1924, The Times, E.C.4.

HERTFORDSHIRE.
£3,500 FREEHOLD.—Delightful old-fashioned COUNTRY RESIDENCE, rural district, half-mile from station. South aspect; three sitting rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room; electric light; stabling, garage, and small farmery; well-timbered grounds and meadows, six acres. JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1. (L.R.9816.)

WAVERLEY HOUSE,
WAVERLEY-GROVE (BARNET BY-PASS ROAD),
PARSON-STREET, HENDON.

IN ONE of the MOST FASCINATING OLD-WORLD SPOTS in HENDON, near Hendon Golf Links, 20 minutes by car to City and West End.

FREEHOLD DETACHED RESIDENCE.

Exceptionally attractive; thoroughly modern, and containing three fine reception rooms, 13 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, capital ground-floor offices. TWO BRICK GARAGES. Electric light and power throughout.

CHAMPIONSHIP-SIZE HARD TENNIS COURT.

Matured and well-timbered Grounds of about

½-ACRE.

To be Sold by Private Treaty, or by Auction on September 17th.—Sole Agents, PRICKETT and ELLIS, Auctioneers, Land and Estate Agents, 4, High-street, Highgate, N.6 and 57, Chancery-lane, W.C.2. 'Phone: Mountview 0234; Holborn 4830.

KENT HILLS; a BARGAIN (300ft. up, with good views, 22 miles London).—A gentleman's secluded COUNTRY RESIDENCE in perfect order; nine bed, two bath, three reception rooms; efficient offices; gas and water; garages and other buildings. Standing in THREE ACRES fruitful gardens and grounds with tennis lawn; convenient to station and golf courses. FREEHOLD, £3,500, or might be let.—HENRY PARKER and Co., 153, Cheapside, E.C.

KENT, favourite district between Folkestone and Canterbury.—Charming QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE; lounge, two reception, six bed, bath room, and usual offices; electric light, co.'s water, modern sanitation; garage and outhouses; exceptionally attractive gardens of ¼ ACRE. FREEHOLD 2,500 guineas.—Sole Agent, ALFRED E. BURROWS, F.S.I., Ashford, Kent.

MORTIMER.—Charming COUNTRY HOUSE on Berks-Hants borders for SALE; lounge hall, three large reception rooms (oak floors), bath room, servants' hall, and complete offices; good repair, lighting; two garages, stabling, chauffeur's flat; tennis and croquet lawns, delightful wooded grounds, 4 ACRES; hunting two packs. SOLD at a most moderate price.—Inspected by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

300 FEET UP.

SUFFOLK; secluded situation in rural district. NAYLAND and WISSINGTON (between), eight miles north of Colchester Station.—Picturesque residential property, with great possibilities for anyone willing to adapt to requirements. THE OLD MILL, POLSTEAD, suitable for artist's studio or for addition to large accommodation of present house, which adjoins; excellent buildings, two orchards, 1¾ Acre; coarse fishing in mill stream. POSSESSION (Mill) on completion.—Apply A. CECIL GRIMWADE and SON, Hadleigh, Suffolk.

NEAR CRAWLEY, SUSSEX.—Old-fashioned brick-built and tiled COTTAGE suitable conversion week-end Cottage at small expense; living room, scullery, three bed rooms. Nearly an ACRE. FREEHOLD, £500.—BAKER and BAKER, Estate Agents, Horley, Surrey. Tele. 3.

NEW FOREST. — UNFURNISHED HOUSE to be to LET, 3½ years; two reception, six bed, bath; conservatory; garage; garden, one Acre; tennis lawn; beautiful situation. Rent £95.—Write Box H.137, The Times, E.C.4.

NORTH DEVON (overlooking the Torridge).—Attractive STONE-BUILT RESIDENCE.

Hall, three reception, bath room, 10 bed rooms. *Electric light. Company's water. Central heating.*

GARAGE. STABLING. BOATHOUSE.

Inexpensive grounds, paddock. THREE ACRES.

Bargain price.

TRESIDDER and Co., 37, Albemarle-street, W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

NORTH WILTS.—DETACHED HOUSE in village £1,000. hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room; garage; walled garden; company's water, gas, main drainage. South aspect.

THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury.

EASY DRIVE SUFFOLK COAST.

RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM, 40 ACRES. (Charming old RESIDENCE with beautiful old exposed oak; beautiful lounge, dining and billiard rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room; hot water; electric light; pretty gardens; ample buildings; good sport. Great sacrifice at £2,200.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

RIVERSIDE, 20 miles London.—Large reception and verandah, four beds, bath (hot and cold), two w.c.'s, kitchen, scullery; lawn from house to river with private landing stage (no towpath); garage on main road at back; large garden; electric light, gas, main water; 'phone; fully furnished (with plate and linen). £1,450 including two-thirds can remain at 4½ per cent.—JUDGE and PRIESTLEY, 3, Liverpool-street, E.C.2.

ROSS-ON-WYE (near). — Charming small RESIDENCE; three reception, four bed, kitchen, bath room (hot and cold); indoor sanitation; lovely garden; beautiful views from Malvern Hills to Black Mountains; garage, ample storage, greenhouse, tennis court, gardener-chauffeur's cottage. FREEHOLD £1,600 or offer.—Write Box 801, Reynell's, 44, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

SANDERSTEAD, SURREY.—£1,675 FREEHOLD; Coverlooking golf links; five bed rooms, two reception, large hall, cloak room, splendid garage.—Apply Crowley Bros., Estate Office, Addington-road.

In a most picturesque part of the County.
A short motor drive from

SEVENOAKS.
TO BE LET UNFURNISHED

at the inadequate rent of

£175 PER ANNUM.

A Gentleman's COUNTRY RESIDENCE standing high and secluded, within four miles of mainline station.

Lounge hall, three reception and billiard or dance room, eight bed rooms, servants' accommodation, &c.

Two baths. Electric light. Central heating.

Garage, stabling, gardener's cottage. Grounds about THREE ACRES, including orchard, kitchen garden, &c.

The whole in first-rate order and recently brought up to date. Moderate premium. Agents.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (K.5854a.)

SMALL WORCESTERSHIRE ESTATE, 2½ miles from the city.—Gentleman's HOUSE, lovely grounds, &c., 27 ACRES; highly recommended. Low price 5,000 guineas to close estate.—GEO. YEATES and SONS, Auctioneers, Worcester.

SOUTH COAST.—ONE of the most attractive MARINE RESIDENCES, standing high with beautiful views of the Downs and sea, close to golf links; every modern convenience; perfect decorations regardless of cost, central heating, hot and cold water in bed rooms; water softener; electric light and heating; 14 bed rooms, six bath rooms, four reception, billiard room; garage for five; chauffeur's and gardener's cottages; expertly laid-out grounds of about THREE ACRES in shady lawns, rose gardens, hard tennis courts, &c. FREEHOLD for SALE at auction. Immediate possession. Strongly recommended by Agent, EDGAR HORN, Eastbourne.

SOUTH DEVON.
BEHIND DAWLISH.

Wonderful situation, a mile from sea.

TO BE LET ON LEASE.

GENUINE GEORGIAN HOUSE

standing in its own grounds.

Most tastefully appointed throughout.

Paved lounge hall with Regency staircase, three reception, 11 bed and dressing rooms, billiard, two bath rooms, servants' hall.

Company's water, electric light, and gas.

THE LOVELY GARDENS, although easily maintained, are a feature, having been created only by much expense; lawns, flower beds, unique rock garden with rare plants, woodland, walled kitchen garden and trout stream, in all